Towards Real-world Event-guided Low-light Video Enhancement and Deblurring

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ECCV 2024

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- Introduction
- Framework
- Method
- Experiment
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Introduction

Challenges

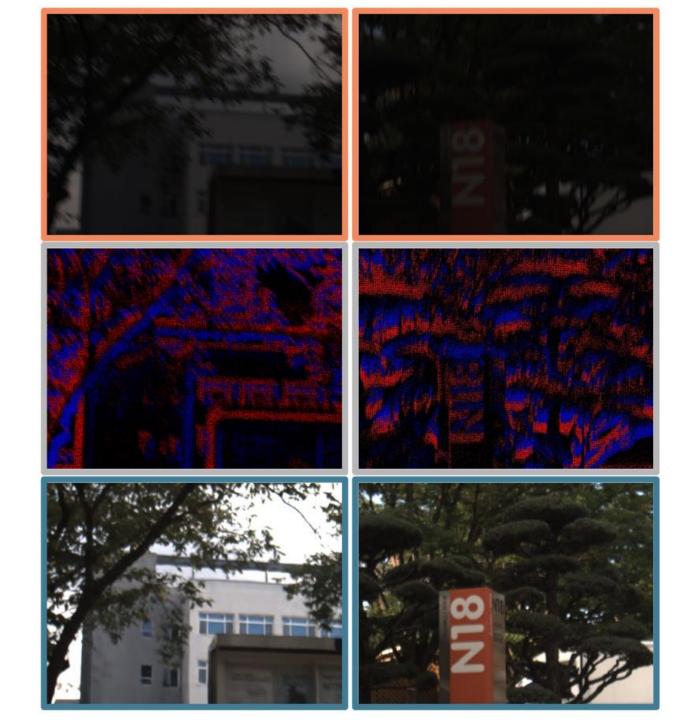
- In low-light conditions, capturing videos with frame-based cameras often requires long exposure times, resulting in motion blur and reduced visibility.
- While frame-based motion deblurring and low-light enhancement have been studied, they still pose significant challenges.

Method

- First establish real-world datasets for event-guided video-based low-light enhancement and deblurring using a hybrid camera system based on beam splitters.
- Introduce an end-to-end framework to effectively handle these tasks.

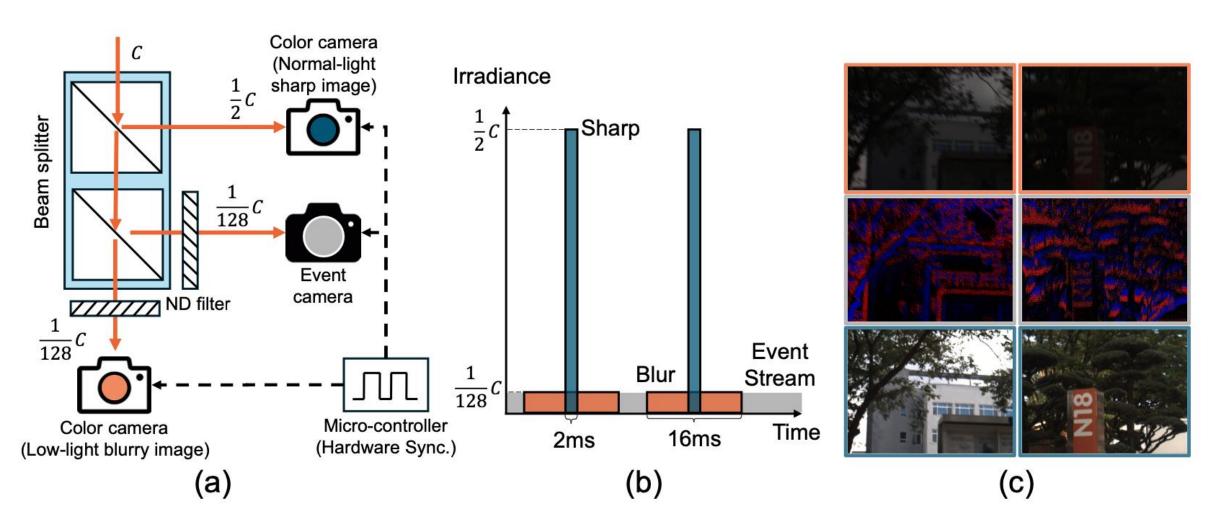
Introduction

- Why use event camera?
 - high temporal resolution
 - high dynamic range
 - low latency, and low power consumption



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Framework

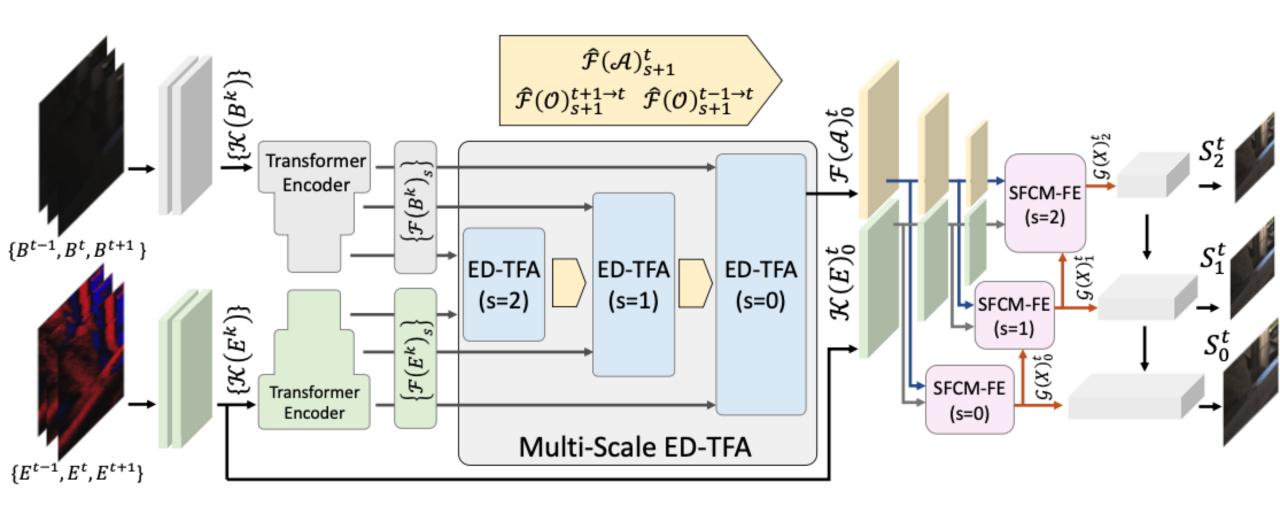


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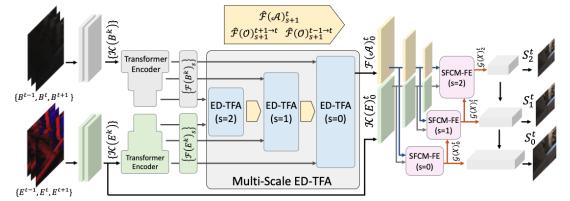
Related work

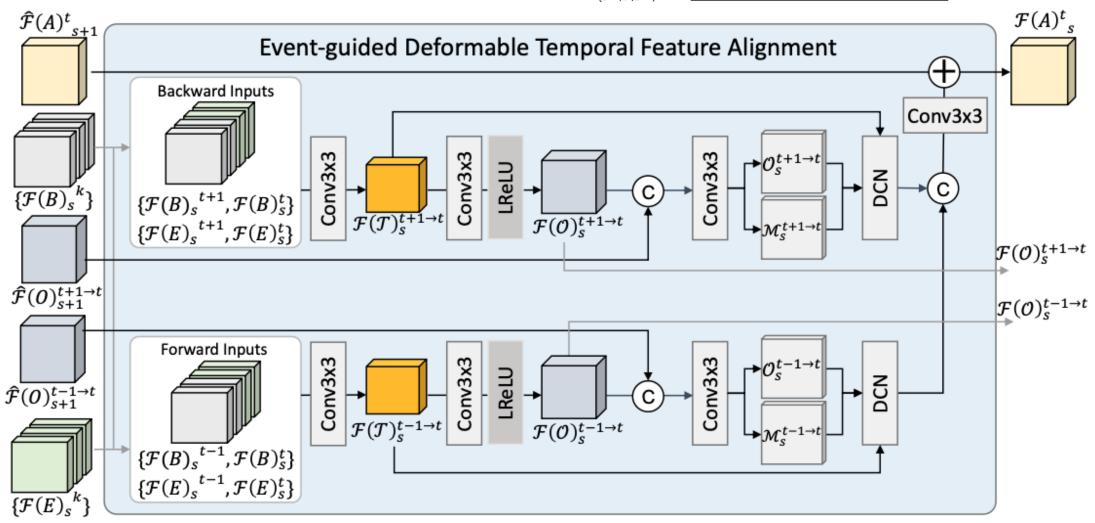
	$\operatorname{Methods}$		SSIM	Params(MB)	
Image-based LLE	SNRNet [47]	26.47	0.851	40.08	
	SDSDNet [38]	28.47	0.887	4.43	
	LLFormer 40	26.62	0.862	13.15	
	RetinexFormer [1]	26.66	0.865	1.61	
Image-based beblur	MPRNet [51]	26.89	0.867	20.13	
	MIMOUNet + [7]	26.52	0.866	16.11	
	NAFNet [3]	26.77	0.862	67.91	
	RNN-MBP[2]	29.52	0.902	14.16	
	DSTNet [25]	29.59	0.903	7.53	
Video-based LLE+blur	LEDNet [58]	26.47	0.856	7.41	
	$e ext{-SLNet}^{\dagger}$ [37]	19.45	0.663	0.17	
Event-guided Image-based beblur	$\mathrm{REDNet}^{\dagger}$ 46	29.19	0.903	9.7	
	$_$ EFNet † [32]	29.85	0.905	8.47	
Event-guided Video-based beblur	$\overline{}$ UEVD [†] 13	29.93	0.905	27.88	
	GEM^{\dagger} [53]	26.04	0.810	2.36	
	REFID^{\dagger} [33]	30.10	0.913	15.9	
	Ours-s [†]	30.98	0.919	5.3	
	$ ext{Ours}^\dagger$	31.30	$\boldsymbol{0.925}$	12.8	

Model

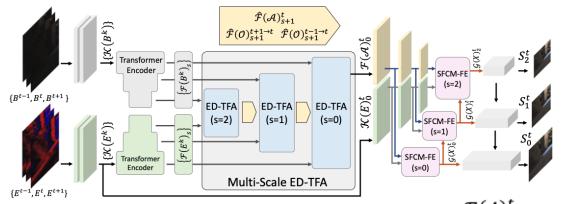


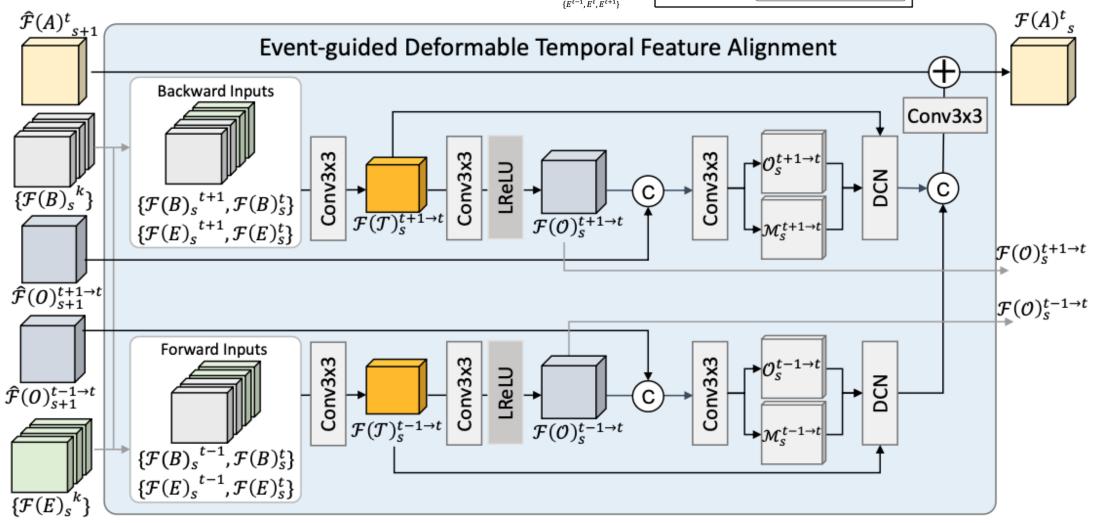
Event-guided Deformable Temporal Feature Alignment (ED-TFA)





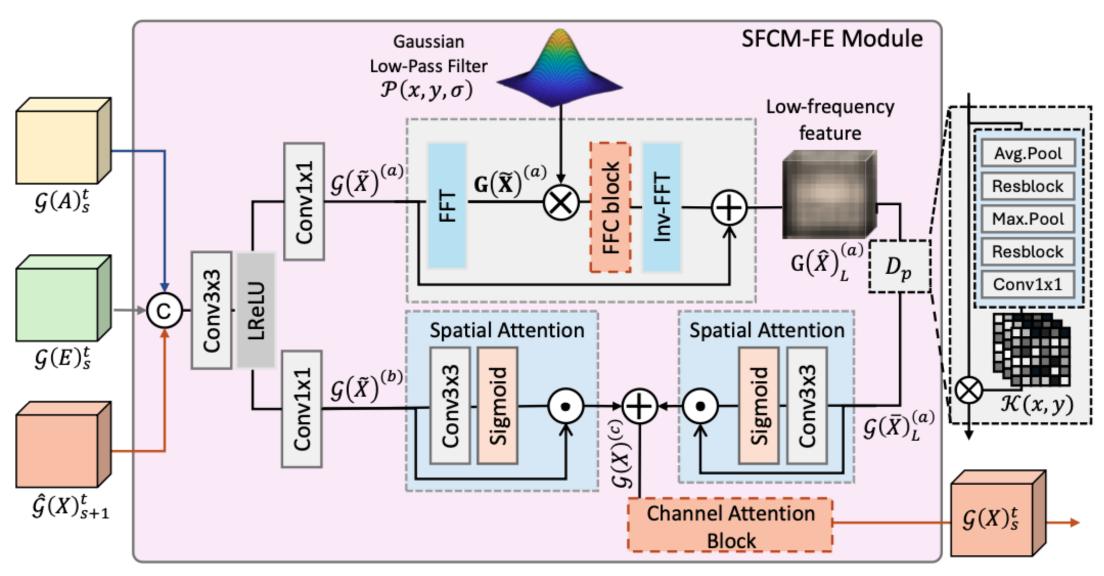
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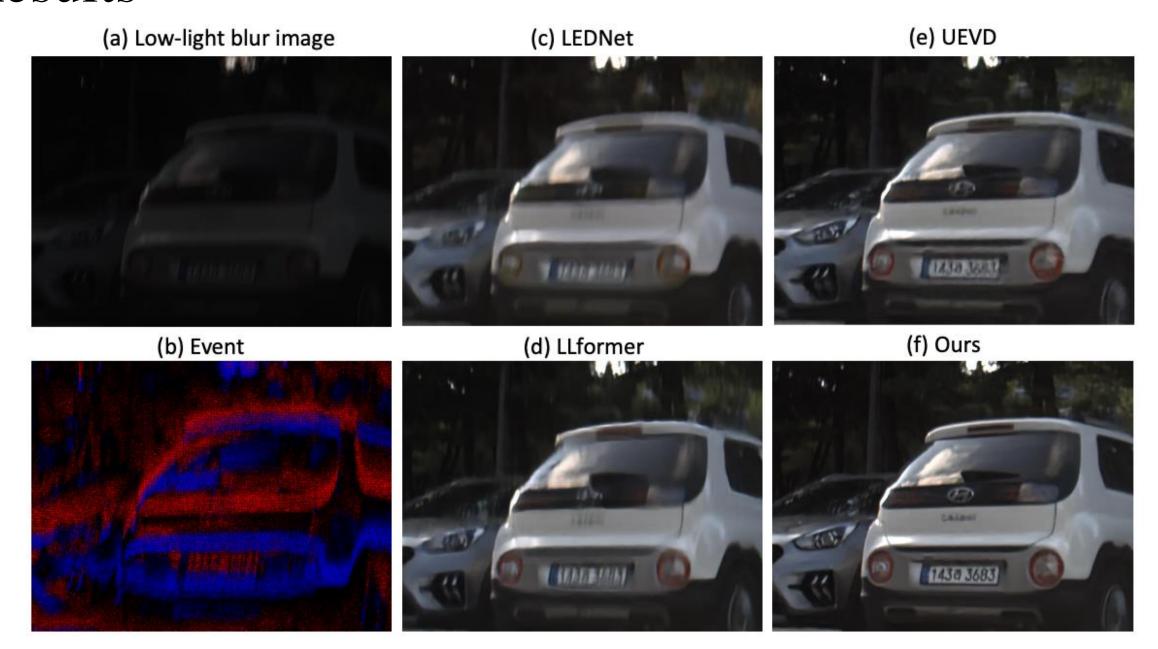
Spectral Filtering-based Cross-Modal Feature Enhancement (SFCM-FE)

 $\mathcal{P}(x, y, \sigma) = \exp(-\frac{(x - x_c)^2 + (y - y_c)^2}{2\sigma^2})$



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Results



Results

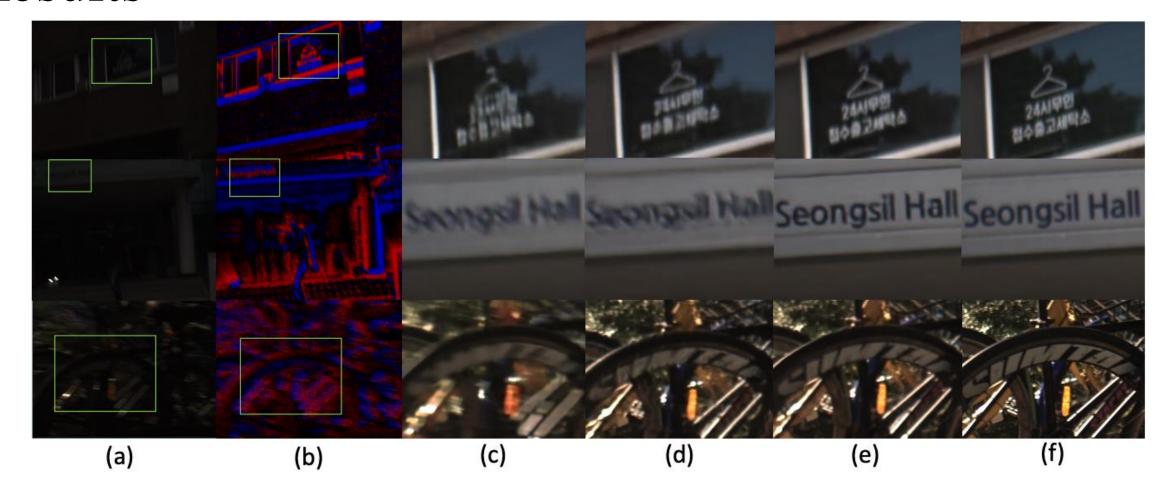


Fig. 6: Visual comparisons on the RELED datasets. In the figures, (a) to (f) depict the following: (a) input low-light blurry images, (b) low-light events, (c) LLFormer [40], (d) EFNet [32], (e) Ours, and (f) GT normal-light sharp image.

Results	Methods		PSNR	SSIM	Pε	arams(MB)	
ICSUITS	SNRNet	[47]		26.47	0.851		40.08
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	Ours-s	\mathbf{s}^{\dagger}		30.98	0.919		5.3
	Ours	†		31.30	$\boldsymbol{0.925}$		12.8
Datasets	Image resolution		Real	event(resolution)	Low-light	<u> </u>	Blur type
LoL-Blur [58]	$1120{\times}640$	Yes		Not provide	Synthetic low-light		Synthetic blur
$oxed{ ext{RELED(Ours)}}$	1024×768	Yes	Y	$es(1024 \times 768)$	Real low-light		Real blur

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Conclusion

• Addresses the novel research problem of event-guided low-light video enhancement and deblurring

• Designed a hybrid camera sys- tem using beam splitters and constructed the RELED dataset containing low- light blurry images, normal sharp images, and event streams

• Developed a tailored framework for the task and validated its effectiveness and finally achieved significant performance improvement on the proposed dataset, surpassing both event-guided and frame-based methods.