

# Homework 0

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January 2023

## 1. Fill in the following table

$p$	$q$	$\neg p$	$\neg q$	$p \implies q$	$\neg p \implies \neg q$	$\neg q \implies \neg p$	$\neg(p \iff q)$
T	T	F	F	T	T	T	F
T	F	F	T	F	T	F	T
F	T	T	F	T	F	T	F
F	F	T	T	T	T	T	T

## 2. Which of the following expressions are tautologies?

- $((p \implies q) \implies p) \implies p$  : Tautology
- $((p \vee q) \wedge \neg q) \implies q$  : Tautology
- $(p \implies (\neg p \wedge q))$  : Not a Tautology
- $((p \vee \neg q) \implies r) \implies q$  : Not a Tautology
- $((p \implies q) \vee (r \implies s)) \implies ((p \vee r) \implies (q \wedge s))$  : Tautology
- $((p \implies q) \wedge (r \implies s)) \implies ((p \vee r) \implies (q \wedge s))$  : Tautology

## 3. State whether the given biconditional is true or false under the assumption that all variables are quantified over $\mathbb{R}$ . Give a brief explanation for each.

- (a)  $x^2 = 9$  if and only if  $x = 3$  : False because  $(-3)^2 = 9$
- (b)  $x$  is a positive number if and only if  $x > 0$  : True because positive numbers are numbers that are greater than 0
- (c)  $|x|$  is a positive number if and only if  $x \neq 0$  : True because the absolute value of a number is always positive unless its 0
- (d) A number  $x$  is rational if and only if it has a terminating decimal expansion : False because  $\frac{1}{3}$  is rational but does not have a terminating decimal expansion
- (e) Today is March 1 if and only if yesterday was February 28 : False because today is March 1st and yesterday was February 29th if its a leap year

## L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Exercises

1. Please type me! Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow!
2.  $e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0$
3.  $e^{i\Theta} = \cos(\Theta) + i \sin(\Theta)$
4.  $G_{\mu\nu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} = \frac{8\pi G}{c^4} T_{\mu\nu}$
5.  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 + 4ac}}{2a}$
6.  $\vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{t}$

$$7. (x+y)^n = \sum_{r=0}^n \binom{n}{r} x^r y^{n-r}$$

$$8. \sqrt{\frac{a_1^2 + \dots + a_n^2}{n}} \geq \frac{a_1 + \dots + a_n}{n} \geq \sqrt[n]{a_1 + \dots + a_n} \geq \frac{n}{\frac{1}{a_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{a_n}}$$

$$9. |\langle x, y \rangle| \leq \langle x, x \rangle * \langle y, y \rangle$$

10.

$$\text{A1: } \varphi \longrightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \varphi)$$

$$\text{A2: } (\varphi \longrightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \theta)) \longrightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \longrightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \theta))$$

$$\text{A3: } (\neg \varphi \rightarrow \neg \psi) \longrightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \varphi)$$