

# Understanding ROS 2 Actions: The Robot Navigation Example

In ROS 2, actions handle long-running tasks that need progress updates and can be cancelled. While services are for quick requests, actions are for complex operations that take time. Think of actions as asynchronous tasks with feedback - like starting a download that shows progress percentage.

## The Robot Navigation Analogy:

Imagine you're giving a delivery robot a mission 🚚:

- You (Action Client): "Navigate to position X=5, Y=3" → Action Goal
- Robot (Action Server): Starts moving and sends updates:
  - "25% complete, moving through corridor" → Feedback
  - "50% complete, avoiding obstacle" → Feedback
  - "100% complete, arrived at destination!" → Result
- You: Can cancel at any time: "Stop! Change destination!" → Cancellation

## What We're Building:

In this exercise, we'll create a Navigation Action with two nodes:

- `navigation_action_server`: The "robot brain" that executes navigation missions
- `navigation_action_client`: The "mission control" that sends goals and monitors progress

## Key Action Characteristics:

- Asynchronous: Client doesn't block while waiting
- Progress Updates: Real-time feedback during execution
- Cancellable: Can stop the task anytime
- Long-running: Perfect for complex operations
- Three-part: Goal, Feedback, Result

This pattern is essential for robot navigation, manipulation tasks, downloads, and any operation where you need to monitor progress and potentially cancel.

Now let's build our navigation action step by step! 🟡

## Step 1: Create Action Package

```
bash
```

```
# Navigate to workspace src
```

```
cd ~/ros2_ws/src
```

```
# Create package
```

```
ros2 pkg create navigation_action --build-type ament_python
```

## Step 2: Create Custom Action Interface

First, create the interface package for our custom action or just add to the existing interface that we use in the previous example my\_interface:

```
bash
```

File: `my_interfaces/action/NavigateToPosition.action`

```
plaintext
```

```
# Goal Definition - Where we want the robot to navigate
float32 target_x          # Target X coordinate in meters
float32 target_y          # Target Y coordinate in meters
string location_name      # Human-readable destination name
int32 max_speed           # Maximum speed (optional parameter)
---
# Result Definition - What was achieved at the end
bool success              # Whether navigation was successful
float32 final_x           # Actual final X position
float32 final_y           # Actual final Y position
string message            # Result description
int32 total_time          # Total time taken in seconds
float32 distance_traveled # Total distance traveled in meters
---
# Feedback Definition - Progress updates during navigation
float32 current_x         # Current X position
float32 current_y         # Current Y position
```

```
float32 progress_percentage # Completion percentage (0-100)
string status_message      # Current status description
int32 estimated_time_remaining # Estimated seconds remaining
float32 current_speed      # Current speed in m/s
string current_zone        # Current area/zone the robot is in
```

## Step 3: Configure Interface Package

File: `my_interfaces/CMakeLists.txt`

cmake

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.8)

project(my_interfaces)

if(CMAKE_COMPILER_IS_GNUCXX OR CMAKE_CXX_COMPILER_ID MATCHES "Clang")
  add_compile_options(-Wall -Wextra -Wpedantic)
endif()

# Find dependencies

find_package(ament_cmake REQUIRED)

find_package(rosidl_default_generators REQUIRED)

# Generate interfaces

rosidl_generate_interfaces(${PROJECT_NAME}

  "srv/Calculator.srv"

  "action/NavigateToPosition.action"

)
```

```

# Export dependencies

ament_export_dependencies(rosidl_default_runtime)

# Install the srv directory

install(DIRECTORY srv

  DESTINATION share/${PROJECT_NAME}

)

ament_package()

```

File: `my_interfaces/package.xml`

xml

```

<?xml version="1.0"?>

<?xml-model href="http://download.ros.org/schema/package_format3.xsd"
schematypelocation="http://download.ros.org/schema/package_format3.xsd
package_format3.xsd"?>

<package format="3">

  <name>my_interfaces</name>

  <version>0.0.0</version>

  <description>Custom calculator service interfaces</description>

  <maintainer email="you@example.com">Your Name</maintainer>

  <license>Apache License 2.0</license>

```

```
<buildtool_depend>ament_cmake</buildtool_depend>

<buildtool_depend>rosidl_default_generators</buildtool_depend>

  <exec_depend>rosidl_default_runtime</exec_depend>

<member_of_group>rosidl_interface_packages</member_of_group>

</package>
```

## Step 4: Create Action Server Code

File: `navigation_action/navigation_action/server.py`

python

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3

import rclpy

from rclpy.action import ActionServer

from rclpy.node import Node

import time

import math

import random

from my_interfaces.action import NavigateToPosition

class NavigationActionServer(Node):

    def __init__(self):

        super().__init__('navigation_action_server')

        # Create action server
```

```

self._action_server = ActionServer(

    self,

    NavigateToPosition,

    'navigate_to_position',

    self.execute_callback

)

self.get_logger().info('🚀 Navigation Action Server ready!')

self.get_logger().info('🎯 Waiting for navigation goals...')

def execute_callback(self, goal_handle):

    self.get_logger().info(f'🎯 Received navigation goal:
{goal_handle.request.location_name} ')

    f'({goal_handle.request.target_x},
{goal_handle.request.target_y})')

    # Start executing the action

    goal_handle.succeed()

    # Initialize feedback message

    feedback_msg = NavigateToPosition.Feedback()

    # Simulate robot starting position

    current_x = 0.0

    current_y = 0.0

    target_x = goal_handle.request.target_x

```

```

target_y = goal_handle.request.target_y

# Calculate total distance

total_distance = math.sqrt(target_x**2 + target_y**2)

# Simulate navigation process (more realistic with 20 steps)

step_size = total_distance / 20

steps = 20

for step in range(1, steps + 1):

    # Check if goal was cancelled

    if goal_handle.is_cancel_requested:

        goal_handle.canceled()

        self.get_logger().info('✗ Navigation cancelled by
user')

        result = NavigateToPosition.Result()

        result.success = False

        result.final_x = current_x

        result.final_y = current_y

        result.message = "Navigation cancelled by user"

        result.total_time = step # FIX: This is now integer

        result.distance_traveled = math.sqrt(current_x**2 +
current_y**2)

        return result

# Simulate movement with some randomness for realism

```

```

progress = step / steps

current_x = target_x * progress + random.uniform(-0.1, 0.1)

current_y = target_y * progress + random.uniform(-0.1, 0.1)


# Update feedback

feedback_msg.current_x = current_x

feedback_msg.current_y = current_y

feedback_msg.progress_percentage = progress * 100.0

feedback_msg.estimated_time_remaining = steps - step # FIX:
Integer

feedback_msg.current_speed = random.uniform(0.5, 1.5)


# Simulate different status messages based on progress

if progress < 0.2:

    feedback_msg.status_message = "Starting motors,
initializing navigation system..."

    feedback_msg.current_zone = "Start Area"

elif progress < 0.4:

    feedback_msg.status_message = "Moving through main
corridor..."

    feedback_msg.current_zone = "Main Corridor"

elif progress < 0.6:

    feedback_msg.status_message = "Avoiding dynamic
obstacles..."

    feedback_msg.current_zone = "Central Area"

elif progress < 0.8:

```



```

        feedback_msg.status_message = "Approaching target
area..."

        feedback_msg.current_zone = "Destination Zone"

    else:

        feedback_msg.status_message = "Fine-tuning final
position..."

        feedback_msg.current_zone = "Target Area"

# Publish feedback

goal_handle.publish_feedback(feedback_msg)

self.get_logger().info(

    f' Progress: {progress*100:.1f}% | '

    f'Position: ({current_x:.2f}, {current_y:.2f}) | '

    f'Zone: {feedback_msg.current_zone}'

)

# Simulate processing time

time.sleep(0.5) # Faster updates for better user experience

# Action completed successfully

self.get_logger().info(f' Navigation completed! Arrived at
{goal_handle.request.location_name}')
```

```

# Set result - FIX ALL INTEGER FIELDS

result = NavigateToPosition.Result()

result.success = True
```

```

        result.final_x = target_x

        result.final_y = target_y

        result.message = f"Successfully arrived at
{goal_handle.request.location_name}"

        result.total_time = int(steps * 0.5)  # FIX: Convert to integer

        result.distance_traveled = total_distance

    return result

def main():

    rclpy.init()

    navigation_server = NavigationActionServer()

    try:

        rclpy.spin(navigation_server)

    except KeyboardInterrupt:

        print("\n🛑 Navigation server shutdown requested")

    finally:

        navigation_server.destroy_node()

        rclpy.shutdown()

        print("✅ Navigation server shutdown complete")

if __name__ == '__main__':

    main()

```

## Step 5: Create Action Client Code

File: navigation\_action/navigation\_action/client.py

python

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3

import rclpy

from rclpy.action import ActionClient

from rclpy.node import Node

import sys

import threading


from my_interfaces.action import NavigateToPosition # CHANGE IMPORT


class NavigationActionClient(Node):

    def __init__(self):

        super().__init__('navigation_action_client')

        # Create action client

        self._action_client = ActionClient(

            self,

            NavigateToPosition,

            'navigate_to_position'

        )

        self.get_logger().info('🎮 Navigation Action Client ready!')
```

```

    # Track current goal

    self._goal_handle = None

    self._send_goal_future = None

    self._get_result_future = None


def wait_for_server(self):

    self.get_logger().info('⌚ Waiting for action server...')

    return self._action_client.wait_for_server(timeout_sec=10.0)


def send_goal(self, target_x, target_y, location_name, max_speed=1):

    # Create goal message

    goal_msg = NavigateToPosition.Goal()

    goal_msg.target_x = target_x

    goal_msg.target_y = target_y

    goal_msg.location_name = location_name

    goal_msg.max_speed = max_speed


    self.get_logger().info(f'🎯 Sending navigation goal:
{location_name} ({target_x}, {target_y})')


    # Send goal and set up callbacks

    self._send_goal_future = self._action_client.send_goal_async(

        goal_msg,

        feedback_callback=self.feedback_callback

    )

```

```

self._send_goal_future.add_done_callback(self.goal_response_callback)

def goal_response_callback(self, future):

    self._goal_handle = future.result()

    if not self._goal_handle.accepted:

        self.get_logger().error('❌ Goal rejected by server')

        return

    self.get_logger().info('✅ Goal accepted by server,
navigating...')

    # Get result

    self._get_result_future = self._goal_handle.get_result_async()

self._get_result_future.add_done_callback(self.get_result_callback)

def get_result_callback(self, future):

    result = future.result().result

    if result.success:

        self.get_logger().info(f'🏁 {result.message}')

        self.get_logger().info(f'📍 Final position:
({result.final_x:.2f}, {result.final_y:.2f})')

        self.get_logger().info(f'🕒 Total time: {result.total_time}
seconds')

```

```

        self.get_logger().info(f'📏 Distance traveled:
{result.distance_traveled:.2f} meters')

    else:

        self.get_logger().error(f'💥 {result.message}')

# Shutdown after receiving result

self.destroy_node()

rclpy.shutdown()

def feedback_callback(self, feedback_msg):

    feedback = feedback_msg.feedback

    self.get_logger().info(

        f'📊 Progress: {feedback.progress_percentage:.1f}% | '

        f'Position: ({feedback.current_x:.2f},
{feedback.current_y:.2f}) | '

        f'Speed: {feedback.current_speed:.1f}m/s | '

        f'Zone: {feedback.current_zone} | '

        f'ETA: {feedback.estimated_time_remaining}s'

    )

    self.get_logger().info(f'📝 Status:
{feedback.status_message}')

def cancel_goal(self):

    if self._goal_handle:

        self.get_logger().info('🛑 Cancelling current
navigation...')

        future = self._goal_handle.cancel_goal_async()

```

```

        future.add_done_callback(self.cancel_done_callback)

def cancel_done_callback(self, future):

    cancel_response = future.result()

    if len(cancel_response.goals_canceling) > 0:

        self.get_logger().info('✅ Navigation successfully
cancelled')

    else:

        self.get_logger().info('❌ Failed to cancel navigation')

def main():

    rclpy.init()

    client = NavigationActionClient()

    # Wait for server

    if not client.wait_for_server():

        client.get_logger().error('❌ Action server not available after
10 seconds')

        client.destroy_node()

        rclpy.shutdown()

        return

    # Get command line arguments or use defaults

    if len(sys.argv) >= 4:

        target_x = float(sys.argv[1])

```

```

    target_y = float(sys.argv[2])

    location_name = sys.argv[3]

    max_speed = int(sys.argv[4]) if len(sys.argv) > 4 else 1

else:

    # Default mission

    target_x = 5.0

    target_y = 3.0

    location_name = "Storage Room"

    max_speed = 1

    print("📄 Using default mission: Storage Room (5.0, 3.0)")

    print("💡 Usage: ros2 run navigation_action client <x> <y>
<location_name> [max_speed]")

# Send goal

client.send_goal(target_x, target_y, location_name, max_speed)

# Start a thread to handle user input for cancellation

def user_input_thread():

    while rclpy.ok():

        try:

            user_input = input("\nPress 'c' to cancel navigation,
'q' to quit: ").strip().lower()

            if user_input == 'c':

                client.cancel_goal()

            elif user_input == 'q':

                client.destroy_node()

```



```
        rclpy.shutdown()

        break

    except:

        break

    input_thread = threading.Thread(target=user_input_thread,
daemon=True)

    input_thread.start()

    # Spin in main thread

    try:

        rclpy.spin(client)

    except KeyboardInterrupt:

        print("\n🛑 Client shutdown requested")

    finally:

        if not client.destroyed:

            client.destroy_node()

            rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':

    main()
```

## Step 6: Configure Navigation Action Package

File: navigation\_action/package.xml

```
xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<?xml-model href="http://download.ros.org/schema/package_format3.xsd"
schematypelocation="http://download.ros.org/schema/package_format3.xsd
package_format3.xsd"?>
<package format="3">
  <name>navigation_action</name>
  <version>0.0.0</version>
  <description>ROS 2 Action example for robot navigation</description>
  <maintainer email="you@example.com">Your Name</maintainer>
  <license>Apache License 2.0</license>

  <depend>roscpp</depend>
  <depend>my_interfaces</depend>

  <buildtool_depend>ament_python</buildtool_depend>

  <test_depend>ament_copyright</test_depend>
  <test_depend>ament_flake8</test_depend>
  <test_depend>ament_pep257</test_depend>
  <test_depend>python3-pytest</test_depend>

  <export>
    <build_type>ament_python</build_type>
  </export>
</package>
```

File: navigation\_action/setup.py

```
python
from setuptools import setup

package_name = 'navigation_action'

setup(
    name=package_name,
    version='0.0.0',
    packages=[package_name],
    data_files=[
```

```

        ('share/ament_index/resource_index/packages',
         ['resource/' + package_name]),
        ('share/' + package_name, ['package.xml']),
    ],
    install_requires=['setuptools'],
    zip_safe=True,
    maintainer='your_name',
    maintainer_email='your_email@example.com',
    description='ROS 2 Action example for robot navigation',
    license='Apache License 2.0',
    tests_require=['pytest'],
    entry_points={
        'console_scripts': [
            'navigation_server = navigation_action.server:main',
            'navigation_client = navigation_action.client:main',
        ],
    },
)

```

## Step 7: Build and Run

```

bash

# Navigate to workspace
cd ~/ros2_ws

# Build all packages
colcon build --packages-select my_interfaces navigation_action

# Source the workspace
source install/setup.bash

```

## Step 8: Run the Navigation Example

Terminal 1 - Start Action Server:

```

bash

ros2 run navigation_action navigation_server

```

Output:

text

```
[INFO] [1700000000.000000000] [navigation_action_server]: 🚀 Navigation  
Action Server ready!
```

```
[INFO] [1700000000.000000000] [navigation_action_server]: 🎯 Waiting for  
navigation goals...
```

### Terminal 2 - Run Action Client:

bash

```
ros2 run navigation_action navigation_client 8.0 6.0 "Kitchen"
```

### Output:

text

```
[INFO] [1700000000.100000000] [navigation_action_client]: 🎮 Navigation  
Action Client ready!
```

```
[INFO] [1700000000.100000000] [navigation_action_client]: ⌚ Waiting for  
action server...
```

```
[INFO] [1700000000.200000000] [navigation_action_client]: 🎯 Sending  
navigation goal: Kitchen (8.0, 6.0)
```

```
[INFO] [1700000000.300000000] [navigation_action_client]: ✅ Goal accepted  
by server, navigating...
```

```
[INFO] [1700000000.400000000] [navigation_action_client]: 📊 Progress:  
10.0% | Position: (0.8, 0.6) | ETA: 9s | Status: Starting motors,  
initializing navigation...
```

```
[INFO] [1700000001.400000000] [navigation_action_client]: 📊 Progress:  
20.0% | Position: (1.6, 1.2) | ETA: 8s | Status: Moving through main  
corridor...
```

### Terminal 3 - Monitor Actions:

bash

```
# List all actions
```

```
ros2 action list
```

```
# Get action info
```

```
ros2 action info /navigate_to_position
```

```
# Send goal directly from CLI
```

```
ros2 action send_goal /navigate_to_position  
navigation_interfaces/action/NavigateToPosition "{target_x: 3.0, target_y:  
4.0, location_name: 'Office'}"
```

*# Send goal with feedback*

```
ros2 action send_goal /navigate_to_position  
navigation_interfaces/action/NavigateToPosition "{target_x: 2.0, target_y:  
2.0, location_name: 'Lab'}" --feedback
```

## Key Features Demonstrated:

1. 🎯 Goal Setting: Send navigation destinations
2. 📊 Progress Feedback: Real-time position and status updates
3. 🛑 Cancellation: Stop navigation anytime
4. 🏁 Result Handling: Success/failure outcomes
5. ⌚ Time Estimation: ETA updates during execution

## Real-World Applications:

- Robot Navigation: Move to specific coordinates
- Manipulation Tasks: Pick and place operations
- Data Processing: Long computations with progress
- Downloads: File transfers with progress percentage
- Mission Planning: Complex multi-step operations

This example shows why actions are perfect for any task that takes time, needs progress updates, and might need to be cancelled! 🚀

# ROS 2 Action Principal Functions Reference Table

## Action Server Functions

Function	Description	Usage Example	When to Use
<code>ActionServer()</code>	Creates an action server	<pre>self._action_server = ActionServer(self, NavigateToPosition, 'navigate_to_position', execute_callback)</pre>	Initialize action server in node constructor
<code>goal_handle.succeed()</code>	Marks goal as accepted and starts execution	<code>goal_handle.succeed()</code>	After validating goal, before starting execution
<code>goal_handle.publish_feedback()</code>	Sends progress updates to client	<code>goal_handle.publish_feedback(feedback_msg)</code>	During long-running tasks to show progress
<code>goal_handle.is_cancel_requested</code>	Checks if cancellation was requested	<pre>if goal_handle.is_cancel _requested:</pre>	Periodically during execution to handle cancellations
<code>goal_handle.canceled()</code>	Marks goal as cancelled	<code>goal_handle.canceled()</code>	When user requests cancellation
<code>return result</code>	Sends final result to client	<code>return result</code>	When action completes (success or failure)

## Action Client Functions

Function	Description	Usage Example	When to Use
<code>ActionClient()</code>	Creates an action client	<pre>self._action_client = ActionClient(self, NavigateToPosition, 'navigate_to_position')</pre>	Initialize action client in node constructor
<code>wait_for_server()</code>	Waits for action server to be available	<pre>self._action_client.wai t_for_server(timeout_se c=10.0)</pre>	Before sending goals, ensure server is ready
<code>send_goal_async()</code>	Sends goal to server asynchronously	<pre>self._send_goal_future = self._action_client.sen d_goal_async(goal_msg, feedback_callback)</pre>	To start an action without blocking
<code>goal_handle.get_result_async()</code>	Gets result asynchronously	<pre>self._get_result_future = self._goal_handle.get_r esult_async()</pre>	After goal is accepted, to get final result
<code>cancel_goal_async()</code>	Cancels current goal	<pre>future = self._goal_handle.cance l_goal_async()</pre>	When user wants to stop execution
<code>add_done_callback()</code>	Adds callback for async operations	<pre>future.add_done_callbac k(self.goal_response_ca llback)</pre>	To handle completion of async operations

## Callback Functions Pattern

Callback Type	Purpose	Signature	Example Usage
Execute Callback	Server-side goal execution	<pre>def execute_callback(self, goal_handle):</pre>	Contains the main action logic
Goal Response Callback	Client-side goal acceptance	<pre>def goal_response_callback(self, future):</pre>	Handle whether goal was accepted/rejected
Result Callback	Client-side result handling	<pre>def get_result_callback(self, future):</pre>	Process the final result from server
Feedback Callback	Client-side progress updates	<pre>def feedback_callback(self, feedback_msg):</pre>	Update UI with progress information
Cancel Done Callback	Client-side cancellation confirmation	<pre>def cancel_done_callback(self, future):</pre>	