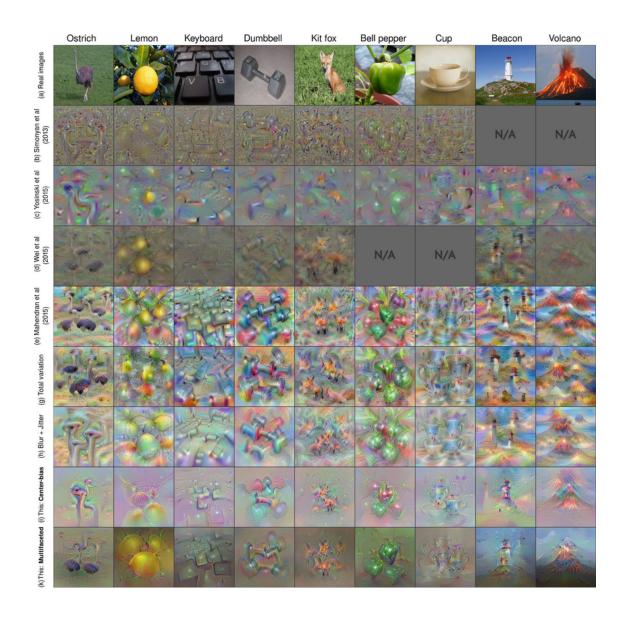
explainability

May 20, 2025

1 Activation Maximization (AM)

Activation maximization is an explainability technique that generates synthetic input samples to maximize (or minimize) the output of a neural network model. By optimizing the input to strongly activate a particular neuron or output, we can gain insights into what patterns or features the model has learned to associate with high or low predictions.

In our scheme, we apply activation maximization to drug synergy prediction models (such as Tran-Synergy and Biomining NN) to discover which input feature patterns most strongly drive the model's predictions. We explore different regularization strategies (none, L1, L2) and both maximization and minimization objectives, allowing us to visualize and interpret the model's learned representations. AM is mainly used in CNNs, examples of which you can see in the graphic below:



1.1 Meaned / Aggregated AM output feature maps

```
[]: import os
  import numpy as np
  import torch
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  from explaination_config import ExplainationConfig

[2]: os.chdir(os.path.dirname(os.getcwd()))

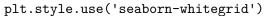
[]: # Optional: set a nice matplotlib style
  plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')

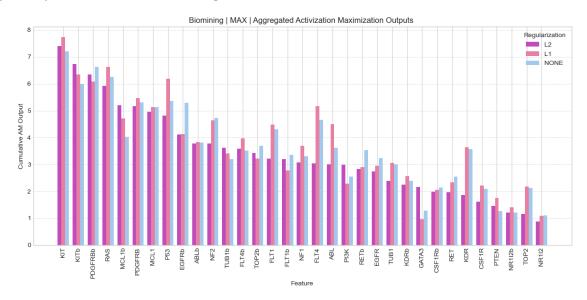
  regularizations = ["12", "11", "none"]
  colors = {
```

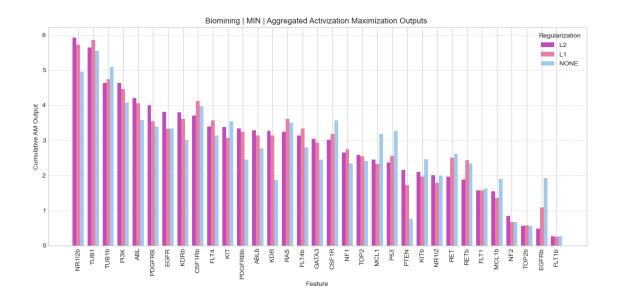
```
"12": "#C04CBB", # baby blue
    "11": "#E87EA1", # deep pink
    "none": "#A2C8EC" # magenta / orchid
minimaxis = ["max", "min"]
papers = ["biomining", "transynergy"]
dict_papers_indices_12 = {}
for paper in papers:
   feature_names = ExplainationConfig(paper=paper).feature_names
   for minimax in minimaxis:
       SORTED ORDER INDICES = None
       feature_importance_all_regs = {}
        for reg in regularizations:
            path_to_experiment = f"C:/Users/ismyn/UNI/FU Berlin/SWP_Cancer/
 →results/{paper}_{minimax}_reg_{reg}"
            feature_importance = torch.zeros(len(feature_names))
            for file in os.listdir(path_to_experiment):
                if file.endswith(".pt"):
                    tensor = torch.load(os.path.join(path to experiment, file))
                    feature_importance += tensor
            importance_values = feature_importance.tolist()
            feature_importance_all_regs[reg] = importance_values
            if SORTED_ORDER_INDICES is None:
                # Sort based on this req (first one in loop)
                full_sorted_indices = sorted(
                    range(len(importance_values)), key=lambda i:__
 →importance_values[i], reverse=True
                dict_papers_indices_12[(paper, minimax)] = full_sorted_indices
                if len(feature names) > 50:
                    # Take top 25 and bottom 25
                    top_25 = full_sorted_indices[:25]
                    bottom_25 = full_sorted_indices[-25:]
                    SORTED_ORDER_INDICES = top_25 + bottom_25
                else:
                    SORTED_ORDER_INDICES = full_sorted_indices
        sorted_feature_names = [feature_names[i] for i in SORTED_ORDER_INDICES]
        # Plot aggregated bar chart
       plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
       bar_width = 0.25
        x = range(len(SORTED_ORDER_INDICES))
```

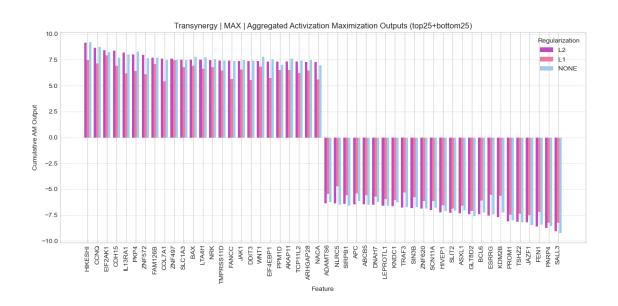
```
for idx, reg in enumerate(regularizations):
          sorted_values = [feature_importance_all_regs[reg][i] for i in_
→SORTED_ORDER_INDICES]
          offset = [xi + (idx - 1) * bar_width for xi in x] # shift bars
          plt.bar(offset, sorted values, width=bar width, label=reg.upper(),
⇔color=colors[reg])
      if len(feature_names) > 50:
          suffix = "(top25+bottom25)"
      else:
          suffix = ""
      plt.xticks(x, sorted_feature_names, rotation=90)
      plt.title(f"{paper.capitalize()} | {minimax.upper()} | Aggregated_u
→Activization Maximization Outputs {suffix}")
      plt.xlabel("Feature")
      plt.ylabel("Cumulative AM Output")
      plt.legend(title="Regularization")
      plt.tight_layout()
      plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5)
      plt.show()
```

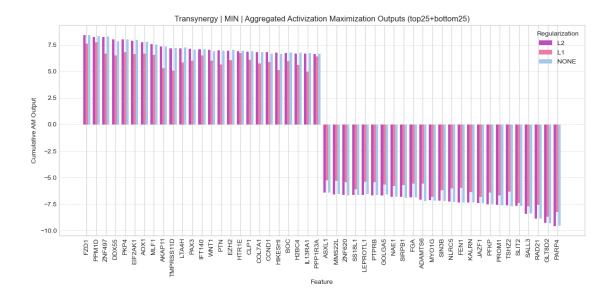
C:\Users\ismyn\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_10364\1208603611.py:7:
MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The seaborn styles shipped by Matplotlib are deprecated since 3.6, as they no longer correspond to the styles shipped by seaborn. However, they will remain available as 'seaborn-v0_8-<style>'.
Alternatively, directly use the seaborn API instead.











```
[26]: # now i kinda want to do plots side by side of the minimization and
       maximization with the same fatures listed if that is possible and making the
       →now x asis horizontal for the features to be listed on the y axis
      for paper in papers:
          feature_names = ExplainationConfig(paper=paper).feature_names
          for minimaxis in [ ["max", "min"], ["min", "max"]]:
              SORTED_ORDER_INDICES = None
              dict_papers_indices_12 = {}
              fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(24, 12)) # Create subplots for_
       \rightarrowmin and max
              for ax_idx, minimax in enumerate(minimaxis):
                  for reg in ["11", "12", "none"]:
                      path_to_experiment = f"C:/Users/ismyn/UNI/FU Berlin/SWP_Cancer/
       →results/{paper}_{minimax}_reg_{reg}"
                      feature_importance = torch.zeros(len(feature_names))
                      for file in os.listdir(path_to_experiment):
                          if file.endswith(".pt"):
                              tensor = torch.load(os.path.join(path_to_experiment,_
       ⇔file))
                              feature_importance += tensor
                      importance_values = feature_importance.tolist()
                      feature_importance_all_regs[reg] = importance_values
                      if SORTED_ORDER_INDICES is None:
```

```
# Sort based on this req (first one in loop)
                   print(f"Sorting for {paper} | {minimax} | {reg}")
                   full_sorted_indices = sorted(
                       range(len(importance_values)), key=lambda i:
→importance_values[i], reverse=True
                   dict_papers_indices_12[(paper, minimax)] =__
→full_sorted_indices
                   if len(feature_names) > 50:
                       # Take top 25 and bottom 25
                       top_25 = full_sorted_indices[:25]
                       bottom 25 = full sorted indices[-25:]
                       SORTED_ORDER_INDICES = top_25 + bottom_25
                   else:
                       SORTED_ORDER_INDICES = full_sorted_indices
          sorted_feature_names = [feature_names[i] for i in_
→SORTED_ORDER_INDICES]
          bar_width = 0.25
          y = range(len(SORTED_ORDER_INDICES)) # Use y for horizontal bars
          for idx, reg in enumerate(regularizations):
               sorted_values = [feature_importance_all_regs[reg][i] for i in_
→SORTED_ORDER_INDICES]
               offset = [yi + (idx - 1) * bar_width for yi in y] # shift bars
               axes[ax_idx].barh(offset, sorted_values, height=bar_width,_u
→label=reg.upper(), color=colors[reg]) # Use barh
          if len(feature_names) > 50:
               suffix = "(top25+bottom25)"
          else:
               suffix = ""
          print(f"Plotting for {paper} | {minimax} | {suffix}")
          axes[ax_idx].set_yticks(y) # Use set_yticks
          axes[ax_idx].set_yticklabels(sorted_feature_names) # Use_
⇔set_yticklabels
           axes[ax_idx].set_title(f"{minimax.upper()} | Aggregated_
→Activization Maximization Outputs {suffix}")
           axes[ax_idx].set_ylabel("Feature") # Swap labels
           axes[ax_idx].set_xlabel("Cumulative AM Output")
           axes[ax_idx].legend(title="Regularization")
          axes[ax_idx].grid(axis='x', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5) # Change_
⇔grid axis
```

```
plt.suptitle(f"{paper.capitalize()} | Aggregated Activization_
Maximization Outputs", fontsize=16) # Overall title

plt.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0.03, 1, 0.95]) # Adjust layout to_
accommodate overall title

# make sure x axis have same scale (get the higher scale) acriss axis

# After plotting but before setting xlim

max_x = max(ax.get_xlim()[1] for ax in axes)

min_x = min(ax.get_xlim()[0] for ax in axes)

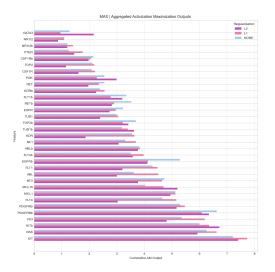
for ax in axes:
    ax.set_xlim(min_x, max_x)

plt.subplots_adjust(wspace=0.4)

plt.show()
```

Sorting for biomining | max | 11
Plotting for biomining | max |
Plotting for biomining | min |

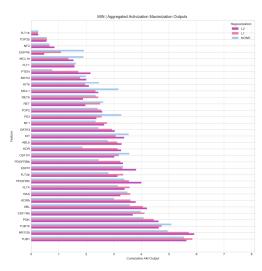
Biomining | Aggregated Activization Maximization Outputs

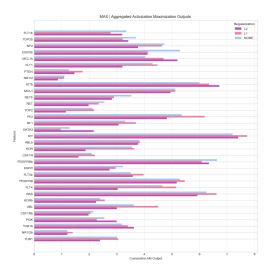




Sorting for biomining | min | 11
Plotting for biomining | min |
Plotting for biomining | max |

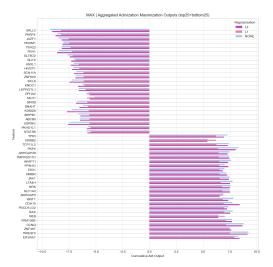
Biomining | Aggregated Activization Maximization Outputs

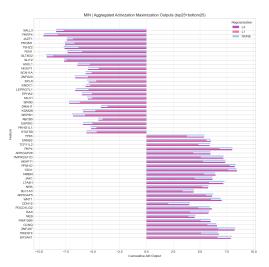




Sorting for transynergy | max | 11
Plotting for transynergy | max | (top25+bottom25)
Plotting for transynergy | min | (top25+bottom25)

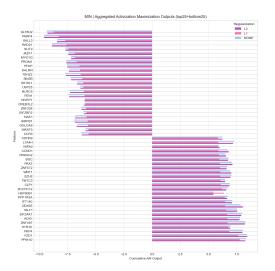
Transynergy | Aggregated Activization Maximization Outputs

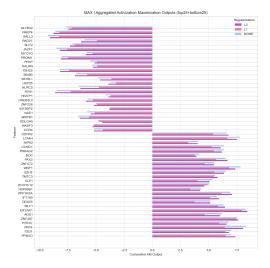




Sorting for transynergy | min | 11
Plotting for transynergy | min | (top25+bottom25)
Plotting for transynergy | max | (top25+bottom25)

Transynergy | Aggregated Activization Maximization Outputs





We now did means of all of those features generated by the AM algorithm however this can be very much misleading, let's take a look at the variances of those featutures: are there some individual features that pretty much have a low variances the are unchangily associated with either activization minimization or maximization? Let's take a look:)

1.2 Variance in different regularizations (across instances)

```
[28]: print("--- Variance Across Instances ---")
      for paper in papers:
          feature_names = ExplainationConfig(paper=paper).feature_names
          num_features = len(feature_names)
          for minimax in minimaxis:
              print(f"\nPaper: {paper.capitalize()}, Minimax: {minimax.upper()}")
              for reg in regularizations:
                  path_to_experiment = f"C:/Users/ismyn/UNI/FU Berlin/SWP_Cancer/

¬results/{paper}_{minimax}_reg_{reg}"
                  individual_tensors = []
                  if os.path.exists(path_to_experiment):
                      for file in os.listdir(path_to_experiment):
                          if file.endswith(".pt"):
                              tensor = torch.load(os.path.join(path_to_experiment,_
       ⊶file))
                              individual_tensors.append(tensor)
                  if individual_tensors:
```

```
# Stack all individual tensors to perform variance calculation
                stacked_tensors = torch.stack(individual_tensors) # Shape:__
  → (num_instances, num_features)
                # Calculate variance for each feature across instances
                # For torch.var, keepdim=False by default, so it will return a
 →1D tensor of variances per feature
                feature_variances = torch.var(stacked_tensors, dim=0).tolist()__
  →# Variance across the instance dimension (dim=0)
                print(f" Regularization: {reg.upper()}")
                print(f"
                            Top 5 Features by Variance:")
                # Sort features by their variance
                sorted_variance_indices = sorted(range(num_features),__
  →key=lambda i: feature_variances[i], reverse=True)
                for i in range(min(5, num_features)):
                    idx = sorted_variance_indices[i]
                                  {feature_names[idx]}: {feature_variances[idx]:
                    print(f"
 ↔.4f}")
                            Bottom 5 Features by Variance:")
                print(f"
                for i in range(min(5, num_features)):
                    idx = sorted_variance_indices[-(i + 1)]
                    print(f"
                                  {feature_names[idx]}: {feature_variances[idx]:
 else:
                print(f" Regularization: {reg.upper()} - No .pt files found in ⊔
  --- Variance Across Instances ---
Paper: Biomining, Minimax: MIN
 Regularization: L2
   Top 5 Features by Variance:
     ABL: 0.7566
     RAS: 0.5873
     PI3K: 0.5667
     MCL1: 0.4851
     P53: 0.4233
   Bottom 5 Features by Variance:
     FLT1b: 0.0137
     TUB1b: 0.0146
     TUB1: 0.0203
     EGFRb: 0.0260
     TOP2b: 0.0269
 Regularization: L1
    Top 5 Features by Variance:
```

ABL: 0.6964 PI3K: 0.6238 RAS: 0.5985 P53: 0.4474 MCL1: 0.4355 Bottom 5 Features by Variance: FLT1b: 0.0108 TUB1b: 0.0174 TOP2b: 0.0280 TUB1: 0.0298 PDGFRB: 0.0547 Regularization: NONE Top 5 Features by Variance: PI3K: 0.6796 ABL: 0.6074 RAS: 0.5351 MCL1: 0.4145 EGFR: 0.4135 Bottom 5 Features by Variance: FLT1b: 0.0138 TUB1: 0.0226 TOP2b: 0.0266 MCL1b: 0.0384 TUB1b: 0.0584 Paper: Biomining, Minimax: MAX Regularization: L2 Top 5 Features by Variance: PI3K: 0.6186 EGFR: 0.5762 RAS: 0.5720 NF2: 0.5010 FLT4b: 0.4839 Bottom 5 Features by Variance: PDGFRB: 0.0572 TUB1b: 0.0646 TOP2: 0.0776 FLT1: 0.0875 NR1I2: 0.0913 Regularization: L1 Top 5 Features by Variance: MCL1b: 0.7643 KDR: 0.6431 CSF1R: 0.5302 RAS: 0.4960 KITb: 0.4811 Bottom 5 Features by Variance:

PDGFRB: 0.0164

GATA3: 0.0471 TUB1b: 0.0786 NR1I2: 0.1005

TOP2b: 0.1365

Regularization: NONE

Top 5 Features by Variance:

KDR: 0.7010 RAS: 0.5563 MCL1b: 0.5560 RETb: 0.5428 EGFRb: 0.5370

Bottom 5 Features by Variance:

PDGFRB: 0.0457 P53: 0.0836 NR1I2: 0.1029 TUB1b: 0.1204 PTEN: 0.1449

Paper: Transynergy, Minimax: MIN

Regularization: L2

Top 5 Features by Variance:

ARHGEF10: 5.2746 DNMT3A: 5.0075 MRVI1: 4.9469 GNA14: 4.9396 BHMT2: 4.9174

Bottom 5 Features by Variance:

padding_feature: 0.0000

GLRA3: 0.0000 PARP11: 0.0000 IRF2BP2: 0.0000 WNT5A: 0.0000 Regularization: L1

Top 5 Features by Variance:

ARHGEF10: 4.6762 DNMT3A: 4.4670 MRVI1: 4.1522 MSH5: 3.9080 GNA14: 3.9060

Bottom 5 Features by Variance:

ZBTB7B: 0.0000 VAV1: 0.0000 GLRA3: 0.0000 STC1: 0.0000 NOXA1: 0.0000

Regularization: NONE

Top 5 Features by Variance:

ARHGEF10: 5.3036

DNMT3A: 5.0199 MRVI1: 4.9923 GNA14: 4.9660 BHMT2: 4.9337

Bottom 5 Features by Variance:

CD79A: 0.0053 CACNA2D1: 0.0090 DHFR: 0.0138 RPS13: 0.0153 MLXIPL: 0.0201

Paper: Transynergy, Minimax: MAX

Regularization: L2

Top 5 Features by Variance:

MCHR2: 5.6615 NCOA4: 5.2347 BHMT2: 5.2259 NRK: 5.2158 GNA14: 4.9285

Bottom 5 Features by Variance:

padding_feature: 0.0000

GLRA3: 0.0000 PARP11: 0.0000 IRF2BP2: 0.0000 WNT5A: 0.0000 Regularization: L1

Top 5 Features by Variance:

MCHR2: 4.9111 CPQ: 4.5721 NRK: 4.2817 DNMT3A: 4.1612 PIK3R6: 4.1529

Bottom 5 Features by Variance:

P0U2AF1: 0.0000 MYCBP2: 0.0000 ATF7IP: 0.0000 CLASP2: 0.0000 RIOK2: 0.0000 Regularization: NONE

Top 5 Features by Variance:

MCHR2: 5.6418 BHMT2: 5.4836 NRK: 5.2275 NCOA4: 5.0902 TUBA3C: 5.0606

Bottom 5 Features by Variance:

FRMPD2: 0.0083 CUX1: 0.0141 PPM1J: 0.0169 BPTF: 0.0177 FZD3: 0.0208

1.2.1 Variance across regularizations

```
[]: plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
     regularizations = ["12", "11", "none"]
     minimaxis = ["max", "min"]
     papers = ["biomining", "transynergy"]
     print("\n\n--- Variance Across Regularizations ---")
     for paper in papers:
         feature_names = ExplainationConfig(paper=paper).feature_names
         num_features = len(feature_names)
         for minimax in minimaxis:
             print(f"\nPaper: {paper.capitalize()}, Minimax: {minimax.upper()}")
             feature_importance_all_regs = {} # Reset for each paper/minimax_
      \hookrightarrow combination
             for reg in regularizations:
                 path_to_experiment = f"C:/Users/ismyn/UNI/FU Berlin/SWP_Cancer/
      →results/{paper}_{minimax}_reg_{reg}"
                 feature_importance = torch.zeros(len(feature_names))
                 if os.path.exists(path_to_experiment):
                     for file in os.listdir(path_to_experiment):
                         if file.endswith(".pt"):
                             tensor = torch.load(os.path.join(path_to_experiment,_
      ofile))
                             feature_importance += tensor
                     feature_importance_all_regs[reg] = feature_importance.tolist()
                 else:
                     print(f" Warning: No data for {paper}_{minimax}_reg_{reg}.__
      ⇔Skipping.")
                     feature_importance_all_regs[reg] = [0.0] * num_features # Fill_
      ⇒with zeros to avoid errors
             if len(feature\_importance\_all\_regs) == len(regularizations) and all(v_{\sqcup})
      →is not None for v in feature_importance_all_regs.values()):
                 # Create a tensor where each row is the feature importance for a
      ⇒different regularization
```

```
reg_values_for_variance = torch.
-tensor([feature_importance_all_regs[reg_key] for reg_key in regularizations])
          # Shape: (num_regularizations, num_features)
          # Calculate variance for each feature across different
\rightarrow regularizations
          feature_variances_across_regs = torch.var(reg_values_for_variance,_

dim=0).tolist()

          print(f" Variance of Feature Importance Across Regularizations:")
                     Top 5 Features by Variance:")
          sorted_variance_indices = sorted(range(num_features), key=lambda i:___
→feature_variances_across_regs[i], reverse=True)
          for i in range(min(5, num_features)):
             idx = sorted_variance_indices[i]
             print(f"
                          {feature_names[idx]}:__
print(f"
                    Bottom 5 Features by Variance:")
         for i in range(min(5, num_features)):
             idx = sorted_variance_indices[-(i + 1)]
                          {feature_names[idx]}:__
             print(f"
print(f" Not enough data to calculate variance across,
oregularizations for {paper.capitalize()}, {minimax.upper()}")
```

```
--- Variance Across Regularizations ---

Paper: Biomining, Minimax: MAX

Variance of Feature Importance Across Regularizations:

Top 5 Features by Variance:

FLT4: 1.2325

KDR: 1.0099

ABL: 0.5705

P53: 0.4797

FLT1: 0.4747

Bottom 5 Features by Variance:

ABLb: 0.0011

CSF1Rb: 0.0072

MCL1: 0.0109

NR112b: 0.0136

NR112: 0.0175
```

```
Paper: Biomining, Minimax: MIN
  Variance of Feature Importance Across Regularizations:
    Top 5 Features by Variance:
      KDR: 0.5979
      EGFRb: 0.5211
      PTEN: 0.5065
     NR1I2b: 0.2575
      PDGFRBb: 0.2328
    Bottom 5 Features by Variance:
      FLT1b: 0.0001
      TOP2b: 0.0001
      FLT1: 0.0011
      TOP2: 0.0082
      NF2: 0.0108
Paper: Transynergy, Minimax: MAX
  Variance of Feature Importance Across Regularizations:
    Top 5 Features by Variance:
     MAP2K6: 13.8518
     NDUFV2: 8.8355
     PDYN: 7.7155
      GTF2I: 7.6237
      TUBA1C: 5.4458
    Bottom 5 Features by Variance:
      TUBE1: 0.0000
      MSN: 0.0000
      GXYLT1: 0.0000
      TAL2: 0.0000
      HLF: 0.0000
Paper: Transynergy, Minimax: MIN
  Variance of Feature Importance Across Regularizations:
    Top 5 Features by Variance:
     MAP2K6: 13.8532
     NDUFV2: 8.8313
      PDYN: 7.7269
      GTF2I: 7.6216
      TUBA1C: 5.4541
    Bottom 5 Features by Variance:
      CSPG4: 0.0000
      RGS7: 0.0000
      RRAS2: 0.0000
      ATP10D: 0.0000
      MICAL2: 0.0000
```

C:\Users\ismyn\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_10364\349409408.py:7:
MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The seaborn styles shipped by Matplotlib are
deprecated since 3.6, as they no longer correspond to the styles shipped by

```
seaborn. However, they will remain available as 'seaborn-v0_8-<style>'.
Alternatively, directly use the seaborn API instead.
   plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
```

```
[39]: import os
      import torch
      import numpy as np # Import numpy for variance calculation
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from explaination_config import ExplainationConfig
      plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
      regularizations = ["12", "11", "none"]
      minimaxis = ["max", "min"]
      papers = ["biomining", "transynergy"]
      print("\n\n--- Total Variance ---")
      for paper in papers:
          feature_names = ExplainationConfig(paper=paper).feature_names
          num_features = len(feature_names)
          for minimax in minimaxis:
              print(f"\nPaper: {paper.capitalize()}, Minimax: {minimax.upper()}")
              feature importance_all_regs = {} # Reset for each paper/minimax_
       \hookrightarrow combination
              for reg in regularizations:
                  path_to_experiment = f"C:/Users/ismyn/UNI/FU Berlin/SWP_Cancer/

¬results/{paper}_{minimax}_reg_{reg}"
                  feature_importance = None
                  if os.path.exists(path_to_experiment):
                      for file in os.listdir(path_to_experiment):
                          if file.endswith(".pt"):
                              tensor = torch.load(os.path.join(path_to_experiment,_
       ⇔file))
                              if feature_importance is not None:
                                   feature_importance = torch.cat([tensor.

unsqueeze(0), feature_importance], dim=0)
                              else:
                                   feature_importance = tensor.unsqueeze(0)
                      feature_importance_all_regs[reg] = feature_importance
                      print(f" Warning: No data for {paper}_{minimax}_reg_{reg}.__

¬Skipping.")
```

```
feature_importance_all_regs[reg] = [0.0] * num_features # Fill_
⇔with zeros to avoid errors
      if len(feature importance all regs) == len(regularizations):
          # Create a tensor where each row is the feature importance for a_
\hookrightarrow different regularization
          reg_values_for_variance = torch.
-cat([feature_importance_all_regs[reg_key] for reg_key in regularizations],_
\rightarrowdim =0)
          # Shape: (num_regularizations, num_features)
          print(f" Shape of reg_values_for_variance:
→{reg_values_for_variance.shape}")
          # Calculate variance for each feature across different
\hookrightarrow regularizations
          feature_variances_across_regs = torch.var(reg_values_for_variance,_

dim=0).tolist()

          print(f" Variance of Feature Importance Across Regularizations:")
          print(f"
                      Top 5 Features by Variance:")
          sorted_variance_indices = sorted(range(num_features), key=lambda i:__

→feature_variances_across_regs[i], reverse=True)
          for i in range(min(5, num features)):
              idx = sorted_variance_indices[i]
              print(f"
                           {feature_names[idx]}:__
Bottom 5 Features by Variance:")
          for i in range(min(5, num_features)):
              idx = sorted_variance_indices[-(i + 1)]
              print(f"
                           {feature names[idx]}:
else:
          print(f" Not enough data to calculate variance across
→regularizations for {paper.capitalize()}, {minimax.upper()}")
```

```
--- Total Variance ---

Paper: Biomining, Minimax: MAX

Shape of reg_values_for_variance: torch.Size([15, 33])

Variance of Feature Importance Across Regularizations:

Top 5 Features by Variance:

KDR: 0.4828

MCL1b: 0.4821
```

RAS: 0.4675 EGFR: 0.3995 NF2: 0.3778 Bottom 5 Features by Variance: PDGFRB: 0.0347 TUB1b: 0.0767 NR1I2: 0.0847 TOP2b: 0.1149 P53: 0.1308 Paper: Biomining, Minimax: MIN Shape of reg_values_for_variance: torch.Size([15, 33]) Variance of Feature Importance Across Regularizations: Top 5 Features by Variance: ABL: 0.5916 PI3K: 0.5365 RAS: 0.4927 MCL1: 0.3874 P53: 0.3615 Bottom 5 Features by Variance: FLT1b: 0.0110 TUB1: 0.0215 TOP2b: 0.0233 TUB1b: 0.0275 MCL1b: 0.0478 Paper: Transynergy, Minimax: MAX Shape of reg_values_for_variance: torch.Size([15, 7206]) Variance of Feature Importance Across Regularizations: Top 5 Features by Variance: MCHR2: 4.6356 NRK: 4.2127 NCOA4: 4.0365 BHMT2: 4.0364 HSP90B1: 3.8443 Bottom 5 Features by Variance: CUX1: 0.0158 BPTF: 0.0187 CRTAM: 0.0189 SPTAN1: 0.0238 CUL7: 0.0245 Paper: Transynergy, Minimax: MIN Shape of reg_values_for_variance: torch.Size([15, 7206]) Variance of Feature Importance Across Regularizations: Top 5 Features by Variance: ARHGEF10: 4.3593

DNMT3A: 4.1443

```
MRVI1: 4.0266

GNA14: 3.9477

BHMT2: 3.9238

Bottom 5 Features by Variance:

DHFR: 0.0099

CACNA2D1: 0.0100

CD79A: 0.0112

GABRB2: 0.0184

TEP1: 0.0203
```

C:\Users\ismyn\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_10364\1027723017.py:7:
MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The seaborn styles shipped by Matplotlib are deprecated since 3.6, as they no longer correspond to the styles shipped by seaborn. However, they will remain available as 'seaborn-v0_8-<style>'.
Alternatively, directly use the seaborn API instead.

plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')

```
[]: plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
     regularizations = ["12", "11", "none"]
     minimaxis = ["max", "min"]
     papers = ["biomining", "transynergy"]
     total_variances_by_config = {}
     print("Generating 'Total Variance' plots (with top25/bottom25 logic) and ⊔
      ⇒storing variances by feature name...")
     for paper in papers:
         feature_names = ExplainationConfig(paper=paper).feature_names
         num_features = len(feature_names)
         for minimax in minimaxis:
             all_individual_tensors_for_total_variance = []
             print(f"\nProcessing {paper.capitalize()} | {minimax.upper()} for total__
      ⇔variance...")
             for reg in regularizations:
                 path_to_experiment = f"C:/Users/ismyn/UNI/FU Berlin/SWP_Cancer/
      →results/{paper}_{minimax}_reg_{reg}"
                 if os.path.exists(path_to_experiment):
                     for file in os.listdir(path_to_experiment):
                         if file.endswith(".pt"):
                             tensor = torch.load(os.path.join(path_to_experiment,_
      ⊶file))
```

```
all_individual_tensors_for_total_variance.append(tensor.
unsqueeze(0))
           else.
               print(f" Warning: Path not found for ⊔

¬{paper}_{minimax}_reg_{reg}. Skipping files from this config.")

       if all_individual_tensors_for_total_variance:
           combined_feature_data = torch.
→cat(all_individual_tensors_for_total_variance, dim=0)
           print(f" Shape of combined feature data for variance calculation:
→{combined_feature_data.shape}")
           total_feature_variances = torch.var(combined_feature_data, dim=0).
→tolist()
          feature_variance_map = {
               feature_names[i]: total_feature_variances[i] for i in_
→range(num_features)
          total_variances_by_config[(paper, minimax)] = feature_variance_map
           print(f" Stored total variances for {paper.capitalize()} |
→{minimax.upper()} by feature name.")
           sorted_variance_items = sorted(feature_variance_map.items(),_
→key=lambda item: item[1], reverse=True)
           # sorted variance items is a list of (feature name, variance value)_{\sqcup}
\hookrightarrow tuples
           suffix = ""
           features_to_plot_names = []
           features_to_plot_variances = []
           if num_features > 50:
               # Take top 25 and bottom 25
               top_25_items = sorted_variance_items[:25]
               bottom_25_items = sorted_variance_items[max(0, num_features -_
⇒25):]
               features_to_plot_items = top_25_items + bottom_25_items
               suffix = "(top25+bottom25)"
           else:
               # If 50 or fewer features, plot all
               features_to_plot_items = sorted_variance_items
               suffix = "(all features)"
           # Extract names and variances for plotting
           plot_feature_names = [item[0] for item in features_to_plot_items]
```

```
plot_variances = [item[1] for item in features_to_plot_items]
           # --- Plotting ---
           plt.figure(figsize=(12, max(8, len(plot_feature_names) * 0.4))) #__
 →Dynamic height
           y_pos = np.arange(len(plot_feature_names))
           plt.barh(y_pos, plot_variances, color='#1f77b4')
           plt.yticks(y_pos, plot_feature_names)
           plt.gca().invert_yaxis() # Highest variance feature at the top
           plt.title(f'Total Variance of Feature Importance | {paper.
 →capitalize()} - {minimax.upper()} {suffix}', fontsize=16)
           plt.xlabel('Total Variance')
           plt.ylabel('Feature')
           plt.grid(axis='x', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5)
           plt.tight_layout()
           plt.show()
       else:
           print(f" No data found to calculate total variance for {paper.

¬capitalize()} | {minimax.upper()}.")
print("\n'Total Variance' plots generated and variances stored by feature name.
⇒")
# --- Example of how to access the stored variances by feature name ---
print("\n--- Example of accessing stored total variances by feature name ---")
for (paper key, minimax key), feature variance map in total variances by config.
   print(f"Accessing variances for Paper: {paper_key}, Minimax_ key}")
   # You can now access variances directly by feature name
   if feature variance map:
        # Get the first feature name (arbitrary example)
       first_feature_name = next(iter(feature_variance_map))
       print(f" Variance of '{first_feature_name}':_
 # Or, iterate through all features and their variances
        # for feature, variance in feature_variance_map.items():
             print(f" '{feature}': {variance:.4f}")
   else:
       print(" No variances stored for this configuration.")
```

C:\Users\ismyn\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_10364\3109242748.py:8:
MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The seaborn styles shipped by Matplotlib are
deprecated since 3.6, as they no longer correspond to the styles shipped by

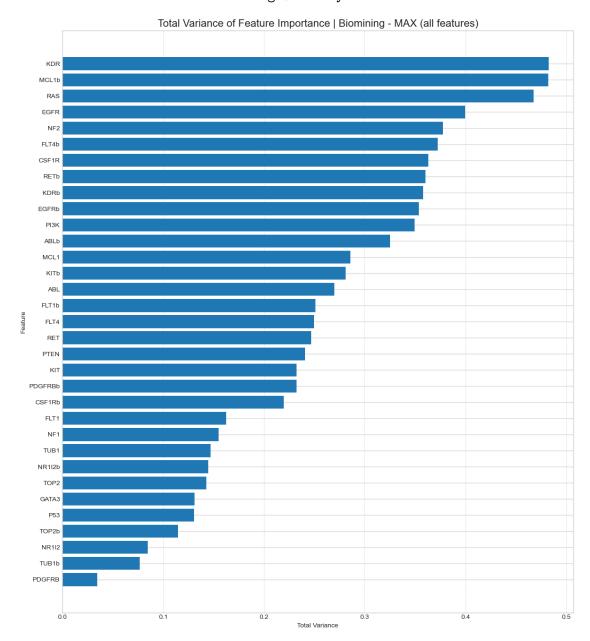
seaborn. However, they will remain available as 'seaborn-v0_8-<style>'.
Alternatively, directly use the seaborn API instead.
 plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')

Generating 'Total Variance' plots (with top25/bottom25 logic) and storing variances by feature name...

Processing Biomining | MAX for total variance...

Shape of combined_feature_data for variance calculation: torch.Size([15, 33])

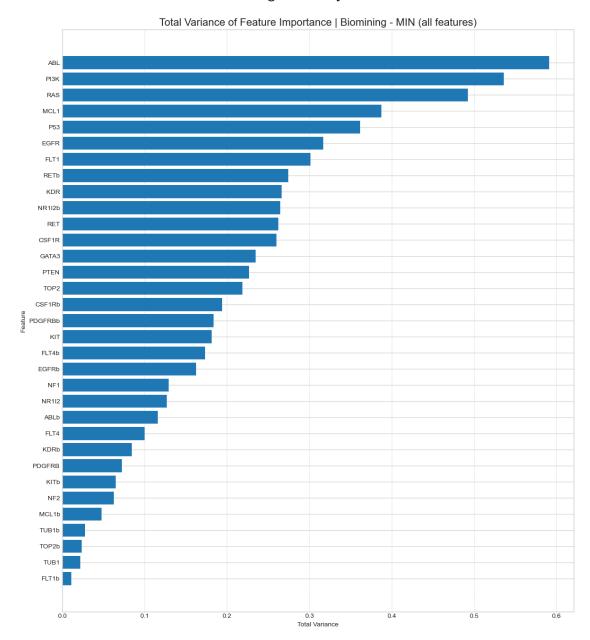
Stored total variances for Biomining | MAX by feature name.



Processing Biomining | MIN for total variance...

Shape of combined_feature_data for variance calculation: torch.Size([15, 33])

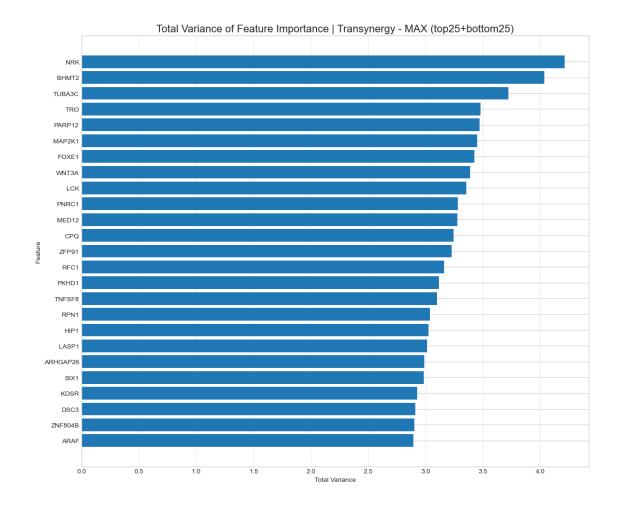
Stored total variances for Biomining | MIN by feature name.



Processing Transynergy | ${\tt MAX}$ for total variance...

Shape of combined_feature_data for variance calculation: torch.Size([15, 7206])

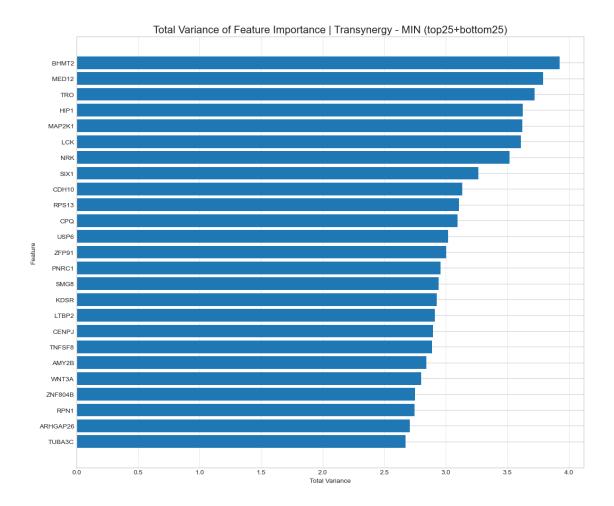
Stored total variances for Transynergy | MAX by feature name.



Processing Transynergy | MIN for total variance...

Shape of combined_feature_data for variance calculation: torch.Size([15, 7206])

Stored total variances for Transynergy | MIN by feature name.



'Total Variance' plots generated and variances stored by feature name.

```
--- Example of accessing stored total variances by feature name ---
Accessing variances for Paper: biomining, Minimax: max
Variance of 'ABL': 0.2698
Accessing variances for Paper: biomining, Minimax: min
Variance of 'ABL': 0.5916
Accessing variances for Paper: transynergy, Minimax: max
Variance of 'GDF5': 0.3139
Accessing variances for Paper: transynergy, Minimax: min
Variance of 'GDF5': 0.0973
```

```
[67]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import torch
import os
import matplotlib.ticker as ticker
```

```
for paper in papers:
   feature_names = ExplainationConfig(paper=paper).feature_names
   for minimaxis in [["max", "min"], ["min", "max"]]:
        SORTED_ORDER_INDICES = None
        dict_papers_indices_12 = {}
        # Decide number of features to plot
        if len(feature_names) > 50:
            height = 25 + 25
            suffix = "(top25+bottom25)"
        else:
            height = len(feature_names)
            suffix = ""
        fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(18, max(6, height * 0.25)))
        for ax_idx, minimax in enumerate(minimaxis):
            feature_importance = torch.zeros(len(feature_names))
            for reg in ["11", "12", "none"]:
                path_to_experiment = f"C:/Users/ismyn/UNI/FU Berlin/SWP_Cancer/
 →results/{paper}_{minimax}_reg_{reg}"
                for file in os.listdir(path_to_experiment):
                    if file.endswith(".pt"):
                        tensor = torch.load(os.path.join(path_to_experiment,_
 ⊶file))
                        feature_importance += tensor
            feature importance /= (5 * 3)
            importance_values = feature_importance.tolist()
            full_sorted_indices = sorted(range(len(importance_values)),__
 →key=lambda i: importance_values[i], reverse=True)
            dict_papers_indices_12[(paper, minimax)] = full_sorted_indices
            if SORTED_ORDER_INDICES is None:
                if len(feature_names) > 50:
                    top_25 = full_sorted_indices[:25]
                    bottom_25 = full_sorted_indices[-25:]
                    SORTED_ORDER_INDICES = top_25 + bottom_25
                else:
                    SORTED_ORDER_INDICES = full_sorted_indices
            sorted_feature_names = [feature_names[i] for i in_
 →SORTED_ORDER_INDICES]
            sorted_values = [feature_importance[i] for i in_
 →SORTED_ORDER_INDICES]
            feature_variance = total_variances_by_config[(paper, minimax)]
```

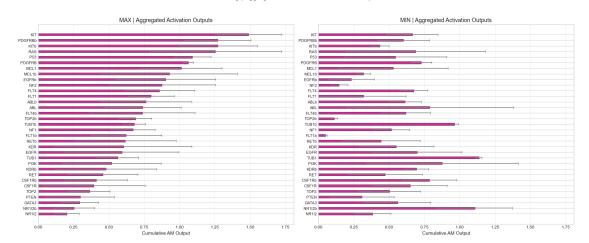
```
sorted_variances = [feature_variance[i] for i in_
→sorted_feature_names]
           y = range(len(SORTED_ORDER_INDICES))
           bar_width = 0.4
           axes[ax_idx].barh(
               у,
               sorted_values,
               height=bar_width,
               color="#C51B8A",
               xerr=sorted_variances,
               ecolor='gray',
               alpha=0.9,
               capsize=3,
               linewidth=0.5,
               edgecolor="black"
           )
           axes[ax_idx].set_yticks(y)
           axes[ax idx].set yticklabels(sorted feature names, fontsize=9)
           axes[ax_idx].invert_yaxis() # Most important on top
           axes[ax_idx].set_xlabel("Cumulative AM Output", fontsize=11)
           axes[ax_idx].set_title(f"{minimax.upper()} | Aggregated Activation_

    Outputs", fontsize=13)

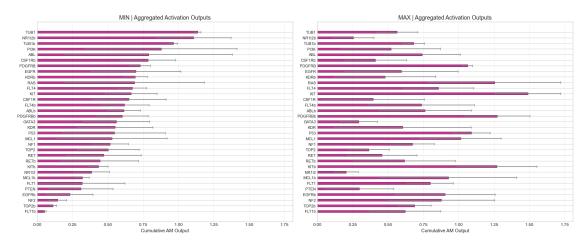
           axes[ax_idx].grid(axis='x', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.6, alpha=0.
⇔6)
       # Align x-axis across subplots
      x_lims = [ax.get_xlim() for ax in axes]
      x_min = min(lim[0] for lim in x_lims)
      x_max = max(lim[1] for lim in x_lims)
      for ax in axes:
           ax.set_xlim(x_min, x_max)
       # Global title
      plt.suptitle(f"{paper.capitalize()} | Aggregated Activation_

→Maximization Outputs {suffix}", fontsize=16)
      plt.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0.03, 1, 0.95])
      plt.show()
```

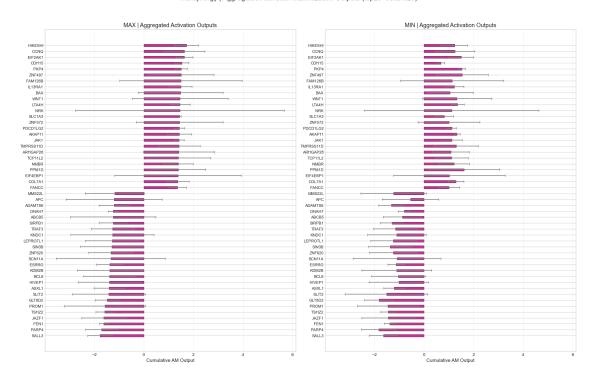
Biomining | Aggregated Activation Maximization Outputs



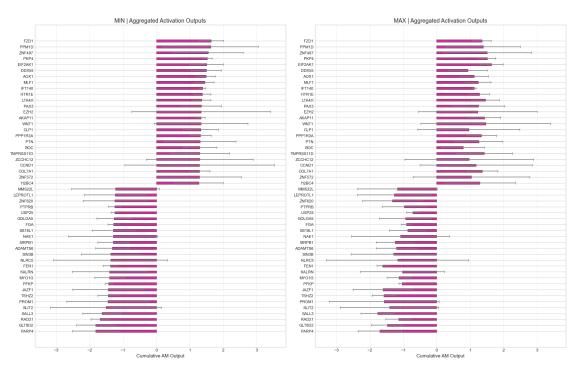
Biomining | Aggregated Activation Maximization Outputs



Transynergy | Aggregated Activation Maximization Outputs (top25+bottom25)



Transynergy | Aggregated Activation Maximization Outputs (top25+bottom25)



```
[]: for paper in papers:
         feature_names = ExplainationConfig(paper=paper).feature_names
         for minimaxis in [["max", "min"], ["min", "max"]]:
             SORTED_ORDER_INDICES = None
             dict_papers_indices_12 = {}
             # Decide number of features to plot
             if len(feature_names) > 50:
                 height = 50
                 suffix = "(top25+bottom25)"
             else:
                 height = len(feature_names)
                 suffix = ""
             fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(18, max(6, height * 0.25)))
             for ax_idx, minimax in enumerate(minimaxis):
                 feature_importance = torch.zeros(len(feature_names))
                 for reg in ["11", "12", "none"]:
                     path_to_experiment = f"C:/Users/ismyn/UNI/FU Berlin/SWP_Cancer/
      →results/{paper}_{minimax}_reg_{reg}"
                     for file in os.listdir(path_to_experiment):
                         if file.endswith(".pt"):
                             tensor = torch.load(os.path.join(path_to_experiment,_
      ⊶file))
                             feature_importance += tensor
                 feature_importance \neq (5 * 3)
                 feature_variance = total_variances_by_config[(paper, minimax)]
                 # Sort by lowest variance
                 full_sorted_indices = sorted(range(len(feature_names)), key=lambda_u

→i: feature_variance[feature_names[i]])
                 dict_papers_indices_12[(paper, minimax)] = full_sorted_indices
                 if SORTED_ORDER_INDICES is None:
                     if len(feature_names) > 50:
                         top_25 = full_sorted_indices[:25]
                         bottom 25 = full sorted indices[-25:]
                         SORTED_ORDER_INDICES = top_25 + bottom_25
                     else:
                         SORTED_ORDER_INDICES = full_sorted_indices
                 sorted_feature_names = [feature_names[i] for i in_
      →SORTED_ORDER_INDICES]
```

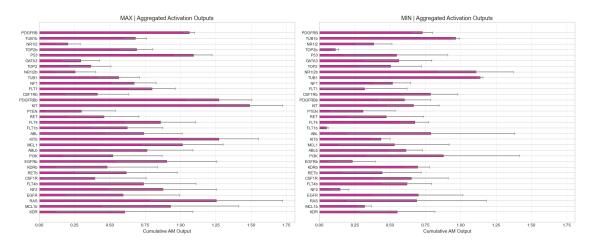
```
sorted_values = [feature_importance[i] for i in_
→SORTED_ORDER_INDICES]
           sorted_variances = [feature_variance[feature_names[i]] for i in_
→SORTED ORDER INDICES]
           y = range(len(SORTED_ORDER_INDICES))
           bar_width = 0.4
           axes[ax_idx].barh(
               у,
               sorted_values,
              height=bar width,
               color="#C51B8A",
              xerr=sorted_variances,
               ecolor='gray',
               alpha=0.9,
               capsize=3,
               linewidth=0.5,
               edgecolor="black"
           )
           axes[ax_idx].set_yticks(y)
           axes[ax_idx].set_yticklabels(sorted_feature_names, fontsize=9)
           axes[ax_idx].invert_yaxis()
           axes[ax_idx].set_xlabel("Cumulative AM Output", fontsize=11)
           axes[ax_idx].set_title(f"{minimax.upper()} | Aggregated Activation_

outputs", fontsize=13)

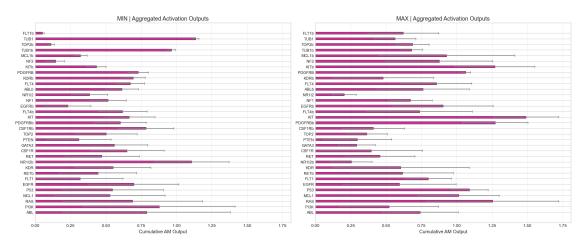
           axes[ax_idx].grid(axis='x', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.6, alpha=0.
⇔6)
       # Align x-axis across subplots
      x_lims = [ax.get_xlim() for ax in axes]
      x_min = min(lim[0] for lim in x_lims)
      x_max = max(lim[1] for lim in x_lims)
      for ax in axes:
           ax.set_xlim(x_min, x_max)
      plt.suptitle(f"{paper.capitalize()} | Aggregated Activation_

→Maximization Outputs {suffix}", fontsize=16)
      plt.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0.03, 1, 0.95])
      plt.show()
```

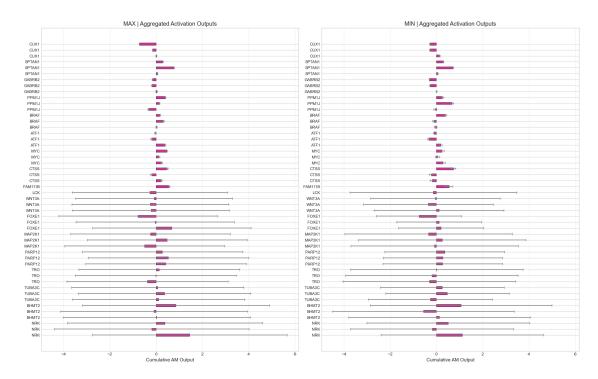
Biomining | Aggregated Activation Maximization Outputs



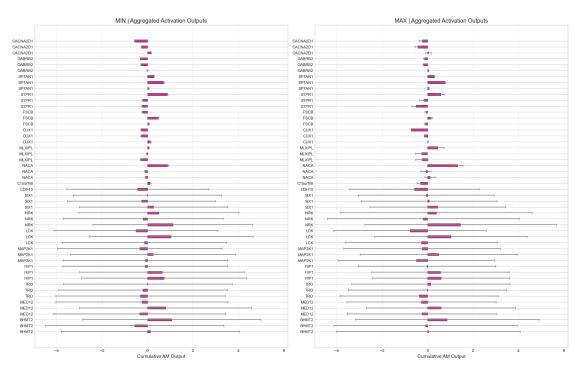
Biomining | Aggregated Activation Maximization Outputs



Transynergy | Aggregated Activation Maximization Outputs (top25+bottom25)



Transynergy | Aggregated Activation Maximization Outputs (top25+bottom25)



 $\hbox{\tt [70]: $\# ! jupyter nbconvert --execute --to html explainability/explainability.ipynb. }}$