

zybo 디바이스드라이버 제작

임세진

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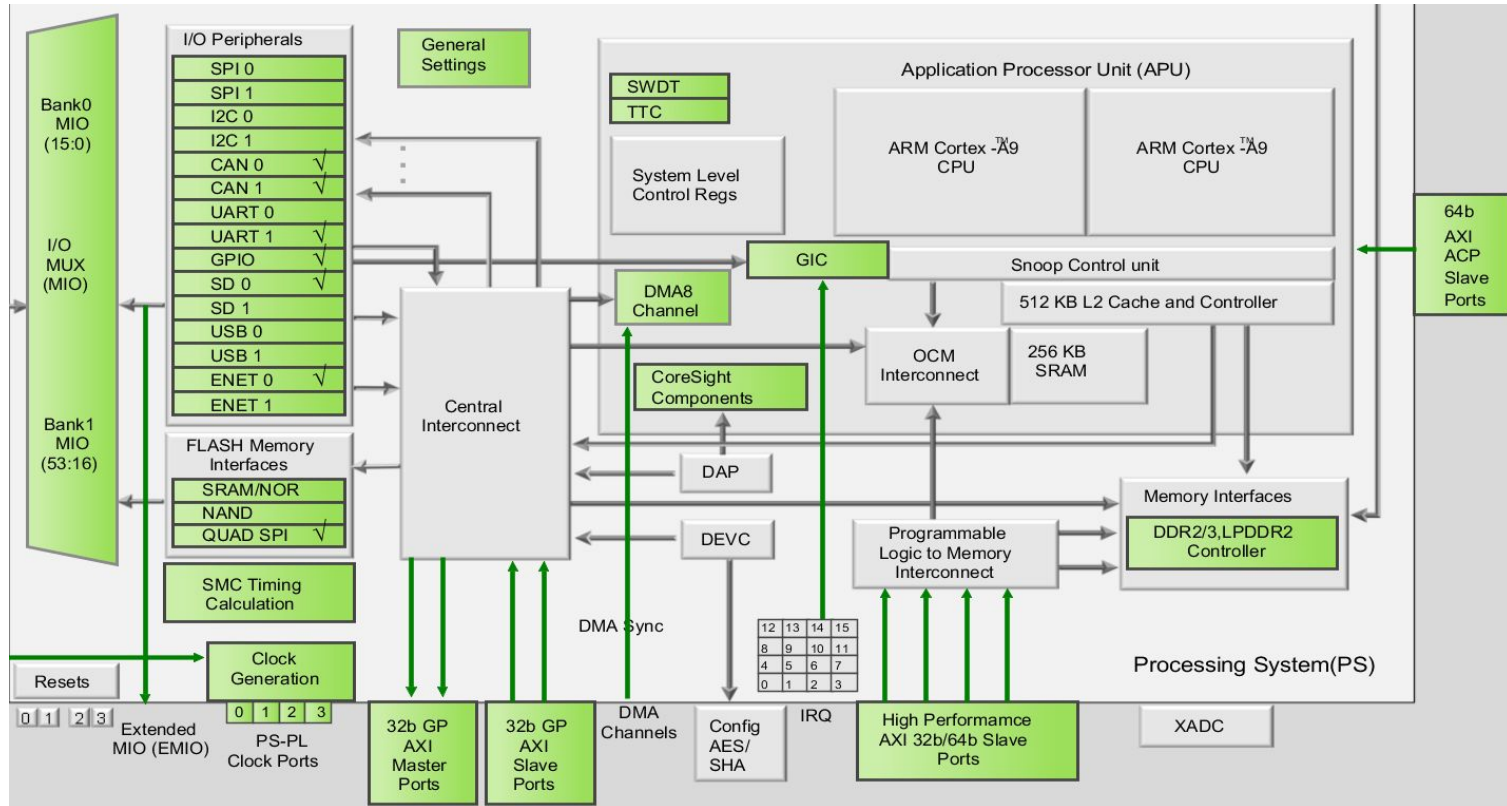
# 목차

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2. FPGA PS와PL
3. PL을 이용한 LED점등
4. SDK 펌웨어 코딩
5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

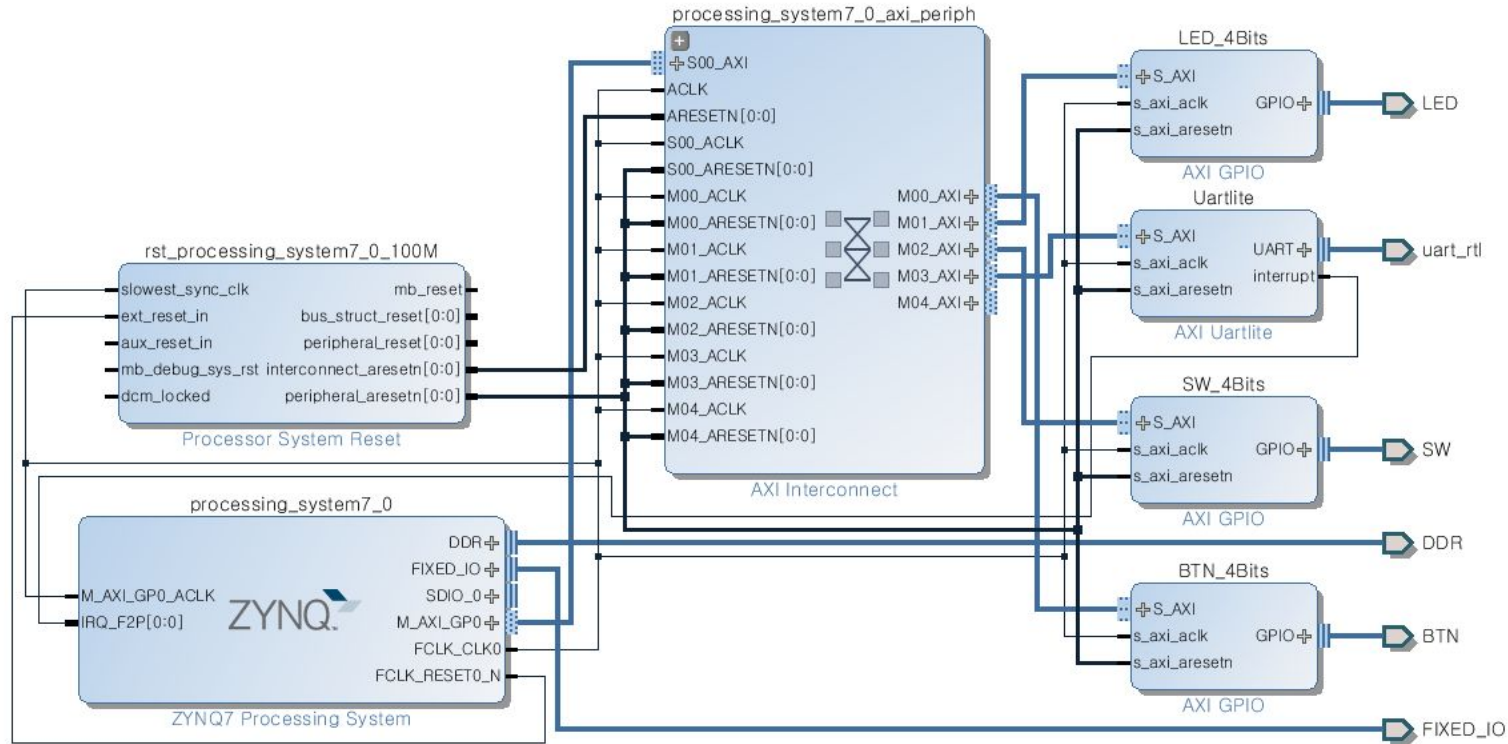
# FPGA

1. FPGA(field programmable gate array)는 설계 가능 논리 소자와 프로그래밍 가능 내부선이 포함된 반도체 소자
2. zynq는 ARM-v7 와
3. PS와 PL로 구분
  - a. PS(Processing System)은 Cortex-A9의 SOC를 사용
  - b. PL(Programmable Logic)은 프로그램이 가능한 논리 제어기
4. vivado downloads
  - a. <http://www.xilinx.com/> -> support -> downloads & licensing -> vivado
5. peta linux
  - a. 4-a에서 Embedded Development에서 2015.4 메뉴

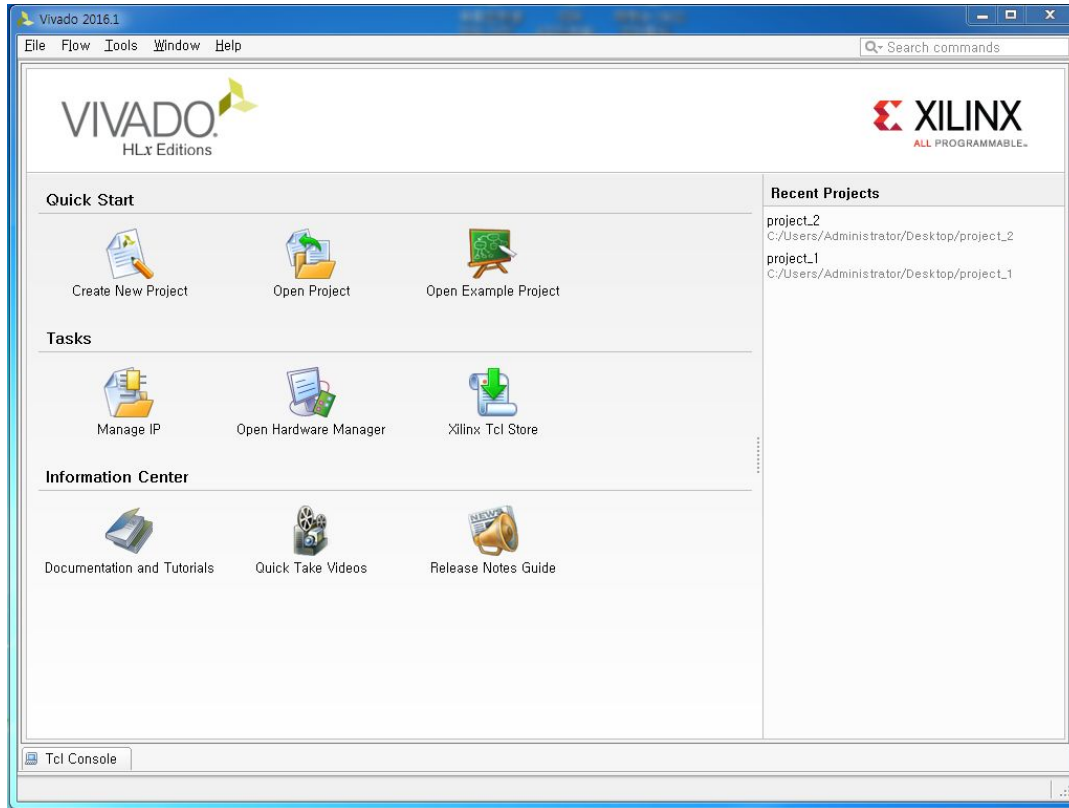
## 2. FPGA PS와 PL



## 2. FPGA PS와 PL

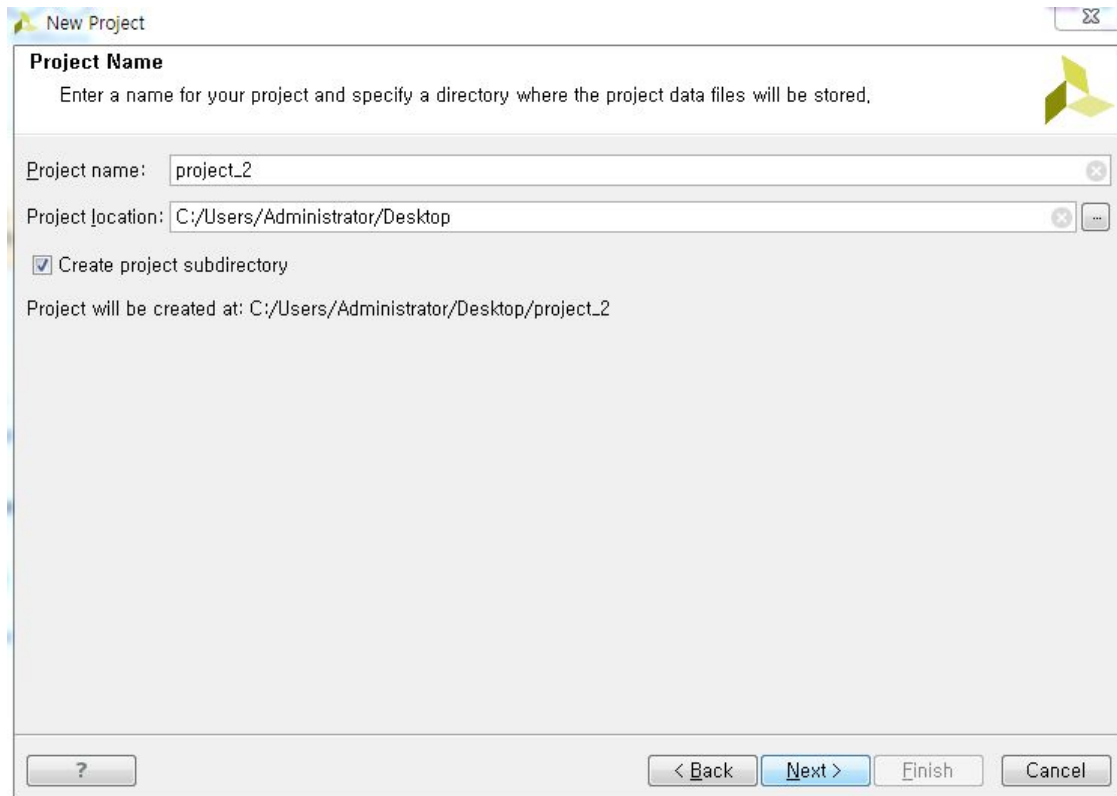


### 3. PL을 이용한 LED점등



1) Quick Start -> Create New Project

### 3. PL을 이용한 LED점등



The image shows a 'New Project' dialog box with a title bar containing a yellow triangle icon and the text 'New Project'. The dialog has a light gray background and a white border. At the top right of the dialog area is a small icon of three overlapping yellow and green triangles. The main content area is white and contains the following elements: a section header 'Project Name' in bold, followed by the instruction 'Enter a name for your project and specify a directory where the project data files will be stored.'; a text input field labeled 'Project name:' containing the text 'project\_2'; a text input field labeled 'Project location:' containing the text 'C:/Users/Administrator/Desktop'; a checked checkbox labeled 'Create project subdirectory'; and a line of text stating 'Project will be created at: C:/Users/Administrator/Desktop/project\_2'. At the bottom of the dialog is a gray bar containing five buttons: a help button with a question mark, a '< Back' button, a 'Next >' button (highlighted in blue), an 'Finish' button, and a 'Cancel' button.

New Project

**Project Name**  
Enter a name for your project and specify a directory where the project data files will be stored.

Project name: project\_2

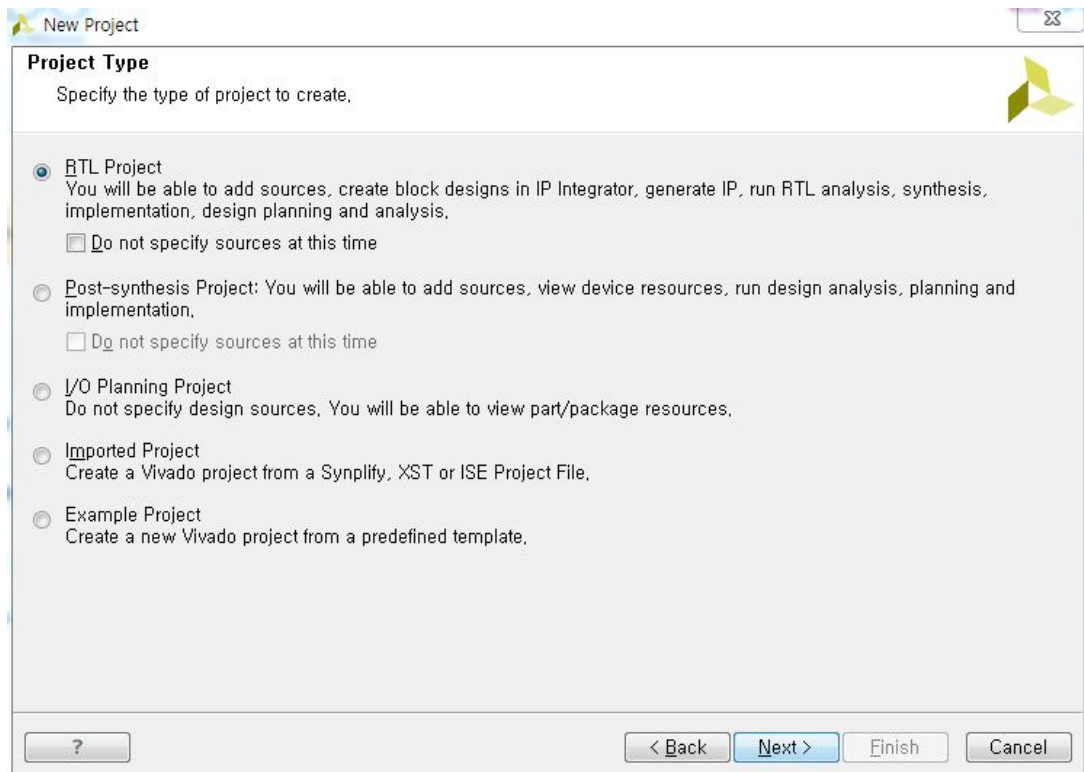
Project location: C:/Users/Administrator/Desktop

☒ Create project subdirectory

Project will be created at: C:/Users/Administrator/Desktop/project\_2

? < Back Next > Finish Cancel

### 3. PL을 이용한 LED점등





### 3. PL을 이용한 LED점등

New Project

**Default Part**  
Choose a default Xilinx part or board for your project. This can be changed later.

Select: ☒ Parts ☐ Boards

Filter

Product category: All Speed grade: -1  
Family: Zynq-7000 Temp grade: All Remaining  
Package: clg400

Reset All Filters

Search:

Part	I/O Pin Count	Block RAMs	DSPs	FlipFlops	GTPE2 Transceivers	GTXE2 Transceivers	Gb Transceivers
xc7z010clg400-1	400	60	80	35200	0	0	0
xc7z020clg400-1	400	140	220	106400	0	0	0

? < Back Next > Finish Cancel

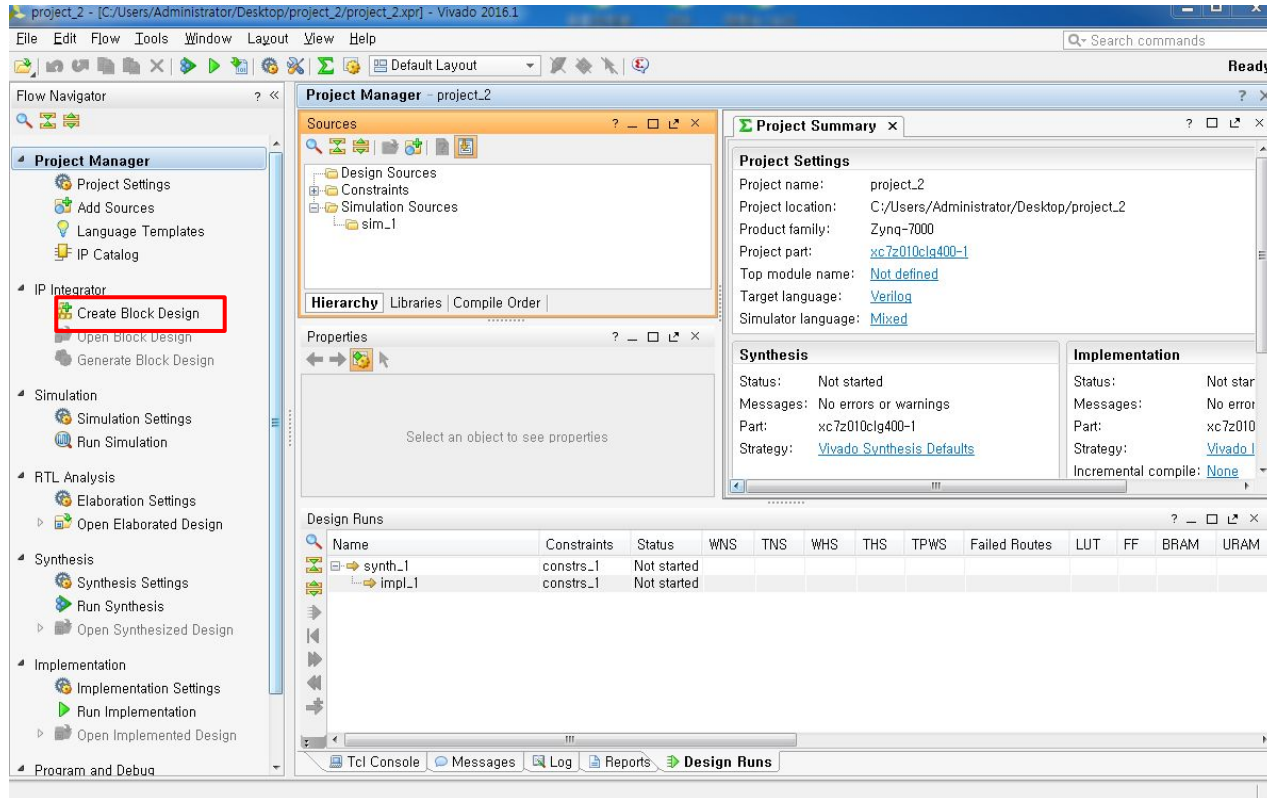
zybo 보드타입

- xc7z010clg400-1

zedboard 보드타입

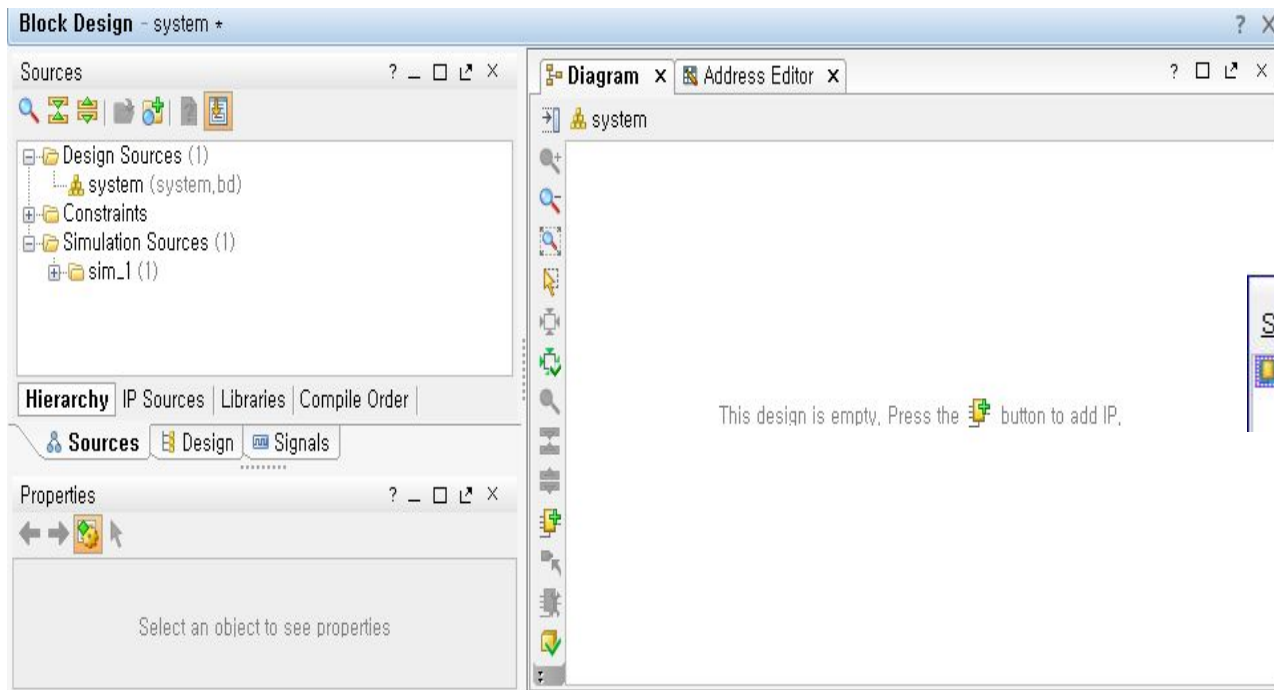
- xc7z020clg400-1

### 3. PL을 이용한 LED점등



- 1) Create Block Design
- 2) popup window
- 3) Design name
- 4) OK! click

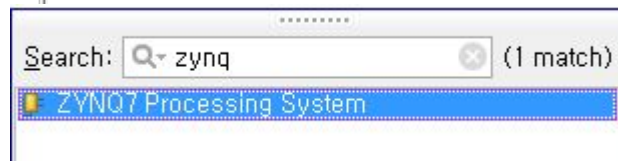
### 3. PL을 이용한 LED점등



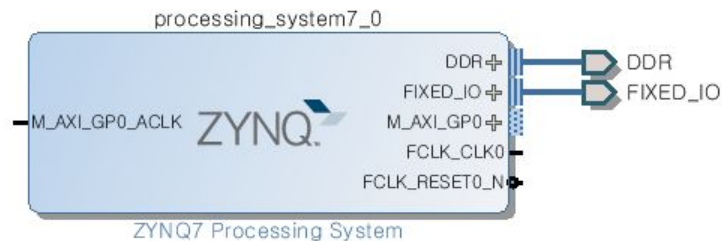
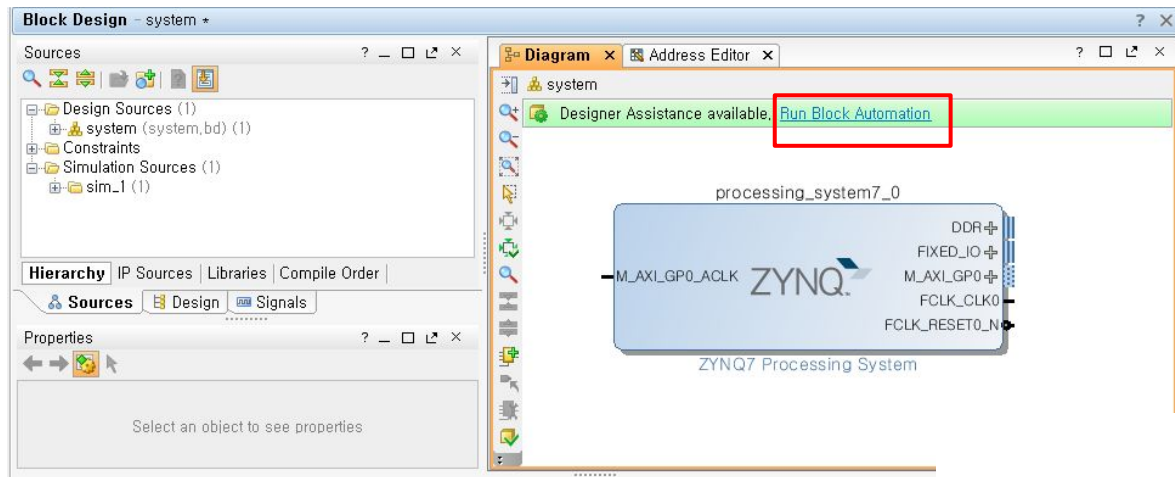
IP추가 방법

- 1) ctrl+i
- 2) Diagram -> right click

search에 zynq 검색



### 3. PL을 이용한 LED점등



## 2. FPGA PS와 PL

Memory Interfaces

I/O Peripherals

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ENET 0	MIO 16 .. 27
<input type="checkbox"/> ENET 1	
<input type="checkbox"/> USB 0	
<input type="checkbox"/> USB 1	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SD 0	MIO 40 .. 45
<input type="checkbox"/> SD 1	
<input type="checkbox"/> UART 0	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UART 1	MIO 48 .. 49
<input type="checkbox"/> I2C 0	
<input type="checkbox"/> I2C 1	
<input type="checkbox"/> SPI 0	
<input type="checkbox"/> SPI 1	
<input type="checkbox"/> CAN 0	
<input type="checkbox"/> CAN 1	
<input type="checkbox"/> GPIO	

Bank 0 I/O Voltage LVCMOS 3.3V

Bank 1 I/O Voltage LVCMOS 1.8V

Search:

Memory Interfaces

I/O Peripherals

Application Processor Unit

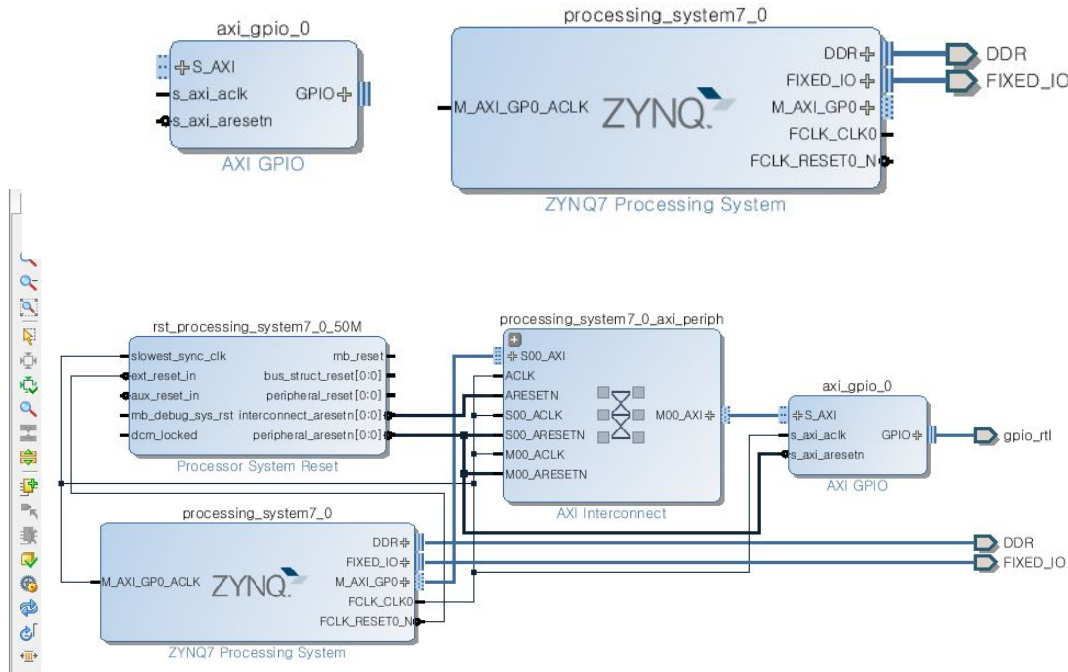
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Timer 0	EMIO
<input type="checkbox"/> Timer 1	
<input type="checkbox"/> Watchdog	

Programmable Logic Test and Debug

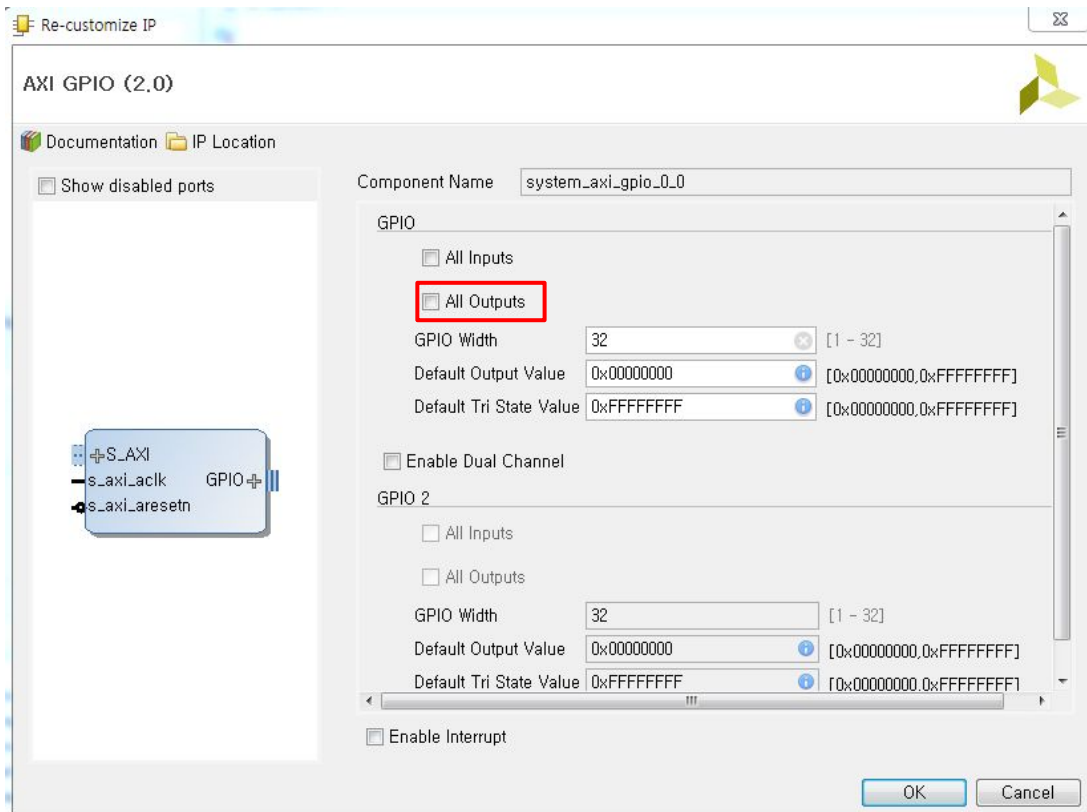
### 3. PL을 이용한 LED점등

Designer Assistance available. [Run Connection Automation](#)

- 1) gpio IP를 추가후
- 2) run connection automation

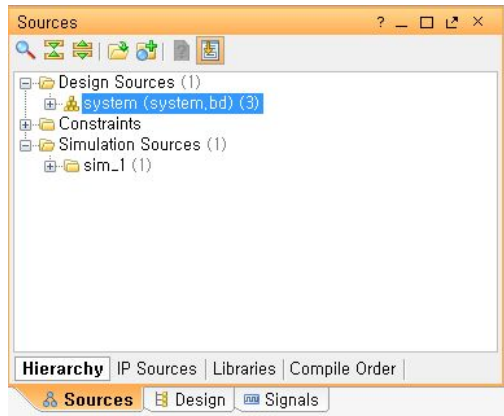


### 3. PL을 이용한 LED점등



- 1) All Outputs 체크
- 2) GPIO Width 4비트 설정
- 3) Default Output Value
  - a) 0x0000000F

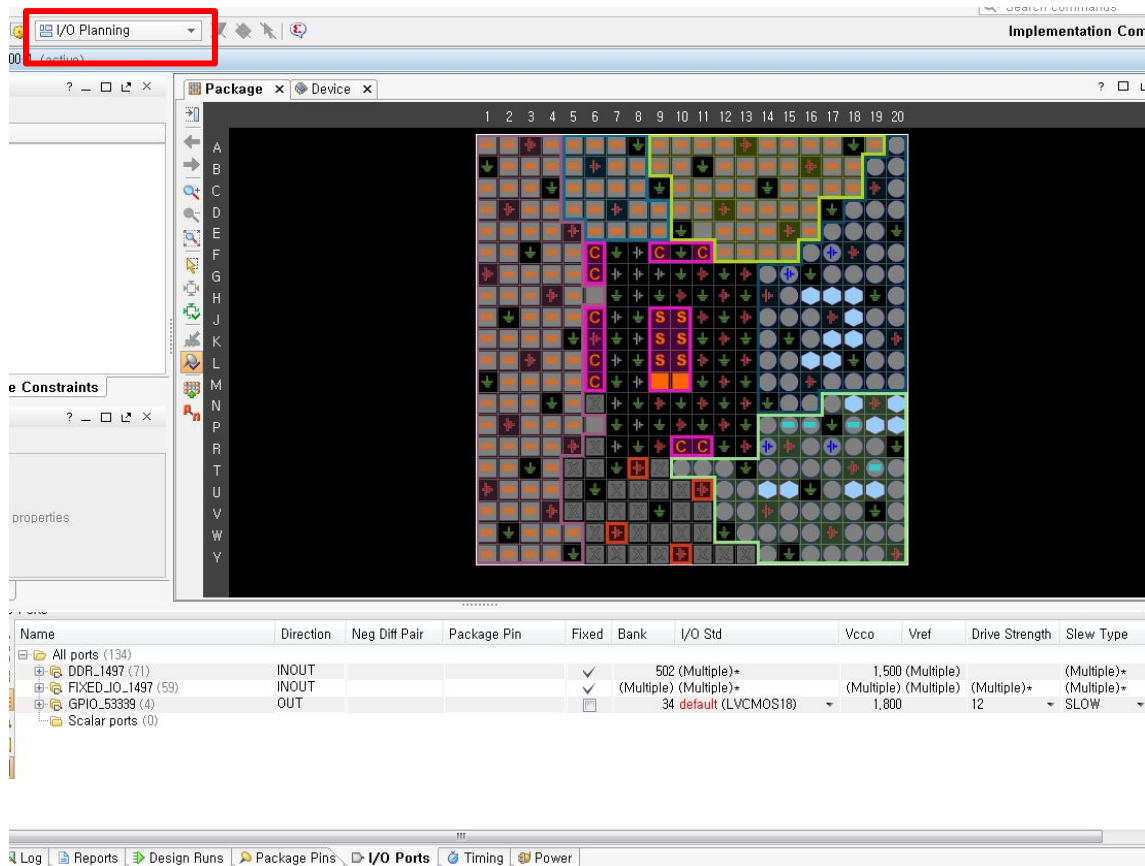
### 3. PL을 이용한 LED점등



- 1) Validate Design 클릭
- 2) Design Sources아래
- 3) system우클릭
- 4) Generate Output Products 클릭
  - a) Generate 클릭
- 5) 2번 다시
- 6) Create HDL Wrapper
- 7) Run Synthesis
- 8) Run Implementation
- 9) Open Implementation



### 3. PL을 이용한 LED점등



- 1) I/O planning 설정
- 2) GPIO 의 PIN을 설정
- 3) gpio1~4번까지 핀설정
- 4) zybo LED 핀번호
  - a) D18, G14, M15, M14
- 5) Generate Bitstream 클릭
- 6) File->Export->Export Hardware
- 7) Include Bitstream 체크
- 8) OK 클릭
- 9) Launch SDK 클릭

## 4. SDK 펌웨어코딩

The screenshot displays the Xilinx SDK IDE interface. The **Project Explorer** on the left shows the project structure for `system_wrapper_hw_platform_0`, including files like `ps7_init_gpl.c`, `ps7_init_gpl.h`, `ps7_init.c`, `ps7_init.h`, `ps7_init.html`, `ps7_init.tcl`, `system_wrapper.bit`, and `system.hdf`.

The main editor window displays the **system\_wrapper\_hw\_platform\_0 Hardware Platform Specification**. The **Design Information** section indicates the target is a 7z010 FPGA, created with Vivado 2016.1 on April 28, 2016. The **Address Map for processor ps7\_cortexa9\_0** lists various hardware components and their memory addresses:

- `ps7_intc_dist_0`: 0xf8f01000 to 0xf8f01fff
- `ps7_scutimer_0`: 0xf8f00600 to 0xf8f0061f
- `ps7_slcr_0`: 0xf8000000 to 0xf8000fff
- `ps7_scuwdt_0`: 0xf8f00620 to 0xf8f006ff
- `ps7_l2cachec_0`: 0xf8f02000 to 0xf8f02fff
- `ps7_scuc_0`: 0xf8f00000 to 0xf8f000fc
- `ps7_pmu_0`: 0xf8093000 to 0xf8093fff
- `ps7_afi_1`: 0xf8009000 to 0xf8009fff
- `ps7_afi_0`: 0xf8008000 to 0xf8008fff
- `ps7_afi_3`: 0xf800b000 to 0xf800bfff
- `ps7_afi_2`: 0xf800a000 to 0xf800afff
- `ps7_globaltimer_0`: 0xf8f00200 to 0xf8f002ff
- `ps7_dma_s`: 0xf8003000 to 0xf8003fff
- `ps7_dma_m`: 0xf8004000 to 0xf8004fff

The **Target Connections** panel at the bottom left shows no connections. The **SDK Log** panel at the bottom right shows the following messages:

```
23:59:53 INFO : Launching XSDB server: xsdb.ba
23:59:55 INFO : XSDB server has started succes
23:59:56 INFO : Processing command line option
```

## 4. SDK 펌웨어코딩

SDK Registers for axi\_gpio\_0

25

GPIO레지스터

Name	Description	Address/Offset	Size (Bytes/Bits)	Access	
▷ GPIO_DATA	Channel-1 AXI GPIO Data regist...	0x41200000	1	read-write	
▷ GPIO_TRI	Channel-1 AXI GPIO 3-State Co...	0x41200004	1	read-write	
▷ GPIO2_DATA	Channel-2 AXI GPIO Data regist...	0x41200008	4	read-write	
▷ GPIO2_TRI	Channel-2 AXI GPIO 3-State Co...	0x4120000c	4	read-write	
▷ GIER	Global Interrupt Enable register	0x4120011c	4	read-write	
▷ IP_ISR	IP Interrupt Status register	0x41200120	4	read-write	
▷ IP_IER	IP Interrupt Enable register	0x41200128	4	read-write	

axi\_gpio

OK

## 4. SDK 펌웨어코딩

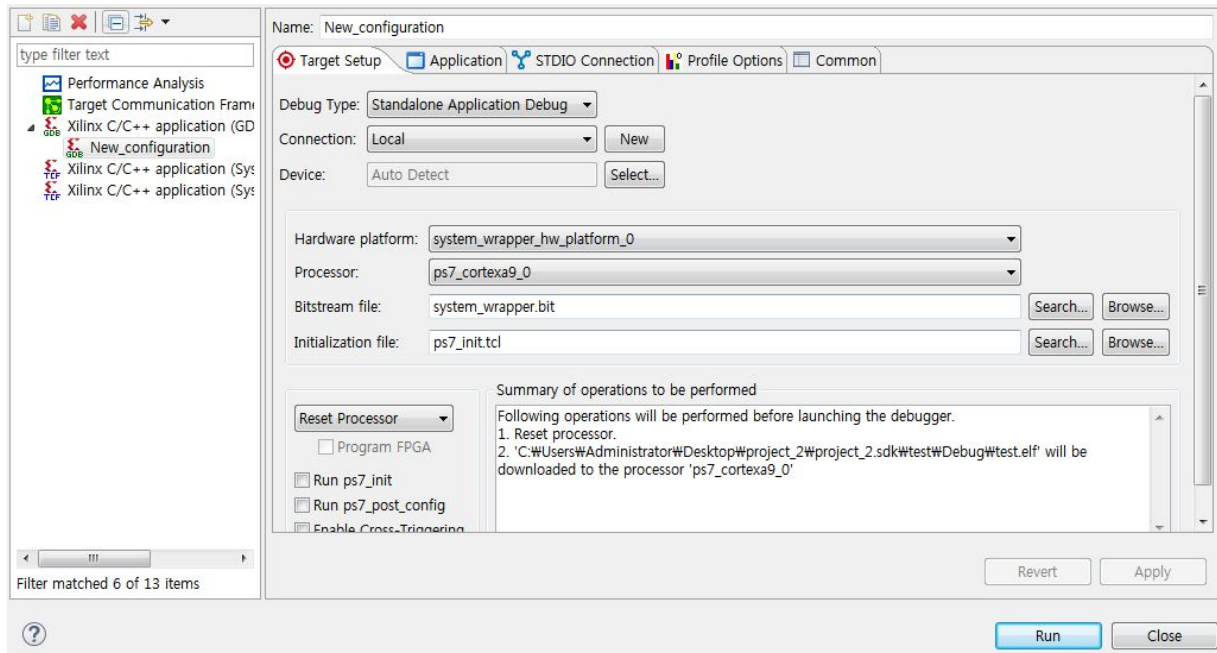
```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "xparameters.h"
#include "xgpio.h"

volatile unsigned int *BaseAddr = (unsigned int *)0x41200000;

int main()
{
    *BaseAddr = 0x00;
    return 0;
}
```

LED 소등 코드

## 4. SDK 펌웨어코딩



- 1) xilinx c/c++ application (GDB) 우클릭
- 2) NEW
- 3) 왼쪽 화면처럼 설정

## 4. SDK 펌웨어코딩

Target Setup Application STUDIO Connection Profile Options Common

Project Name: test Browse...

Application: Debug/test.elf Search... Browse...

☐ Do not download program to memory

Data Files to download before launch

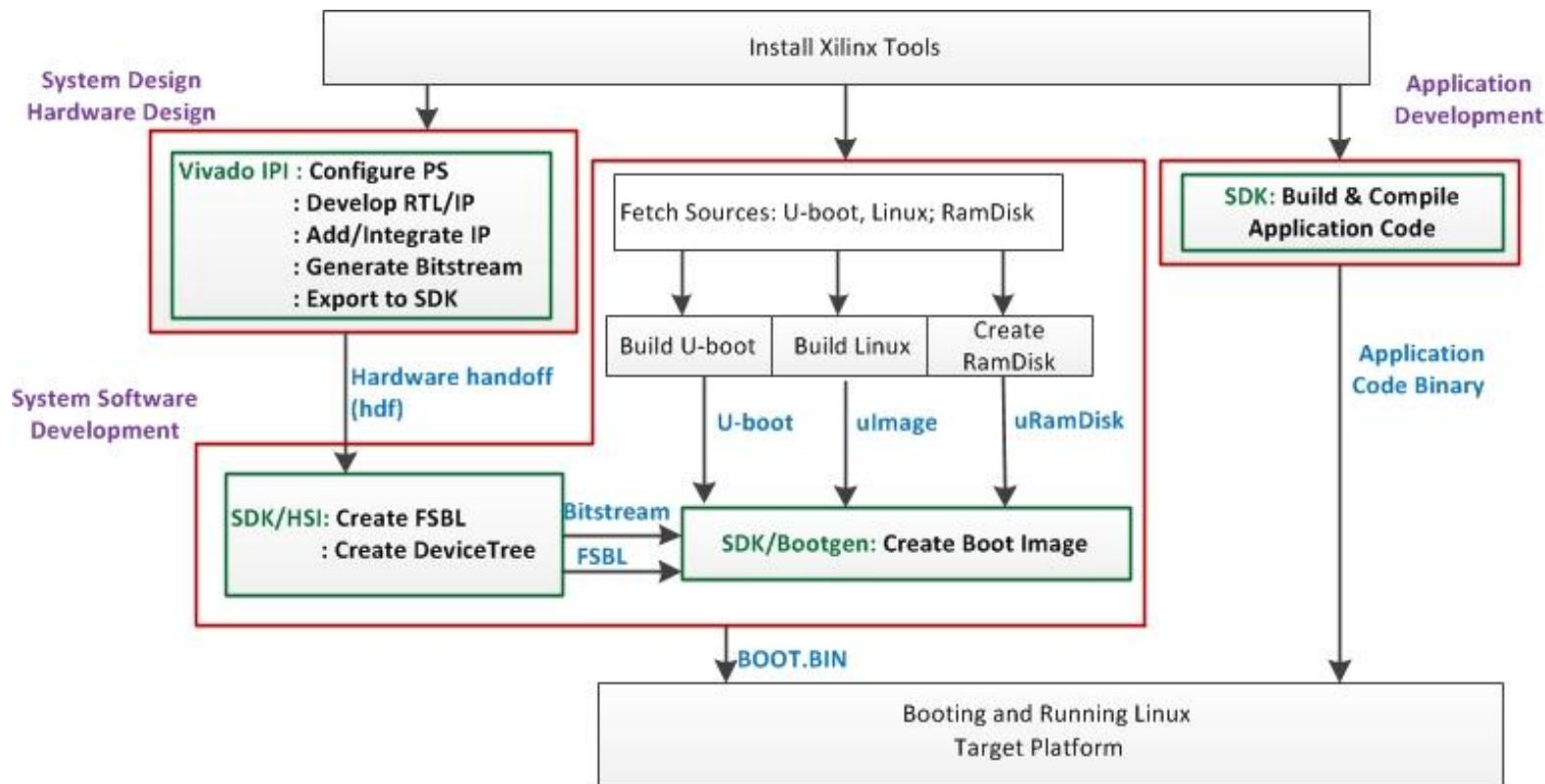
File	Address

Add Remove Relative

Revert Apply

- 1) xilinx c/c++ application (GDB) 우클릭
- 2) NEW
- 3) 왼쪽 화면처럼 설정

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버



## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

- 1) vivado 프로젝트 -> sdk폴더
- 2) hdf를 리눅스에 전송
- 3) petalinux설치후 해당폴더에 **setting.sh**를 **source**를 이용 실행
- 4) 리눅스커널 컴파일할 임의의디렉토리 생성(해당 디렉토리에서 작업 진행)



## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

```
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01# ls
software  software01
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01# petalinux-create -t project -n software02 --template zynq
INFO: Create project: software02
INFO: New project successfully created in /home/porting01/software02
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01# ls
software  software01  software02
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01#
```

petalinux-create -t project -n software02 --template zynq

```
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01/software02# cp /mnt/Window_Sh/system_wrapper.hdf ./
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01/software02# ls
config.project  hw-description  subsystems  system_wrapper.hdf
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01/software02#
```

hdf 파일을 리눅스로 복사함

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

```
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01/software02# petalinux-config --get-hw-description -p ./
INFO: Checking component...
INFO: Getting hardware description...
cp: omitting directory '/home/porting01/software02/build'
cp: omitting directory '/home/porting01/software02/hw-description'
cp: omitting directory '/home/porting01/software02/subsystems'
INFO: Rename system_wrapper.hdf to system.hdf

***** hsi v2015.4 (64-bit)
**** SW Build 1412921 on Wed Nov 18 09:44:32 MST 2015
** Copyright 1986-2015 Xilinx, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

source /home/porting01/software02/build/linux/hw-description/hw-description.tcl -notrace
```

petalinux-config --get-hw-description -p ./

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

[illegible]

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

프로젝트 최상위 디렉토리에서

subsystems->linux->configs->device\_tree->system-top.dts 오픈

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

```
/dts-v1/;  
/include/ "system-conf.dtsi"  
/  
};  
  
&clkc {  
    ps-clk-frequency = <50000000>;  
};  
  
&flash0 {  
    compatible = "s25fl128s1";  
};  
  
&usb0 {  
    dr_mode = "otg";  
};  
  
&gem0 {  
    phy-handle = <&phy0>;  
    mdio {  
        #address-cells = <1>;  
        #size-cells = <0>;  
        phy0: phy@1 {  
            compatible = "realtek,RTL8211E";  
            device_type = "ethernet-phy";  
            reg = <1>;  
        };  
    };  
};
```

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

프로젝트 최상위 디렉토리에서

`subsystems->linux->configs->u-boot->platform-top.h`

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

```
/* Define ZYBO PS Clock Frequency to 50MHz */  
#define CONFIG_ZYNQ_PS_CLK_FREQ 50000000UL  
  
#include <configs/platform-auto.h>
```

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

작업 디렉토리에서

`petalinux-create -t modules -n 모듈이름 --enable`

```
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01/software02# petalinux-create -t modules -n LED_out --enable
INFO: Create modules: LED_out
INFO: New modules successfully created in /home/porting01/software02/components/modules/LED_out
INFO: Enabling created component...
INFO: It has been enabled to linux/rootfs
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01/software02#
```

작업 디렉토리에서

`petalinux-create -t apps -n 앱이름 --enable`

```
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01/software02# petalinux-create -t apps -n LED_test --enable
INFO: Create apps: LED_test
INFO: New apps successfully created in /home/porting01/software02/components/apps/LED_test
INFO: Enabling created component...
INFO: It has been enabled to linux/rootfs
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01/software02#
```



## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

작업 디렉토리에서

components->modules->모듈이름

```
root@ubuntu-AO756:/home/porting01/software02/components/modules/LED_out# ls
LED_out.c  Makefile  README
root@ubuntu-AO756:/home/porting01/software02/components/modules/LED_out#
```

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

modules, app을 작성후

petalinux-config -c rootfs 에서 추가한 파일들을 컴파일 가능하게 등록 한다.

petalinux-build로 커널을 빌드한다.

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

빌드후

images->linux 디렉토리에서

petalinux-package --boot --fsbl zynq\_fsbl.elf --fpga ./system\_wrapper.bit --u-boot

```
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01/software02/images/linux# ls
image.elf  rootfs.cpio.gz  system_wrapper.bit  u-boot-s.bin  u-boot-s.srec  zImage
image.ub   system.dtb      u-boot.bin          u-boot-s.elf  urootfs.cpio.gz  zynq_fsbl.elf
rootfs.cpio  System.map.linux  u-boot.elf          u-boot.srec   vmlinux
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01/software02/images/linux# petalinux-package --boot --fsbl zynq_fsbl.elf --fpga ./system_wrapper.bit --u-boot
INFO: File in BOOT BIN: "/home/porting01/software02/images/linux/zynq_fsbl.elf"
INFO: File in BOOT BIN: "/home/porting01/software02/images/linux/system_wrapper.bit"
INFO: File in BOOT BIN: "/home/porting01/software02/images/linux/u-boot.elf"
INFO: Generating zynq binary package BOOT.BIN...
INFO: Binary is ready.
root@ubuntu-A0756:/home/porting01/software02/images/linux#
```

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

생성된 BOOT.BIN을 SD카드에 복사  
커널부팅

```
root@software03:~# mknod /dev/LED c 150 0
root@software03:~# insmod /lib/modules/4.0.0-xilinx/extra/LED_out.ko
LED module
root@software03:~#
```

디바이스 노드 등록

`mknod /dev/LED c 150 0`

`insmod /lib/modules/4.0.0-xilinx/extra/LED_out.ko`

## 5. 리눅스 디바이스 드라이버

```
login[880]: root login on 'ttyPS0'
root@software03:~# mknod /dev/LED c 150 0
root@software03:~# insmod /lib/modules/4.0.0-xilinx/extra/LED_out.ko
LED module
LED_out 41200000.gpio: Device Tree Probing
LED Address 0xe09a0000
LED_out 41200000.gpio: no IRQ found
LED_out 41200000.gpio: LED_out at 0x41200000 mapped to 0xe09a0000
```