Lab 3: Baremetal Software on TM4C123 ARM Cortex-M4

Title: Let us learn everything together with an example!

Objective

This lab aims to explore the process of writing baremetal software for the TM4C123 ARM Cortex-M4 microcontroller. We will toggle GPIO PortF pin 3 (PF3), which controls the green LED, using fundamental embedded programming concepts.

Scope of Work

In this lab, we will:

- 1. Write software from scratch without using an IDE.
- 2. Develop and understand key embedded systems components:
 - o **Startup.c**: Initializes hardware and jumps to the main function.
 - Linker.ld: Defines memory layout and section placements.
 - o main.c: Contains the application logic to toggle PF3.
 - Makefile: Automates the build process.
- 3. Learn and apply debugging techniques using GDB and related clients to analyze software execution in depth.

Procedure

1. Enabling GPIO PortF Pin 3

To toggle PF3, we need to configure the GPIO registers as follows:

Enable the GPIO clock:

 $SYSCTL_RCGC2_R = 0x00000020;$

Configure PF3 as an output:

 $GPIO_PORTF_DIR_R = (1 << 3);$

• Enable digital functionality for PF3:

 $GPIO_PORTF_DEN_R = (1 << 3);$

• Toggle the PF3 pin:

$GPIO_PORTF_DATA_R ^= (1 << 3);$

2. Writing Baremetal Components

Startup.c

- Initializes the stack pointer and clears the .bss section.
- Copies the .data section from Flash to SRAM.
- Sets up the vector table for exception handling.
- Transfers control to main().

Linker.ld

- Defines memory regions for Flash and SRAM.
- Places sections like .text, .data, and .bss in appropriate regions.

main.c

- Implements the application logic to toggle the green LED.
- Configures GPIO registers for PortF.
- Uses a delay loop to produce a visible toggle effect.

Makefile

- Automates the compilation and linking process.
- Includes targets for building, cleaning, and debugging the project.

Debugging

We explored debugging using GDB to:

- Set breakpoints and observe program flow.
- Inspect memory and registers in real-time.
- Debug startup routines and application logic.

Lessons Learned

1. Baremetal Programming Concepts:

- How to configure GPIO registers and understand the memorymapped I/O system.
- Importance of startup routines and linker scripts in embedded systems.

2. Memory Layout:

o Understanding the placement of sections like .text, .data, and .bss.

3. Debugging:

o Gained proficiency in debugging embedded applications using GDB.

4. Workflow Automation:

 How to use a Makefile to simplify the build process for embedded projects.