

CCA - 1 - Div A - Nov 2, 2022

Time: 330 - 415p

==== Solve all 4 pbs =====

1. Given an array declaration - `int arr[10];`

a) explain with diagram, the memory layout in which arr is represented

b) explain - what will happen when the code uses `arr[11]`, an index that is out of bounds

For (b) - write your answer in 2-3 statements

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2. Declare an array of integers and initialize the array with 5 integers, for example, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50. Write a code that then doubles each array element

- [] Write only the `main()` function

- [] You can use your own numbers to initialize the array

- [] Use `printf()` to output the modified array

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3. Given the following code snippet -

```
int x = -10;
```

1. Declare 2 int pointer variables named `pX1` and `pX2`

2. Make both `pX1` and `pX2` point to `x`

3. Use `pX1`, add (+10) to `x`

4. Use `pX2`, add (-20) to `x`

5. What would the value of `x` now?

- [] Explain your answer in 2-3 sentences

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4. Given the following C program -

```
void funcA(int a) {  
    funcB(a);  
}
```

```
void funcB(int b) {  
    funcC(b);  
}
```

```
void funcC(int c) {  
    int l;
```

```
        l = c;
```

```
    return;  
}
```

```
int main(void) {  
    funcA(10);  
}
```

If the debugger is stopped at the line "`l = c;`" inside `funcC()` -

- [] Draw the chain of call stacks.

- [] For every frame on the call stack, show the variable usage

- [] In 1 para, explain your understanding of the function calls mechanism in C