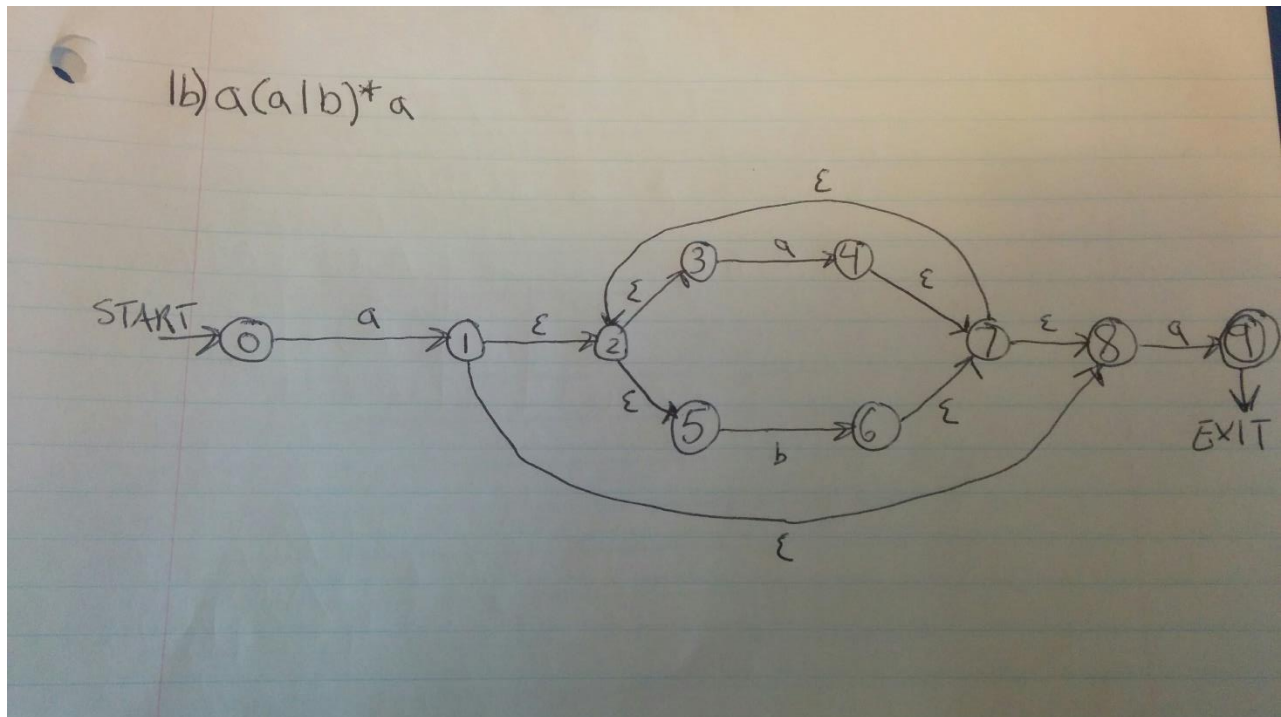
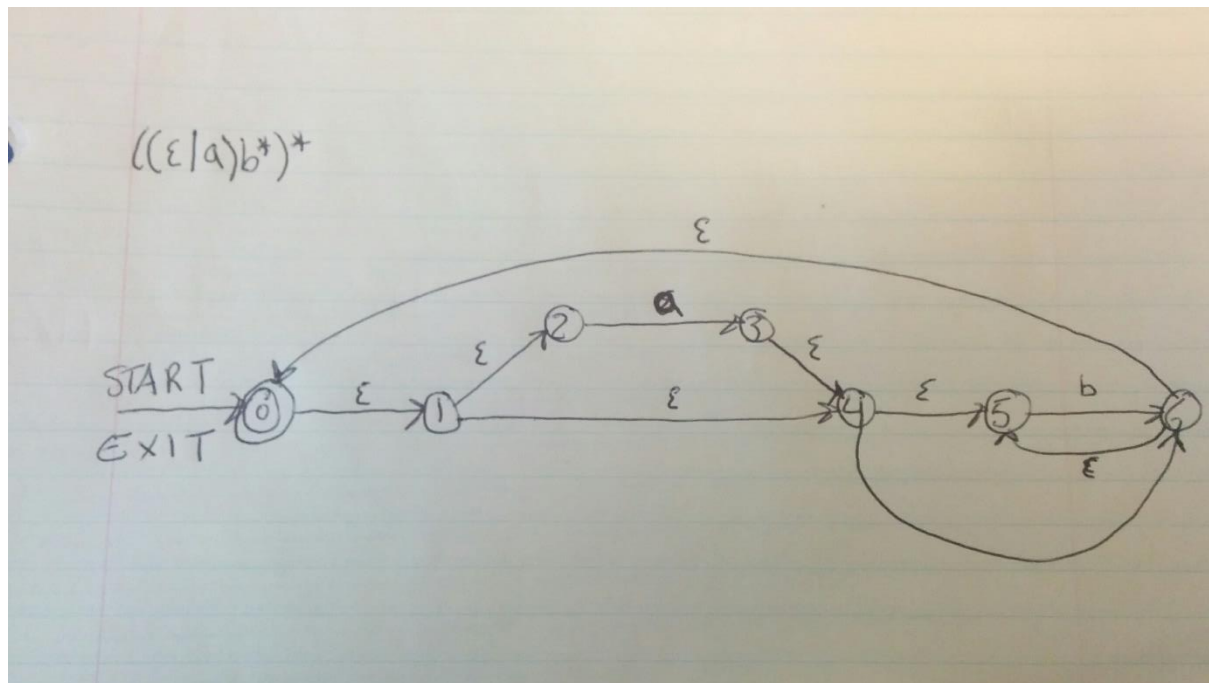


1a)  $a(a|b)^*a$  - denotes the set of all strings that start with 'a' followed by zero or more 'a' or 'b' characters and also end with 'a'. {aa, aaa, aba, abba, ...}

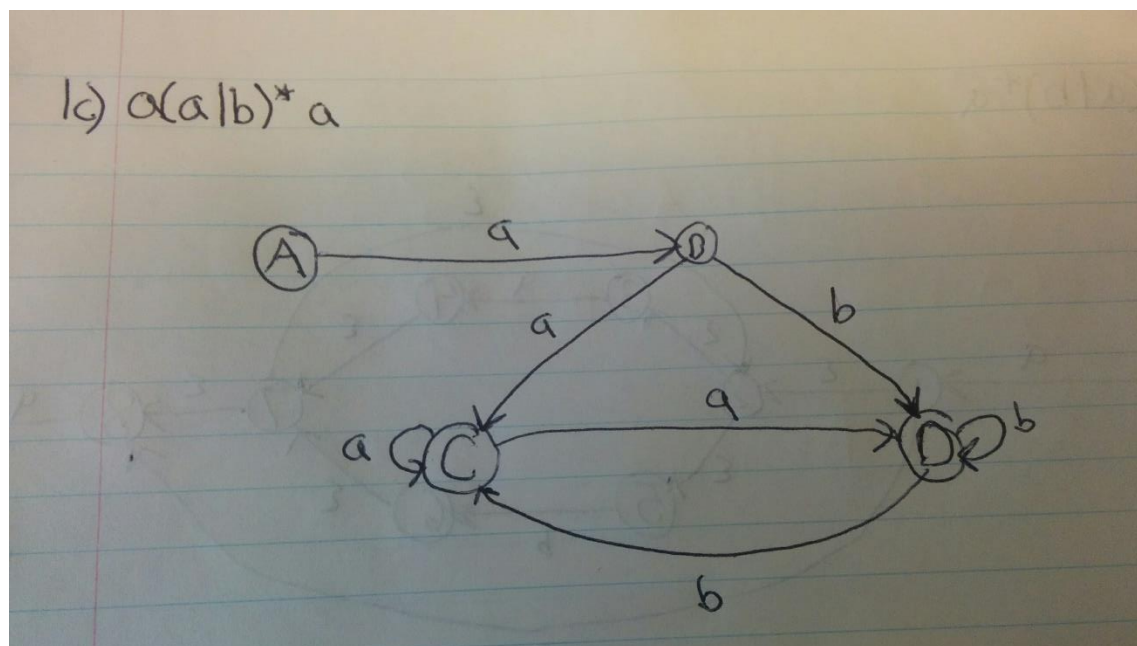
$((\epsilon|a)b^*)^*$  - denotes the set of all strings that are made up of sub-strings containing zero or more 'b' characters, starting with an optional 'a' character. { $\epsilon$ , b, ab, bb, abb, bbb, ...}

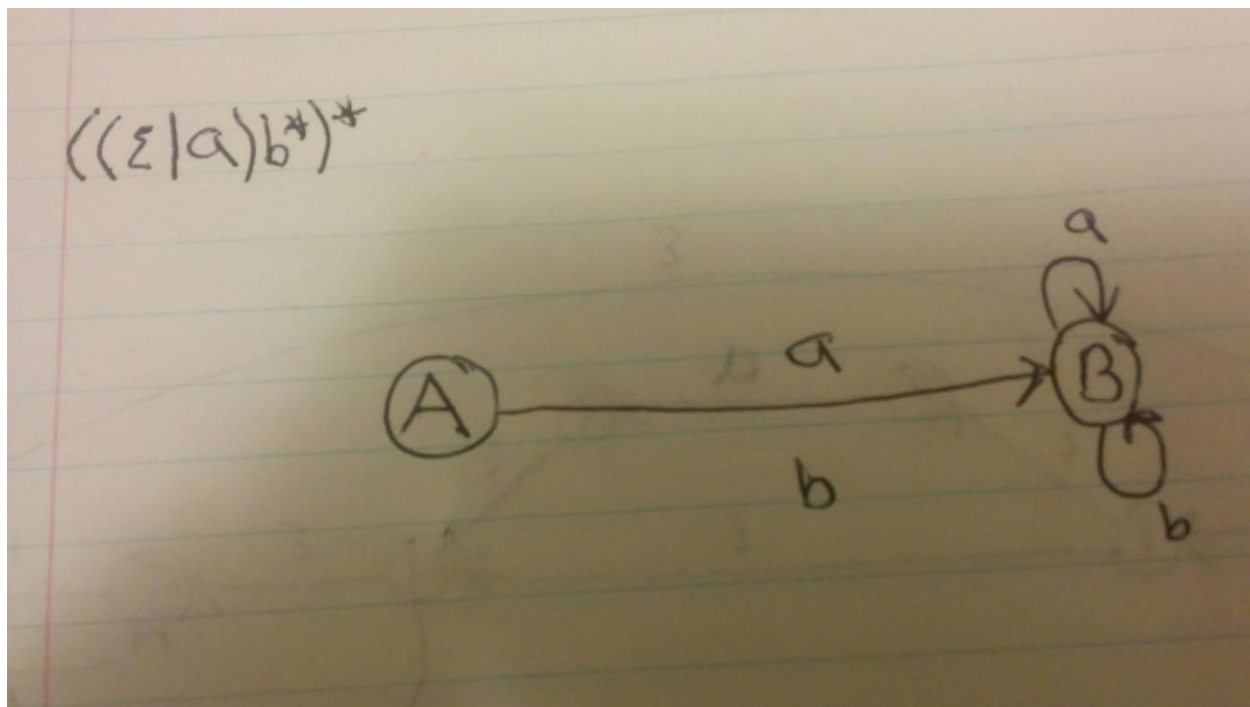
1b)





1c)





2) Language given by  $s^* \{ \epsilon, s, ss, sss, ssss, \dots \}$

There are  $n-1$  prefixes of  $s$

There are  $n-1$  suffixes of  $s$

There are infinite strings with  $s$  as a prefix

3)  $(?i)(\text{select} \mid \text{from} \mid \text{where} \mid \text{like})$