

Create and Manage APIs

Connectivity and Resource Management

Building Target Authentication

Problem Statement

While attempting to make a request to a target through Apigee I am asked for basic authentication credentials.

- Basic Authentication
 - Base 64 Encrypted Username and Password (username:password)
- Where do I store the username in password?
 - Hard Coded in a policy
 - Build time properties replacement
 - Key Value Map

The Key Value Map Authentication Solution

- Step 1: Seed your map with credentials
- Step 2: Attach a keyvaluemap policy to retrieve said credentials
- Step 3: Attach a Basic Authentication Policy to put them in your Authentication header

Step 1: Seeding your map with Curl:

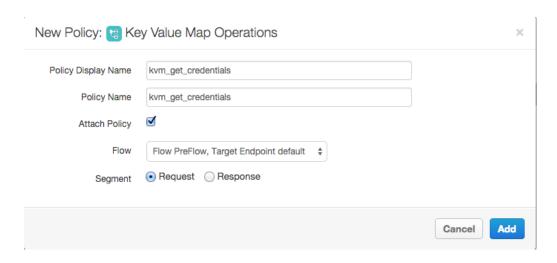
curl "https://api.enterprise.apigee.com/v1/o/{organization}/keyvaluemaps" -H "Content-Type:application/json" -u {username} -d @credsKVM.json -v

The KVM Auth Solution Part 2

Attach KVM Policy



Name and Select the Target Endpoint (Preflow) from the flows, then press Add



Modify the content to retrieve the credentials

```
Code: kvm_get_credentials
   <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>
   <KeyValueMapOperations name="kvm get credentials" mapIdentifier="credentials">
       <DisplayName>kvm get credentials
       <ExpiryTimeInSecs>-1</ExpiryTimeInSecs>
       <Get assignTo="username" index="1">
           <Key>
               <Parameter>username</Parameter>
           </Key>
 9
10
       <Get assignTo="password" index="1">
11
           <Kev>
12
               <Parameter>password</Parameter>
13
           </Key>
14
15
       <Scope>organization</Scope>
16 </KeyValueMapOperations>
```

KVM Options

Attributes

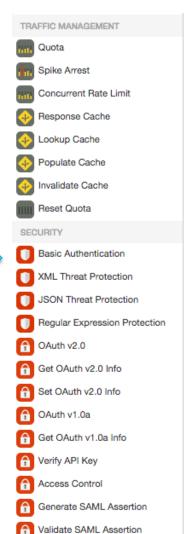
mapIdentifier – References a defined kvm

Elements

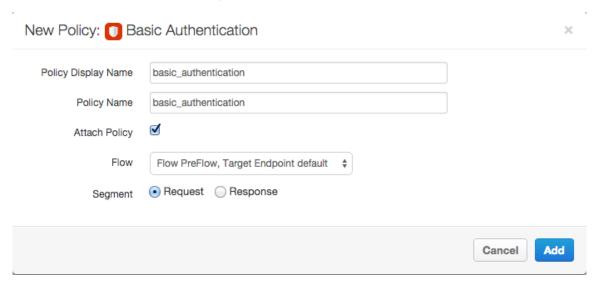
- Scope Where and when you can access data contained within the Map
- ExpiryTimeInSecs Specifies when the data will expire (note -1 = no expiration)
- Initial Entries Allows you to pre-load data on the first run of the policy
- Put Allows you to add data to the map dynamically (Warning: adding too much data can cause system degradation)
- Get Allows you to get data from the map
- Delete Allows you to remove data from the map
- For More Help: http://apigee.com/docs/api-services/content/key-valuemap-operations-policy

Attach Basic Authentication Policy

Attach Basic Authentication Policy



Name and Select the Target Endpoint (Preflow) from the flows, then press Add

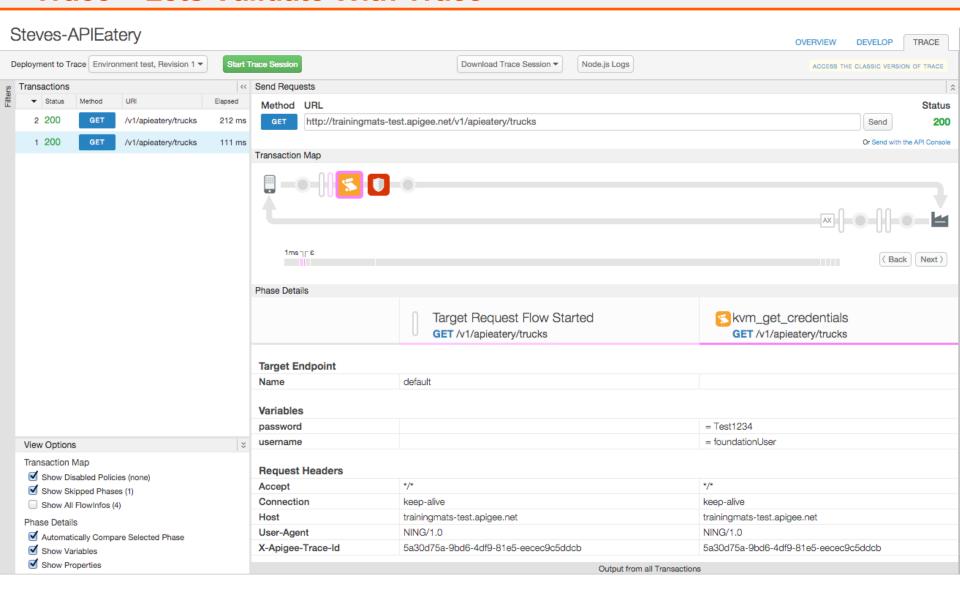


Modify the content to build the Authentication Header

Basic Authentication Options

- Outbound Configuration
 - Operation Encode
 - User Attr:ref = location of username in a variable
 - Password Attr:ref= location of the password in a variable
 - AssignTo
 - Attr:createNew = true / false
 - Reference to the authentication location (commonly request.header.Authentication)
- Inbound Configuration
 - Operation Decode
 - User Attr:ref = location to put decoded username
 - Password Attr:ref= location to put decoded password
 - Source variable location where the policy will find the Base64 encoded variables (commonly request.header.Authentication)

Trace – Lets Validate With Trace



Day 1 – Lab 5 Basic KVM

- Build KVM to Store credentials for target server
 - Create Key-Value-Map at the environment level using POSTMAN
 - POST https://api.enterprise.apigee.com/v1/o/orgName/keyvaluemaps/
 - Post data:

```
<KeyValueMap name="credentials">
    <Entry name="username">foundationUser</Entry>
    <Entry name="password">Test1234</Entry>
    </KeyValueMap>
```

- Create Key-value-map policy in preflow of default Target Endpoint to retrieve username and password
- Create BasicAuthentication Policy to build Authorization header with base64 encription of userid / password
- Test using Postman and start the Trace in Apigee to check flow variables.

Thank you

