Xilinx Zynq FPGA, TI DSP, MCU 기반의 프로그래밍 및 회로 설계 전문가 과정

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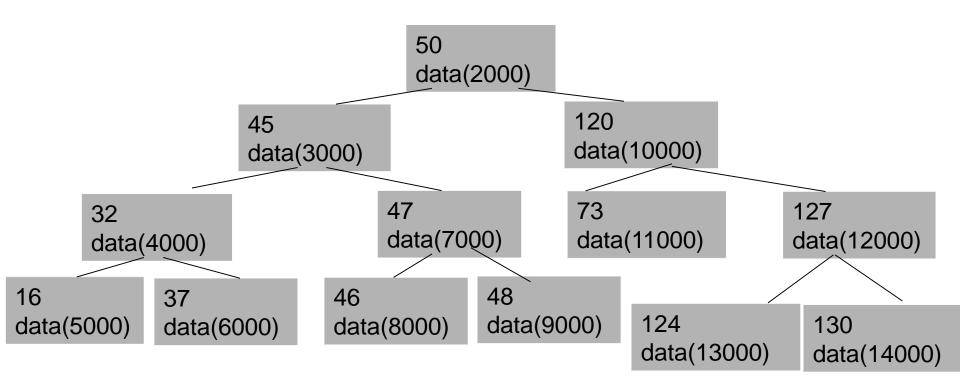
```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <malloc.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#define EMPTY 0
typedef struct __avl
        int data:
        struct __avl *left;
        struct __avl *right;
}avl;
avl *get_node()
        avl *tmp;
        tmp=(avl*)malloc(sizeof(avl));
        tmp->left=EMPTY;
        tmp->right=EMPTY;
        return tmp;
```

```
avl *chg_node(avl *root)
        if(!root->left)
                return root->right;
        if(!root->right)
                return root->left;
avl *update_level(avl *level)
        int left_level;
        int right_level;
        if(level == NULL)
        return 0;
        left level = update level();
        right_level = update_level();
        if(left_level>right_level)
        return left_level+1;
        else
        return right_level+1;
```

```
alswnqodrl@alswnqodrl-900X3K: ~/Downloads
avl *find_max(avl *root, int *data)
        if(root->right)
                root-> right = find_max(root->right, data);
                *data = root->data;
                root = chg_node(root);
       }
return root;
avl *find_max(avl *root, int *data)
        if(root->right)
                root-> right = find_max(root->right, data);
        else
                *data = root->data;
                root = chg_node(root);
        return root;
avl *delete_avl(avl *root, int data)
        int num;
if(root == NULL)
                printf("Not Found\n");
                return NULL;
        else if(root->data > data)
                root->left=delete_avl(root->left, data);
        else if(root->data < data)</pre>
                root->right=delete_avl(root->right, data);
       }
else if(root-> left && root-> right)
                root->left = find_max(root->left, &num);
                root->data = num;
                                                               95,1-8
```

```
alswnqodrl@alswnqodrl-900X3K: ~/Downloads
                root->left=delete_avl(root->left, data);
        else if(root->data < data)</pre>
                root->right=delete_avl(root->right, data);
        else if(root-> left && root-> right)
                root->left = find_max(root->left, &num);
                root->data = num;
        }
else
                root = chg_node(root);
        return root;
void insert_avl(avl **root, int data)
        if(!(*root))
                *root = get_node();
(*root)->data = data;
                return;
        if((*root) -> data > data)
                insert_avl(&(*root) -> left, data);
        (*root)->level=update_level(*root);
        if(abs(rotation_check(*root))>1)
        printf("Rotation\n")
        *root=rotation(*root, kinds_of_rot(*root, data));
void print_avl(avl *root)
        acl*tmp=root;
        if(root)
                printf("data=%d", tmp ->data);
        if(root->left)
                printf("left=%d", root ->left->data);
```

```
alswnqodrl@alswnqodrl-900X3K: ~/Downloads
         return root;
void insert_avl(avl **root, int data)
         if(!(*root))
                 *root = get_node();
(*root)->data = data;
                 return;
         if((*root) -> data > data)
                 insert_avl(&(*root) -> left, data);
        (*root)->level=update_level(*root);
if(abs(rotation_check(*root))>1)
         printf("Rotation\n")
        *root=rotation(*root, kinds_of_rot(*root, data));
void print_avl(avl *root)
         acl*tmp=root;
        if(root)
                 printf("data=%d", tmp ->data);
         if(root->left)
                 printf("left=%d", root ->left->data);
        else
                 printf("left=NULL");
         if(root->right)
                 printf("right=%d\n" , root->right->data);
         else
                 printf("right=NULL"\n);
printf(root->left);
                  printf(root->right);
```



<이진트리>

사용 이유: 큐에 비해 검색이 빠르고 효율적으로 가능함

단점: 이진 트리 내부에 큐와 같은 모양이 존재할 경우 큐와 다를 것 없는 검색 속도를 보이며 비효

율적임

<AVL 트리>

사용이유: 보편적인 이진트리의 문제를 해결하기 위해 완전한 이진트리를 구성하여 해당

문제를 보완