lab2-Linux环境下C语言编程与矩阵乘法

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实验环境:

• OS版本: Ubuntu 22.04.2 LTS

• gcc版本: 11.4.0

CPU:

1. 型号: AMD Ryzen 5 4600H with Radeon Graphics

2. 频率: 均为 2994.389 MHz

3. 核数: 12

• 内存: 7.5 Gi

运行结果:

1. naive:

运行结果截图如下:

```
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ls
dgemm_naive.c
                                                        test_cblas_dgemm.c
                                          link
                                                                                                                 while.c
lab2-Linux环境下C语言编程与矩阵乘法.pdf row_major.c timeDGEMM.txt
                                                                             time_dgemm.c time_dgemm_naive.c
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ./time_dgemm_naive 16 16 16
m=16,n=16,k=16,alpha=1.200000,beta=0.001000,sizeofc=256
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ./time_dgemm_naive 64 64 64
m=64,n=64,k=64,alpha=1.200000,beta=0.001000,sizeofc=4096
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7022:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ./time_dgemm_naive 256 256 256
test!
m=256,n=256,k=256,alpha=1.200000,beta=0.001000,sizeofc=65536
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ./time_dgemm_naive 1024 1024 1024
m=1024,n=1024,k=1024,alpha=1.200000,beta=0.001000,sizeofc=1048576
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ./time_dgemm_naive 2048 2048 2048
m=2048, n=2048, k=2048, alpha=1.200000, beta=0.001000, sizeofc=4194304
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$
```

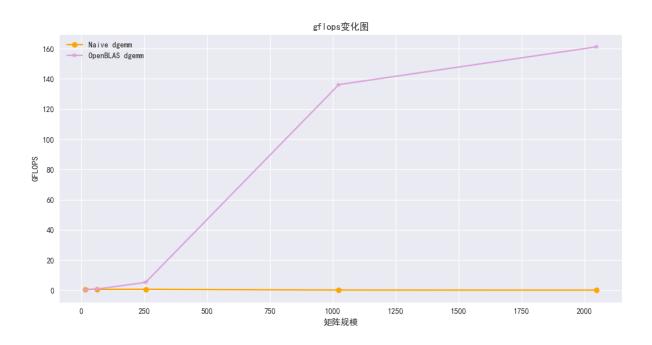
2. openblas:

运行结果截图如下:

```
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ls
dgemm_naive.c lab2-Linux环境下C语言编程与矩阵乘法.pdf link row_major.c test_cblas_dgemm.c time_dgemm.c while.c
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ gcc -o time_dgemm time_dgemm.c -lopenblas
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ls
dgemm_naive.c
                                                  test_cblas_dgemm.c time_dgemm.c
lab2-Linux环境下C语言编程与矩阵乘法.pdf row_major.c time_dgemm
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ./time_dgemm 16 16 16
m=16,n=16,k=16,alpha=1.200000,beta=0.001000,sizeofc=256
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ./time_dgemm 64 64 64
m=64, n=64, k=64, alpha=1.200000, beta=0.001000, sizeofc=4096
hoshino_júly@LÁPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ./time_dgemm 256 256 256
m=256, n=256, k=256, alpha=1.200000, beta=0.001000, sizeofc=65536
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ./time_dgemm 1024 1024 1024
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ./time_dgemm 2048 2048 2048
m=2048, n=2048, k=2048, alpha=1.200000, beta=0.001000, sizeofc=4194304
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$ ls
dgemm_naive.c
                                      link
                                                  test_cblas_dgemm.c time_dgemm
                                                                                  while.c
lab2-Linux环境下C语言编程与矩阵乘法.pdf row_major.c timeDGEMM.txt
                                                                     time_dgemm.c
64x64x64
              0.000650 s
                             0.806597 GFLOPS
256x256x256
              0.006458 s
                              5.195793 GFLOPS
1024x1024x1024 0.015768 s
                              136.192520 GFLOPS
2048x2048x2048 0.106573 s
                              161.202830 GFLOPS
hoshino_july@LAPTOP-S40B7Q22:~/hpc_practice/lab2-naive-gemm$
```

gflops变化图

不同规模下naive和openblas的gflops变化图如下:



碰到的问题及解决方法:

在编译time_dgemm.c文件时,忘记链接openblas库,后在命令尾加上 -lopenblas 即解决问题.