Assignment 7

Name: Hrishikesh Rajan

Email: hrishikeshrajan3@gmail.com

1) 1. Given an integer array nums of length n and an integer target, find three integers in nums such that the sum is closest to the target.[Amazon] You need to return the sum of three integers.

```
For example:arr = [-1, 2, 1, -4], target = 1
Output: 2
Explanation: [-1+2+1] = 2 (The sum that is closest to the target is 2)
ans)
```

CODE:

```
function closest(nums, target) {
  let closest_sum =100000000;
  nums.sort((a, b) => a - b);
  for (let i = 0; i < nums.length - 2; i++) {
    let pointer1 = i+1;
    let pointer2 = nums.length-1;
    while(pointer1<pointer2) {
        let sum = nums[i]+nums[pointer1]+nums[pointer2];
        if(Math.abs(target -sum) < Math.abs(target - closest_sum) ) {
            closest_sum = sum;
        }
        if(sum > target) {
            pointer2---;
        }
}
```

```
else{
          pointer1++
     }
}

return closest_sum;
}
```

INPUT:

```
nums = [-1, 2, 1, -4];
const result = closest(nums,1);
console.log(result)
```

OUTPUT

2

CODE FLOW

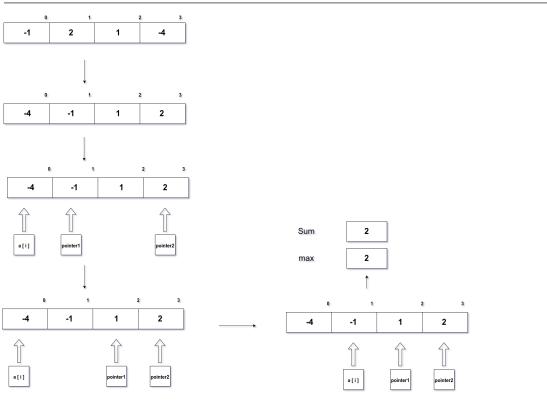


fig 1

ANALYSIS:

Here we use two steps, step 1 is to sort the input array and step two applying the calculations

In step 1 sorting, We use an inbuilt method to sort the array in ascending order. The Time complexity of inbuilt sort function can be vary from O ($n ^2$) to O (n * log (n)). Since the execution time complexity is added parallel to the time complexity of the sum calculation function is neglected.

In step 2 the calculator phase is done, for calculation we can use normal brute force approach which can cause O (n ^ 3), which is very very slow and expensive process. Hence we use a better approach called **Two Pointer Approach** (fig 1)

EXPLANATION:

When we talk about the time complexity of the total code

For the first step of the code the sorting takes $O(n^2)$ 'this complexity can vary from language to language'.But here always considering the default one. Time Complexity for sorting = $O(n^2)$

Time Complexity for calculating the sum which takes $O(n^2)$. Since two point algorithm is famous for getting the summation in O(n), since here we have three variables need to be add hence we require a nested loop with each loop runs for n times approximately

Hence, the total time complexity is for this solution is = $O(n^2) + O(n^2)$ = $O(n^2)$

Auxiliary Space Complexity = O (1), Since we are not using any extra array