Each Question has multiple choice answers and carries 2 marks Attempt all questions and mark the correct answers.

- 1. The difference between unit and integration test.
  - a. The unit test is white box and integration test is black box testing
  - b. There should not be failures in integration test
  - c. The unit test is unnecessary while the integration test is mandatory
  - d. The integration test is conducted for every time a unit of application is built.
- 2. What are the issues and challenges in waterfall model of SDLC?
  - a. Managing change in the requirements
  - b. Testing of code
  - c. Frequent delivery and update
  - d. Design issues
- 3. What is Test Driven Development?
  - a. The tests are written after the code is developed.
  - b. The application requirements drive the test cases
  - c. Test first approach.
  - d. Every test should succeed at first time only
- 4. What is the cultural challenge for DevOps?
  - a) People need to learn new languages
  - b) People need to work together across traditional role boundaries
  - c) People need to work different hours
  - d) People need to move desks frequently
- 5. In TDD who defines the unit test cases?
  - a) The developer
  - b) Product QA Tester
  - c) Business Owner
  - d) The Manager
- 6. What is TDD cycle?
  - a) Every Test has first time failure
  - b) Test-Implementation -Test.
  - c) Test Failure- Implementation -Test Success-Refactor-Test
  - d) TDD is just a single stage of development.
  - a. Red-Green-Refactor
- 7. What are user acceptance tests?
  - a) Tests to verify that every functional requirement has been implemented
  - b) Testing that the user interface works
  - c) Testing that system components works together
  - d) Testing user interface usability

- 8. What should be the main consideration when writing code under TDD?
  - a) Adding checks for possible bad values
  - b) Writing the most efficient code
  - c) Write the minimum code to pass the test
  - d) Allowing for future expansion
- 9. What do code quality tools do?
  - a) Static analysis of source code
  - b) Check for compilation errors
  - c) Translate one language into another
  - d) Debug code
- 10. How do users get files from a remote Git repository?
  - a) By doing a check out
  - b) By doing an FTP transfer
  - c) By cloning the remote repository to a local copy
  - d) By adding the files using command gitadd
- 11. What advantage does Continuous Integration provide?
  - a) It simplifies the build process
  - b) It stops developers checking in bad code
  - c) Build errors are quickly detected and reported
  - d) There are no real advantages

#### 12. What is a fake?

- a) A test double which returns fixed values
- b) A mocking framework
- c) A full implementation not suitable for production
- d) A test double which verifies how many times a method is called

### 13. What is code refactoring?

- a) Restructure the code to match the new requirements
- b) Restructure the code without changing the external functional behavior
- c) Refactoring is done before writing any test cases.
- d) Refactoring is done to improve code maintenance

#### 14. Mark true or false

- a) For every function code there should be only one test case
- b) In One test case multiple behaviors are tested
- c) The Test cases are dependent on each other for execution
- d) Component under test is shared across all test cases.

## 15. What is assertion?

- a) Positively assert the unit code
- b) Verifies the result values and throws error in case of NOT matching.
- c) Controls the unit flow.

# d) Process of assertive locking

# 16. What is true of following?

- a) Every test case should test for success only
- b) The test cases run in sequence during test execution
- c) The unit test cases are part of application delivery to client.
- d) Each of the test cases must be executed manually.

# 17. What is the advantage of TDD?

- a) The TDD makes the development incremental and iterative
- b) The TDD can be applied to legacy code.
- c) TDD increases the code coverage.
- d) The TDD increases the flexibility of code to match the changes.

# 18. What is the use of mocking in testing?

- a) It mocks frequently and is very funny.
- b) The mocking allows testing of the code in absence of dependencies.
- c) The mock objects allow verifying the behavior.
- d) Mocks are used in production code.

#### 19. The BDD and TDD difference

- a) TDD supports unit test cases.
- b) BDD is complete different than TDD
- c) BDD is an extension of TDD to support Acceptance TDD
- d) The TDD does not support BDD criteria

## 20. What is Gold Plating in coding?

- a) Gold Plating is working on a task beyond the point where the extra effort is worth any value it adds.
- b) Writing complicated code
- c) Making user interfaces visually appealing
- d) Work which adds little or no value

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