

# What is Agro-Informatics?

AEC3012

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## Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)

Agro-informatics connects information technology with the farm management, analysis and application of agricultural data to design more accurate and targeted agricultural interventions.

## Examples of The Use of New Technology in Agriculture

Satellite Imagery

Remote Sensing

Geographic Information Systems (GIS)

Information and Technology enable the transformation of data into actionable information.

# Benefits of Agro-Informatics

- Enhanced Decision Making: With real-time data on soil health, weather patterns, and crop growth, farmers can make informed decisions that maximize their yield.
- Resource Optimization: Agriculture informatics helps optimize the use of resources such as water, fertilizers, and pesticides, reducing waste and environmental impact.
- Precision Agriculture: Through GPS and remote sensing technologies, farmers can precisely target their interventions, minimizing costs and environmental harm.

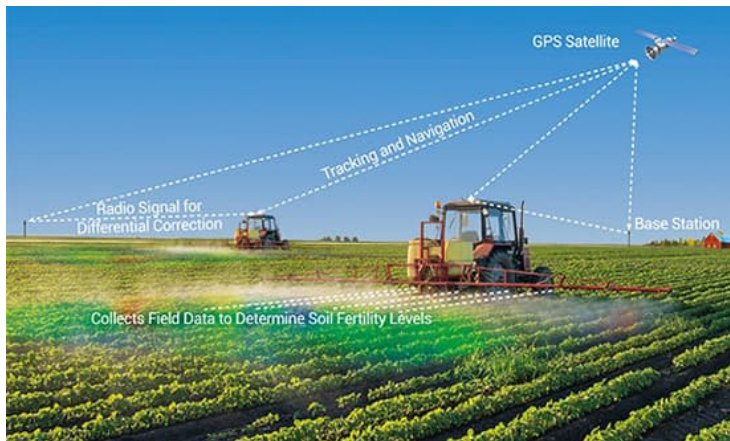
# Benefits of Agro-Informatics

- Early Disease Detection: Monitoring tools and data analysis enable the early detection of disease outbreaks, preventing their spread and minimizing losses.
- Supply Chain Efficiency: Informatics streamlines the supply chain, reducing post-harvest losses and ensuring fresher produce reaches consumers.

# Example of Agro-Informatics



# Example of Agro-Informatics



# Example of Agro-Informatics



# In this class,

- We will combine agricultural economics and computer science.
- We will learn about how to collect, store, and analyze a variety of data used in agricultural economics.



- A variety of sources of data and information related to agricultural economics
- Statistics Korea, Bank of Korea, Government Agencies, AGRIX, etc
- International Agricultural Data (World Bank, FAO, etc)

국나통계 | 주제별 통계

https://kosis.kr/statisticsList/statisticsListIndex.do?vwcd=MT\_ZTITLE&menuId=M\_01\_01

국립중앙도서관

여러 개의 통계표를 하나의 통계표로 합치 새로운 통계표를 생성해 볼 수 있습니다.

통계목록 범위

- (대용량)파일다운로드
- 통계정보
- 통계표정보
- 일반통계표
- 추진통계표
- 시계열단열통계표
- 세상을그리는통계

국도이용

경제일반 · 경기

기업경영

농림

- ▶ 농작물생산조사
- ▶ 가공식품소비자태도조사
- ▶ 가축동향조사
- ▶ 과실류가공현황
- ▶ 국가산림자원조사
- ▶ 귀농귀촌실태조사
- ▶ 귀농어·귀촌인통계
- ▶ 기능성장잠산업현황
- ▶ 농림어업조사
- ▶ 농림어업총조사
- ▶ 농림업생산지수
- ▶ 농산물소득조사
- ▶ 농어업인등에대한복지실태조사
- ▶ 농업기계보유현황

국내통계 | 주제별 통계

https://kosis.kr/statisticsList/statisticsListIndex.do?vwcd=MT\_ZTITLE&menuId=M\_01\_01

### 주제별 통계

통계목록검색

주제전체보기 관심주제설정 목록받기 오름차순

- 인구
- 사회일반
- 범죄·안전
- 노동
- 소득·소비·자산
  - ▶ 가계금융복지조사
    - 가계동향조사
    - 농가경제조사
  - 농가경제(2003년 이후, 2인이상)
  - 농가경제(2023년 이후, 1인이상)
  - 농가경제(1962~2002년, 2인이상)

**나의 통계**  
통계표, 게시글 등 나만의 스크린 목록을 빠르게 찾아갈 수 있습니다.

**복합통계표 조회**  
여러 개의 통계표를 하나의 통계표로 한꺼번에

맞춤형 사업안내

농식품사업

지자체사업(시범)

정보열람

FAQ

## 농림사업 정보제공

■ 많은 지원사업 정보 중에서 나의 조건에 맞는 사업정보를 검색할 수 있습니다.

지침서

안내서

사용자매뉴얼

전체선택 선택조건화

생산지반(공통)	농촌, 공동체	식량	원예작물, 유통	축산	식품	농생명 산업	탄소중립, 기후변화	임업
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 직불제 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 소득안정 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 농가지원 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 농지 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 인력인프라 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 농기계지원 통합안내	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 농촌복지 여성농업인 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 농촌개발농촌산업 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 농촌공동체환경 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 지역인프라 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 귀농귀촌인력육성	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 공동경영체 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 비영리농산물판매 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 식량수급안정 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 기반조성 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 수매·가공·수비	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 생산기반(농산물)비 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 채소 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 과수·화훼특작 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 유통·가공·유통 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 수급안정·소비촉진 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 산지조직화 통합안내	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 사육지원 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 가축사육시설산업 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 축산환경개선 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 가축유통·수급·수비 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 가축방역·위생지원 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 조사·연구·지원 통합안내	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 기반·구축 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 식품안전·환경·인증 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 식품산업·외식산업 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 식생활·식품·수비 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 농식품수출	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 스마트농업 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 종자, 곤충, 미생물, 도시농업 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 동물복지 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 창업·농산업·인력 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 농산업수출 국제개발	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 친환경농업 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 에코·친환경 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 차세대·농축산 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 차세대·인증·지원 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 기후변화·대응	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 생산·기반·확충

사업년도

2025

담당기관

농림축산식품부

검색

신청자격 ☐ 농가 ☐ 농업법인/농업기관 ☐ 지자체

자금유형 ☐ 국비보조 ☐ 지방비보조 ☐ 융자 ☐ 자부담

# World Bank Open Data

World Bank Open Data | Data

https://data.worldbank.org

HOME ECONOMIES THEMES DATA & RESOURCES ABOUT English

## World Bank Open Data

Free and open access to global development data

agriculture

World Development Indicators People Prosperity Planet Infrastructure Digital

# Agriculture & Rural Development

- Agriculture, forestry, and fishing, value added (constant LCU)
- Agriculture, forestry, and fishing, value added (current LCU)
- Agriculture, forestry, and fishing, value added (current US\$)
- Agriculture, forestry, and fishing, value added (% of GDP)
- Agriculture, forestry, and fishing, value added (annual % growth)
- Agriculture, forestry, and fishing, value added (constant 2015 US\$)
- Agriculture, forestry, and fishing, value added per worker (constant 2015 US\$)

Browse World Development Indicators by Economy or Indicator

development. This is an ongoing effort and we welcome your

INFRASTRUCTURE

DIGITAL

Eliminating the digital divide

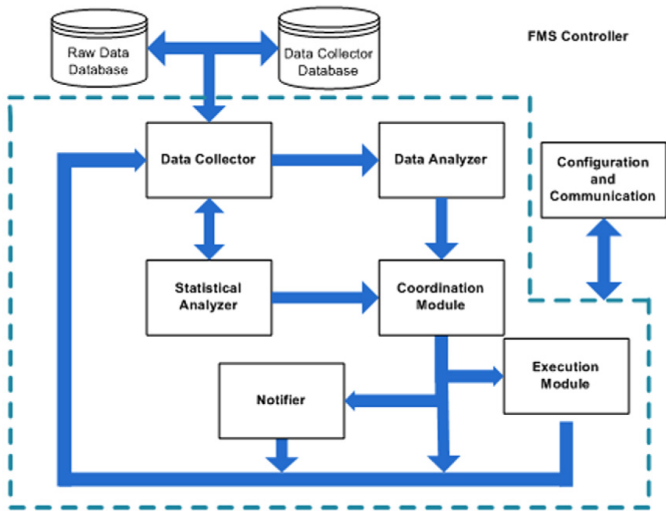
Ensuring all people through education, health, social protection, and gender equality	Promoting economic policies for growth	Sustaining the planet's natural resources for inclusive growth	Promoting clean energy access, sustainable transport and livable cities
88%	10%	39,024	91.6%
Primary completion rate, female (% of relevant age)	Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.00 a day (2021 PPP) (% of population), 2023	Carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions (total) excluding LULUCF (Mt CO2e), 2023	Access to electricity (% of population), 2023

65.4%

Individuals using the Internet (% of population), 2023

The screenshot shows the FAOSTAT website in a web browser. The header features the FAO logo and the text 'Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations'. A search bar is located in the top right corner. Below the header, there are navigation tabs: 'Data', 'Selected Indicators', 'Compare Data', 'Rankings', 'Definitions and Standards', and 'FAQ'. A search bar is also present below these tabs with the placeholder text 'Search an Indicator or Commodity'. The main section is titled 'Data' and has two sub-sections: 'DOMAINS' and 'DOMAINS TABLE'. Under 'DOMAINS', there are two columns of links, each with an icon and a right-pointing arrow. The left column includes: Production, Food Security and Nutrition (with an SDG indicator icon), Food Balances, Trade, Prices, Cost and Affordability of a Healthy Diet, and Food and Diet. The right column includes: Population and Employment, Investment (with an SDG indicator icon), Macro-Economic Indicators, Food Value Chain, Climate Change: Agrifood systems emissions, and Forestry. A small chat bubble icon is visible in the bottom right corner of the main content area.

- Database Management System (DBMS, e.g., MS ACCESS)
- Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)
- Structured Query Language (SQL)





Functional block	Supported functionality
Raw Data DB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used for storing raw data as collected from the sensors, farming machinery, tracking systems, external services e.g., meteorological data</li> <li>These data are the property of farmer and can use them when switching from one FMS provider to another</li> </ul>
Data collector DB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used for placing all processed data (e.g., after statistical processing of raw data) and information related to a farmer (e.g., advices from an advisory system, executed actions, the results of these actions, etc.)</li> <li>It contains knowledge produced by the cognitive cycle (monitor, decision, execution, learning) or directly by a stakeholder (e.g. farmer, machinery manufacturer). Knowledge storage in the database is similar to the paradigm applied in the case of text-mining (Chakrabarti, 2002). During the latter, text is represented as a vector and associated with a class which in turn can be associated with any set of actions (i.e. web search). Following the analogy, in our case, knowledge is represented as a vector that can be classified and associated with any set of rules or actions</li> </ul>
Data collector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used to transfer data to and from the Data Collector Database and the Raw Data Database</li> <li>Provides information for further processing to the Data Analyzer and the Statistical Analyzer module and also communicates with the Notifier.</li> </ul>
Data analyzer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Involved with the processing and analysis of different types of data and different types of context. It contains a multimedia analyzer.</li> <li>Checks periodically if some rules are violated or not</li> <li>Checks if some received values are not inside an expected range</li> <li>Communicates with the coordination module and the statistical analyzer</li> </ul>
Statistical analyzer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>It processes an amount of data using statistical functions</li> <li>Uses data mining techniques to inform about the system's performance</li> <li>Used to identify malfunctioning farming machinery or equipment (e.g., sensor).</li> </ul>
Coordination module	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Receives input from the Data Analyzer and the Statistical Analyzer and has the "intelligence" to handle simple situations (e.g., temperature increase inside a greenhouse)</li> <li>Coordinates the decisions reached by services the farmer is currently using</li> <li>Responsible for conflict resolution among services</li> <li>Triggers the execution module and the notifier.</li> <li>It is configurable from the Statistical Analyzer module or directly from external entities (e.g., farmers, equipment manufacturers) since it allows them to install "knowledge" in the form of pre-defined rules</li> </ul>
Notifier	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used to inform stakeholders (e.g. farmers, buyers, spraying contractors, agriculturists, etc.)</li> <li>Adapts any type of information to an appropriate form for end-user's device</li> </ul>
Execution module	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used for actions that can be executed automatically (e.g. open the windows start the ventilation system, initiate a firmware update, etc.). For those actions that cannot or the farmer wishes not to be executed automatically, the Notifier is responsible to inform the farmer with the appropriate information</li> </ul>
Configuration and communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sets the communication channels to collect raw data from the sensors and the farming equipment/machinery</li> <li>Communicates with services provided from other parties</li> <li>Used to configuring all other modules of the system (e.g. set a threshold to the Data Analyzer)</li> <li>Is responsible for authentication and authorization</li> <li>Is the message dispatcher for all other modules of the FMS controller</li> </ul>



