

# TI DSP,MCU 및 Xilinx Zynq FPGA

## 프로그래밍 전문가 과정

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# 목차

1. ETPWM 을 통한 LED 제어
2. RTIETPWM 을 통한 모터제어

# PINMUX Based Enhanced PWM 제어 (LED 밝기 제어)

[CCS]

RTIETPWM으로 프로젝트 생성

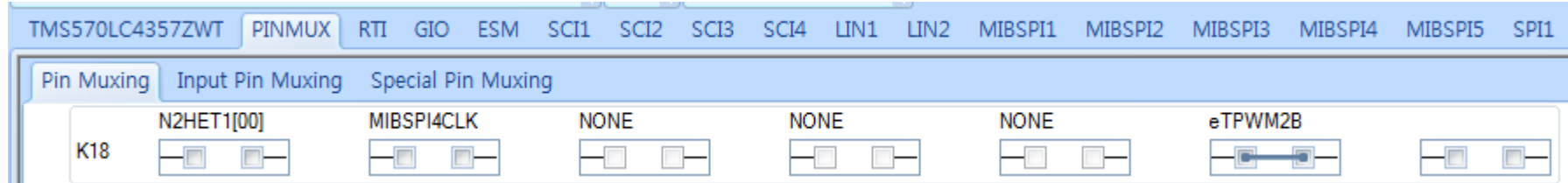
include option 설정

[HALcogen]

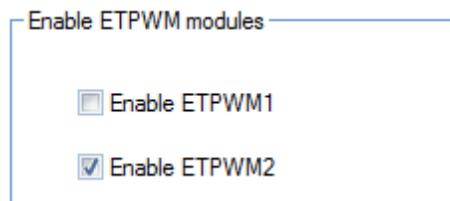
☒ Enable ETPWM driver

☒ Enable RTI driver

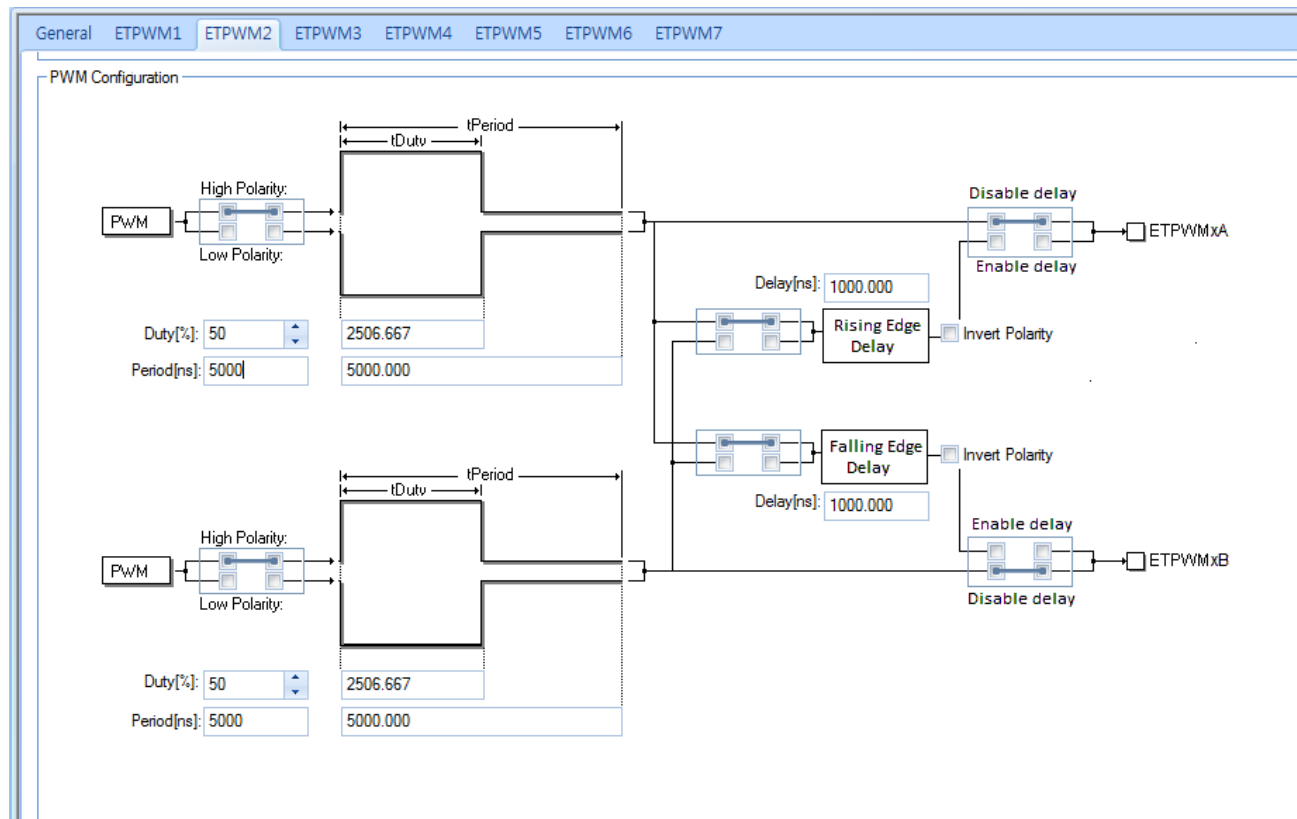
PINMUX-Pin Muxing의 K18에서 eTPWM2B 연결



ETPWM - General - Enable ETPWM modules에서 Enable ETPWM2만 선택



ETPWM - ETPWM2 - PWM Configuration에서 Period를 5000[ns]로 설정



```
#include "HL_sys_common.h"
```

```
#include "HL_etpwm.h"
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    unsigned short val = 0;
```

```
    etpwmInit();
```

```
for(;;)
{
    etpwmStartTBCLK();

    for(i=0; i<100000; i++)
        ;

    etpwmSetCmpB(etpwmREG2, val);

    val++;

    etpwmStopTBCLK();

    if(val == 500)
        val = 0;
}

return 0;
}
```

etpwmInit(1)

```
71 void etpwmInit(void)
72 {
73 /* USER CODE BEGIN (1) */
74 /* USER CODE END */
75
76 /** @b initialize @b ETPWM2 */
77
78 /** - Sets high speed time-base clock prescale bits */
79 etpwmREG2->TBCTL = (uint16)0U << 7U;
80
81 /** - Sets time-base clock prescale bits */
82 etpwmREG2->TBCTL |= (uint16)((uint16)0U << 10U);
83
84 /** - Sets time period or frequency for ETPWM block both PWMA and PWMB*/
85 etpwmREG2->TBPRD = 374U;
86
87 /** - Setup the duty cycle for PWMA */
88 etpwmREG2->CMPA = 188U;
89
90 /** - Setup the duty cycle for PWMB */
91 etpwmREG2->CMPB = 188U;
92 --
```

TBCTL

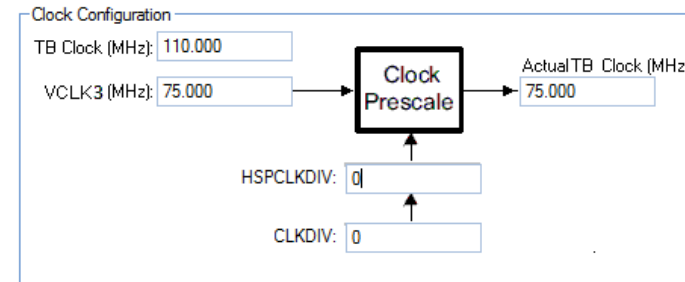
:79        etpwmREG2->TBCTL = (uint16)0U << 7U;

7번 비트를 0으로 셋 → 분주 x

:82        etpwmREG2->TBCTL |= (uint16)((uint16)0U << 10U);

10번 비트를 0으로 셋 → 분주 x

12-10	CLKDIV	Time-base Clock Prescale Bits. These bits determine part of the time-base clock prescale value: $TBCLK = VCLK3 / (HSPCLKDIV \times CLKDIV)$ 0 /1 (default on reset) 1h /2 2h /4 3h /8 4h /16 5h /32 6h /64 7h /128
9-7	HSPCLKDIV	High Speed Time-base Clock Prescale Bits. These bits determine part of the time-base clock prescale value: $TBCLK = VCLK3 / (HSPCLKDIV \times CLKDIV)$ 0 /1 1h /2 (default on reset) 2h /4 3h /6 4h /8 5h /10 6h /12 7h /14



HALcogen에서 clock configuration을 살펴보면 HSPCLKDIV와 CLKDIV가 0인 것을 확인 가능. 그래서 VCLK3가 75MHz로 들어와 TB clock도 동일하게 분주되지 않고 75MHz가 되는 것.

## TBPRD

:85 etpwmREG2->TBPRD = 374U;

**Table 35-26. Time-Base Period Register (TBPRD) Field Descriptions**

Bits	Name	Description
15-0	TBPRD	These bits determine the period of the time-base counter. This sets the PWM frequency. Shadowing of this register is enabled and disabled by the TBCTL[PRDLD] bit. By default this register is shadowed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If TBCTL[PRDLD] = 0, then the shadow is enabled and any write or read will automatically go to the shadow register. In this case, the active register will be loaded from the shadow register when the time-base counter equals 0.</li> <li>If TBCTL[PRDLD] = 1, then the shadow is disabled and any write or read will go directly to the active register, that is the register actively controlling the hardware.</li> <li>The active and shadow registers share the same memory map address.</li> </ul>

주기를 결정하는 레지스터

PWM주파수를 세팅한다.

374번 펄스가 된다는 의미.

Period를 10000으로 바꾸면  
etpwmREG2->TBPRD = 749U;  
로 코드 바뀜

## CMPA

:88           etpwmREG2->CMPA = 188U;

CMPA레지스터의 값은 TBPRD의 값과 연속적으로 비교한다. 두 레지스터의 값이 같아질 때 "time-base counter equal to counter compare A"이벤트(인터럽트)를 발생시킴.

188번째의 펄스  $374/2 = 187$ 이므로 1인 경우에서 0이 되었을 때 인터럽트를 발생시키는 것 같음.

## etpwmInit(2)

```
93  /** - Force EPWMxA output high when counter reaches zero and low when counter reaches Compare A value */ A
94  etpwmREG2->AQCTLA = ((uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Set << 0U)
95                      | (uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Clear << 4U));
96
97  /** - Force EPWMxB output high when counter reaches zero and low when counter reaches Compare B value */
98  etpwmREG2->AQCTLB = ((uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Set << 0U)
99                      | (uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Clear << 8U));
100
101  /** - Mode setting for Dead Band Module
102  *      -Select the input mode for Dead Band Module
103  *      -Select the output mode for Dead Band Module
104  *      -Select Polarity of the output PWMs
105  */
106  etpwmREG2->DBCTL = ((uint16)((uint16)0U << 5U) /* Source for Falling edge delay(0-PWMA, 1-PWMB) */
107                    | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 4U) /* Source for Rising edge delay(0-PWMA, 1-PWMB) */
108                    | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 3U) /* Enable/Disable EPWMxB invert */
109                    | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 2U) /* Enable/Disable EPWMxA invert */
110                    | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 1U) /* Enable/Disable Rising Edge Delay */
111                    | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 0U)); /* Enable/Disable Falling Edge Delay */
```

ActionQual\_set : 2

ActionQual\_Clear : 1



```
:94      etpwmREG2->AQCTLA = ((uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Set    << 0U)
        | (uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Clear << 4U));
```

비트 1, 비트 4를 1로 세팅한다.

halcogen에서 B를 지정했기 때문에 A는 사용하지 않음.

## AQCTLB

```
:98      etpwmREG2->AQCTLB = ((uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Set    << 0U)
        | (uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Clear << 8U));
```

9-8	CBU		Action when the counter equals the active CMPB register and the counter is incrementing.
		0	Do nothing (action is disabled).
		1h	Clear: force EPWMxB output low.
		2h	Set: force EPWMxB output high.
		3h	Toggle EPWMxB output: low output signal will be forced high, and a high signal will be forced low.

카운터가 cmpB레지스터랑 같을 때  
EPWMxB의 output low 함.

1-0	ZRO		Action when counter equals zero.
			Note: By definition, in count up-down mode when the counter equals 0 the direction is defined as 1 or counting up.
		0	Do nothing (action is disabled).
		1h	Clear: force EPWMxB output low.
		2h	Set: force EPWMxB output high.
		3h	Toggle EPWMxB output: low output signal will be forced high, and a high signal will be forced low.

카운터가 0으로 같을 때 EPWMxB의  
출력을 low로 함

**Table 35-35. Dead-Band Generator Control Register (DBCTL) Field Descriptions**

Bits	Name	Value	Description
15	HALFCYCLE	0 1	Half Cycle Clocking Enable Bit. Full cycle clocking enabled. The dead-band counters are clocked at the TBCLK rate. Half cycle clocking enabled. The dead-band counters are clocked at TBCLK × 2.
14-6	Reserved	0	Reserved
5-4	IN_MODE	0 1h 2h 3h	Dead Band Input Mode Control. Bit 5 controls the S5 switch and bit 4 controls the S4 switch shown in <a href="#">Figure 35-28</a> . This allows you to select the input source to the falling-edge and rising-edge delay. To produce classical dead-band waveforms the default is EPWMxA In is the source for both falling and rising-edge delays. 0 EPWMxA In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for both falling-edge and rising-edge delay. 1h EPWMxB In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for rising-edge delayed signal. 2h EPWMxA In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for falling-edge delayed signal. 3h EPWMxB In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for rising-edge delayed signal. EPWMxB In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for falling-edge delayed signal. EPWMxB In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for both rising-edge delay and falling-edge delayed signal.
3-2	POLSEL	0 1h 2h 3h	Polarity Select Control. Bit 3 controls the S3 switch and bit 2 controls the S2 switch shown in <a href="#">Figure 35-28</a> . This allows you to selectively invert one of the delayed signals before it is sent out of the dead-band submodule. The following descriptions correspond to classical upper/lower switch control as found in one leg of a digital motor control inverter. These assume that DBCTL[OUT_MODE] = 1,1 and DBCTL[IN_MODE] = 0,0. Other enhanced modes are also possible, but not regarded as typical usage modes. 0 Active high (AH) mode. Neither EPWMxA nor EPWMxB is inverted (default). 1h Active low complementary (ALC) mode. EPWMxA is inverted. 2h Active high complementary (AHC). EPWMxB is inverted. 3h Active low (AL) mode. Both EPWMxA and EPWMxB are inverted.
1-0	OUT_MODE	0 1h 2h 3h	Dead-band Output Mode Control. Bit 1 controls the S1 switch and bit 0 controls the S0 switch shown in <a href="#">Figure 35-28</a> . This allows you to selectively enable or bypass the dead-band generation for the falling-edge and rising-edge delay. 0 Dead-band generation is bypassed for both output signals. In this mode, both the EPWMxA and EPWMxB output signals from the action-qualifier are passed directly to the PWM-chopper submodule. In this mode, the POLSEL and IN_MODE bits have no effect. 1h Disable rising-edge delay. The EPWMxA signal from the action-qualifier is passed straight through to the EPWMxA input of the PWM-chopper submodule. The falling-edge delayed signal is seen on output EPWMxB. The input signal for the delay is determined by DBCTL[IN_MODE]. 2h The rising-edge delayed signal is seen on output EPWMxA. The input signal for the delay is determined by DBCTL[IN_MODE]. Disable falling-edge delay. The EPWMxB signal from the action-qualifier is passed straight through to the EPWMxB input of the PWM-chopper submodule. 3h Dead-band is fully enabled for both rising-edge delay on output EPWMxA and falling-edge delay on output EPWMxB. The input signal for the delay is determined by DBCTL[IN_MODE].

:106

etpwmREG2->DBCTL

비트 5~ 비트0 전부 0으로 지정.

Dead-band : 제어계에서 입력이 변화해도 출력이 생기지 않는 입력의 범위, 허용 할 수 있는 전압의 한계시점을 넘어 간 것. 어셈에서의 포화연산

5, 4 : Dead Band의 입력모드를 조정한다. falling-edge와 rising-edge 두가지를 지연시키기 위한 소스가 EPWMxA에 존재

3, 2 : 극성 선택제어를 한다. 비트 3, 2 모두 0이므로 HIGH 일 때 동작하고 EPWMxA 나 EPWMxB가 반전되지 않음.

1, 0 : Dead-band의 출력모드를 조정

Dead-band의 생성은 두개의 출력신호에 대해 바이패스 된다. 이 모드에서 EPWMxA와 EPWMxB의 두개의 출력신호는 PWM-chopper로 직접 전달된다.

Chopper - 신호를 성형시킴

```

113  /** - Set the rising edge delay */
114  etpwmREG2->DBRED = 110U;
115
116  /** - Set the falling edge delay */
117  etpwmREG2->DBFED = 110U;
118
119  /** - Enable the chopper module for ETPWMx
120  *      -Sets the One shot pulse width in a chopper modulated wave
121  *      -Sets the dutycycle for the subsequent pulse train
122  *      -Sets the period for the subsequent pulse train
123  */
124  etpwmREG2->PCCTL = ((uint16)((uint16)0U << 0U) /* Enable/Disable chopper module */
125                      | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 1U) /* One-shot Pulse Width */
126                      | (uint16)((uint16)3U << 8U) /* Chopping Clock Duty Cycle */
127                      | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 5U)); /* Chopping Clock Frequency */
---
```

**Table 35-37. Dead-Band Generator Rising Edge Delay Register (DBRED) Field Descriptions**

Bits	Name	Description
15-10	Reserved	Reserved
9-0	DEL	Rising Edge Delay Count. 10-bit counter.

**Table 35-36. Dead-Band Generator Falling Edge Delay Register (DBFED) Field Descriptions**

Bits	Name	Description
15-10	Reserved	Reserved
9-0	DEL	Falling Edge Delay Count. 10-bit counter.

```
:114      etpwmREG2->DBRED = 110U;
```

```
:117      etpwmREG2->DBFED = 110U;
```

rising edge와 falling edge를 110만큼 지연시킨다.

실제로는 sin파 신호인데 딜레이를 주어 위의 둥근 부분의 신호를 깎음 그래서 펄스파처럼 됨.??

**Table 35-50. PWM-Chopper Control Register (PCCTL) Bit Descriptions**

Bits	Name	Value	Description
15-11	Reserved	0	Reserved
10-8	CHPDUTY	0 Duty = 1/8 (12.5%) 1h Duty = 2/8 (25.0%) 2h Duty = 3/8 (37.5%) 3h Duty = 4/8 (50.0%) 4h Duty = 5/8 (62.5%) 5h Duty = 6/8 (75.0%) 6h Duty = 7/8 (87.5%) 7h Reserved	Chopping Clock Duty Cycle.
7-5	CHPFREQ	0 Divide by 1 (no prescale, = 12.5 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3) 1h Divide by 2 (6.25 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3) 2h Divide by 3 (4.16 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3) 3h Divide by 4 (3.12 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3) 4h Divide by 5 (2.50 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3) 5h Divide by 6 (2.08 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3) 6h Divide by 7 (1.78 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3) 7h Divide by 8 (1.56 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3)	Chopping Clock Frequency.
4-1	OSHTWTH	0 1 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 80 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) 1h 2 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 160 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) 2h 3 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 240 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) 3h 4 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 320 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) 4h 5 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 400 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) 5h 6 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 480 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) 6h 7 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 560 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) 7h 8 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 640 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) 8h 9 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 720 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) 9h 10 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 800 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) Ah 11 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 880 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) Bh 12 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 960 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) Ch 13 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 1040 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) Dh 14 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 1120 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) Eh 15 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 1200 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3) Fh 16 x VCLK3 / 8 wide ( = 1280 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)	One-Shot Pulse Width.
0	CHPEN	0 Disable (bypass) PWM chopping function. 1 Enable chopping function.	PWM-chopping Enable.

8,9번비트 1로 지정, 0, 1, 5 번 비트 0으로 지정

CHPDUTY

3 이므로 duty = 4/8 (50%)

나머지는 비트 0

CHPFREQ

1이므로 Divide by 1(1분주)

OSHTWTH

1이므로 1\*VCLK3 / 8 wide

CHPEN

PWM-chopping 설정

PWM chopping function을 사용하지 않음.

```

129  /** - Set trip source enable */
130  etpwmREG2->TZSEL = 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable TZ1 as a one-shot trip source */
131      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable TZ2 as a one-shot trip source */
132      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable TZ3 as a one-shot trip source */
133      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable TZ4 as a one-shot trip source */
134      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable TZ5 as a one-shot trip source */
135      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable TZ6 as a one-shot trip source */
136      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable TZ1 as a CBC trip source */
137      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable TZ2 as a CBC trip source */
138      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable TZ3 as a CBC trip source */
139      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable TZ4 as a CBC trip source */
140      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable TZ5 as a CBC trip source */
141      | 0x0000U;  /** - Enable/Disable TZ6 as a CBC trip source */
142
143  /** - Set interrupt enable */
144  etpwmREG2->TZEINT = 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable Digital Comparator Output A Event 1 */
145      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable Digital Comparator Output A Event 2 */
146      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable Digital Comparator Output A Event 1 */
147      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable Digital Comparator Output A Event 2 */
148      | 0x0000U  /** - Enable/Disable one-shot interrupt generation */
149      | 0x0000U;  /** - Enable/Disable cycle-by-cycle interrupt generation */

151  /** - Sets up the event for interrupt */
152  etpwmREG2->ETSEL = (uint16)NO_EVENT;
153
154  if ((etpwmREG2->ETSEL & 0x0007U) != 0U)
155  {
156      etpwmREG2->ETSEL |= 0x0008U;
157  }
158  /** - Setup the frequency of the interrupt generation */
159  etpwmREG2->ETPS = 1U;
160
161  /** - Sets up the ADC SOC interrupt */
162  etpwmREG2->ETSEL |= ((uint16)(0x0000U)
163      | (uint16)(0x0000U)
164      | (uint16)((uint16)DCAEVT1 << 8U)
165      | (uint16)((uint16)DCBEVT1 << 12U));
166
167  /** - Sets up the ADC SOC period */
168  etpwmREG2->ETPS |= ((uint16)((uint16)1U << 8U)
169      | (uint16)((uint16)1U << 12U));
170
171
172
173  /* USER CODE BEGIN (2) */
174  /* USER CODE END */
175 }

```

:130 etpwmREG2->TZSEL  
전부 0  
인터럽트 전부 disable

:144 etpwmREG2->TZEINT  
전부 0  
다 disable. 인터럽트 막음

:152 etpwmREG2->ETSEL = (uint16)NO\_EVENT;  
NO\_EVENT = 0

:154 ETSEL이 0이기 때문에 if문 해당되지 않아 제깁다.

:159 etpwmREG2->ETPS = 1U;

:162 ETSEL 8,12번 비트 0으로 고정  
DCAEVT1 : 0, DCBEVT2 : 0

:168 ETPS 8, 12번 1로 고정

**Table 35-45. Event-Trigger Selection Register (ETSEL) Field Descriptions**

Bits	Name	Value	Description
15	SOCBEN	0 1	Enable the ADC Start of Conversion B (EPWMxSOCB) Pulse. Disable EPWMxSOCB. Enable EPWMxSOCB pulse.
14-12	SOCBSEL	0 1h 2h 3h 4h 5h 6h 7h	EPWMxSOCB Selection Options. These bits determine when a EPWMxSOCB pulse will be generated. Enable DCBEVT1.soc event. Enable event time-base counter equal to zero. (TBCTR = 0x0000). Enable event time-base counter equal to period (TBCTR = TBPRD). Enable event time-base counter equal to zero or period (TBCTR = 0x0000 or TBCTR = TBPRD). This mode is useful in up-down count mode. Enable event time-base counter equal to CMPA when the timer is incrementing. Enable event time-base counter equal to CMPA when the timer is decrementing. Enable event: time-base counter equal to CMPB when the timer is incrementing. Enable event: time-base counter equal to CMPB when the timer is decrementing.
11	SOCAEN	0 1	Enable the ADC Start of Conversion A (EPWMxSOCA) Pulse. Disable EPWMxSOCA. Enable EPWMxSOCA pulse.
10-8	SOCASEL	0 1h 2h 3h 4h 5h 6h 7h	EPWMxSOCA Selection Options. These bits determine when a EPWMxSOCA pulse will be generated. Enable DCAEVT1.soc event. Enable event time-base counter equal to zero. (TBCTR = 0x0000). Enable event time-base counter equal to period (TBCTR = TBPRD). Enable event time-base counter equal to zero or period (TBCTR = 0x0000 or TBCTR = TBPRD). This mode is useful in up-down count mode. Enable event time-base counter equal to CMPA when the timer is incrementing. Enable event time-base counter equal to CMPA when the timer is decrementing. Enable event: time-base counter equal to CMPB when the timer is incrementing. Enable event: time-base counter equal to CMPB when the timer is decrementing.
7-4	Reserved	0	Reserved
3	INTEN	0 1	Enable ePWM Interrupt (EPWMx_INT) Generation. Disable EPWMx_INT generation. Enable EPWMx_INT generation.



**Table 35-47. Event-Trigger Prescale Register (ETPS) Field Descriptions**

Bits	Name	Value	Description
15-14	SOCBCNT	0 No events have occurred. 1h 1 event has occurred. 2h 2 events have occurred. 3h 3 events have occurred.	ePWM ADC Start-of-Conversion B Event (EPWMxSOCB) Counter Register. These bits indicate how many selected ETSEL[SOCBSEL] events have occurred.
13-12	SOCBPRD	0 Disable the SOCB event counter. No EPWMxSOCB pulse will be generated. 1h Generate the EPWMxSOCB pulse on the first event: ETPS[SOCBCNT] = 0,1. 2h Generate the EPWMxSOCB pulse on the second event: ETPS[SOCBCNT] = 1,0. 3h Generate the EPWMxSOCB pulse on the third event: ETPS[SOCBCNT] = 1,1.	ePWM ADC Start-of-Conversion B Event (EPWMxSOCB) Period Select. These bits determine how many selected ETSEL[SOCBSEL] events need to occur before an EPWMxSOCB pulse is generated. To be generated, the pulse must be enabled (ETSEL[SOCBEN] = 1). The SOCB pulse will be generated even if the status flag is set from a previous start of conversion (ETFLG[SOCB] = 1). Once the SOCB pulse is generated, the ETPS[SOCBCNT] bits will automatically be cleared.
11-10	SOCACNT	0 No events have occurred. 1h 1 event has occurred. 2h 2 events have occurred. 3h 3 events have occurred.	ePWM ADC Start-of-Conversion A Event (EPWMxSOCA) Counter Register. These bits indicate how many selected ETSEL[SOCASEL] events have occurred.
9-8	SOCAPRD	0 Disable the SOCA event counter. No EPWMxSOCA pulse will be generated. 1h Generate the EPWMxSOCA pulse on the first event: ETPS[SOCACNT] = 0,1. 2h Generate the EPWMxSOCA pulse on the second event: ETPS[SOCACNT] = 1,0. 3h Generate the EPWMxSOCA pulse on the third event: ETPS[SOCACNT] = 1,1.	ePWM ADC Start-of-Conversion A Event (EPWMxSOCA) Period Select. These bits determine how many selected ETSEL[SOCASEL] events need to occur before an EPWMxSOCA pulse is generated. To be generated, the pulse must be enabled (ETSEL[SOCAEN] = 1). The SOCA pulse will be generated even if the status flag is set from a previous start of conversion (ETFLG[SOCA] = 1). Once the SOCA pulse is generated, the ETPS[SOCACNT] bits will automatically be cleared.
7-4	Reserved	0	Reserved
1-0	INTPRD	0 Disable the interrupt event counter. No interrupt will be generated and ETFRC[INT] is ignored. 1h Generate an interrupt on the first event INTCNT = 01 (first event). 2h Generate interrupt on ETPS[INTCNT] = 1,0 (second event). 3h Generate interrupt on ETPS[INTCNT] = 1,1 (third event).	ePWM Interrupt (EPWMx_INT) Period Select. These bits determine how many selected ETSEL[INTSEL] events need to occur before an interrupt is generated. To be generated, the interrupt must be enabled (ETSEL[INT] = 1). If the interrupt status flag is set from a previous interrupt (ETFLG[INT] = 1) then no interrupt will be generated until the flag is cleared via the ETCLR[INT] bit. This allows for one interrupt to be pending while another is still being serviced. Once the interrupt is generated, the ETPS[INTCNT] bits will automatically be cleared. Writing a INTPRD value that is the same as the current counter value will trigger an interrupt if it is enabled and the status flag is clear. Writing a INTPRD value that is less than the current counter value will result in an undefined state. If a counter event occurs at the same instant as a new zero or non-zero INTPRD value is written, the counter is incremented.

# Enhanced PWM Peripheral 및 동작 과정 설명(모터제어)

[HALcogen]

☒ Enable ETPWM driver    ☒ Enable GIO driver \*\*

TMS570LC4357ZWT    PINMUX    RTI    GIO    ESM    SCI1    SCI2    SCI3    SCI4    LIN1    LIN2    MIBSPI1    MIBSPI2    MIBSPI3    MIBSPI4    MIBSPI5    SPI1

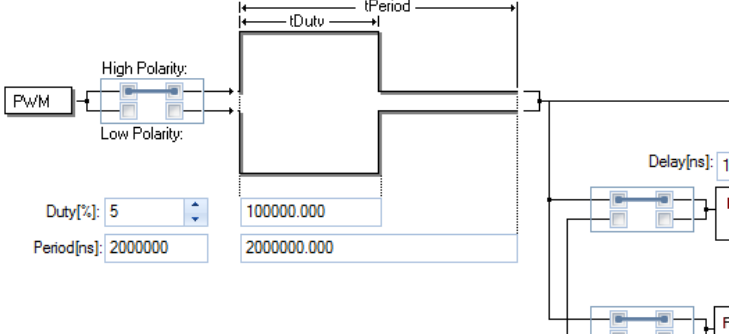
Pin Muxing    Input Pin Muxing    Special Pin Muxing

B5    GIOA[5]    NONE    NONE    EXTCLKIN    NONE    eTPWM1A

I2C1    I2C2    EMAC    DCC    RTP    DMM    EMIF    POM    CRC    ETPWM    ECAP    EQEP    FEE    A1

General    ETPWM1    ETPWM2    ETPWM3    ETPWM4    ETPWM5    ETPWM6    ETPWM7

PWM Configuration



Duty[%]: 5    Period[ns]: 2000000    tDuty: 100000.000    tPeriod: 2000000.000    Delay[ns]: 1

General    ETPWM1    ETPWM2    ETPWM3    ETPWM4    ETPWM5    ETPWM6    ETPWM7

Clock Configuration

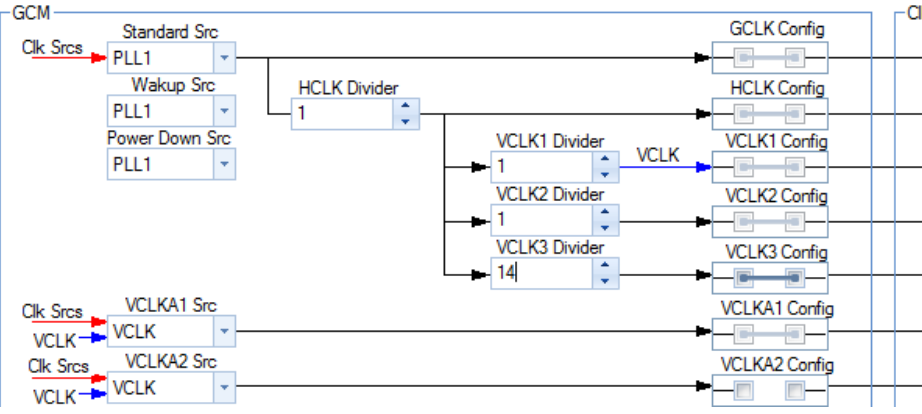
TB Clock (MHz): 110.000    VCLK3 (MHz): 10.000    ActualTB Clock (MHz): 1.000

HSPCLKDIV: 10    CLKDIV: 0

Enable ETPWM modules

☒ Enable ETPWM1

GCM



Clk Srcs: PLL1    HCLK Divider: 1    VCLK1 Divider: 1    VCLK2 Divider: 1    VCLK3 Divider: 14    VCLK: VCLK    VCLKA1 Src: VCLK    VCLKA2 Src: VCLK



```
#include "HL_sys_common.h"
#include "HL_system.h"
#include "HL_etpwm.h"

int idx = 0;
uint32 value = 0;
uint32 duty_arr[20] = {1000, 1100, 1200, 1300, 1400,
                       1500, 1600, 1700, 1800, 1900,
                       2000, 1900, 1800, 1700, 1600,
                       1500, 1400, 1300, 1200, 1100};

void pwmSet(void);
void delay(uint32);

int main(void)
{
    etpwmInit();
    etpwmStartTBCLK();

    delay(10000);

    for(;;)
    {
        pwmSet();
        delay(5000000);
    }

    return 0;
}

void delay(uint32 delay)
{
```

```
int i;

for(i = 0; i < delay; i++)
    ;
}

void pwmSet(void)
{
    value = duty_arr[idx % 20];
    etpwmSetCmpA(etpwmREG1, value);
    idx++;
}
```

## etpwmlnit

```

78  /** - Sets high speed time-base clock prescale bits */
79  etpwmREG1->TBCTL = (uint16)5U << 7U;
80
81  /** - Sets time-base clock prescale bits */
82  etpwmREG1->TBCTL |= (uint16)((uint16)0U << 10U);
83
84  /** - Sets time period or frequency for ETPWM block both PWMA and PWMB */
85  etpwmREG1->TBPRD = 19999U;
86
87  /** - Setup the duty cycle for PWMA */
88  etpwmREG1->CMPA = 1000U;
89
90  /** - Setup the duty cycle for PWMB */
91  etpwmREG1->CMPB = 1000U;

```

:79 7,9번 비트 1로 셋

:82 10번 비트 0으로 고정

:85 TBPRD

time-base 카운터의 주기를 19999로 정함.

:88 CMPA, :91 CMPB

TBCTR의 값과 계속 비교하여 1000이 되어 같아지면 인터럽트 발생

12-10	CLKDIV	<p>Time-base Clock Prescale Bits.</p> <p>These bits determine part of the time-base clock prescale value:  <math>TBCLK = VCLK3 / (HSPCLKDIV \times CLKDIV)</math></p> <p>0 /1 (default on reset)</p> <p>1h /2</p> <p>2h /4</p> <p>3h /8</p> <p>4h /16</p> <p>5h /32</p> <p>6h /64</p> <p>7h /128</p>
9-7	HSPCLKDIV	<p>High Speed Time-base Clock Prescale Bits.</p> <p>These bits determine part of the time-base clock prescale value:  <math>TBCLK = VCLK3 / (HSPCLKDIV \times CLKDIV)</math></p> <p>0 /1</p> <p>1h /2 (default on reset)</p> <p>2h /4</p> <p>3h /6</p> <p>4h /8</p> <p>5h /10</p> <p>6h /12</p> <p>7h /14</p>

:79 HSPCLKDIV 10분주함

:82 CLKDIV는 분주 없음.

```

93  /** - Force EPWMxA output high when counter reaches zero and low when counter reaches Compare A value */
94  etpwmREG1->AQCTLA = ((uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Set << 0U)
95                      | (uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Clear << 4U));
96
97  /** - Force EPWMxB output high when counter reaches zero and low when counter reaches Compare B value */
98  etpwmREG1->AQCTLB = ((uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Set << 0U)
99                      | (uint16)((uint16)ActionQual_Clear << 8U));
100
101  /** - Mode setting for Dead Band Module
102  *      -Select the input mode for Dead Band Module
103  *      -Select the output mode for Dead Band Module
104  *      -Select Polarity of the output PWMs
105  */
106  etpwmREG1->DBCTL = ((uint16)((uint16)0U << 5U) /* Source for Falling edge delay(0-PWMA, 1-PWMB) */
107                    | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 4U) /* Source for Rising edge delay(0-PWMA, 1-PWMB) */
108                    | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 3U) /* Enable/Disable EPWMxB invert */
109                    | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 2U) /* Enable/Disable EPWMxA invert */
110                    | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 1U) /* Enable/Disable Rising Edge Delay */
111                    | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 0U)); /* Enable/Disable Falling Edge Delay */
112
113  /** - Set the rising edge delay */
114  etpwmREG1->DBRED = 110U;
115
116  /** - Set the falling edge delay */
117  etpwmREG1->DBFED = 110U ;

```

:94 0, 4번 비트 1로 고정

:98 AQCTLB를 사용하지 않음

:106 0~5번 비트 0으로 고정

:114 DBRED

:117 DBFED

5-4	CAU	0 Do nothing (action is disabled). 1h Clear: force EPWMxA output low. 2h Set: force EPWMxA output high. 3h Toggle EPWMxA output: low output signal will be forced high, and a high signal will be forced low.
3-2	PRD	Action when the counter equals the period. Note: By definition, in count up-down mode when the counter equals period the direction is defined as 0 or counting down. 0 Do nothing (action is disabled). 1h Clear: force EPWMxA output low. 2h Set: force EPWMxA output high. 3h Toggle EPWMxA output: low output signal will be forced high, and a high signal will be forced low.
1-0	ZRO	Action when counter equals zero. Note: By definition, in count up-down mode when the counter equals 0 the direction is defined as 1 or counting up. 0 Do nothing (action is disabled). 1h Clear: force EPWMxA output low. 2h Set: force EPWMxA output high. 3h Toggle EPWMxA output: low output signal will be forced high, and a high signal will be forced low.

## AQCTLA

ZRO : 카운터가 0이될 때 EPWMxA의 출력이 1이 된다.

CAU : CMPA레지스터와 카운터가 같은 값이 될 때 활성화됨. EPWMxA가 0으로 된다.

## DBCTL

5-4	IN_MODE	<p>Dead Band Input Mode Control.</p> <p>Bit 5 controls the S5 switch and bit 4 controls the S4 switch shown in <a href="#">Figure 35-28</a>. This allows you to select the input source to the falling-edge and rising-edge delay. To produce classical dead-band waveforms the default is EPWMxA In is the source for both falling and rising-edge delays.</p> <p>0 EPWMxA In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for both falling-edge and rising-edge delay.</p> <p>1h EPWMxB In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for rising-edge delayed signal. EPWMxA In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for falling-edge delayed signal.</p> <p>2h EPWMxA In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for rising-edge delayed signal. EPWMxB In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for falling-edge delayed signal.</p> <p>3h EPWMxB In (from the action-qualifier) is the source for both rising-edge delay and falling-edge delayed signal.</p>
3-2	POLSEL	<p>Polarity Select Control.</p> <p>Bit 3 controls the S3 switch and bit 2 controls the S2 switch shown in <a href="#">Figure 35-28</a>. This allows you to selectively invert one of the delayed signals before it is sent out of the dead-band submodule.</p> <p>The following descriptions correspond to classical upper/lower switch control as found in one leg of a digital motor control inverter.</p> <p>These assume that DBCTL[OUT_MODE] = 1,1 and DBCTL[IN_MODE] = 0,0. Other enhanced modes are also possible, but not regarded as typical usage modes.</p> <p>0 Active high (AH) mode. Neither EPWMxA nor EPWMxB is inverted (default).</p> <p>1h Active low complementary (ALC) mode. EPWMxA is inverted.</p> <p>2h Active high complementary (AHC). EPWMxB is inverted.</p> <p>3h Active low (AL) mode. Both EPWMxA and EPWMxB are inverted.</p>

IN\_MODE : Dead Band 입력모드 조종

EPWMxA 내에 falling-edge와 rising-edge를 지연시킴.

POLSEL : 극성 선택 조정.

1일 때 동작하는 모드이다. EPWMxA나 EPWMxB 가 반전되지 않음.

OUT\_MODE : Dead Band 출력모드 조종

Dead-band의 생성은 두개의 출력신호에 대해 바이패스 된다. 이 모드에서 EPWMxA와 EPWMxB의 두개의 출력신호는 PWM-chopper로 직접 전달된다.

1-0	OUT_MODE	<p>Dead-band Output Mode Control.</p> <p>Bit 1 controls the S1 switch and bit 0 controls the S0 switch shown in <a href="#">Figure 35-28</a>. This allows you to selectively enable or bypass the dead-band generation for the falling-edge and rising-edge delay.</p> <p>0 Dead-band generation is bypassed for both output signals. In this mode, both the EPWMxA and EPWMxB output signals from the action-qualifier are passed directly to the PWM-chopper submodule.</p> <p>In this mode, the POLSEL and IN_MODE bits have no effect.</p> <p>1h Disable rising-edge delay. The EPWMxA signal from the action-qualifier is passed straight through to the EPWMxA input of the PWM-chopper submodule.</p> <p>The falling-edge delayed signal is seen on output EPWMxB. The input signal for the delay is determined by DBCTL[IN_MODE].</p> <p>2h The rising-edge delayed signal is seen on output EPWMxA. The input signal for the delay is determined by DBCTL[IN_MODE].</p> <p>Disable falling-edge delay. The EPWMxB signal from the action-qualifier is passed straight through to the EPWMxB input of the PWM-chopper submodule.</p> <p>3h Dead-band is fully enabled for both rising-edge delay on output EPWMxA and falling-edge delay on output EPWMxB. The input signal for the delay is determined by DBCTL[IN_MODE].</p>
-----	----------	--

**Table 35-37. Dead-Band Generator Rising Edge Delay Register (DBRED) Field Descriptions**

Bits	Name	Description
15-10	Reserved	Reserved
9-0	DEL	Rising Edge Delay Count. 10-bit counter.

**Table 35-36. Dead-Band Generator Falling Edge Delay Register (DBFED) Field Descriptions**

Bits	Name	Description
15-10	Reserved	Reserved
9-0	DEL	Falling Edge Delay Count. 10-bit counter.

:114        etpwmREG2->DBRED = 110U;

:117        etpwmREG2->DBFED = 110U;

rising edge와 falling edge를 110만큼 지연시킨다.

실제로는 sin파 신호인데 딜레이를 주어 위의 둥근 부분의 신호를 깎음 그래서 펄스파처럼 됨.

```

124 etpwmREG1->PCCTL = ((uint16)((uint16)0U << 0U) /* Enable/Disable chopper module */
125 | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 1U) /* One-shot Pulse Width */
126 | (uint16)((uint16)3U << 8U) /* Chopping Clock Duty Cycle */
127 | (uint16)((uint16)0U << 5U)); /* Chopping Clock Frequency */
128
129 /** - Set trip source enable */
130 etpwmREG1->TZSEL = 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable TZ1 as a one-shot trip source */
131 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable TZ2 as a one-shot trip source */
132 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable TZ3 as a one-shot trip source */
133 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable TZ4 as a one-shot trip source */
134 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable TZ5 as a one-shot trip source */
135 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable TZ6 as a one-shot trip source */
136 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable TZ1 as a CBC trip source */
137 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable TZ2 as a CBC trip source */
138 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable TZ3 as a CBC trip source */
139 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable TZ4 as a CBC trip source */
140 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable TZ5 as a CBC trip source */
141 | 0x0000U; /* - Enable/Disable TZ6 as a CBC trip source */
142
143 /** - Set interrupt enable */
144 etpwmREG1->TZEINT = 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable Digital Comparator Output A Event 1 */
145 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable Digital Comparator Output A Event 2 */
146 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable Digital Comparator Output A Event 1 */
147 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable Digital Comparator Output A Event 2 */
148 | 0x0000U /* - Enable/Disable one-shot interrupt generation */
149 | 0x0000U; /* - Enable/Disable cycle-by-cycle interrupt generation */

```

:124 8,9비트 1로 고정, 0,1,5비트 0으로 고정

CHPDUTY Duty = 50%

CHPFREQ 분주없음

OSHTWTH1 \* VCLK / 8 wide

CHPEN PWM-chopping 비활성화

10-8	CHPDUTY		Chopping Clock Duty Cycle.	4-1	OSHTWTH		One-Shot Pulse Width.
		0	Duty = 1/8 (12.5%)			0	1 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 80 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		1h	Duty = 2/8 (25.0%)			1h	2 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 160 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		2h	Duty = 3/8 (37.5%)			2h	3 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 240 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		3h	Duty = 4/8 (50.0%)			3h	4 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 320 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		4h	Duty = 5/8 (62.5%)			4h	5 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 400 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		5h	Duty = 6/8 (75.0%)			5h	6 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 480 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		6h	Duty = 7/8 (87.5%)			6h	7 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 560 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		7h	8 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 640 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)				
		8h	9 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 720 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)				
7-5	CHPFREQ		Chopping Clock Frequency.	0	CHPEN		
		0	Divide by 1 (no prescale, = 12.5 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3)			9h	10 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 800 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		1h	Divide by 2 (6.25 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3)			Ah	11 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 880 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		2h	Divide by 3 (4.16 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3)			Bh	12 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 960 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		3h	Divide by 4 (3.12 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3)			Ch	13 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 1040 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		4h	Divide by 5 (2.50 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3)			Dh	14 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 1120 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		5h	Divide by 6 (2.08 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3)			Eh	15 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 1200 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)
		6h	Divide by 7 (1.78 MHz at 100 MHz VCLK3)			Fh	16 x VCLK3 / 8 wide (= 1280 nS at 100 MHz VCLK3)

:130

TZ1~6 one-shot trip source 비활성화

TZ1~6 CBC trip source 비활성화

:144

Digital Comparator Output A Event 1~4 인터럽트 비활성화

Trip-zone One-Shot 인터럽트 비활성화, Trip-zone Cycle-byCycle인터럽트 비활성화-

```
151  /** - Sets up the event for interrupt */
152  etpwmREG1->ETSEL = (uint16)NO_EVENT;
153
154  if ((etpwmREG1->ETSEL & 0x0007U) != 0U)
155  {
156      etpwmREG1->ETSEL |= 0x0008U;
157  }
158  /** - Setup the frequency of the interrupt generation */
159  etpwmREG1->ETPS = 1U;
160
161  /** - Sets up the ADC SOC interrupt */
162  etpwmREG1->ETSEL |= ((uint16)(0x0000U)
163                      | (uint16)(0x0000U)
164                      | (uint16)((uint16)DCAEVT1 << 8U)
165                      | (uint16)((uint16)DCBEVT1 << 12U));
166
167  /** - Sets up the ADC SOC period */
168  etpwmREG1->ETPS |= ((uint16)((uint16)1U << 8U)
169                   | (uint16)((uint16)1U << 12U));
170
```

ETSEL이 0이므로 if문 만족하지 않음.

:159            1로 셋

:162            ETSEL 8,12번 비트 0으로 고정

DCAEVT1 : 0, DCBEVT2 : 0

:168            ETPS 8, 12번 1로 고정



14-12	SOCBSEL	<p>EPWMxSOCB Selection Options.</p> <p>These bits determine when a EPWMxSOCB pulse will be generated.</p> <p>0 Enable DCBEVT1.soc event.</p> <p>1h Enable event time-base counter equal to zero. (TBCTR = 0x0000).</p> <p>2h Enable event time-base counter equal to period (TBCTR = TBPRD).</p> <p>3h Enable event time-base counter equal to zero or period (TBCTR = 0x0000 or TBCTR = TBPRD). This mode is useful in up-down count mode.</p> <p>4h Enable event time-base counter equal to CMPA when the timer is incrementing.</p> <p>5h Enable event time-base counter equal to CMPA when the timer is decrementing.</p> <p>6h Enable event: time-base counter equal to CMPB when the timer is incrementing.</p> <p>7h Enable event: time-base counter equal to CMPB when the timer is decrementing.</p>
11	SOCAEN	<p>Enable the ADC Start of Conversion A (EPWMxSOCA) Pulse.</p> <p>0 Disable EPWMxSOCA.</p> <p>1 Enable EPWMxSOCA pulse.</p>
10-8	SOCASEL	<p>EPWMxSOCA Selection Options.</p> <p>These bits determine when a EPWMxSOCA pulse will be generated.</p> <p>0 Enable DCAEVT1.soc event.</p> <p>1h Enable event time-base counter equal to zero. (TBCTR = 0x0000).</p> <p>2h Enable event time-base counter equal to period (TBCTR = TBPRD).</p> <p>3h Enable event time-base counter equal to zero or period (TBCTR = 0x0000 or TBCTR = TBPRD). This mode is useful in up-down count mode.</p> <p>4h Enable event time-base counter equal to CMPA when the timer is incrementing.</p> <p>5h Enable event time-base counter equal to CMPA when the timer is decrementing.</p> <p>6h Enable event: time-base counter equal to CMPB when the timer is incrementing.</p> <p>7h Enable event: time-base counter equal to CMPB when the timer is decrementing.</p>
13-12	SOCBPRD	<p>ePWM ADC Start-of-Conversion B Event (EPWMxSOCB) Period Select.</p> <p>These bits determine how many selected ETSEL[SOCBSEL] events need to occur before an EPWMxSOCB pulse is generated. To be generated, the pulse must be enabled (ETSEL[SOCBEN] = 1). The SOCB pulse will be generated even if the status flag is set from a previous start of conversion (ETFLG[SOCB] = 1). Once the SOCB pulse is generated, the ETPS[SOCBCNT] bits will automatically be cleared.</p> <p>0 Disable the SOCB event counter. No EPWMxSOCB pulse will be generated.</p> <p>1h Generate the EPWMxSOCB pulse on the first event: ETPS[SOCBCNT] = 0,1.</p> <p>2h Generate the EPWMxSOCB pulse on the second event: ETPS[SOCBCNT] = 1,0.</p> <p>3h Generate the EPWMxSOCB pulse on the third event: ETPS[SOCBCNT] = 1,1.</p>
11-10	SOCACNT	<p>ePWM ADC Start-of-Conversion A Event (EPWMxSOCA) Counter Register.</p> <p>These bits indicate how many selected ETSEL[SOCASEL] events have occurred.</p> <p>0 No events have occurred.</p> <p>1h 1 event has occurred.</p> <p>2h 2 events have occurred.</p> <p>3h 3 events have occurred.</p>
9-8	SOCAPRD	<p>ePWM ADC Start-of-Conversion A Event (EPWMxSOCA) Period Select.</p> <p>These bits determine how many selected ETSEL[SOCASEL] events need to occur before an EPWMxSOCA pulse is generated. To be generated, the pulse must be enabled (ETSEL[SOCAEN] = 1). The SOCA pulse will be generated even if the status flag is set from a previous start of conversion (ETFLG[SOCA] = 1). Once the SOCA pulse is generated, the ETPS[SOCACNT] bits will automatically be cleared.</p> <p>0 Disable the SOCA event counter. No EPWMxSOCA pulse will be generated.</p> <p>1h Generate the EPWMxSOCA pulse on the first event: ETPS[SOCACNT] = 0,1.</p> <p>2h Generate the EPWMxSOCA pulse on the second event: ETPS[SOCACNT] = 1,0.</p> <p>3h Generate the EPWMxSOCA pulse on the third event: ETPS[SOCACNT] = 1,1.</p>

## ETSEL

DCAEV1.soc이벤트 활성화

DCBEVT1.soc이벤트 활성화

## ETPS

EPWMxSOCB펄스 생성.

EPWMxSOCB펄스의 첫번째 이벤트 ETPS[SOCBCNT] = 0.1

EPWMxSOCA펄스 생성.

EPWMxSOCA펄스의 첫번째 이벤트 ETPS[SOCACNT] = 0.1

etpwmStartTBCLK();

```
185 void etpwmStartTBCLK(void)
186 {
187     /* Enable Pin Muxing */
188     pinMuxReg->KICKER0 = 0x83E70B13U;
189     pinMuxReg->KICKER1 = 0x95A4F1E0U;
190
191     pinMuxReg->PINMUX[166U] = (pinMuxReg->PINMUX[166U] & PINMUX_ETPWM_TBCLK_SYNC_MASK) | (PINMUX_ETPWM_TBCLK_SYNC_ON);
192
193     /* Disable Pin Muxing */
194     pinMuxReg->KICKER0 = 0x00000000U;
195     pinMuxReg->KICKER1 = 0x00000000U;
196 }
```

0xFFU | 0x2U

**Table 6-15. Kicker Register 0 Field Descriptions**

Bit	Field	Description
31-0	KICK0	Kicker 0 Register. The value 83E7 0B13h must be written to KICK0 as part of the process to unlock the CPU write access to the PINMMRnn registers.

**Table 6-16. Kicker Register 1 Field Descriptions**

Bit	Field	Description
31-0	KICK1	Kicker 1 Register. The value 95A4 F1E0h must be written to the KICK1 as part of the process to unlock the CPU write access to the PINMMRnn registers.