

test

November 4, 2024

```
[1]: # Imports
import os
from predictionguard import PredictionGuard
import pandas as pd
import json
from langchain.prompts import PromptTemplate, FewShotPromptTemplate
import numpy as np
from torch import nn
from skorch import NeuralNetClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, roc_curve, auc, RocCurveDisplay, \
    ConfusionMatrixDisplay, accuracy_score, classification_report
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from torch.optim import Adam
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, \
    GradientBoostingClassifier, StackingClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score, classification_report
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from imblearn.over_sampling import SMOTE
from imblearn.pipeline import Pipeline as ImbPipeline
```

```
[2]: df_meta_model = pd.read_csv('examples.csv')
df = pd.read_csv('AugmentedData.csv')
df2 = pd.read_csv('surprisemebrother_60.csv')
```

```
[3]: #drop q21 and q22 for all df
df = df.drop(['q21', 'q22'], axis=1)
df2 = df2.drop(['q21', 'q22'], axis=1)
df_meta_model = df_meta_model.drop(['q21', 'q22'], axis=1)
```

```
[4]: final_df = pd.concat([df, df2], ignore_index=True)
```

```
[5]: final_df.head()
```

```
[5]:      Unnamed: 0      Id q1      q2 q3 q4 q5 q6 \
0      0.0  0_ Immediate Grief, Shock, and Emotion  1      7 0 0 0 0
1      1.0      0_ Navigating Family Relationships  1      0 0 1 1 0
2      2.0      0_ Learning to Process Grief  1      4 1 1 1 1
3      3.0      0_ Moments That Matter  1  I found  1 1 1 1
4      4.0  0_ Feeling Immersed, Connected & Seen  1      0 2 2 2 2
```

```
      q7 q8 ... q12 q13 q14 q15 q16 q17      q18 q19 q20 label
0  2  3 ...  0  1  3  0  0  1      0  0  1  1
1  1  3 ...  0  0  3  1  1  1      0  2  1  2
2  1  2 ...  0  2  2  1  1  2  Considering  2  2  3
3  1  1 ...  0  2  2  1  2  1      0  2  2  4
4  0  1 ...  2  2  2  2  2  2      1  3  2  5
```

[5 rows x 23 columns]

```
[6]: final_df = final_df.drop('Unnamed: 0', axis=1)
```

```
[7]: final_df.head()
```

```
[7]:      Id q1      q2 q3 q4 q5 q6 q7 q8 q9 \
0  0_ Immediate Grief, Shock, and Emotion  1      7 0 0 0 0 2 3 0
1      0_ Navigating Family Relationships  1      0 0 1 1 0 1 3 1
2      0_ Learning to Process Grief  1      4 1 1 1 1 1 2 1
3      0_ Moments That Matter  1  I found  1 1 1 1 1 1 1
4  0_ Feeling Immersed, Connected & Seen  1      0 2 2 2 2 0 1 2
```

```
      ... q12 q13 q14 q15 q16 q17      q18 q19 q20 label
0  ...  0  1  3  0  0  1      0  0  1  1
1  ...  0  0  3  1  1  1      0  2  1  2
2  ...  0  2  2  1  1  2  Considering  2  2  3
3  ...  0  2  2  1  2  1      0  2  2  4
4  ...  2  2  2  2  2  2      1  3  2  5
```

[5 rows x 22 columns]

```
[9]: # List of question columns
question_columns = [f"q{i}" for i in range(1, 21)]

# Convert non-numeric values in each question column to NaN
final_df[question_columns] = final_df[question_columns].apply(pd.to_numeric,
↳errors='coerce')
```

```
# Display the result to verify changes
final_df.head()
```

```
[9]:
```

	Id	q1	q2	q3	q4	q5	q6	q7	\
0	0_ Immediate Grief, Shock, and Emotion	1.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	
1	0_ Navigating Family Relationships	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	
2	0_ Learning to Process Grief	1.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
3	0_ Moments That Matter	1.0	NaN	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
4	0_ Feeling Immersed, Connected & Seen	1.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	

	q8	q9	...	q12	q13	q14	q15	q16	q17	q18	q19	q20	label
0	3.0	0.0	...	0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0	1	1
1	3.0	1.0	...	0	0.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	2	1	2
2	2.0	1.0	...	0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	NaN	2	2	3
3	1.0	1.0	...	0	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	2	2	4
4	1.0	2.0	...	2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	3	2	5

[5 rows x 22 columns]

```
[10]: for col in [f"q{i}" for i in range(1, 21)]:
        mean_val = final_df[col].mean() # Calculate mean
        final_df[col].fillna(mean_val, inplace=True) # Fill NaNs in train data
        ↪with mean
        df_meta_model[col].fillna(mean_val, inplace=True) # Fill NaNs in test
        ↪data with mean

        final_df[col] = final_df[col].round().astype(int)
        df_meta_model[col] = df_meta_model[col].round().astype(int)
```

/var/folders/_m/skhgc3n53pbfbz_6qdt170bs40000gp/T/ipykernel_92253/190434401.py:3:
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For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

```
final_df[col].fillna(mean_val, inplace=True) # Fill NaNs in train data with mean
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```
df_meta_model[col].fillna(mean_val, inplace=True) # Fill NaNs in test data
with mean
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For example, when doing `'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)'`, try using `'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)'` or `df[col] = df[col].method(value)` instead, to perform the operation `inplace` on the original object.

```
df_meta_model[col].fillna(mean_val, inplace=True) # Fill NaNs in test data
with mean
/var/folders/_m/skhgc3n53pbfz_6qdt170bs40000gp/T/ipykernel_92253/190434401.py:3:
FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series
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final_df[col].fillna(mean_val, inplace=True) # Fill NaNs in train data with
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instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

```
df_meta_model[col].fillna(mean_val, inplace=True)    # Fill NaNs in test data  
with mean
```

```
[11]: #Convert columns q1 to q20 to float  
final_df['q1'] = final_df['q1'].astype(float)  
final_df['q2'] = final_df['q2'].astype(float)  
final_df['q3'] = final_df['q3'].astype(float)  
final_df['q4'] = final_df['q4'].astype(float)  
final_df['q5'] = final_df['q5'].astype(float)  
final_df['q6'] = final_df['q6'].astype(float)  
final_df['q7'] = final_df['q7'].astype(float)  
final_df['q8'] = final_df['q8'].astype(float)  
final_df['q9'] = final_df['q9'].astype(float)  
final_df['q10'] = final_df['q10'].astype(float)  
final_df['q11'] = final_df['q11'].astype(float)  
final_df['q12'] = final_df['q12'].astype(float)  
final_df['q13'] = final_df['q13'].astype(float)  
final_df['q14'] = final_df['q14'].astype(float)  
final_df['q15'] = final_df['q15'].astype(float)  
final_df['q16'] = final_df['q16'].astype(float)  
final_df['q17'] = final_df['q17'].astype(float)  
final_df['q18'] = final_df['q18'].astype(float)  
final_df['q19'] = final_df['q19'].astype(float)  
final_df['q20'] = final_df['q20'].astype(float)
```

```
[13]: print("Missing values in train data:", final_df.isnull().sum().sum())  
print("Missing values in test data:", df_meta_model.isnull().sum().sum())
```

```
Missing values in train data: 0  
Missing values in test data: 0
```

```
[14]: final_df['label'] = final_df['label']-1
```

```
[15]: #Train test split on final df  
X = final_df.drop(['Id', 'label'], axis=1)
```

```

y = final_df['label']

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.25,
↳random_state=42)
#Train test split on meta model
X_meta_model = df_meta_model.drop(['Id', 'label'], axis=1)
y_meta_model = df_meta_model['label']

X_train_meta_model, X_test_meta_model, y_train_meta_model, y_test_meta_model =
↳train_test_split(X_meta_model, y_meta_model, test_size=0.25, random_state=42)

```

```

[16]: # Parameter grids for each model
param_grid_rf = {
    'n_estimators': [50, 100, 200],
    'max_depth': [None, 10, 20],
    'max_features': ['sqrt', 'log2'],
    'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10]
}

param_grid_gb = {
    'n_estimators': [50, 100, 200],
    'learning_rate': [0.01, 0.1, 0.2],
    'max_depth': [3, 5, 7]
}

param_grid_svc = {
    'C': [0.1, 1, 10],
    'kernel': ['linear', 'rbf'],
    'gamma': ['scale', 'auto']
}

# Parameter grid for the Decision Tree
param_grid_dt = {
    'max_depth': [None, 10, 20, 30],
    'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
    'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4]
}

```

```

[17]: # Random Forest
rf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)
grid_search_rf = GridSearchCV(estimator=rf, param_grid=param_grid_rf, cv=5,
↳scoring='f1_weighted', n_jobs=-1, verbose=0)
grid_search_rf.fit(X_train, y_train)
print("Best RF parameters:", grid_search_rf.best_params_)
print("Best RF F1:", grid_search_rf.best_score_)

# Gradient Boosting

```



```

gb = GradientBoostingClassifier(random_state=42)
grid_search_gb = GridSearchCV(estimator=gb, param_grid=param_grid_gb, cv=5,
    ↳scoring='f1_weighted', n_jobs=-1, verbose=0)
grid_search_gb.fit(X_train, y_train)
print("Best GB parameters:", grid_search_gb.best_params_)
print("Best GB F1:", grid_search_gb.best_score_)

# Support Vector Classifier
svc = SVC(probability=True, random_state=42)
grid_search_svc = GridSearchCV(estimator=svc, param_grid=param_grid_svc, cv=5,
    ↳scoring='f1_weighted', n_jobs=-1, verbose=0)
grid_search_svc.fit(X_train, y_train)
print("Best SVC parameters:", grid_search_svc.best_params_)
print("Best SVC F1:", grid_search_svc.best_score_)

# Decision Tree
dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)
grid_search_dt = GridSearchCV(estimator=dt, param_grid=param_grid_dt, cv=5,
    ↳scoring='f1_weighted', n_jobs=-1, verbose=0)
grid_search_dt.fit(X_train, y_train)
print("Best DT parameters:", grid_search_dt.best_params_)
print("Best DT F1:", grid_search_dt.best_score_)

```

```

Best RF parameters: {'max_depth': None, 'max_features': 'sqrt',
'min_samples_split': 10, 'n_estimators': 50}
Best RF F1: 0.894244786512564
Best GB parameters: {'learning_rate': 0.01, 'max_depth': 5, 'n_estimators': 200}
Best GB F1: 0.8886460352576655
Best SVC parameters: {'C': 10, 'gamma': 'auto', 'kernel': 'rbf'}
Best SVC F1: 0.8777752870419636
Best DT parameters: {'max_depth': 10, 'min_samples_leaf': 4,
'min_samples_split': 2}
Best DT F1: 0.8590898450444214

```

1 Neural Net

```

[18]: class MyModule(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, inp_size, hidden_sizes, num_classes=6, nonlin=nn.ReLU()):
        super().__init__()
        # define your hidden layers (self.hidden) as a nn.ModuleList() and
    ↳append your nn.Linear layers based on the hidden_sizes
        ## START CODE ##
        self.hidden = nn.ModuleList()
        input_layer = nn.Linear(inp_size, hidden_sizes[0])
        self.hidden.append(input_layer)
        self.hidden.append(nonlin)

```

```

        for i in range(len(hidden_sizes) - 1):
            layer = nn.Linear(hidden_sizes[i], hidden_sizes[i+1])
            self.hidden.append(layer)
            self.hidden.append(nonlin)

        self.output = nn.Linear(hidden_sizes[-1], num_classes)
        ## END CODE ##

        # define softmax
        ## START CODE ## (1 line of code)
        self.softmax = nn.Softmax(dim = 1)
        ## END CODE ##

    def forward(self, X):
        # calculate the output from your hidden layers
        # Hint: if your hidden layers are in the form of nn.ModuleList(),
        #       you must write a for loop to do a forward pass on all layers in
        ↪ the list
        ## START CODE ##
        for layer in self.hidden:
            X= X.float()
            X = layer(X)

        X = self.output(X)
        ## END CODE ##

        # calculate softmax on the output
        ## START CODE ## (1 line of code)
        out = self.softmax(X)
        ## END CODE ##
        return out

```

```

[19]: # define a NeuralNetClassifier() with batch size 256, torch.optim.Adam
        ↪ optimizer and torch.nn.CrossEntropyLoss as the criterion
        # IMPORTANT: also use iterator_train_shuffle=True to shuffle the training data
        ↪ during the training process
        ## START CODE ##
        net = NeuralNetClassifier(
            MyModule,
            module__inp_size=X_train.shape[1],
            max_epochs = 20,
            lr = 0.01,
            batch_size = 256,
            optimizer = Adam,
            criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss,
            iterator_train_shuffle = True

```

```

)
## END CODE ##

# deactivate skorch-internal train-valid split and verbose logging
net.set_params(train_split=False, verbose=0)

# define the parameters you want to search over as a dict
## START CODE ##
params = {
    'lr': [0.1, 0.2, 0.01], # More granularity in learning rates
    'max_epochs': [100], # Extended range for epochs
    'batch_size': [32, 64, 128, 256], # Varied batch sizes
    'module__hidden_sizes': [
        [256, 128, 64, 32, 16],
    ], # Multiple architectures for hidden layers
    'module__nonlin': [nn.ReLU(), nn.Tanh(), nn.LeakyReLU(), nn.Sigmoid()] #_
    ↪ Additional activation functions
}
## END CODE ##

```

```

[20]: gs = GridSearchCV(
    net,
    params,
    cv = 5,
    scoring = 'f1_weighted',
    refit = True
)

```

```

[ ]: X_train_nn = X_train.to_numpy()
y_train_nn = y_train.to_numpy()
# train your model
## START CODE ## (1 line of code)
gs.fit(X_train_nn, y_train_nn)
## END CODE ##

# print best params
print("best score: {:.3f}, best params: {}".format(gs.best_score_, gs.
    ↪ best_params_))

```

```

[ ]:

```