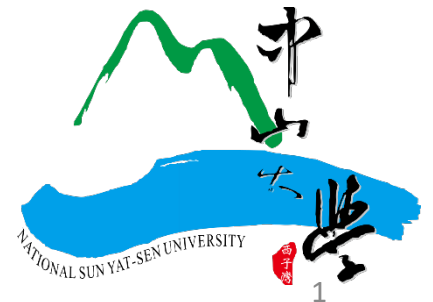


# Computer Vision: Assignment 3

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# Outline

3a) Image Filtering with Convolutional Layers

3b) Single-Input Single-Output (SISO) and Single-Input Multi-Output (SIMO) CNN Models

## Steps for Assignment 3a

1. Open [assignment\\_3a\\_template.ipynb](#)

2. Use below to create inputs

```
inputs = tf.keras.Input((None, None, 1))
```

3. Use below to create outputs

```
outputs = Conv2D(1, kernel_size, stride, padding, name='conv1')(inputs)
```

- `kernel_size` is set to 5 throughout this assignment.
- You need to determine `stride` and `padding` such that the output shape of Conv2D is the same as the input shape.

4. Use below to create the model

```
filter_net = tf.keras.Model(XXX)
```

- You need to determine XXX.

5. Use below to set the weights and bias of Conv2D

```
filter_net.get_layer('conv1').set_weights([weights, bias])
```

- `bias` is set to `np.array([0])`
- `weights` is a numpy array of shape `(kernel_size, kernel_size, 1, 1)`
- Each entry of `weights` has the value `1/kernel_size**2`

## Steps for Assignment 3a

6. Use below to get `img`

```
img = cv2.imread('Winona.jpg', cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
```

7. `img` is of shape (772, 564)

- Use `np.expand_dims()` to change its shape to (1, 772, 564)
- Denote the result by `img_batch`. Note that `img_batch` is of shape (1, 772, 564).

8. Use below to get `img_out`

```
img_out = filter_net(img_batch)
```

- Reshape `img_out` such that its shape is (772, 564)
- Use `np.array()` to convert the dtype of `img_out` to `np.uint8`

9. Use `plt.imshow(img_out, cmap='gray')`  
to display `img` and `img_out` as shown in Figure 1.

[Question 1] If `kernel_size` in Steps 3 and 5 is changed from 5 to 11, how will `img_out` change (more blurry or more clear)? Why?

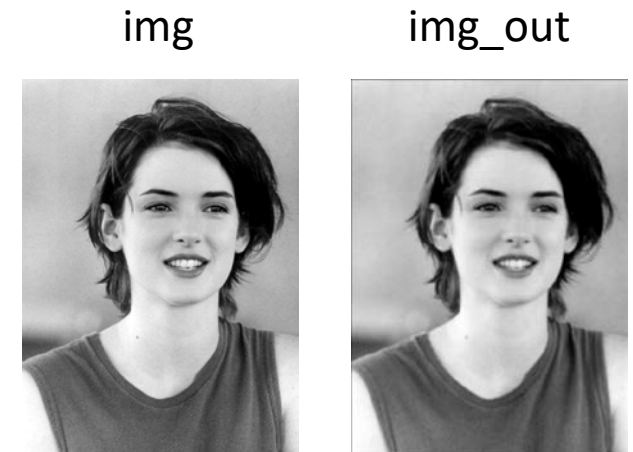


Figure 1

## Steps for Assignment 3a

10. Let `img` be defined as in Step 6. Note that `img` is of shape (772, 564).

- `pad = int((kernel_size-1) / 2)`
- Create the zero array `img_pad` of shape `(772+2*pad, 564+2*pad)`
- `img_pad` is depicted as the dashed rectangle in Figure 2.
- Assign `img` to the region of solid rectangle in Figure 2.
  - Hint: `img_pad[XXX, YYY] = img`
  - You need to determine XXX and YYY.

11. Repeat Step 2 to Step 5 with the following adjustment:

- In Step 3, set `stride=1` and `padding='valid'`

12. Change the shape of `img_pad` to `(1, 772+2*pad, 564+2*pad)` as done in Step 7, and denote the result by `img_batch`.

13. Repeat Steps 8 and 9.

[Question 2] Let Step 2 to Step 9 be denoted as Method 1, and Step 10 to Step 13 be denoted as Method 2.

Why Methods 1 and 2 lead to the same results?

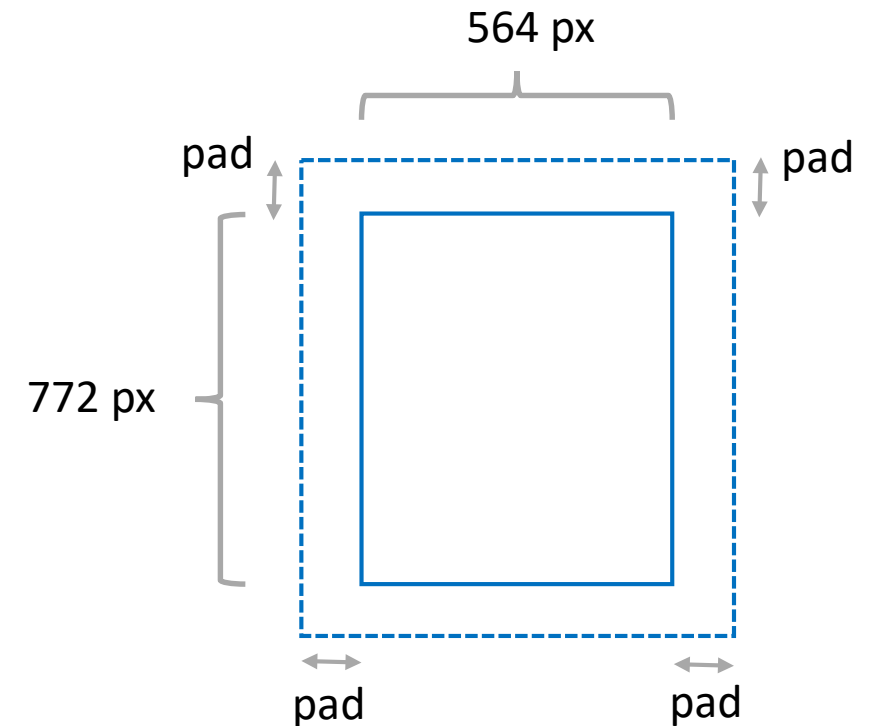


Figure 2

## Steps for Assignment 3b

1. Open [assignment\\_3b\\_template.ipynb](#)
2. Create the CNN model `net48_siso()` that satisfies the following requirements:
  - The input shape of the model is (48, 48, 3).
  - The output shape of the model is (1, 1, 2).
  - It is **prohibited** to use any fully connected layers, `Dense()`.
  - You might need to use `Conv2D()` and `MaxPooling2D()` many times.
  - The `kernel_size` of `Conv2D()` must satisfy  $1 \leq \text{kernel\_size} \leq 7$
  - The `strides` of `Conv2D()` must satisfy  $1 \leq \text{strides} \leq 2$
  - The `pool_size` of `MaxPooling2D()` must satisfy  $1 \leq \text{pool\_size} \leq 2$
  - The `strides` of `MaxPooling2D()` must satisfy  $1 \leq \text{strides} \leq 2$
  - The output of the model is defined by
    - `x = Conv2D(K, F, S, P, activation='softmax', name='cls_output')(x)`
    - You need to determine K, F, S, P such that the output shape is (1,1,2).
    - The choices K, F, S, P depends on previous layers, and thus the choices are not unique.
    - The name of the output layer should be `cls_output`.
    - The activation function of the output layer should be `softmax`. The activation function of other `Conv2D` layers should use `relu`.

## Steps for Assignment 3b

3. Create the CNN model `net48_simo()` that satisfies the following requirements:
  - This model needs to satisfy all the requirements in Step 2 of Assignment 4b.
  - This model has two outputs. The first output is the same as that in Step 2 of Assignment 4b.
  - The second output of the model is defined by
    - `x2 = Conv2D(K, F, S, P, name='reg_output')(x)`
    - You need to determine K, F, S, P such that the output shape is (1,1,4).
    - The choices K, F, S, P depends on previous layers, and thus the choices are not unique.
    - The name of the second output layer should be `reg_output`.
    - The second output layer **is not** followed by any activations.
    - You can change the variable name `x2`.
4. Use below to return the model

```
return tf.keras.Model(inputs = inputs, outputs = XXX)
```

  - You need to determine XXX.
  - Hint: XXX is a list or a tuple that contains the two outputs.

## Steps for Assignment 3b

[Question 3] After defining `model48_simo()`, consider below

```
img = np.random.randn(1, 48, 48, 3)
outputs = model48_simo.predict(img)
cls = np.reshape(outputs[0], (2,))
reg = np.reshape(outputs[1], (4,))
```

Why `cls[0] + cls[1]` is always equal to one regardless of the values of `img`?