



how U doin'?

# L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X & L<sup>y</sup>X Test

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May 2020

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Insert picture</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Insert svg</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Links</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Insert graph &amp; code</b>	<b>6</b>
4.1	Function templates . . . . .	6
4.2	Class template . . . . .	6
4.3	Code . . . . .	6
4.3.1	MATLAB Code . . . . .	8
4.3.2	C Code . . . . .	9
4.3.3	C++ Code . . . . .	10
<b>5</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>12</b>

## 1 Insert picture

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Figure 1: The Beatles

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## 2 Insert svg

## 3 Links

Here is a link to [fig 3](#). And here is another link that links to [My GitHub](#). See, there's a footnote.<sup>1</sup> Besides, there's graph, click [here](#) to view.

The first and most common use of templates is to support generic programming, that is, pro-gramming focused on the design, implementation, and use of general algorithms. Here, "general" means that an algorithm can be

<sup>1</sup>Hola, this is my GitHub <https://github.com/How-u-doing>

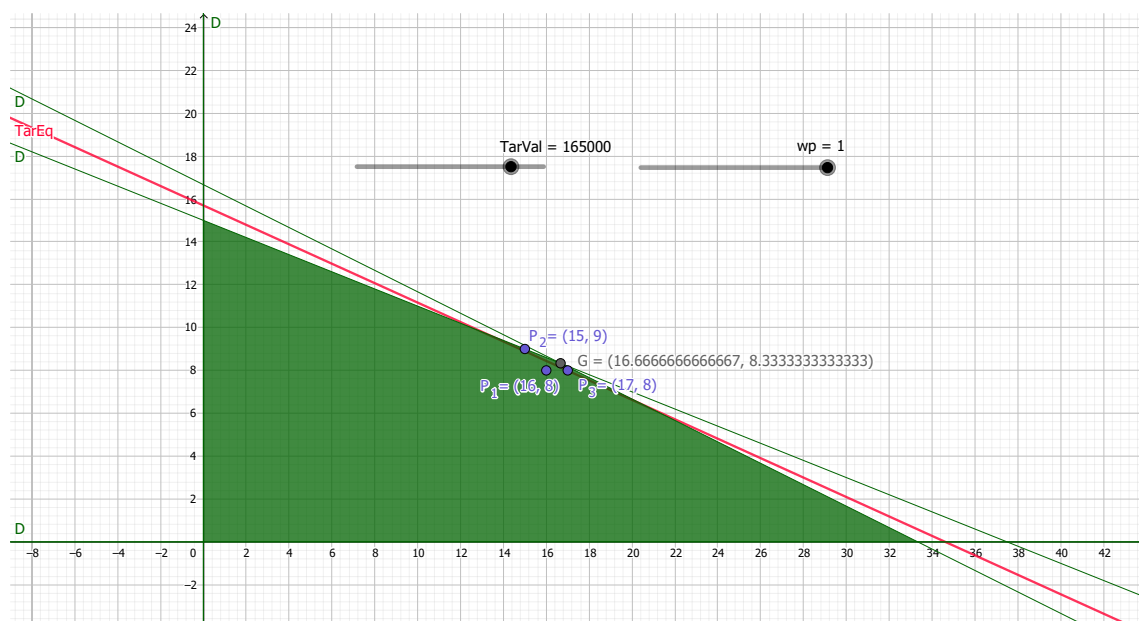


Figure 2: MATLAB graph 1

designed to accept a wide variety of types as long as they meet the algorithm's requirements on its arguments. The template is C++'s main support for generic programming. Templates provide (compile-time) parametric polymorphism. There are many definitions of "generic programming." Thus, the term can be confusing. However, in the context of C++, "generic programming" implies an emphasis on the design of general algorithms implemented using templates. Focusing more on generative techniques (seeing templates as type and function generators) and relying on type functions to express compile-time computation are called template metaprogramming, which is the subject of Chapter 28. The first and most common use of templates is to support generic programming, that is, programming focused on the design, implementation, and use of general algorithms. Here, "general" means that an algorithm can be designed to accept a wide variety of types as long as they meet the algorithm's requirements on its arguments. The template is C++'s main support for generic programming. Templates provide (compile-time) parametric polymorphism. There are many definitions of "generic programming." Thus, the term can be confusing. However, in the context of C++, "generic programming" implies an emphasis on the design of general algorithms implemented using templates. Focusing more on generative techniques (seeing templates as type and function generators) and relying on type functions to express compile-time computation are called template metaprogramming, which is the subject of Chapter 28. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetur id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

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## 4 Insert graph & code

### 4.1 Function templates

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Go back to [Graph 1](#) or [cover page](#)

### 4.2 Class template

When we call a function template such as `max()` for some arguments, the template parameters are determined by the arguments we pass. If we pass two ints to the parameter types `T`, the C++ compiler has to conclude that `T` must be `int`. However, `T` might only be “part” of the type. For example, if we declare `max()` to use constant references: `template<typename T> max (T const& a, T const& b){return b < a ? a : b;}` and pass `int`, again `T` is deduced as `int`, because the function parameters match for `int const&`.

### 4.3 Code

Following Python code snippet is inserted directly via L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code in L<sup>A</sup>X. However, we can also import them by source files, see 4.3.1 - 4.3.3. Wanna see *minted* `wc` program?

```

1  import numpy as np
2
3  def incmatrix(genl1, genl2):
4      m = len(genl1)
5      n = len(genl2)
6      M = None #to become the incidence matrix
7      VT = np.zeros((n*m,1), int) #dummy variable
8
9      #compute the bitwise xor matrix

```

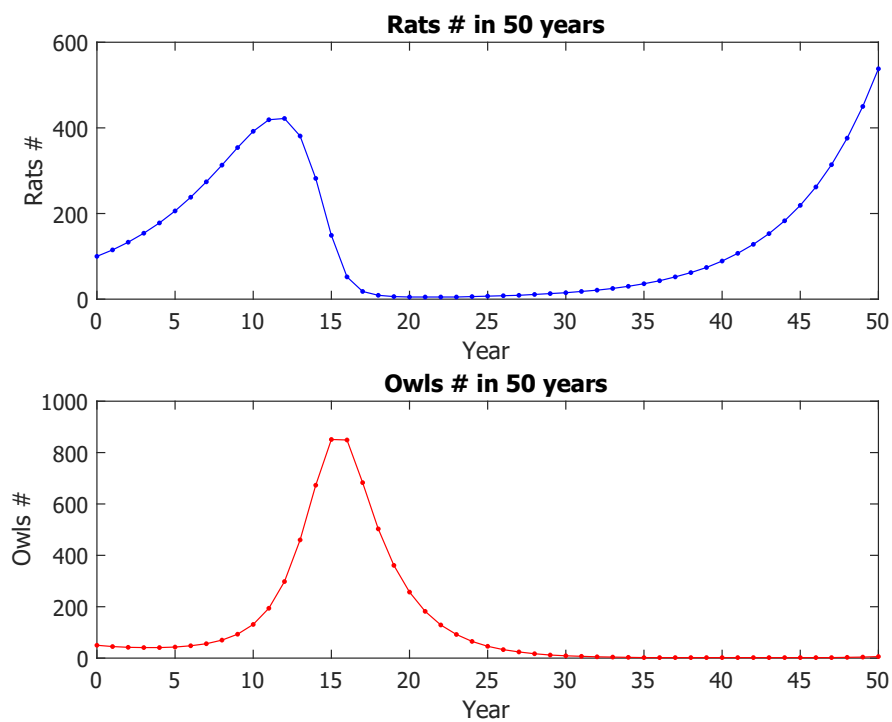


Figure 3: MATLAB graph 2

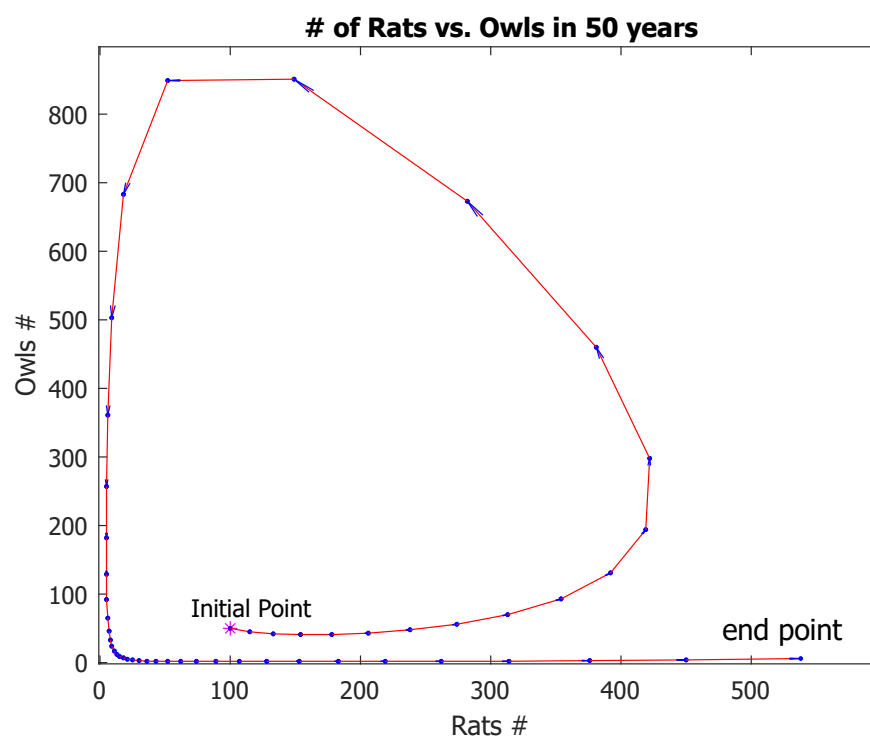


Figure 4: MATLAB graph 3

```

10 M1 = bitxormatrix(genl1)
11 M2 = np.triu(bitxormatrix(genl2),1)
12
13 for i in range(m-1):
14     for j in range(i+1, m):
15         [r,c] = np.where(M2 == M1[i,j])
16     for k in range(len(r)):
17         VT[(i)*n + r[k]] = 1;
18         VT[(i)*n + c[k]] = 1;
19         VT[(j)*n + r[k]] = 1;
20         VT[(j)*n + c[k]] = 1;
21
22 if M is None:
23     M = np.copy(VT)
24 else:
25     M = np.concatenate((M, VT), 1)
26
27 VT = np.zeros((n*m,1), int)
28
29 return M
30

```

Listing 1: Python example

### 4.3.1 MATLAB Code

```

1 % programs to solve exercise 8 in page 231
2 years=50;
3 time=0:50;
4 x=zeros(1,51); % # of rats in 50 years
5 y=zeros(1,51); % # of owls in 50 years
6 % question 1
7 r1=0.2; r2=0.3;
8 a1=0.001; a2=0.002;
9 x(1)=100; y(1)=50; % initial conditions
10 figure(2)
11 plot(x(1),y(1),'m*')
12 text(x(1)-30,y(1)+30,'Initial Point')
13 for k=1:years
14     x(k+1)=(1+r1-a1*y(k))*x(k);
15     x(k+1)=round(x(k+1)); % # can only be integer, e.g. 4.3->4, 4.6->5
16     y(k+1)=(1-r2+a2*x(k))*y(k);
17     y(k+1)=round(y(k+1));
18
19     hold on
20     % draw vectors (with arrow) every two points
21     plot(x(k),y(k),'b.', x(k+1),y(k+1),'b.')
22     vectarrow([x(k),y(k)], [x(k+1),y(k+1)])
23 end
24 xlabel('Rats #'), ylabel('Owls #')
25 title('# of Rats vs. Owls in 50 years')
26
27 figure(1)
28 subplot(2,1,1)
29 plot(time,x,'-b.')
30 xlabel('Year'), ylabel('Rats #')
31 title('Rats # in 50 years')
32
33 subplot(2,1,2)
34 plot(time,y,'-r.')
35 xlabel('Year'), ylabel('Owls #')
36 title('Owls # in 50 years')
37
38 function vectarrow(p0,p1)
39 % see also <https://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/7470-plot-2d-3d-vector-with-arrow?s\_tid=prof\_contriblnk>
40 %
41 x0 = p0(1);
42 y0 = p0(2);
43 x1 = p1(1);
44 y1 = p1(2);
45 plot([x0;x1],[y0;y1],'r'); % Draw a line between p0 and p1
46

```



```

47 p = p1-p0;
48 alpha = 0.1; % Size of arrow head relative to the length of the vector
49 beta = 0.1; % Width of the base of the arrow head relative to the length
50
51 hu = [x1-alpha*(p(1)+beta*(p(2)+eps)); x1; x1-alpha*(p(1)-beta*(p(2)+eps))];
52 hv = [y1-alpha*(p(2)-beta*(p(1)+eps)); y1; y1-alpha*(p(2)+beta*(p(1)+eps))];
53
54 hold on
55 plot(hu(:),hv(:),'b') % Plot arrow head
56 hold off
57 end

```

Listing 2: Modeling hw4 MATLAB code

### 4.3.2 C Code

#### 1. by *lstlisting*

```

1 /* Word counting program, by K&R C */
2 /* bare-bones version of UNIX program 'wc' */
3 #include <stdio.h>
4
5 #define IN 1 /* inside a word */
6 #define OUT 0 /* outside a word */
7
8 /* count lines, words, and characters in input */
9 int main(int argc, char* argv[])
10 {
11     int c, nl, nw, nc, state;
12     FILE* fp;
13
14     // compile: gcc file_wc.c -o file_wc
15     // Linux command line: ./file_wc input.txt
16     if (!(fp=fopen(argv[1], "r"))) {
17         perror("Error opening file!\n");
18     }
19
20     state = OUT;
21     nl = nw = nc = 0;
22     while ((c = fgetc(fp)) != EOF) {
23         ++nc;
24         if (c == '\n')
25             ++nl;
26         if (c == ' ' || c == '\n' || c == '\t')
27             state = OUT;
28         else if (state == OUT) {
29             state = IN;
30             ++nw;
31         }
32     }
33     printf("%d %d %d\n", nl, nw, nc);
34 }

```

Listing 3: File word\_counting program

#### 2. by *minted*

This however is **imported** by *minted*

```
/* Word counting program, by K&R C */
/* bare-bones version of UNIX program 'wc' */
#include <stdio.h>

#define IN 1    /* inside a word */
#define OUT 0   /* outside a word */

/* count lines, words, and characters in input */
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int c, nl, nw, nc, state;
    FILE* fp;

    // compile: gcc file_wc.c -o file_wc
    // Linux command line: ./file_wc input.txt
    if (!(fp=fopen(argv[1], "r"))) {
        perror("Error opening file!\n");
    }

    state = OUT;
    nl = nw = nc = 0;
    while ((c = fgetc(fp)) != EOF) {
        ++nc;
        if (c == '\n')
            ++nl;
        if (c == ' ' || c == '\n' || c == '\t')
            state = OUT;
        else if (state == OUT) {
            state = IN;
            ++nw;
        }
    }
    printf("%d %d %d\n", nl, nw, nc);
}
```

Listing 1: *minted* word\_counting program

### 4.3.3 C++ Code

```
1 template<typename RandomIt, typename Compare>
2 void sortingMethods<RandomIt, Compare>::BubbleSort(RandomIt first, RandomIt last,
3             Compare comp)
4 {
5     #if defined Cocktail_shaker_sort
6         // see also <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cocktail\_shaker\_sort>
7         // Example: list (2,3,4,5,1), which would only need to go through one pass (indeed 1.5
8         // pass, one
9         // more left-to-right comparison) of cocktail sort to become sorted, but if using an
10        ascending
11        // bubble sort would take four passes. However one cocktail sort pass should be
12        counted as two
13        // bubble sort passes. Typically cocktail sort is less than two times faster than
14        bubble sort.
15        int n = last - first;
16        int m = 1;
17        int lastLeftSwappedIndex; // index of last left-side sorted
18        int lastRightSwappedIndex; // index of first right-side sorted
19        while (n > m) {
20            lastLeftSwappedIndex = n - 1;
```

```

16     lastRightSwappedIndex = 0;
17     for (int i = m; i < n; ++i) {
18         if (comp(*(first + i), *(first + i - 1))) {
19             swap(first + i, first + i - 1);
20             lastRightSwappedIndex = i;
21         }
22     }
23     n = lastRightSwappedIndex;
24
25     if (n == 0) // no swap, no need to compare right-to-left back
26         return;
27
28     for (int j = n - 1; j >= m; --j) {
29         if (comp(*(first + j), *(first + j - 1))) {
30             swap(first + j, first + j - 1);
31             lastLeftSwappedIndex = j;
32         }
33     }
34     m = lastLeftSwappedIndex;
35 }
36
37 #else // just left-to-right bubble sort
38 // see also <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bubble\_sort#Optimizing\_bubble\_sort>
39 int n = last - first; // unsorted length
40 int lastSwappedIndex = 0;
41 while (n > 1) {
42     lastSwappedIndex = 0;
43     for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i) {
44         if (comp(*(first + i), *(first + i - 1))) {
45             swap(first + i, first + i - 1);
46             lastSwappedIndex = i;
47         }
48     }
49     n = lastSwappedIndex;
50 }
51 #endif // defined Cocktail_shaker_sort
52 }

```

Listing 4: Bubble sort program

**5 Matrix**

1	2	0	0	0
0	2	0	0	8
0	0	3	0	0
0	0	0	4	0
0	0	0	0	5