

COMPILER DESIGN

Intermediate code generation – Quadruple, Triple, Indirect triple

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CSE-IT L2

Aim: Intermediate code generation – Quadruple, Triple, Indirect triple

Algorithm:-

The algorithm takes a sequence of three-address statements as input. For each three address statements of the form $a := b \text{ op } c$ perform the various actions. These are as follows: 1. Invoke a

function getreg to find out the location L where the result of computation $b \text{ op } c$ should be stored.

2. Consult the address description for y to determine y'. If the value of y currently in memory and register both then prefer the register y' . If the value of y is not already in L then generate the instruction $\text{MOV } y', L$ to place a copy of y in L.

3. Generate the instruction OP z' , L where z' is used to show the current location of z. if z is in both then prefer a register to a memory location. Update the address descriptor of x to indicate that x is in location L. If x is in L then update its descriptor and remove x from all other descriptors.
4. If the current value of y or z have no next uses or not live on exit from the block or in register then alter the register descriptor to indicate that after execution of $x := y \text{ op } z$ those register will no longer contain y or z.

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<ctype.h> #include<stdlib.h>

#include<string.h> void small(); void
dove(int i); int p[5]={0,1,2,3,4},c=1,i,k,l,m,pi;

char sw[5]={' ','-'

','+',','/','*'},j[20],a[5],b[5],ch[2];
void main() { printf("Enter the
expression:"); scanf("%s",j);
```

```

printf("\tThe Intermediate code
is:\n"); small(); } void dove(int i) {
a[0]=b[0]='\0';
if(!isdigit(j[i+2])&&!isdigit(j[i-
2]))
{
a[0]=j[i-1]; b[0]=j[i+1];
}
if(isdigit(j[i+2])){ a[0]=j[i-
1]; b[0]='t'; b[1]=j[i+2];
} if(isdigit(j[i-
2]))
{
b[0]=j[i+1]
; a[0]='t'; a[1]=j[i-
2]; b[1]='\0';
}

```

```

if(isdigit(j[i+2]) &&isdigit(j[i-2]))
{
a[0]='t'; b[0]='t';

a[1]=j[i-2];

b[1]=j[i+2];

sprintf(ch,"%d"

,c); j[i+2]=j[i-

2]=ch[0];
}    if(j[i]=='*')          printf("\tt%d=%s*s\n",c,a,b);    if(j[i]=='/')

printf("\tt%d=%s/%s\n",c,a,b);          if(j[i]=='+')

printf("\tt%d=%s+%s\n",c,a,b);if(j[i]=='-') printf("\tt%d=%s%s\n",c,a,b);

if(j[i]=='=') printf("\t%c=t%d",j[i-1],--c); sprintf(ch,"%d",c); j[i]=ch[0];

c++; small(); } void small() { pi=0;l=0; for(i=0;i<strlen(j);i++) {

for(m=0;m<5;m++) if(j[i]==sw[ m]) if(pi<=p[m] ) { pi=p[m]; l=1; k=i;

}

}

if(l==1)

```

```
dove(k  
); else exit(0);}
```

Output:-

```
Enter the expression:a=b+c-d  
The Intermediate code is:  
t1=b+c  
t2=t1-d  
a=t2
```

Result:-

The program was successfully compiled and run.