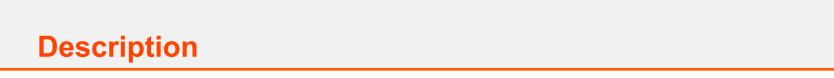


**API Lifecycle Components** 



#### **Outcome:**

In this session, you will learn about components that make up a subset of the API lifecycle. Advanced tools that enable offline development and deployment will be discussed, followed by API Documentation tools and practices.

#### You will learn:

- the importance of API build and Deployment tools
- how to use Maven for Apigee Edge offline build/deployments
- about documenting your APIs using Swagger and Apigee Smartdocs

#### **Course Topics**



## Offline Development and Deploy

- apigeetool
- Apigee Deploy Maven Plugin

#### **API Documentation**

- Swagger
- SmartDocs

## Offline Development and Deploy



### **Deploy Tools**

#### A common tool used is:

#### apigeetool

- ✓ Easy to learn
- ✓ Short time to install.
- ✓ Shell based tool
- ✓ Small foot print

- X No native Life Cycle
- X No dependency management
- x Lower reusability
- X Harder to transition to "Continuous Integration"
- X No integration with IDEs
- x Inconsistent. Every tool in unix has different syntax
- x Not 100% portable
- x No community

#### apigeetool

- 1. Clone repo <a href="https://github.com/apigee/api-platform-tools">https://github.com/apigee/api-platform-tools</a>
- 2. Requires Python <a href="https://www.python.org/downloads/">https://www.python.org/downloads/</a>
- 3. Command:

apigeetool -n {apiName} -u {myname:mypass} -o {myorg} -e {environment} -b {basePath} -d {path to /apiproxy directory} –h {base URL}

apigeetool -n forecastweatherapi -u \$ae\_username:\$ae\_password -o testmyapi -e test -b /weather -d .

### **Apigee's Maven Plugin**



- ✓ More time to focus on what really matters by automating repetitive tasks.
- ✓ Innovation ready. Extensible plugin-based platform
- ✓ Promotes productivity. Promotes usage of CLI (Command-Line Interface). No need for IDEs
- ✓ Easy to adopt. No need of CLI. Eclipse IDE Support through M2E and IntellijIDEA, WebStorm
- ✓ Easy to configure and to track changes. All of its artifacts can live in version control as text files
- ✓ Multilanguage support. One JVM to rule them all (Ruby, Jython, JavaScript, Groovy, Scala) or even Shell scripts
- ✓ Tens Thousands plugins ready in Maven Central
- ✓ Backed up by Apigee and the open source community

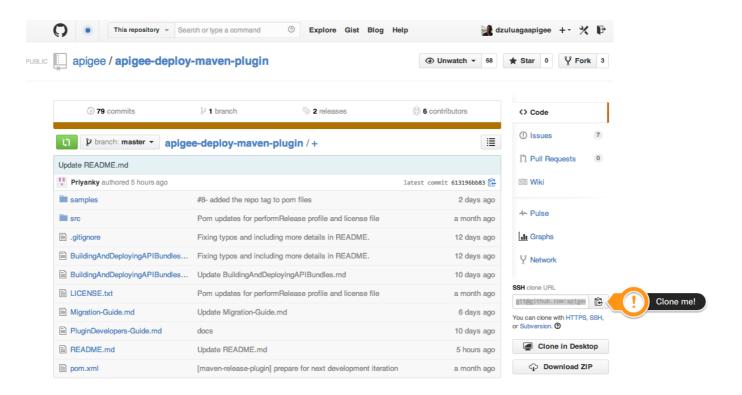
#### **Apigee Maven Plugin Prerequisites**

#### What you will need:

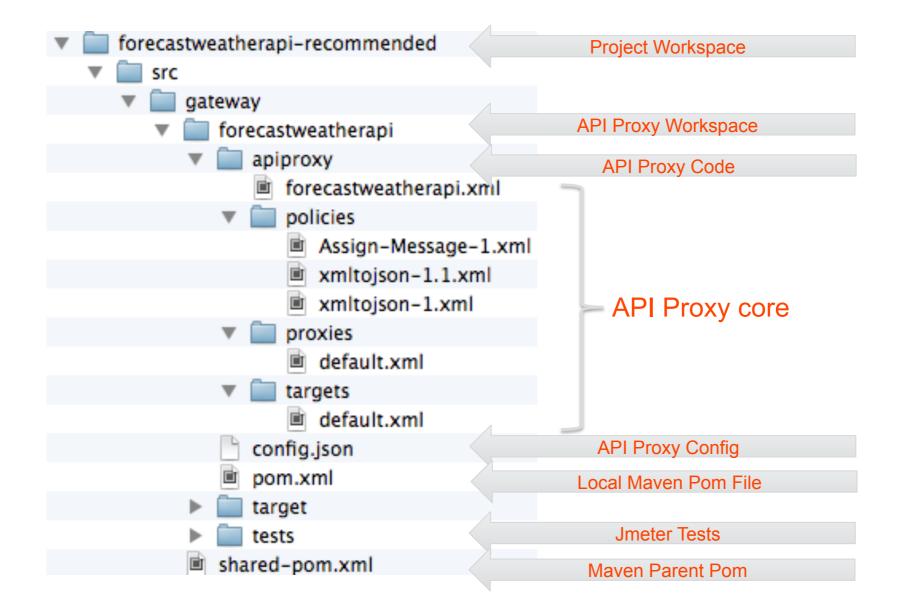
- Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment 1.6 or later
- Apache Maven 3.0.+ <a href="http://maven.apache.org/download.cgi#Maven\_3.0.5">http://maven.apache.org/download.cgi#Maven\_3.0.5</a>
- Access/Perms to deploy to Apigee Edge over HTTPS

#### **Download Maven Plugin Artifacts**

 Get samples first by cloning this repo <u>https://github.com/apigee/apigee-deploy-maven-plugin</u>



#### **Structure Your Offline Code**



#### **Maven Plugin Components – Parent POM**

The maven parent pom file (shared-pom.xml) contains the maven configuration that can be used across all Apigee Edge API proxies.

- Location: src/gateway
- Contains common dependencies across all bundles
- Enables common behavior through inheritance

<plugin> Phase <groupId>io.apigee.build-tools.enterprise4g</groupId> <artifactId>apigee-edge-maven-plugin</artifactId> <version>1.0.0 <executions> <execution> <id>configure-bundle</id> Goal <phase>package</phase> <goal>configure</goal> </goals> </execution> <execution> Phase <id>deploy-bundle</id> <phase>install</phase> <goal>deploy</goal> </goals> </execution> </executions> </plugin> Goal </plugins>

Plugin

coordinates

#### **Maven Profiles Configuration – Parent POM**

Also in the maven parent pom file (shared-pom.xml), you should include Apigee Edge organization and environment configurations as these are common to all APIs. These are defined using maven *profiles*.

```
file>
       <id>test</id>
       properties>
           <org>testmyapi</org> <!-- default org -->
           <options>validate<-->
           <apigee.profile>test</apigee.profile>
           <apigee.env>test</apigee.env>
           <apigee.hosturl>https://api.enterprise.apigee.com</apigee.hosturl>
           <apigee.apiversion>v1</apigee.apiversion>
           <apigee.org>${org}</apigee.org>
           <apigee.username>${username}</apigee.username>
           <apiqee.password>${password}</apiqee.password>
           <apigee.options>${options}</apigee.options>
           <!--apigee.override.delay>10</apigee.override.delay-->
           <!--apigee.delay>1000</apigee.delay-->
       </properties>
   </profile>
   file>
       <id>prod</id>
       properties>
           <apigee.profile>prod</apigee.profile>
           <apigee.env>prod</apigee.env>
           <apigee.hosturl>https://api.enterprise.apigee.com</apigee.hosturl>
           <apigee.apiversion>v1</apigee.apiversion>
           <apigee.org>${org}</apigee.org>
           <apigee.username>${username}</apigee.username>
           <apigee.password>${password}</apigee.password>
           <apigee.options>validate</apigee.options>
           <!--apigee.override.delay>10</apigee.override.delay-->
           <!--apigee.delay>1000</apigee.delay-->
       </properties>
   </profile>
```

#### **Specific Maven Config API Proxy Local POM**

Local POM - pom.xml



Parent POM definition

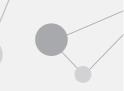
**API Name** 

Profile (env)

JMeter Plugin

JMeter parameters

### Applying API Proxy Configs w/ config.json



#### JSON based

```
"configurations": [
       "name": "test",
       "policies": [
                "name": "Assign-Message-1.xml",
                "tokens"
                        "xpath": "/AssignMessage/Set/Headers/Header[@name='ENV']"
                        "value": "TEST"
       1,
       "proxies": [
                "name": "default.xml",
                "tokens": [
                        "xpath": "/ProxyEndpoint/HTTPProxyConnection/BasePath",
                        "value": "/weather"
       "targets": [
                "name": "default.xml",
                "tokens": [
                        "xpath": "/TargetEndpoint/HTTPTargetConnection/URL",
                        "value": "http://weather.yahooapis.com"
        "name": "prod",
```

Top level array is apigee.profile from parent POM

Policies mapped in an array – each is an object

Tokens hold elements to apply configuration

Xpath used for search and replace

#### **Executing Maven Deploy**



Using the default apigee.option configuration "validate" creates new revision in Apigee Edge when executing the maven command to build/deploy the API proxy.

mvn deploy -Ptest -Dusername=\$ae\_username -Dpassword=
\$ae password

#### **Getting Started – Apigee Maven Plugin**



#### Other useful maven command options:

- Skips tests DskipTests=true
- Overrides current revision Doptions=validate, update
- Deletes currently deployed bundle -Doptions=clean
- Imports without deploying -Doptions=inactive
- Packages bundle
   mvn package -Ptest
- Runs JMeter Tests

```
mvn jmeter:jmeter -Ptest -Dusername=$ae_username -Dpassword=
$ae_password -Dorg=testmyapi -DtestData=weather_test.csv -
DthreadNum=5 -DrampUpPeriodSecs=5 -DloopCount=2
```



# Demo/Discussion Maven Setup

## **API** Documentation



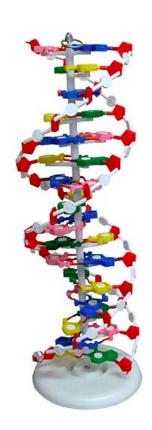
- Things to Think About...
  - Interactive documentation is becoming the standard for documenting your APIs (e.g. swagger).
  - Always treat documentation as code and keep it in version control. Functional changes to code likely change how consumers use the API.
  - Deploy documentation when you deploy the API code.

### **Apigee SmartDocs Overview**



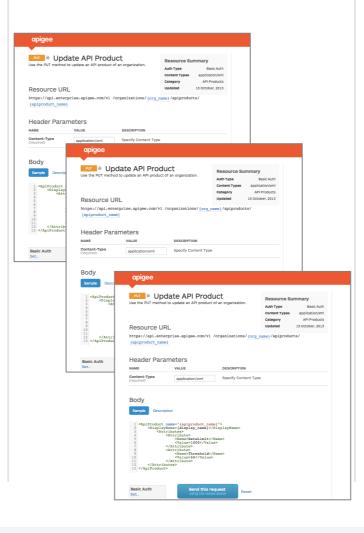
#### **API Modeling**

Describe an API structure



#### **SmartDocs**

Generate interactive documentation



#### **API-based**

Integrate with any portal / CMS



**Apigee Edge Developer Services** 





### **Apigee SmartDocs Features**

- Method-level documentation
  - Rich detail
  - Internal and external benefits
- Interactive
  - Make requests without leaving the page
- A tool that learns
  - Remembers developers' preferred values and credentials
- Completely customizable
  - Handlebars-driven templates
  - Complete control over layout, interactions, and look and feel
- Supports Swagger and WADL import

Which Format? WADL or Swagger

Here is some more details to help make the decision to use WADL or Swagger for documenting your APIs.

- WADL is XML-based
- Swagger is JSON and YAML
- Swagger Spec <a href="https://github.com/wordnik/swagger-spec/">https://github.com/wordnik/swagger-spec/</a>

## Thank you

