## Xilinx Zynq FPGA, TI DSP, MCU 기반의 프로그래밍 및 회로 설계 전문가 과정

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#include <stdio.h>
typedef struct _vector_man{
 double x;
 double y;
 double z;
}vector;
void print_mat(vector mat[]){
 int i;
 for(i=0; i<3; i++){}
       printf("%5.2lf ",mat[i].x);
       printf("%5.2lf ",mat[i].y);
       printf("%5.2lf ",mat[i].z);
       printf("\n");
 printf("\n");
void madd(vector mat1[], vector mat2[], vector (*mat_res)[] ){
 int i;
 for(i=0; i<3; i++){
       (*mat_res)[i].x = mat1[i].x + mat2[i].x;
       (*mat_res)[i].y = mat1[i].y + mat2[i].y;
       (*mat_res)[i].z = mat1[i].z + mat2[i].z;
void msub(vector mat1[], vector mat2[], vector (*mat_res)[]){
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int i;
 for(i=0; i<3; i++){
       (*mat_res)[i].x = mat1[i].x - mat2[i].x;
       (*mat_res)[i].y = mat1[i].y - mat2[i].y;
       (*mat_res)[i].z = mat1[i].z - mat2[i].z;
void mmul(vector mat1[], vector mat2[], vector (*mat res)[]){
 int i,j;
 for(i=0; i<3; i++){
            (*mat res)[i].x = mat1[i].x * mat2[0].x + mat1[i].y * mat2[1].x + mat1[i].z * mat2[2].x;
            (*mat res)[i].v = mat1[i].x * mat2[0].v + mat1[i].v * mat2[1].v + mat1[i].z * mat2[2].v;
            (*mat_res)[i].z = mat1[i].x * mat2[0].z + mat1[i].y * mat2[1].z + mat1[i].z * mat2[2].z;
double det(vector mat[]){
 double tmp[3];
 tmp[0] = mat[0].x * (mat[1].y*mat[2].z - mat[2].y*mat[1].z);
 tmp[1] = mat[0].v * (mat[1].z*mat[2].x - mat[1].x*mat[2].z);
 tmp[2] = mat[0].z * (mat[1].x*mat[2].y - mat[2].x*mat[1].y);
 return tmp[0] + tmp[1] + tmp[2];
void mtranspose(vector mat[], vector (*mat_res)[]){
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(*mat res)[0].x = mat[0].x;
 (*mat_res)[1].y = mat[1].y;
 (*mat_res)[2].z = mat[2].z;
 (*mat_res)[0].y = mat[1].x;
 (*mat_res)[0].z = mat[2].x;
 (*mat_res)[1].z = mat[2].y;
 (*mat_res)[1].x = mat[0].y;
 (*mat_res)[2].x = mat[0].z;
 (*mat_res)[2].y = mat[1].z;
void cramer(vector mat[],vector single_mat[], vector (*res_single_mat)[]){
 int i,j,k;
 vector tmp[3]=\{0\};
 vector origin[3] = \{0\};
 double basic_det=0;
 double tmp_det=0;
 for(i=0; i<3; i++){ // clear initial values
         tmp[i].x = mat[i].x;
         tmp[i].y = mat[i].y;
         tmp[i].z = mat[i].z;
 basic det = det(mat);
 for(i=0; i<3; i++){
         if(i == 0){
            for(j=0; j<3; j++)
                 tmp[j].x = single\_mat[j].x;
         else if(i == 1){
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for(j=0; j<3; j++)
                 tmp[j].y = single_mat[j].x;
         else{
            for(j=0; j<3; j++)
                tmp[j].z = single\_mat[j].x;
         tmp_det = det(tmp);
         (*res_single_mat)[i].x = tmp_det / basic_det;
         for(k=0; k<3; k++){ // clear initial values
            tmp[k].x = mat[k].x;
            tmp[k].y = mat[k].y;
            tmp[k].z = mat[k].z;
void adj(vector mat[], vector (*mat_res)[]){
 int i;
 vector tmp[3]=\{0\};
 vector res[3]=\{0\};
 tmp[0].x = (mat[1].y*mat[2].z - mat[2].y*mat[1].z);
 tmp[0].y = (mat[1].z*mat[2].x - mat[1].x*mat[2].z);
 tmp[0].z = (mat[1].x*mat[2].y - mat[2].x*mat[1].y);
 tmp[1].x = (mat[0].y*mat[2].z - mat[2].y*mat[0].z);
 tmp[1].y = (mat[2].z*mat[0].x - mat[2].x*mat[0].z);
 tmp[1].z = (mat[0].x*mat[2].y - mat[2].x*mat[0].y);
 tmp[2].x = (mat[0].y*mat[1].z - mat[1].y*mat[0].z);
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tmp[2].y = (mat[0].z*mat[1].x - mat[0].x*mat[1].z);
 tmp[2].z = (mat[0].x*mat[1].y - mat[1].x*mat[0].y);
 mtranspose(tmp, &res);
 for(i=0; i<3; i++){
   (*mat_res)[i].x = res[i].x;
   (*mat_res)[i].y = res[i].y;
   (*mat_res)[i].z = res[i].z;
void inverse_mat(vector mat[], vector (*mat_res)[]){
 int i;
 vector tmp[3]= \{0\};
 double m_det = det(mat);
 if(det != 0){
   adj(mat, &tmp);
   for(i=0; i<3; i++){}
     (*mat_res)[i].x = (1/m_det)*tmp[i].x;
     (*mat_res)[i].y = (1/m_det)*tmp[i].y;
     (*mat_res)[i].z = (1/m_det)*tmp[i].z;
 else{
   printf("No det value !! result!!\n");
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void gauss_inverse_mat(vector mat[], vector (*mat_res)[]){
 int i;
 vector imat[3] = \{\{1,0,0\},\{0,1,0\},\{0,0,1\}\};
 vector bmat[3] = \{0\};
 double scale =0;
 double sub scale[3]={0};
 if(mat[1].x != 0){
   scale = (mat[1].x/mat[0].x);
     imat[1].x = imat[1].x - (scale * imat[0].x);
     imat[1].y = imat[1].y - (scale * imat[0].y);
     imat[1].z = imat[1].z - (scale * imat[0].z);
     mat[1].x = mat[1].x - (scale * mat[0].x);
      mat[1].y = mat[1].y - (scale * mat[0].y);
     mat[1].z = mat[1].z - (scale * mat[0].z);
 if(mat[2].x != 0){
   scale = (mat[2].x/mat[0].x);
     imat[2].x = (scale * imat[0].x);
     imat[2].y = (scale * imat[0].y);
     imat[2].z = (scale * imat[0].z);
     mat[2].x = (scale * mat[0].x);
     mat[2].y -= (scale * mat[0].y);
     mat[2].z -= (scale * mat[0].z);
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if(mat[0].y != 0){
   scale = (mat[0].y/mat[1].y);
     imat[0].x = scale * imat[1].x;
     imat[0].y = scale * imat[1].y;
     imat[0].z = scale * imat[1].z;
     mat[0].x = scale * mat[1].x;
     mat[0].y -= scale * mat[1].y;
     mat[0].z -= scale * mat[1].z;
 if(mat[2].y != 0){
   scale = (mat[2].y/mat[1].y);
     imat[2].x = scale * imat[1].x;
     imat[2].y -= scale * imat[1].y;
     imat[2].z -= scale * imat[1].z;
     mat[2].x -= scale * mat[1].x;
     mat[2].y -= scale * mat[1].y;
     mat[2].z -= scale * mat[1].z;
if(mat[0].z != 0){
   scale = (mat[0].z/mat[2].z);
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imat[0].x = scale * imat[2].x;
   imat[0].y = scale * imat[2].y;
   imat[0].z = scale * imat[2].z;
   mat[0].x = scale * mat[2].x;
   mat[0].y = scale * mat[2].y;
   mat[0].z = scale * mat[2].z;
if(mat[1].z != 0){
 scale = (mat[1].z/mat[2].z);
   imat[1].x = scale * imat[2].x;
   imat[1].y = scale * imat[2].y;
   imat[1].z = scale * imat[2].z;
   mat[1].x = scale * mat[2].x;
   mat[1].y -= scale * mat[2].y;
   mat[1].z -= scale * mat[2].z;
sub\_scale[0] = mat[0].x;
sub_scale[1] = mat[1].y;
sub_scale[2] = mat[2].z;
for(i = 0; i < 3; i++){
 if(sub_scale[i] != 0){
   imat[i].x = (1/sub_scale[i])*imat[i].x;
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imat[i].y = (1/sub scale[i])*imat[i].y;
     imat[i].z = (1/sub_scale[i])*imat[i].z;
 mat[0].x = (1/sub\_scale[0])*mat[0].x;
 mat[1].y = (1/sub\_scale[1])*mat[1].y;
 mat[2].z = (1/sub\_scale[2])*mat[2].z;
 for(i=0; i<3; i++){
   (*mat_res)[i].x = imat[i].x;
   (*mat_res)[i].y = imat[i].y;
   (*mat_res)[i].z = imat[i].z;
void simultaneous_eq(vector mat[],vector single_mat[], vector (*res_single_mat)[]){
 int i,j,k;
 vector res[3]=\{0\};
 vector single_res[3] = {0};
 gauss_inverse_mat(mat, &res); // A^-1
 mmul(res, single_mat, &single_res); // A^{-1}* [result...] = [x;y;z]
 for(i=0; i<3; i++){
   (*res_single_mat)[i].x = single_res[i].x;
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(*res_single_mat)[i].y = single_res[i].y;
   (*res_single_mat)[i].z = single_res[i].z;
int main (void){
 int i;
 vector mat1[3]=\{0\};
 vector mat2[3]=\{0\};
 vector mat_res[3]=\{0\};
 vector single_mat[3]={0};
 vector res_single_mat[3]={0};
 for(i=0; i<3; i++){
       printf("input first matrix %dst row\n", i+1);
       scanf("%lf", &(mat1[i].x));
       scanf("%lf", &(mat1[i].y));
       scanf("%lf", &(mat1[i].z));
 for(i=0; i<3; i++){
       printf("input second matrix %dst row\n", i+1);
       scanf("%lf", &(mat2[i].x));
       scanf("%lf", &(mat2[i].y));
       scanf("%lf", &(mat2[i].z));
 printf("input single column matrix \n");
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scanf("%lf", &(single_mat[0].x));
scanf("%lf", &(single_mat[1].x));
scanf("%lf", &(single_mat[2].x));
//printf("%lf\n",det(mat)); //det ok
//madd(mat1, mat2, &mat_res);
//print_mat(mat_res);
//msub(mat1, mat2, &mat_res);
//print_mat(mat_res);
//mmul(mat1, mat2, &mat_res);
//print_mat(mat_res);
//mtranspose(mat1, &mat_res);
//print_mat(mat_res);
//cramer(mat1, single_mat, &res_single_mat);
//print_mat(res_single_mat);
//inverse_mat(mat1, &mat_res);
//print_mat(mat_res);
//gauss_inverse_mat(mat1, &mat_res);
//print_mat(mat_res);
//simultaneous_eq(mat1, single_mat, &res_single_mat);
//print_mat(res_single_mat);
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return 0;			
(*			