Personal Project_04_v10_test1_3conv-layer_run10_advanced control 1

May 2, 2025

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     %matplotlib inline
     import matplotlib.image as mpimg
     import tensorflow as tf
[2]: # default initial values of DOE factors:
     # learning_rate = 0.001
     # dropout_value = 0.3
     # #n-conv_layers = 3
     \# n\_units\_last\_layer = 2048
     # n filters l1 = 32
     # n_filters_l2 = 16
[3]: # DOE factors:
     learning_rate = 0.0005
     dropout value = 0.2
     \# n\text{-}conv\_layers = 4
     n_units_last_layer = 4096
     n_filters_l1 = 8
     n_filters_12 = 16
[4]: # other factors:
     img_size = 130
     batch_size = 32
     validation_split = 0.1 # 10% for validation
     test_split = 0.00 # 0% for testing
     shuffle_buffer_size = 1000
     seed_num = 101
     desired_accuracy = 0.99 # it should be active if EarlyStoppingCallback is_
      \hookrightarrow activated
     loss = 'binary_crossentropy'
     #optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.RMSprop(learning_rate=learning_rate)
     optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=learning_rate)
     metrics = ['accuracy']
```

```
epochs = 30
     f_mode = 'nearest' # fill_mode in image augmentation
    My dataset_root/
       woman/
          woman_1.jpg
          woman_2.jpg
      man/
          man_1.jpg
          man_2.jpg
          . . .
[6]: import os
     DATA DIR = "D:\\CS online courses\\Free DataSets\\Free Images\\Easier portrait_
      →images_GPU_03"
     # Subdirectories for each class
     data_dir_woman = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, 'woman')
     data_dir_man = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, 'man')
     # os.listdir returns a list containing all files under the given dir
     print(f"There are {len(os.listdir(data dir_woman))} images of woman.")
     print(f"There are {len(os.listdir(data_dir_man))} images of man.")
    There are 471 images of woman.
    There are 472 images of man.
[7]: | image_size = (img_size, img_size) # Resize images to this size
     # Load train dataset (excluding validation & test set):
     train_dataset = tf.keras.utils.image_dataset_from_directory(
         directory = DATA_DIR,
         image_size = image_size,
         batch_size = batch_size,
         label_mode='binary',
         validation_split = validation_split + test_split, # Total split for val +_
         subset = "training",
         seed = seed_num
     # Load validation dataset
     val_dataset = tf.keras.utils.image_dataset_from_directory(
         directory = DATA DIR,
         image_size = image_size,
         batch_size = batch_size,
```

```
label_mode='binary',
         validation_split = validation_split + test_split,
         subset = "validation",
         seed = seed_num
     # Further manually split validation dataset to extract test dataset
     val_batches = tf.data.experimental.cardinality(val_dataset)
     # Compute test dataset size (number of batches)
     test_size = round(val_batches.numpy() * (test_split / (validation_split +__
     →test_split)))
     # Split validation dataset into validation and test subsets
     test_dataset = val_dataset.take(test_size)
     val_dataset = val_dataset.skip(test_size)
     print(f"Train batches: {tf.data.experimental.cardinality(train_dataset).
      →numpy()}")
     print(f"Validation batches: {tf.data.experimental.cardinality(val_dataset).
      →numpy()}")
     print(f"Test batches: {tf.data.experimental.cardinality(test_dataset).numpy()}")
     # Optimize for performance
     AUTOTUNE = tf.data.AUTOTUNE
     training_dataset = train_dataset.cache().shuffle(shuffle_buffer_size).
      prefetch(buffer_size = AUTOTUNE)
     validation dataset = val dataset.cache().prefetch(buffer size = AUTOTUNE)
     test_dataset = test_dataset.cache().prefetch(buffer_size = AUTOTUNE)
    Found 943 files belonging to 2 classes.
    Using 849 files for training.
    Found 943 files belonging to 2 classes.
    Using 94 files for validation.
    Train batches: 27
    Validation batches: 3
    Test batches: 0
[8]: # Get the first batch of images and labels
     for images, labels in training_dataset.take(1):
             example_batch_images = images
             example_batch_labels = labels
     max_pixel = np.max(example_batch_images)
     print(f"Maximum pixel value of images: {max_pixel}\n")
     print(f"Shape of batch of images: {example_batch_images.shape}")
     print(f"Shape of batch of labels: {example_batch_labels.shape}")
```

Maximum pixel value of images: 255.0

```
Shape of batch of images: (32, 130, 130, 3)
     Shape of batch of labels: (32, 1)
 [9]: '''
      class\ Early Stopping Callback (tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
          def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs=None):
              train_accuracy = logs.get('accuracy')
              val_accuracy = logs.get('val_accuracy')
              if train_accuracy >= desired_accuracy and val_accuracy >=_
       \rightarrow desired accuracy:
                  self.model.stop_training = True
                  print(f"\nReached {desired_accuracy}% accuracy so cancelling_
       ⇔training!")
 [9]: '\nclass EarlyStoppingCallback(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):\n
                                                                          def
      on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs=None):\n
                                                      train_accuracy =
      logs.get(\'accuracy\')\n
                                     val_accuracy = logs.get(\'val_accuracy\')\n
      if train_accuracy >= desired_accuracy and val_accuracy >= desired_accuracy:\n
      self.model.stop_training = True\n
                                                    print(f"\nReached
      {desired_accuracy}% accuracy so cancelling training!")\n'
[10]: '''
      from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
      early_stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=3)
      I I I
[10]: "\nfrom tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping\nearly_stop =
      EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=3)\n"
[11]: from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import LearningRateScheduler
      # Reduce LR every 10 epochs (Learning rate decay factor)
      def scheduler(epoch, lr):
          if epoch < 10:</pre>
              if epoch % 5 == 0 and epoch > 0:
                  return lr / 1.05
              return lr
          elif epoch < 15:
              if epoch % 2 == 0 and epoch > 0:
                  return lr / 3
              return lr
          elif epoch < 20:</pre>
              if epoch \% 1 == 0 and epoch > 0:
                  return lr / 1.2
              return lr
          else:
```

```
return lr
lr_callback = LearningRateScheduler(scheduler)
```

```
[12]: # augmentation_model
      def augment_model():
          """Creates a model (layers stacked on top of each other) for augmenting \Box
       ⇒images of woman and man.
          Returns:
              tf.keras.Model: The model made up of the layers that will be used to_{\sqcup}
       ⇒augment the images of woman and man.
          augmentation_model = tf.keras.Sequential([
              # Specify the input shape.
              tf.keras.Input(shape = (img_size, img_size, 3)),
              tf.keras.layers.RandomFlip("horizontal"),
              tf.keras.layers.RandomRotation(0.1, fill_mode = f_mode),
              #tf.keras.layers.RandomTranslation(0.1, 0.1, fill_mode = f_mode),
              #tf.keras.layers.RandomZoom(0.1, fill_mode=f_mode)
              ])
          return augmentation_model
```

```
[13]: def create_and_compile_model():
          """Creates, compiles and trains the model to predict woman and man images.
          Returns:
              tf.keras.Model: The model that will be trained to predict woman and manu
       \hookrightarrow images.
          11 11 11
          augmentation_layers = augment_model()
          model = tf.keras.Sequential([
              # Note: the input shape is the desired size of the image: 150x150 with
       →3 bytes for color
              tf.keras.layers.InputLayer(shape = (img_size, img_size, 3)),
              augmentation_layers,
              tf.keras.layers.Rescaling(1./255),
                        CONV_LAYER_1:
                                          #####
              tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(n_filters_11, (4, 4), activation = 'linear'),
              tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
              #####
                        CONV_LAYER_2:
                                          #####
              tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(n_filters_12, (3, 3), activation = 'relu'),
```

```
tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
      #####
                CONV_LAYER_3:
                                  #####
      tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation = 'relu'),
      tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
      #####
                CONV_LAYER_4:
      tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation = 'relu'),
      tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
      tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
      tf.keras.layers.Dropout(dropout_value),
               BEFORE_LAST_LAYER:
                                      #####
      tf.keras.layers.Dense(n_units_last_layer, activation = 'relu'),
      # It will contain a value from 0-1 where 0 for the class 'female' and 1_{\sqcup}
⇔for the 'male'
      tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation = 'sigmoid')])
  model.compile(
      loss = loss,
      optimizer = optimizer,
      metrics = metrics
  )
  return model
```

```
[14]: # Create the compiled but untrained model
model = create_and_compile_model()
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
sequential (Sequential)	(None, 130, 130, 3)	0
rescaling (Rescaling)	(None, 130, 130, 3)	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 127, 127, 8)	392
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 63, 63, 8)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 61, 61, 16)	1,168
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 30, 30, 16)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 64)	9,280
<pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 64)	0

```
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)
                                        (None, 12, 12, 64)
                                                                        36,928
      max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2D) (None, 6, 6, 64)
                                                                             0
                                        (None, 2304)
      flatten (Flatten)
                                                                             0
      dropout (Dropout)
                                        (None, 2304)
                                                                             0
      dense (Dense)
                                        (None, 4096)
                                                                     9,441,280
      dense_1 (Dense)
                                        (None, 1)
                                                                         4,097
      Total params: 9,493,145 (36.21 MB)
      Trainable params: 9,493,145 (36.21 MB)
      Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)
[15]: '''
      training_history = model.fit(
          training_dataset,
          epochs = epochs,
          validation_data = validation_dataset,
          callbacks = [EarlyStoppingCallback()],
          verbose = 2
      111
[15]: '\ntraining_history = model.fit(\n training_dataset,\n
                                                                   epochs = epochs,\n
      validation_data = validation_dataset,\n
                                                 callbacks =
      [EarlyStoppingCallback()], \n verbose = 2\n)\n'
[16]: '''
      training_history = model.fit(
         training_dataset,
          epochs = epochs,
```

validation_data = validation_dataset,

callbacks=[early_stop],

verbose = 2

111

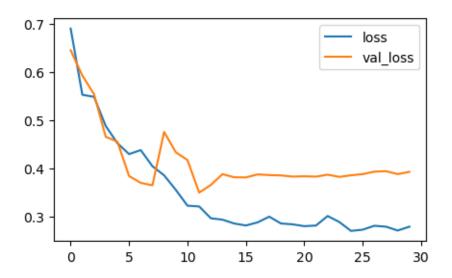
```
validation_data = validation_dataset,\n callbacks=[early_stop],\n
                                                                              verbose
      = 2\n)\n'
[17]: training_history = model.fit(
          training_dataset,
          epochs = epochs,
          validation_data = validation_dataset,
          callbacks = [lr_callback],
          verbose = 2
      )
     Epoch 1/30
     27/27 - 4s - 157ms/step - accuracy: 0.6219 - loss: 0.6899 - val_accuracy: 0.6915
     - val_loss: 0.6447 - learning_rate: 5.0000e-04
     Epoch 2/30
     27/27 - 2s - 62ms/step - accuracy: 0.7350 - loss: 0.5523 - val_accuracy: 0.7128
     - val_loss: 0.5922 - learning_rate: 5.0000e-04
     Epoch 3/30
     27/27 - 2s - 61ms/step - accuracy: 0.7326 - loss: 0.5481 - val_accuracy: 0.7021
     - val_loss: 0.5535 - learning_rate: 5.0000e-04
     Epoch 4/30
     27/27 - 2s - 61ms/step - accuracy: 0.7762 - loss: 0.4876 - val_accuracy: 0.7872
     - val_loss: 0.4653 - learning_rate: 5.0000e-04
     Epoch 5/30
     27/27 - 2s - 62ms/step - accuracy: 0.7856 - loss: 0.4519 - val_accuracy: 0.8085
     - val_loss: 0.4551 - learning_rate: 5.0000e-04
     Epoch 6/30
     27/27 - 2s - 63ms/step - accuracy: 0.7974 - loss: 0.4292 - val_accuracy: 0.8298
     - val_loss: 0.3837 - learning_rate: 4.7619e-04
     Epoch 7/30
     27/27 - 2s - 62ms/step - accuracy: 0.7986 - loss: 0.4375 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
     - val_loss: 0.3695 - learning_rate: 4.7619e-04
     Epoch 8/30
     27/27 - 2s - 63ms/step - accuracy: 0.8174 - loss: 0.4041 - val_accuracy: 0.8404
     - val_loss: 0.3644 - learning_rate: 4.7619e-04
     27/27 - 2s - 65ms/step - accuracy: 0.8292 - loss: 0.3852 - val_accuracy: 0.8511
     - val_loss: 0.4752 - learning_rate: 4.7619e-04
     27/27 - 2s - 63ms/step - accuracy: 0.8375 - loss: 0.3550 - val_accuracy: 0.8723
     - val_loss: 0.4330 - learning_rate: 4.7619e-04
     Epoch 11/30
     27/27 - 2s - 61ms/step - accuracy: 0.8563 - loss: 0.3222 - val_accuracy: 0.8723
     - val_loss: 0.4169 - learning_rate: 1.5873e-04
     Epoch 12/30
     27/27 - 2s - 61ms/step - accuracy: 0.8740 - loss: 0.3206 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
     - val_loss: 0.3493 - learning_rate: 1.5873e-04
```

[16]: '\ntraining_history = model.fit(\n training_dataset,\n

epochs = epochs, \n

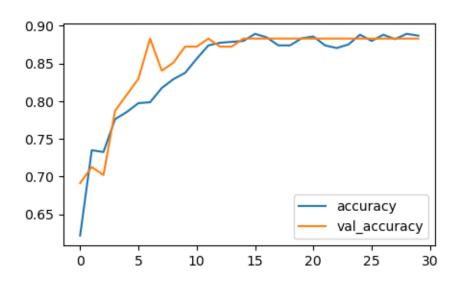
```
Epoch 13/30
27/27 - 2s - 61ms/step - accuracy: 0.8775 - loss: 0.2961 - val_accuracy: 0.8723
- val_loss: 0.3652 - learning_rate: 5.2910e-05
Epoch 14/30
27/27 - 2s - 61ms/step - accuracy: 0.8787 - loss: 0.2931 - val accuracy: 0.8723
- val_loss: 0.3877 - learning_rate: 5.2910e-05
Epoch 15/30
27/27 - 2s - 61ms/step - accuracy: 0.8799 - loss: 0.2852 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3812 - learning_rate: 1.7637e-05
Epoch 16/30
27/27 - 2s - 61ms/step - accuracy: 0.8893 - loss: 0.2811 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3808 - learning_rate: 1.4697e-05
Epoch 17/30
27/27 - 2s - 62ms/step - accuracy: 0.8846 - loss: 0.2875 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3871 - learning_rate: 1.2248e-05
Epoch 18/30
27/27 - 2s - 64ms/step - accuracy: 0.8740 - loss: 0.2994 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3857 - learning_rate: 1.0206e-05
Epoch 19/30
27/27 - 2s - 64ms/step - accuracy: 0.8740 - loss: 0.2853 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3850 - learning_rate: 8.5053e-06
Epoch 20/30
27/27 - 2s - 65ms/step - accuracy: 0.8834 - loss: 0.2834 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3826 - learning_rate: 7.0878e-06
Epoch 21/30
27/27 - 2s - 64ms/step - accuracy: 0.8857 - loss: 0.2797 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3832 - learning_rate: 7.0878e-06
Epoch 22/30
27/27 - 2s - 63ms/step - accuracy: 0.8740 - loss: 0.2809 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3825 - learning_rate: 7.0878e-06
Epoch 23/30
27/27 - 2s - 62ms/step - accuracy: 0.8704 - loss: 0.3007 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3865 - learning_rate: 7.0878e-06
Epoch 24/30
27/27 - 2s - 62ms/step - accuracy: 0.8751 - loss: 0.2882 - val accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3820 - learning_rate: 7.0878e-06
Epoch 25/30
27/27 - 2s - 61ms/step - accuracy: 0.8881 - loss: 0.2698 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3853 - learning_rate: 7.0878e-06
Epoch 26/30
27/27 - 2s - 62ms/step - accuracy: 0.8799 - loss: 0.2724 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3876 - learning_rate: 7.0878e-06
Epoch 27/30
27/27 - 2s - 62ms/step - accuracy: 0.8881 - loss: 0.2805 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3928 - learning_rate: 7.0878e-06
Epoch 28/30
27/27 - 2s - 62ms/step - accuracy: 0.8822 - loss: 0.2786 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
- val_loss: 0.3938 - learning_rate: 7.0878e-06
```

```
Epoch 29/30
     27/27 - 2s - 62ms/step - accuracy: 0.8893 - loss: 0.2706 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
     - val_loss: 0.3876 - learning_rate: 7.0878e-06
     Epoch 30/30
     27/27 - 2s - 61ms/step - accuracy: 0.8869 - loss: 0.2786 - val_accuracy: 0.8830
     - val_loss: 0.3924 - learning_rate: 7.0878e-06
[18]: #from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
      #model.save('gender_recognition_project04_v10.h5')
[19]: model.metrics_names
[19]: ['loss', 'compile_metrics']
[20]: result_history = pd.DataFrame(model.history.history)
     result_history.head(15)
[20]:
                       loss val_accuracy val_loss
         accuracy
                                                     learning_rate
     0
         0.621908 0.689853
                                 0.691489
                                           0.644715
                                                          0.000500
     1
         0.734982 0.552341
                                 0.712766 0.592236
                                                          0.000500
     2
         0.732627 0.548118
                                 0.702128 0.553546
                                                          0.000500
     3
         0.776207 0.487632
                                 0.787234 0.465278
                                                          0.000500
     4
         0.785630 0.451901
                                 0.808511 0.455120
                                                          0.000500
     5
         0.797409 0.429246
                                 0.829787
                                           0.383730
                                                          0.000476
         0.798587 0.437505
                                 0.882979 0.369486
                                                          0.000476
     6
     7
         0.817432 0.404068
                                 0.840426 0.364357
                                                          0.000476
         0.829211 0.385191
                                 0.851064 0.475235
                                                          0.000476
     8
     9
         0.837456 0.355017
                                 0.872340 0.433046
                                                          0.000476
     10 0.856302 0.322177
                                 0.872340 0.416914
                                                          0.000159
     11 0.873969 0.320607
                                 0.882979 0.349335
                                                          0.000159
     12 0.877503 0.296060
                                 0.872340
                                           0.365235
                                                          0.000053
     13 0.878681 0.293119
                                 0.872340
                                           0.387664
                                                          0.000053
     14 0.879859 0.285178
                                 0.882979 0.381206
                                                          0.000018
[21]: result history[['loss', 'val loss']].plot(figsize=(5, 3))
[21]: <Axes: >
```



```
[22]: result_history[['accuracy', 'val_accuracy']].plot(figsize=(5, 3))
```

[22]: <Axes: >



```
[23]: print(model.metrics_names)
print(model.evaluate(validation_dataset))
```

[0.39244216680526733, 0.8829787373542786]

```
[24]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
      y_true = np.concatenate([y.numpy() for _, y in validation_dataset])
      y_pred_prob = model.predict(validation_dataset)
      # Convert probabilities to class labels (0:Female or 1:Male)
      y_pred = (y_pred_prob > 0.5).astype(int).flatten()
      print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_true, y_pred,_
       →target names=['Female', 'Male']))
     3/3
                     0s 57ms/step
     Classification Report:
                    precision
                                recall f1-score
                                                     support
           Female
                        0.81
                                  0.95
                                             0.88
                                                         41
                        0.96
                                  0.83
                                             0.89
             Male
                                                         53
                                            0.88
                                                         94
         accuracy
                                            0.88
                                                         94
        macro avg
                        0.88
                                  0.89
     weighted avg
                                  0.88
                                            0.88
                                                         94
                        0.89
[25]: import tensorflow as tf
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
      from tensorflow.keras.utils import load img, img to array
      img_size = img_size
      model = tf.keras.models.load_model("gender_recognition_project04_v10.h5")
      # Load your personal image if you are interested to predict:
      your_image_path = "D:\\Hossein's desktop files in Microsoft Studio⊔
       →Laptop\\Personal Photos\\Hossein_10.jpg"
      img = load_img(your_image_path, target_size=(img_size, img_size))
      final_img = img_to_array(img)
      # Adding a batch dimension:
      final_img = np.expand_dims(final_img, axis=0)
      prediction = model.predict(final_img)
      result = "Female" if prediction > 0.5 else "Male"
      if result=="Female":
          confidence = (model.predict(final_img)[0][0])*100
      else:
          confidence = (1-model.predict(final_img)[0][0])*100
```

print(f"Prediction result: {result} (confidence= {confidence:.2f} %)")

```
# Visualize CNN Layers
successive_feature_maps = visualization_model.predict(final_img)
layer_names = [layer.name for layer in model.layers]
for layer_name, feature_map in zip(layer_names, successive_feature_maps):
    if len(feature_map.shape) == 4: # Only visualize conv/maxpool layers
        n_features = feature_map.shape[-1] # Number of filters
        size = feature_map.shape[1] # Feature map size
        display_grid = np.zeros((size, size * n_features))
        for i in range(n_features):
           x = feature_map[0, :, :, i]
            x -= x.mean()
            x \neq (x.std() + 1e-8) # Normalize
            x *= 64
            x += 128
            x = np.clip(x, 0, 255).astype('uint8') # Convert to image format
            display_grid[:, i * size: (i + 1) * size] = x
        scale = 20. / n_features
       plt.figure(figsize=(scale * n_features, scale))
       plt.title(layer_name)
       plt.grid(False)
       plt.imshow(display_grid, aspect='auto', cmap='cividis')
       plt.show()
```

WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have yet to be built. `model.compile_metrics` will be empty until you train or evaluate the model.

```
NameError Traceback (most recent call last)

Cell In[25], line 26
23 print(f"Prediction result: {result} (confidence= {confidence:.2f} %)")
25 # Visualize CNN Layers

---> 26 successive_feature_maps = visualization_model.predict(final_img)
27 layer_names = [layer.name for layer in model.layers]
29 for layer_name, feature_map in zip(layer_names, successive_feature_maps:

NameError: name 'visualization_model' is not defined
```

[]:

[]:	
[]:	