## $Personal\ Project\_04\_v10\_test1\_5conv-layer$

## April 30, 2025

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     %matplotlib inline
     import matplotlib.image as mpimg
     import tensorflow as tf
[2]: # default initial values of DOE factors:
     # learning rate = 0.001
     # dropout_value = 0.3
     # #n-conv_layers = 3
     \# n\_units\_last\_layer = 2048
     # n_filters_l1 = 32
     \# n_filters_l2 = 16
[3]: # DOE factors:
     learning_rate = 0.001
     dropout value = 0.3
     \# n\text{-}conv\_layers = 5
     n units last layer = 2048
     n_filters_11 = 16
     n_filters_12 = 32
[4]: # other factors:
     img_size = 130
     batch_size = 32
     validation_split = 0.1 # 10% for validation
     test_split = 0.00 # 0% for testing
     shuffle_buffer_size = 1000
     seed_num = 101
     desired accuracy = 0.99 # it should be active if EarlyStoppingCallback is
     \hookrightarrow activated
     loss = 'binary crossentropy'
     #optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.RMSprop(learning_rate=learning_rate)
     optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=learning_rate)
     metrics = ['accuracy']
     epochs = 15
     f_mode = 'nearest' # fill_mode in image augmentation
```

```
My dataset_root/
       woman/
          woman_1.jpg
          woman_2.jpg
       man/
          man_1.jpg
          man_2.jpg
          . . .
[6]: import os
     DATA DIR = "D:\\CS online courses\\Free DataSets\\Free Images\\Easier portrait_1
      ⇒images_GPU_03"
     # Subdirectories for each class
     data_dir_woman = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, 'woman')
     data_dir_man = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, 'man')
     # os.listdir returns a list containing all files under the given dir
     print(f"There are {len(os.listdir(data_dir_woman))} images of woman.")
     print(f"There are {len(os.listdir(data_dir_man))} images of man.")
    There are 471 images of woman.
    There are 472 images of man.
[7]: | image_size = (img_size, img_size) # Resize images to this size
     # Load train dataset (excluding validation & test set):
     train_dataset = tf.keras.utils.image_dataset_from_directory(
         directory = DATA_DIR,
         image_size = image_size,
         batch_size = batch_size,
         label_mode='binary',
         validation_split = validation_split + test_split, # Total split for val +_
      \hookrightarrow test
         subset = "training",
         seed = seed_num
     )
     # Load validation dataset
     val_dataset = tf.keras.utils.image_dataset_from_directory(
         directory = DATA_DIR,
         image_size = image_size,
         batch_size = batch_size,
         label_mode='binary',
         validation_split = validation_split + test_split,
         subset = "validation",
```

```
seed = seed_num
     )
     # Further manually split validation dataset to extract test dataset
     val_batches = tf.data.experimental.cardinality(val_dataset)
     # Compute test dataset size (number of batches)
     test_size = round(val_batches.numpy() * (test_split / (validation_split +__
     →test_split)))
     # Split validation dataset into validation and test subsets
     test_dataset = val_dataset.take(test_size)
     val_dataset = val_dataset.skip(test_size)
     print(f"Train batches: {tf.data.experimental.cardinality(train_dataset).
     print(f"Validation batches: {tf.data.experimental.cardinality(val_dataset).
      →numpy()}")
     print(f"Test batches: {tf.data.experimental.cardinality(test_dataset).numpy()}")
     # Optimize for performance
     AUTOTUNE = tf.data.AUTOTUNE
     training_dataset = train_dataset.cache().shuffle(shuffle_buffer_size).

¬prefetch(buffer_size = AUTOTUNE)
     validation_dataset = val_dataset.cache().prefetch(buffer_size = AUTOTUNE)
     test_dataset = test_dataset.cache().prefetch(buffer_size = AUTOTUNE)
    Found 943 files belonging to 2 classes.
    Using 849 files for training.
    Found 943 files belonging to 2 classes.
    Using 94 files for validation.
    Train batches: 27
    Validation batches: 3
    Test batches: 0
[8]: # Get the first batch of images and labels
     for images, labels in training_dataset.take(1):
             example_batch_images = images
             example_batch_labels = labels
     max_pixel = np.max(example_batch_images)
     print(f"Maximum pixel value of images: {max_pixel}\n")
     print(f"Shape of batch of images: {example_batch_images.shape}")
     print(f"Shape of batch of labels: {example_batch_labels.shape}")
    Maximum pixel value of images: 255.0
    Shape of batch of images: (32, 130, 130, 3)
    Shape of batch of labels: (32, 1)
```

```
[9]: '''
      class\ Early Stopping Callback (tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
          def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs=None):
              train_accuracy = logs.get('accuracy')
              val_accuracy = logs.get('val_accuracy')
              if train_accuracy >= desired_accuracy and val_accuracy >=_
       \rightarrow desired accuracy:
                  self.model.stop_training = True
                  print(f"\nReached {desired_accuracy}% accuracy so cancelling_
       \hookrightarrow training!")
      111
 [9]: '\nclass EarlyStoppingCallback(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):\n
                                                                          def
      on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs=None):\n
                                                      train_accuracy =
      logs.get(\'accuracy\')\n
                                       val_accuracy = logs.get(\'val_accuracy\')\n
      if train_accuracy >= desired_accuracy and val_accuracy >= desired_accuracy:\n
      self.model.stop_training = True\n
                                                    print(f"\nReached
      {desired_accuracy}% accuracy so cancelling training!")\n'
[10]: '''
      from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
      early stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss', patience=3)
[10]: "\nfrom tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping\nearly stop =
      EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=3)\n"
[11]: from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import LearningRateScheduler
      # Reduce LR every 10 epochs (Learning rate decay factor)
      def scheduler(epoch, lr):
          if epoch \% 10 == 0 and epoch > 0:
              return lr * 1.0
          return 1r
      lr callback = LearningRateScheduler(scheduler)
[12]: # augmentation_model
      def augment model():
          """Creates a model (layers stacked on top of each other) for augmenting ...
       ⇔images of woman and man.
          Returns:
              tf.keras. Model: The model made up of the layers that will be used to_{\sqcup}
       ⇒augment the images of woman and man.
```

```
augmentation_model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    # Specify the input shape.
    tf.keras.Input(shape = (img_size, img_size, 3)),

    tf.keras.layers.RandomFlip("horizontal"),
    tf.keras.layers.RandomRotation(0.1, fill_mode = f_mode),
    #tf.keras.layers.RandomTranslation(0.1, 0.1, fill_mode = f_mode),
    #tf.keras.layers.RandomZoom(0.1, fill_mode=f_mode)
    ])

return augmentation_model
```

```
[13]: def create_and_compile_model():
          """Creates, compiles and trains the model to predict woman and man images.
          Returns:
              tf.keras.Model: The model that will be trained to predict woman and man_{\sqcup}
       \hookrightarrow images.
          11 11 11
          augmentation_layers = augment_model()
          model = tf.keras.Sequential([
              # Note: the input shape is the desired size of the image: 150x150 with
       →3 bytes for color
              tf.keras.layers.InputLayer(shape = (img_size, img_size, 3)),
              augmentation_layers,
              tf.keras.layers.Rescaling(1./255),
                       CONV LAYER 1:
                                          #####
              tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(n_filters_l1, (4, 4), activation = 'linear'),
              tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
                       CONV LAYER 2:
                                          #####
              tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(n_filters_12, (3, 3), activation = 'relu'),
              tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
              #####
                       CONV_LAYER_3:
                                          #####
              tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation = 'relu'),
              tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
                       CONV_LAYER_4:
                                          #####
              tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation = 'relu'),
              tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
                       CONV_LAYER_5:
                                         #####
              tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation = 'relu'),
              tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
              tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
              tf.keras.layers.Dropout(dropout_value),
                       BEFORE LAST LAYER:
              tf.keras.layers.Dense(n_units_last_layer, activation = 'relu'),
```

```
# It will contain a value from O-1 where O for the class 'female' and 1

for the 'male'

tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation = 'sigmoid')])

model.compile(
   loss = loss,
   optimizer = optimizer,
   metrics = metrics
)

return model
```

[14]: # Create the compiled but untrained model
model = create\_and\_compile\_model()
model.summary()

Model: "sequential\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
sequential (Sequential)	(None, 130, 130, 3)	0
rescaling (Rescaling)	(None, 130, 130, 3)	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 127, 127, 16)	784
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 63, 63, 16)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 61, 61, 32)	4,640
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 30, 30, 32)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 64)	18,496
<pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 64)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 12, 12, 64)	36,928
<pre>max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 6, 6, 64)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 4, 4, 64)	36,928
<pre>max_pooling2d_4 (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 2, 2, 64)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 256)	0

```
dropout (Dropout)
                                       (None, 256)
                                                                             0
                                                                       526,336
      dense (Dense)
                                        (None, 2048)
                                        (None, 1)
      dense_1 (Dense)
                                                                         2,049
      Total params: 626,161 (2.39 MB)
      Trainable params: 626,161 (2.39 MB)
      Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)
[15]: '''
      training_history = model.fit(
          training\_dataset,
          epochs = epochs,
          validation_data = validation_dataset,
          callbacks = [EarlyStoppingCallback()],
          verbose = 2
      )
      111
[15]: '\ntraining_history = model.fit(\n
                                           training_dataset,\n
                                                                   epochs = epochs,\n
      validation_data = validation_dataset,\n
                                                 callbacks =
      [EarlyStoppingCallback()], \n verbose = 2\n)\n'
[16]: '''
      training_history = model.fit(
         training_dataset,
          epochs = epochs,
          validation_data = validation_dataset,
          callbacks=[early_stop],
          verbose = 2
      111
[16]: '\ntraining_history = model.fit(\n training_dataset,\n
                                                                   epochs = epochs,\n
     validation_data = validation_dataset,\n
                                                 callbacks=[early_stop],\n
      = 2\n)\n'
[17]: training_history = model.fit(
          training_dataset,
          epochs = epochs,
          validation_data = validation_dataset,
```

```
callbacks = [lr_callback],
    verbose = 2
)
Epoch 1/15
27/27 - 3s - 120ms/step - accuracy: 0.5194 - loss: 0.6916 - val_accuracy: 0.6064
- val_loss: 0.6867 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 2/15
27/27 - 1s - 49ms/step - accuracy: 0.5960 - loss: 0.6673 - val_accuracy: 0.6702
- val_loss: 0.6385 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 3/15
27/27 - 1s - 49ms/step - accuracy: 0.6596 - loss: 0.6286 - val_accuracy: 0.6702
- val_loss: 0.6302 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 4/15
27/27 - 1s - 48ms/step - accuracy: 0.7150 - loss: 0.5616 - val_accuracy: 0.7553
- val_loss: 0.5957 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 5/15
27/27 - 1s - 50ms/step - accuracy: 0.7491 - loss: 0.5259 - val_accuracy: 0.6489
- val_loss: 0.6589 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 6/15
27/27 - 1s - 49ms/step - accuracy: 0.7350 - loss: 0.5451 - val_accuracy: 0.7766
- val_loss: 0.5371 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 7/15
27/27 - 1s - 48ms/step - accuracy: 0.7597 - loss: 0.4980 - val_accuracy: 0.6915
- val_loss: 0.6794 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 8/15
27/27 - 1s - 46ms/step - accuracy: 0.7739 - loss: 0.4699 - val_accuracy: 0.7553
- val_loss: 0.4754 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 9/15
27/27 - 1s - 45ms/step - accuracy: 0.8104 - loss: 0.4224 - val_accuracy: 0.8191
- val_loss: 0.4080 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 10/15
27/27 - 1s - 43ms/step - accuracy: 0.7915 - loss: 0.4352 - val_accuracy: 0.7872
- val_loss: 0.5320 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 11/15
27/27 - 1s - 43ms/step - accuracy: 0.8080 - loss: 0.4322 - val_accuracy: 0.8404
- val_loss: 0.3502 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 12/15
27/27 - 1s - 43ms/step - accuracy: 0.8221 - loss: 0.4133 - val_accuracy: 0.8511
- val_loss: 0.3759 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 13/15
27/27 - 1s - 43ms/step - accuracy: 0.8587 - loss: 0.3556 - val_accuracy: 0.8936
- val_loss: 0.2699 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 14/15
27/27 - 1s - 45ms/step - accuracy: 0.8539 - loss: 0.3484 - val_accuracy: 0.8617
- val_loss: 0.3528 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 15/15
27/27 - 1s - 49ms/step - accuracy: 0.8539 - loss: 0.3494 - val_accuracy: 0.8404
```

```
- val_loss: 0.3232 - learning_rate: 0.0010
```

```
[18]: #from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model #model.save('gender_recognition_project04_v10.h5')
```

[19]: model.metrics\_names

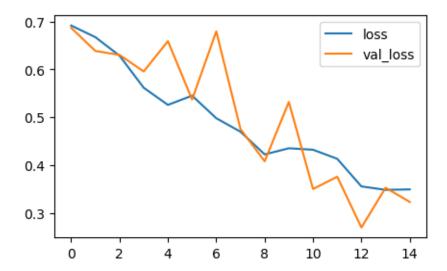
[19]: ['loss', 'compile\_metrics']

```
[20]: result_history = pd.DataFrame(model.history.history)
result_history.head(15)
```

```
[20]:
                              val_accuracy
                                            val_loss
                                                      learning_rate
          accuracy
                        loss
      0
          0.519435
                                  0.606383
                                            0.686718
                                                              0.001
                   0.691591
          0.595995
                   0.667316
                                  0.670213
                                            0.638534
                                                              0.001
      1
      2
          0.659600
                   0.628560
                                  0.670213
                                            0.630192
                                                              0.001
      3
          0.714959
                   0.561585
                                  0.755319
                                            0.595663
                                                              0.001
          0.749117 0.525860
                                                              0.001
      4
                                  0.648936
                                            0.658917
      5
          0.734982 0.545092
                                  0.776596
                                            0.537138
                                                              0.001
          0.759717 0.497978
                                                              0.001
      6
                                  0.691489
                                            0.679354
      7
          0.773852 0.469852
                                  0.755319
                                            0.475433
                                                              0.001
          0.810365 0.422449
                                                              0.001
      8
                                  0.819149
                                            0.408049
          0.791519 0.435240
                                  0.787234
                                            0.531970
                                                              0.001
      9
      10 0.808009 0.432180
                                  0.840426
                                            0.350151
                                                              0.001
         0.822144 0.413264
                                            0.375856
                                                              0.001
      11
                                  0.851064
         0.858657
                   0.355603
                                  0.893617
                                            0.269870
                                                              0.001
      13
         0.853946
                   0.348421
                                  0.861702
                                            0.352826
                                                              0.001
      14 0.853946 0.349365
                                  0.840426 0.323165
                                                              0.001
```

```
[21]: result_history[['loss', 'val_loss']].plot(figsize=(5, 3))
```

## [21]: <Axes: >



```
[22]: result_history[['accuracy', 'val_accuracy']].plot(figsize=(5, 3))
```

## [22]: <Axes: >

Female

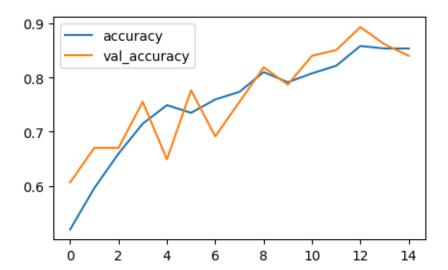
Male

0.73

1.00

1.00

0.72



```
[23]: print(model.metrics_names)
      print(model.evaluate(validation_dataset))
     ['loss', 'compile_metrics']
                     Os 16ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.8499 - loss: 0.3326
     [0.3231651186943054, 0.8404255509376526]
[24]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
      y_true = np.concatenate([y.numpy() for _, y in validation_dataset])
      y_pred_prob = model.predict(validation_dataset)
      # Convert probabilities to class labels (0:Female or 1:Male)
      y_pred = (y_pred_prob > 0.5).astype(int).flatten()
      print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_true, y_pred,_

¬target_names=['Female', 'Male']))
     3/3
                     Os 51ms/step
     Classification Report:
                    precision
                                 recall f1-score
                                                     support
```

0.85

0.84

41

53

```
accuracy 0.84 94
macro avg 0.87 0.86 0.84 94
weighted avg 0.88 0.84 0.84 94
```

```
[25]: import tensorflow as tf
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
     from tensorflow.keras.utils import load_img, img_to_array
     img size = img size
     model = tf.keras.models.load_model("gender_recognition_project04_v10.h5")
     # Load your personal image if you are interested to predict:
     your_image_path = "D:\\Hossein's desktop files in Microsoft Studio⊔
       →Laptop\\Personal Photos\\Hossein_10.jpg"
     img = load_img(your_image_path, target_size=(img_size, img_size))
     final_img = img_to_array(img)
     # Adding a batch dimension:
     final_img = np.expand_dims(final_img, axis=0)
     prediction = model.predict(final img)
     result = "Female" if prediction > 0.5 else "Male"
     if result=="Female":
          confidence = (model.predict(final_img)[0][0])*100
     else:
          confidence = (1-model.predict(final_img)[0][0])*100
     print(f"Prediction result: {result} (confidence= {confidence:.2f} %)")
     # Visualize CNN Layers
     successive_feature_maps = visualization_model.predict(final_img)
     layer_names = [layer.name for layer in model.layers]
     for layer_name, feature_map in zip(layer_names, successive_feature_maps):
          if len(feature_map.shape) == 4: # Only visualize conv/maxpool layers
             n_features = feature_map.shape[-1] # Number of filters
              size = feature map.shape[1] # Feature map size
              display_grid = np.zeros((size, size * n_features))
              for i in range(n_features):
                  x = feature_map[0, :, :, i]
                  x -= x.mean()
                  x \neq (x.std() + 1e-8) # Normalize
                  x *= 64
                  x += 128
```

```
x = np.clip(x, 0, 255).astype('uint8') # Convert to image format
display_grid[:, i * size: (i + 1) * size] = x

scale = 20. / n_features
plt.figure(figsize=(scale * n_features, scale))
plt.title(layer_name)
plt.grid(False)
plt.imshow(display_grid, aspect='auto', cmap='cividis')
plt.show()
```

WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have yet to be built. `model.compile\_metrics` will be empty until you train or evaluate the model.

1/1 0s 85ms/step 1/1 0s 54ms/step

Prediction result: Male (confidence= 94.19 %)

```
NameError
Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[25], line 26
23 print(f"Prediction result: {result} (confidence= {confidence:.2f} %)")
25 # Visualize CNN Layers
---> 26 successive_feature_maps = visualization_model.predict(final_img)
27 layer_names = [layer.name for layer in model.layers]
29 for layer_name, feature_map in zip(layer_names, successive_feature_maps:

NameError: name 'visualization_model' is not defined
```

[]:	
[]:	
[]:	