

# 1. How do Individual Values (IV) work?

- ▶ Three statistics define a Pokémon: the attack statistic (ATK) defines the damage your Pokémon will do, the defense statistic (DEF) defines the speed at which your Pokémon will die, the Hit Points (HP) represents your Pokémon's stamina.
- ▶ We consider the example of Mewtwo. Mewtwo's base statistics are:

Mewtwo	
Base_ATK	300
Base_DEF	182
Base_HP	214

How are base statistics computed?

▶ Base stats from Game Boy game

Assume you are very lucky, and you caught a perfect Mewtwo, with (ATK\_IV, DEF\_IV, HP\_IV) = (15, 15, 15). Your perfect Mewtwo's stats are:

ATK = (Base_ATK + ATK_IV)	315
DEF = (Base_DEF + DEF_IV)	197
HP = (Base_HP + HP_IV)	229

- ▶ Depending on the level of your Pokémon, you will multiply all these stats by a coefficient, and take the floor:

Level 20	Level 25	Level 30	Level 35	Level 40
0.5974	0.667934	0.7317	0.76156384	0.7903

If you level your Mewtwo up to level 40, its statistics are finally:

ATK at level 40	248
DEF at level 40	155
HP at level 40	180

Your friend caught a Mewtwo with (ATK\_IV, DEF\_IV, HP\_IV) = (14, 15, 14). If we do the same calculations as previous, his Mewtwo, at level 40, will have the following statistics:

ATK at level 40	248
DEF at level 40	155
HP at level 40	180

Surprisingly, his Mewtwo (14, 15, 14) at level 40 and your Mewtwo (15, 15, 15) at level 40 both have exactly the same statistics!

- ▶ The Combat Power (CP) formula is:

$$CP = \text{floor} \left( \frac{ATK \times \sqrt{DEF \times HP}}{10} \times \text{coeff\_level}^2 \right)$$

- ▶ For Mewtwo (15, 15, 15), at level 40, its CP is  $\text{floor} \left( \frac{315 \times \sqrt{197 \times 229}}{10} \times 0.7903^2 \right) = 4178$
- ▶ For Mewtwo (14, 15, 14), at level 40, its CP is  $\text{floor} \left( \frac{314 \times \sqrt{197 \times 228}}{10} \times 0.7903^2 \right) = 4156$

## 2. How to measure the bulkiness of a Pokémon?

- ▶ We use the **effective health** (EH) defined by :  $EH \propto DEF \times HP$ . The higher the score is, the bulkier the Pokémon is. For instance:

	Tangrowth	Exeggutor (A)
		
Base_ATK	207	230
Base_DEF	184	153
Base_HP	225	216

Tangrowth's base Effective Health is  $184 \times 225 = 41400$ , whereas Exeggutor (A)'s base Effective Health is  $153 \times 216 = 33048$ . Tangrowth is therefore more resistant than Exeggutor (A).

- ▶ However, it is also interesting to consider opponents that they might face and their ability to resist to their attacks. Therefore, we usually multiply the effective health by a coefficient:

Double vulnerability	$\times 0.39$
Vulnerability	$\times 0.63$
Normal	$\times 1$
Simple Resistance	$\times 1.6$
Double Resistance	$\times 2.56$

If we compare these two Pokémon versus Kyogre (Waterfall + Hydro Pump),

- ▶ Tangrowth's base Effective Health is  $41400 \times 1.6 = 66240$
- ▶ Exeggutor (A)'s base Effective Health is  $33048 \times 2.56 = 84602.88$

Therefore, Exeggutor (A) will be more resistant versus Kyogre (Hydro Pump) than Tangrowth.

### 3. How to compute the damage realised by a Pokémon?

The damage a Pokémon will do to its opponent is given by:

$$\text{Damage formula} = \text{floor} \left( \frac{1}{2} \text{Power} \times \frac{\text{ATT}}{\text{OPP\_DEF}} \times \text{Multiplier} \right) + 1$$

To illustrate this formula we consider a perfect Exeggutor (A) at level 30 launching Solar Beam to a perfect Kyogre at level 40.

- ▶  $\text{floor}() + 1$  guarantees that the minimum damage of any attack is 1.
- ▶ Power is the power of the considered move, for Solar Beam, it is 180.
- ▶ ATT is the giver's attack statistic. For instance, for Exeggutor (A) at level 30 with 15 as ATK\_IV, it would be  $\text{floor}((230 + 15) \times 0.7317) = 179$ .
- ▶ OPP\_DEF is the opponent's defense statistic. For instance, for Kyogre at level 40 with 15 as DEF\_IV, it would be  $\text{floor}((228 + 15) \times 0.7903) = 192$ .
- ▶ Multipliers could be STAB, WAB, FAB and Effectiveness.
- ▶ STAB is an acronym for Same Type Attack Bonus. If a Pokemon uses a move that matches one of its types, then the attack damage gets a  $\times 1.2$  multiplier.
- ▶ WAB is an acronym for Weather Attack Bonus. If a Pokemon uses a move that matches one of the boosted types in the current weather, then the attack gets a  $\times 1.2$  multiplier, same as that of STAB.
- ▶ FAB is an acronym for Friendship Attack Bonus. Friend bonuses are 3%, 5%, 7% or 10% depending on your level of friendship.
- ▶ Effectiveness refers to the multiplier applied to using a "super effective" or "not very effective" move.

Not very effective (at all!)	$\times 0.39$
Not very effective	$\times 0.63$
Normal	$\times 1$
Super effective	$\times 1.6$
(Super!) super effective	$\times 2.56$

Under no weather boost, no friendship bonus, the damage Exeggutor will do to Kyogre are:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Damage formula} &= \text{floor} \left( \frac{1}{2} 180 \times \frac{179}{192} \times 1.2 \times 1.6 \right) + 1 \\ &= 161 + 1 = 162\text{HP} \end{aligned}$$

If Exeggutor's level is 40, its attack statistic is  $\text{floor}((230 + 15) \times 0.7903) = 193$  and the damage it will do are:

$$\text{Dégâts} = \text{floor} \left( \frac{1}{2} 180 \times \frac{193}{192} \times 1.2 \times 1.6 \right) + 1 = 173 + 1 = 174 \text{ PV}$$

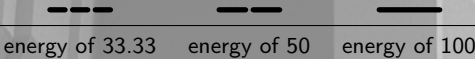
## 4. Which moves to choose for a Pokemon?

- Each Pokemon has a fast move and a charge move. Both together define the damage the Pokémon will realise.

► PvE fast moves

► PvE charge moves

- Each move is defined by the damage it realises, its duration and the energy it generates (for fast moves) or uses (for charge moves).
- charge move energies are defined by the number of bars:



- The goal is then to choose the best moves that realise the **most damage per second**. We consider the example of Metagross: is Meteor Mash or Flash Cannon more interesting? From <https://pokemon.gameinfo.io>, we get the following table:

	◉ Meteor Mash	◉ Flash Cannon
Base damage	100	100
Move duration	2600 ms	2700 ms
Damage window	2300 - 2500 ms	1600 - 2500 ms
Energy	-50	-100
DPS	38.5	37
EPS	-19.2	-37

DPS stands for the damage per second for this move (= Base damage/Move duration), whereas EPS is the energy used per second (= Base damage/Energy).

Both attacks realise 100 as base damage, and have similar Move duration. However Meteor Mash needs less energy than Flash Cannon; a player will launch two Meteor Mash for one Flash Cannon – for the same amount of energy –, and realise twice more damage in the same time. This is reflected in the EPS. Therefore, Meteor Mash is much more interesting than Flash Cannon.

- We usually compute the global and neutral DPS for each couple (fast, charge) to see the damage per second the Pokémon realises by combining its fast and charge moves. Computation is complex, as it needs to consider also the damage realised by the opponent which brings energy to the giver when it launches its charge move. The DPS must also consider "Same Type Attack Bonus" (STAB, 25% damage boost of a move when it is the same type as one of the types of the Pokémon using the move).

► How DPS is computed?

► Comprehensive DPS/TDO spreadsheet

For Metagross, DPS of (Bullet Punch, Meteor Mash) is much higher than DPS of (Bullet Punch, Flash Cannon):

Pokemon	Fast Move	charge Move	DPS	TDO	DPS <sup>3</sup> × TDO	CP
Metagross	◉ Bullet Punch	◉ Meteor Mash	17.983	621.7	3615.5	3791



## 5. How to compare two Pokémon?

To compare two Pokémon, we use several measures:

- ▶ Damage Per Second (DPS) defined by their fast and charge move: it represents how much damage a Pokémon can make in a second.
- ▶ Effective Health (EH) is computed via the formula (at level 40):

$$EH = (\text{base DEF} + \text{DEF\_IV}) \times (\text{base HP} + \text{HP\_IV}) \times \frac{0.7903^2}{900}$$

- ▶ Total Damage Output (TDO) represents how much damage a Pokémon can make before it faints. It is computed via  $TDO = \text{DPS} \times \text{EH}$
- ▶  $\text{DPS}^3 \times \text{TDO}$ , a mathematical measure without any physical sense, that can help to order Pokémon.

▶ Comprehensive DPS/TDO spreadsheet

For instance, if we compare the two best ghost type Pokémon:

Pokemon	Fast Move	charge Move	DPS	TDO	$\text{DPS}^3 \times \text{TDO}$	CP
Gengar	• Lick	• Shadow Ball	18.109	350.4	2080.9	2878
Giratina (Origin)	• Shadow Claw	• Shadow Ball	15.814	662.8	2621.4	3683

Gengar has a monstrous DPS, but low TDO, whereas Giratina (O) has excellent EH and TDO. The global measure  $\text{DPS}^3 \times \text{TDO}$  recommends Giratina (O).

Note also that weaknesses are not taken in this spreadsheet, as we compute the neutral DPS. If we choose "Mewtwo" with (Confusion, Psychic) as opponent, the spreadsheet becomes:

Pokemon	Fast Move	charge Move	DPS	TDO	$\text{DPS}^3 \times \text{TDO}$	CP
Gengar	• Lick	• Shadow Ball	27.547	194.4	4063.3	2878
Giratina (Origin)	• Shadow Claw	• Shadow Ball	26.415	641.9	11829.9	3683

DPS has increased by  $\approx 1.6$  (as Mewtwo is weak to ghost moves), but Gengar's TDO has also decreased (due to Mewtwo's statistics and moves, and Gengar's psychic weakness) at the same time, making it not viable.


## 6. How difficult are Raid bosses?

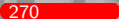
Raid boss have the attack and defend statistics of a perfect level 40 Pokémon, but their HP depends on the difficulty of the raid:

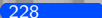
Difficulty	HP	Time
☀️	600 HP	180s
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☀️☀️☀️	3,600 HP	180s
☀️☀️☀️☀️	9,000 HP	180s
☀️☀️☀️☀️☀️ (Legendary)	15,000 HP	300s
☀️☀️☀️☀️☀️☀️ (Mewtwo)	22,500 HP	300s


For example, Kyogre's base statistics are:


As a raid boss, they will be:


**Kyogre** 


Base\_ATK  270

Base\_DEF  228

Base\_HP  205

**Kyogre** 

ATT  225

DEF  192

HP 15,000 HP

- ▶ Damage realised by the raid boss are identical to a Pokémon level 40 with  $ATK_{IV} = 15$ .
- ▶ For a 5-head boss, you must realise  $15000/300 = 50$  HP per second; same damage to realise per second for a 4-head boss. The main difficulty of a 5-head boss is that it has more HP, and therefore you will need more time, more Pokémon and more revives.
- ▶ Difficulty of a raid boss (in terms of number of players) will mainly depends on **the boss defence statistic** (the higher is defense is, the more time you will need to defeat it).

For the minimal number of players with the best counters at level 30, with "best friends" boost, and extreme weather,

- ▶ If boss raid has only simple weakness, the minimal number of players is  $\text{floor}(\text{Base DEF}/80)+1$ .
- ▶ If boss raid has a double weakness, the minimal number of players is  $\text{floor}(\text{Base DEF}/108)+1$ .
- ▶ **You need to play on resistance of your Pokémon, if you want to use less potion to defeat it**
- ▶ **You need to play on the boss vulnerability, if you want to defeat it faster.**

## 7. How are IV important? What is the optimal level for a Pokémon?

Regarding IV, they depend on the Pokémon base statistics.

- ▶ If the Pokémon has an important base attack statistic, there will be no difference between  $ATK_{IV} = 14$  and  $ATK_{IV} = 15$ .  
It is recommended to that a high  $ATK_{IV}$  for Pokémon with low DPS.
- ▶ For bulkiness ( $DEF_{IV}$  and  $HP_{IV}$ ), the defence statistic influences how fast your Pokémon will die, whereas the HP statistic tells you the total number of HP your Pokémon will have. Usually, it is more interesting to have a higher  $DEF_{IV}$  than  $HP_{IV}$ .  
It is recommended to that a high  $DEF_{IV}$  and  $HP_{IV}$  for Pokémon with low Effective Health.

The more you want to level up your Pokémon, the more expensive it will be. Level 35 is fine (where your Pokémon is at 96.4% of its capacity), but level 30 is good too (92.6% of its capacity).

Level 20  $\xrightarrow[\text{31,000}]{\text{28}}$  Level 25  $\xrightarrow[\text{44,000}]{\text{38}}$  Level 30  $\xrightarrow[\text{62,000}]{\text{64}}$  Level 35  $\xrightarrow[\text{88,000}]{\text{118}}$  Level 40

There is an ideal level depending on each Pokémon (and it is related to its opponent):

- ▶ above a certain level, it will not be more resistant (its opponent will be able to inflige a certain number of fast and charge attacks until your Pokémon dies). It is called the *bulkpoint*.
- ▶ above a certain level (usually different from the bulkpoint), your Pokémon fast attack will do exactly the same damage (it's due to the floor in the damage formula). It is called the *breakpoint*.

**For those of you who level up your Pokémon after level 35**, if base stat  $\approx 125$ , the difference between an IV 15 and an IV 14 is **one level**. If base stat  $\approx 265$ , the difference between an IV 15 and an IV 14 is **one half-level**.