

Personal Project_04_v10_test1_3conv-layer

April 28, 2025

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
import tensorflow as tf
```

```
[2]: # default initial values of DOE factors:
# learning_rate = 0.001
# dropout_value = 0.3
# #n-conv_layers = 3
# n_units_last_layer = 2048
# n_filters_l1 = 32
# n_filters_l2 = 16
```

```
[3]: # DOE factors:
learning_rate = 0.001
dropout_value = 0.3
# n-conv_layers = 3
n_units_last_layer = 2048
n_filters_l1 = 16
n_filters_l2 = 8
```

```
[4]: # other factors:
img_size = 130
batch_size = 32
validation_split = 0.1 # 10% for validation
test_split = 0.00 # 0% for testing
shuffle_buffer_size = 1000
seed_num = 101
desired_accuracy = 0.99 # it should be active if EarlyStoppingCallback is
↳activated
loss = 'binary_crossentropy'
#optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.RMSprop(learning_rate=learning_rate)
optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=learning_rate)
metrics = ['accuracy']
epochs = 15
f_mode = 'nearest' # fill_mode in image augmentation
```

```

My dataset_root/
  woman/
    woman_1.jpg
    woman_2.jpg
    ...
  man/
    man_1.jpg
    man_2.jpg
    ...

```

```

[6]: import os

DATA_DIR = "D:\\CS online courses\\Free DataSets\\Free Images\\Easier portrait_
↳images_GPU_03"

# Subdirectories for each class
data_dir_woman = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, 'woman')
data_dir_man = os.path.join(DATA_DIR, 'man')

# os.listdir returns a list containing all files under the given dir
print(f"There are {len(os.listdir(data_dir_woman))} images of woman.")
print(f"There are {len(os.listdir(data_dir_man))} images of man.")

```

There are 471 images of woman.

There are 472 images of man.

```

[7]: image_size = (img_size, img_size) # Resize images to this size

# Load train dataset (excluding validation & test set):
train_dataset = tf.keras.utils.image_dataset_from_directory(
    directory = DATA_DIR,
    image_size = image_size,
    batch_size = batch_size,
    label_mode='binary',
    validation_split = validation_split + test_split, # Total split for val +
↳test
    subset = "training",
    seed = seed_num
)

# Load validation dataset
val_dataset = tf.keras.utils.image_dataset_from_directory(
    directory = DATA_DIR,
    image_size = image_size,
    batch_size = batch_size,
    label_mode='binary',
    validation_split = validation_split + test_split,
    subset = "validation",

```

```

        seed = seed_num
    )

    # Further manually split validation dataset to extract test dataset
    val_batches = tf.data.experimental.cardinality(val_dataset)
    # Compute test dataset size (number of batches)
    test_size = round(val_batches.numpy() * (test_split / (validation_split +
        ↪test_split)))
    # Split validation dataset into validation and test subsets
    test_dataset = val_dataset.take(test_size)
    val_dataset = val_dataset.skip(test_size)

    print(f"Train batches: {tf.data.experimental.cardinality(train_dataset).
        ↪numpy()}")
    print(f"Validation batches: {tf.data.experimental.cardinality(val_dataset).
        ↪numpy()}")
    print(f"Test batches: {tf.data.experimental.cardinality(test_dataset).numpy()}")

    # Optimize for performance
    AUTOTUNE = tf.data.AUTOTUNE
    training_dataset = train_dataset.cache().shuffle(shuffle_buffer_size).
        ↪prefetch(buffer_size = AUTOTUNE)
    validation_dataset = val_dataset.cache().prefetch(buffer_size = AUTOTUNE)
    test_dataset = test_dataset.cache().prefetch(buffer_size = AUTOTUNE)

```

```

Found 943 files belonging to 2 classes.
Using 849 files for training.
Found 943 files belonging to 2 classes.
Using 94 files for validation.
Train batches: 27
Validation batches: 3
Test batches: 0

```

```

[8]: # Get the first batch of images and labels
for images, labels in training_dataset.take(1):
    example_batch_images = images
    example_batch_labels = labels

max_pixel = np.max(example_batch_images)
print(f"Maximum pixel value of images: {max_pixel}\n")
print(f"Shape of batch of images: {example_batch_images.shape}")
print(f"Shape of batch of labels: {example_batch_labels.shape}")

```

```

Maximum pixel value of images: 255.0

```

```

Shape of batch of images: (32, 130, 130, 3)
Shape of batch of labels: (32, 1)

```

```
[9]: '''
class EarlyStoppingCallback(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
    def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs=None):
        train_accuracy = logs.get('accuracy')
        val_accuracy = logs.get('val_accuracy')
        if train_accuracy >= desired_accuracy and val_accuracy >=
↳desired_accuracy:
            self.model.stop_training = True
            print(f"\nReached {desired_accuracy}% accuracy so cancelling
↳training!")
'''
```

```
[9]: '\n\nclass EarlyStoppingCallback(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):\n    def
on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs=None):\n        train_accuracy =
logs.get(\'accuracy\')\n        val_accuracy = logs.get(\'val_accuracy\')\n
if train_accuracy >= desired_accuracy and val_accuracy >= desired_accuracy:\n
self.model.stop_training = True\n        print(f"\nReached
{desired_accuracy}% accuracy so cancelling training!")\n'
```

```
[10]: '''
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
early_stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=3)
'''
```

```
[10]: "\n\nfrom tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping\nearly_stop =
EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=3)\n"
```

```
[11]: from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import LearningRateScheduler

# Reduce LR every 10 epochs (Learning rate decay factor)
def scheduler(epoch, lr):
    if epoch % 10 == 0 and epoch > 0:
        return lr * 1.0
    return lr

lr_callback = LearningRateScheduler(scheduler)
```

```
[12]: # augmentation_model
def augment_model():
    """Creates a model (layers stacked on top of each other) for augmenting
↳images of woman and man.

    Returns:
        tf.keras.Model: The model made up of the layers that will be used to
↳augment the images of woman and man.
    """
```

```

augmentation_model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    # Specify the input shape.
    tf.keras.Input(shape = (img_size, img_size, 3)),

    tf.keras.layers.RandomFlip("horizontal"),
    tf.keras.layers.RandomRotation(0.1, fill_mode = f_mode),
    #tf.keras.layers.RandomTranslation(0.1, 0.1, fill_mode = f_mode),
    #tf.keras.layers.RandomZoom(0.1, fill_mode=f_mode)
])

return augmentation_model

```

```

[13]: def create_and_compile_model():
    """Creates, compiles and trains the model to predict woman and man images.

    Returns:
    tf.keras.Model: The model that will be trained to predict woman and man
    images.
    """

    augmentation_layers = augment_model()

    model = tf.keras.Sequential([
        # Note: the input shape is the desired size of the image: 150x150 with
        3 bytes for color
        tf.keras.layers.InputLayer(shape = (img_size, img_size, 3)),
        augmentation_layers,
        tf.keras.layers.Rescaling(1./255),
        ##### CONV_LAYER_1: #####
        tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(n_filters_l1, (4, 4), activation = 'linear'),
        tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
        ##### CONV_LAYER_2: #####
        tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(n_filters_l2, (3, 3), activation = 'relu'),
        tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
        ##### CONV_LAYER_3: #####
        tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation = 'relu'),
        tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
        tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
        tf.keras.layers.Dropout(dropout_value),
        ##### BEFORE_LAST_LAYER: #####
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(n_units_last_layer, activation = 'relu'),
        # It will contain a value from 0-1 where 0 for the class 'female' and 1
        for the 'male'
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation = 'sigmoid')])

    model.compile(
        loss = loss,

```

```

        optimizer = optimizer,
        metrics = metrics
    )

    return model

```

```

[14]: # Create the compiled but untrained model
model = create_and_compile_model()
model.summary()

```

Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
sequential (Sequential)	(None, 130, 130, 3)	0
rescaling (Rescaling)	(None, 130, 130, 3)	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 127, 127, 16)	784
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 63, 63, 16)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 61, 61, 8)	1,160
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 30, 30, 8)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 64)	4,672
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 12544)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 12544)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 2048)	25,692,160
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	2,049

Total params: 25,700,825 (98.04 MB)

Trainable params: 25,700,825 (98.04 MB)

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

```
[15]: '''
training_history = model.fit(
    training_dataset,
    epochs = epochs,
    validation_data = validation_dataset,
    callbacks = [EarlyStoppingCallback()],
    verbose = 2
)
'''
```

```
[15]: '\ntraining_history = model.fit(\n    training_dataset,\n    epochs = epochs,\n    validation_data = validation_dataset,\n    callbacks =\n    [EarlyStoppingCallback()],\n    verbose = 2\n)\n'
```

```
[16]: '''
training_history = model.fit(
    training_dataset,
    epochs = epochs,
    validation_data = validation_dataset,
    callbacks=[early_stop],
    verbose = 2
)
'''
```

```
[16]: '\ntraining_history = model.fit(\n    training_dataset,\n    epochs = epochs,\n    validation_data = validation_dataset,\n    callbacks=[early_stop],\n    verbose\n    = 2\n)\n'
```

```
[17]: training_history = model.fit(
    training_dataset,
    epochs = epochs,
    validation_data = validation_dataset,
    callbacks = [lr_callback],
    verbose = 2
)
```

Epoch 1/15

27/27 - 5s - 174ms/step - accuracy: 0.5265 - loss: 0.8418 - val_accuracy: 0.5957
- val_loss: 0.6907 - learning_rate: 0.0010

Epoch 2/15

27/27 - 3s - 109ms/step - accuracy: 0.6938 - loss: 0.5946 - val_accuracy: 0.6383
- val_loss: 0.7092 - learning_rate: 0.0010

Epoch 3/15

27/27 - 3s - 105ms/step - accuracy: 0.7432 - loss: 0.5434 - val_accuracy: 0.6702
- val_loss: 0.6214 - learning_rate: 0.0010

Epoch 4/15

27/27 - 3s - 104ms/step - accuracy: 0.7479 - loss: 0.5424 - val_accuracy: 0.7234
- val_loss: 0.5542 - learning_rate: 0.0010

```

Epoch 5/15
27/27 - 3s - 104ms/step - accuracy: 0.7621 - loss: 0.5087 - val_accuracy: 0.7660
- val_loss: 0.5117 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 6/15
27/27 - 3s - 110ms/step - accuracy: 0.8033 - loss: 0.4629 - val_accuracy: 0.7553
- val_loss: 0.5838 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 7/15
27/27 - 3s - 108ms/step - accuracy: 0.8115 - loss: 0.4286 - val_accuracy: 0.8085
- val_loss: 0.4552 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 8/15
27/27 - 3s - 104ms/step - accuracy: 0.8068 - loss: 0.4175 - val_accuracy: 0.7872
- val_loss: 0.5433 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 9/15
27/27 - 3s - 105ms/step - accuracy: 0.8068 - loss: 0.4215 - val_accuracy: 0.8298
- val_loss: 0.4035 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 10/15
27/27 - 3s - 104ms/step - accuracy: 0.8327 - loss: 0.3736 - val_accuracy: 0.7766
- val_loss: 0.4495 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 11/15
27/27 - 3s - 103ms/step - accuracy: 0.8269 - loss: 0.4000 - val_accuracy: 0.7979
- val_loss: 0.5244 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 12/15
27/27 - 3s - 107ms/step - accuracy: 0.8445 - loss: 0.3722 - val_accuracy: 0.8191
- val_loss: 0.3995 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 13/15
27/27 - 3s - 109ms/step - accuracy: 0.8669 - loss: 0.3361 - val_accuracy: 0.8511
- val_loss: 0.3409 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 14/15
27/27 - 3s - 103ms/step - accuracy: 0.8551 - loss: 0.3263 - val_accuracy: 0.8511
- val_loss: 0.3608 - learning_rate: 0.0010
Epoch 15/15
27/27 - 3s - 103ms/step - accuracy: 0.8433 - loss: 0.3454 - val_accuracy: 0.8298
- val_loss: 0.3493 - learning_rate: 0.0010

```

```
[18]: #from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
      #model.save('gender_recognition_project04_v10.h5')
```

```
[19]: model.metrics_names
```

```
[19]: ['loss', 'compile_metrics']
```

```
[20]: result_history = pd.DataFrame(model.history.history)
      result_history.head(15)
```

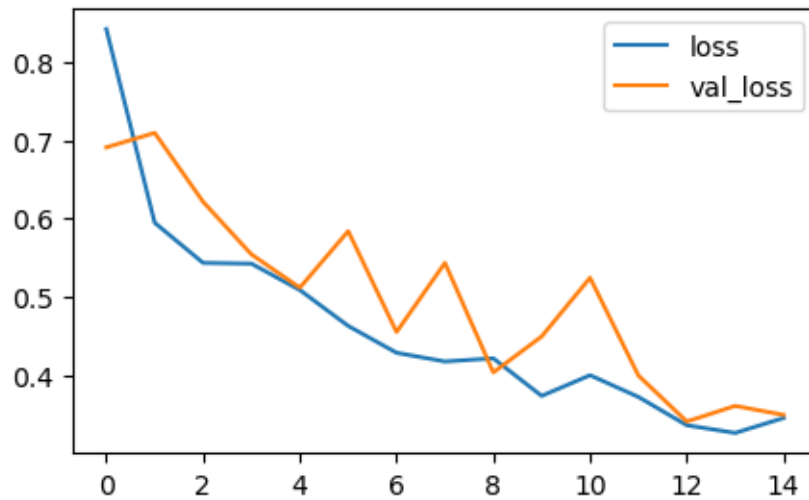
```
[20]:
```

	accuracy	loss	val_accuracy	val_loss	learning_rate
0	0.526502	0.841777	0.595745	0.690726	0.001
1	0.693757	0.594582	0.638298	0.709249	0.001
2	0.743227	0.543358	0.670213	0.621359	0.001

3	0.747939	0.542355	0.723404	0.554202	0.001
4	0.762073	0.508721	0.765957	0.511675	0.001
5	0.803298	0.462910	0.755319	0.583850	0.001
6	0.811543	0.428566	0.808511	0.455168	0.001
7	0.806832	0.417507	0.787234	0.543285	0.001
8	0.806832	0.421532	0.829787	0.403496	0.001
9	0.832744	0.373569	0.776596	0.449454	0.001
10	0.826855	0.399981	0.797872	0.524380	0.001
11	0.844523	0.372190	0.819149	0.399542	0.001
12	0.866902	0.336089	0.851064	0.340883	0.001
13	0.855124	0.326306	0.851064	0.360823	0.001
14	0.843345	0.345390	0.829787	0.349328	0.001

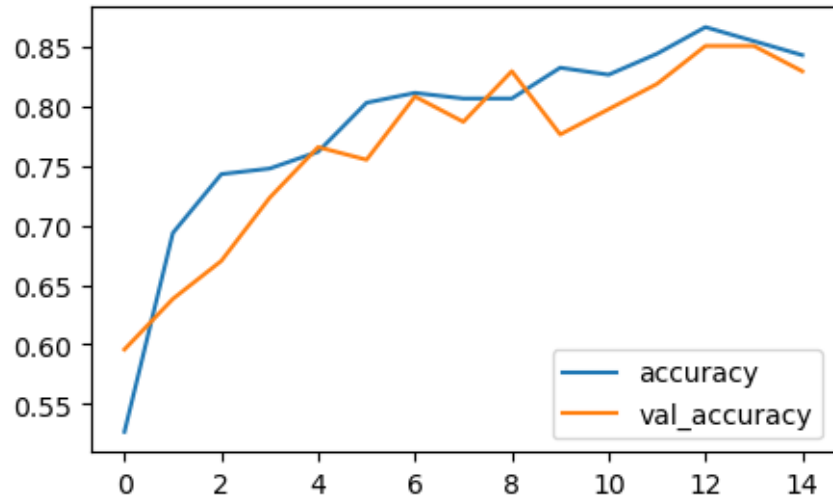
```
[21]: result_history[['loss', 'val_loss']].plot(figsize=(5, 3))
```

```
[21]: <Axes: >
```



```
[22]: result_history[['accuracy', 'val_accuracy']].plot(figsize=(5, 3))
```

```
[22]: <Axes: >
```



```
[23]: print(model.metrics_names)
      print(model.evaluate(validation_dataset))
```

```
['loss', 'compile_metrics']
3/3          0s 18ms/step -
accuracy: 0.8211 - loss: 0.3787
[0.3493284583091736, 0.8297872543334961]
```

```
[24]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix

y_true = np.concatenate([y.numpy() for _, y in validation_dataset])
y_pred_prob = model.predict(validation_dataset)
# Convert probabilities to class labels (0:Female or 1:Male)
y_pred = (y_pred_prob > 0.5).astype(int).flatten()

print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_true, y_pred,
    target_names=['Female', 'Male']))
```

```
3/3          0s 42ms/step
Classification Report:
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

   Female       0.80        0.80        0.80         41
    Male       0.85        0.85        0.85         53

 accuracy                   0.83         94
 macro avg       0.83        0.83        0.83         94
weighted avg       0.83        0.83        0.83         94
```

```

[25]: import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.utils import load_img, img_to_array

img_size = img_size
model = tf.keras.models.load_model("gender_recognition_project04_v10.h5")

# Load your personal image if you are interested to predict:
your_image_path = "D:\\Hossein's desktop files in Microsoft Studio_
↳Laptop\\Personal Photos\\Hossein_10.jpg"

img = load_img(your_image_path, target_size=(img_size, img_size))
final_img = img_to_array(img)
# Adding a batch dimension:
final_img = np.expand_dims(final_img, axis=0)
prediction = model.predict(final_img)
result = "Female" if prediction > 0.5 else "Male"
if result=="Female":
    confidence = (model.predict(final_img)[0][0])*100
else:
    confidence = (1-model.predict(final_img)[0][0])*100
print(f"Prediction result: {result} (confidence= {confidence:.2f} %)")

# Visualize CNN Layers
successive_feature_maps = visualization_model.predict(final_img)
layer_names = [layer.name for layer in model.layers]

for layer_name, feature_map in zip(layer_names, successive_feature_maps):
    if len(feature_map.shape) == 4: # Only visualize conv/maxpool layers
        n_features = feature_map.shape[-1] # Number of filters
        size = feature_map.shape[1] # Feature map size
        display_grid = np.zeros((size, size * n_features))

        for i in range(n_features):
            x = feature_map[0, :, :, i]
            x -= x.mean()
            x /= (x.std() + 1e-8) # Normalize
            x *= 64
            x += 128
            x = np.clip(x, 0, 255).astype('uint8') # Convert to image format
            display_grid[:, i * size: (i + 1) * size] = x

        scale = 20. / n_features
        plt.figure(figsize=(scale * n_features, scale))
        plt.title(layer_name)

```

```
plt.grid(False)
plt.imshow(display_grid, aspect='auto', cmap='cividis')
plt.show()
```

WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have yet to be built. `model.compile_metrics` will be empty until you train or evaluate the model.

1/1 0s 85ms/step

1/1 0s 36ms/step

Prediction result: Male (confidence= 94.19 %)

```
-----
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[25], line 26
    23 print(f"Prediction result: {result} (confidence= {confidence:.2f} %)")
    25 # Visualize CNN Layers
----> 26 successive_feature_maps = visualization_model.predict(final_img)
    27 layer_names = [layer.name for layer in model.layers]
    29 for layer_name, feature_map in zip(layer_names, successive_feature_maps :

NameError: name 'visualization_model' is not defined
```

[]:

[]:

[]: