

Project Report Submitted for
Database Management System (UCS310)

Topic: General Library Management System

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Problem Statement

Libraries serve as critical repositories of knowledge and information. However, manual handling of library operations, from book lending to tracking overdue returns, is both labor-intensive and error-prone. The goal of this project is to develop an automated Library Management System (LMS) that facilitates efficient library operations, enhances the user experience, and provides librarians with powerful tools to manage the inventory and user database.

In traditional library systems, many tasks are performed manually, including book cataloguing, circulation, and member management. This manual system leads to several issues:

- **Increased Error Rates:** Manual data entry and tracking increase the likelihood of errors.
- **Inefficient Resource Utilization:** Librarians spend a significant amount of time on administrative tasks which could be automated.
- **Limited Access to Information:** Members lack real-time access to book availability and their borrowing history.
- **Difficulty in Managing Overdue Returns:** Tracking and managing overdue books is challenging and often results in revenue loss due to uncollected fines.

Introduction

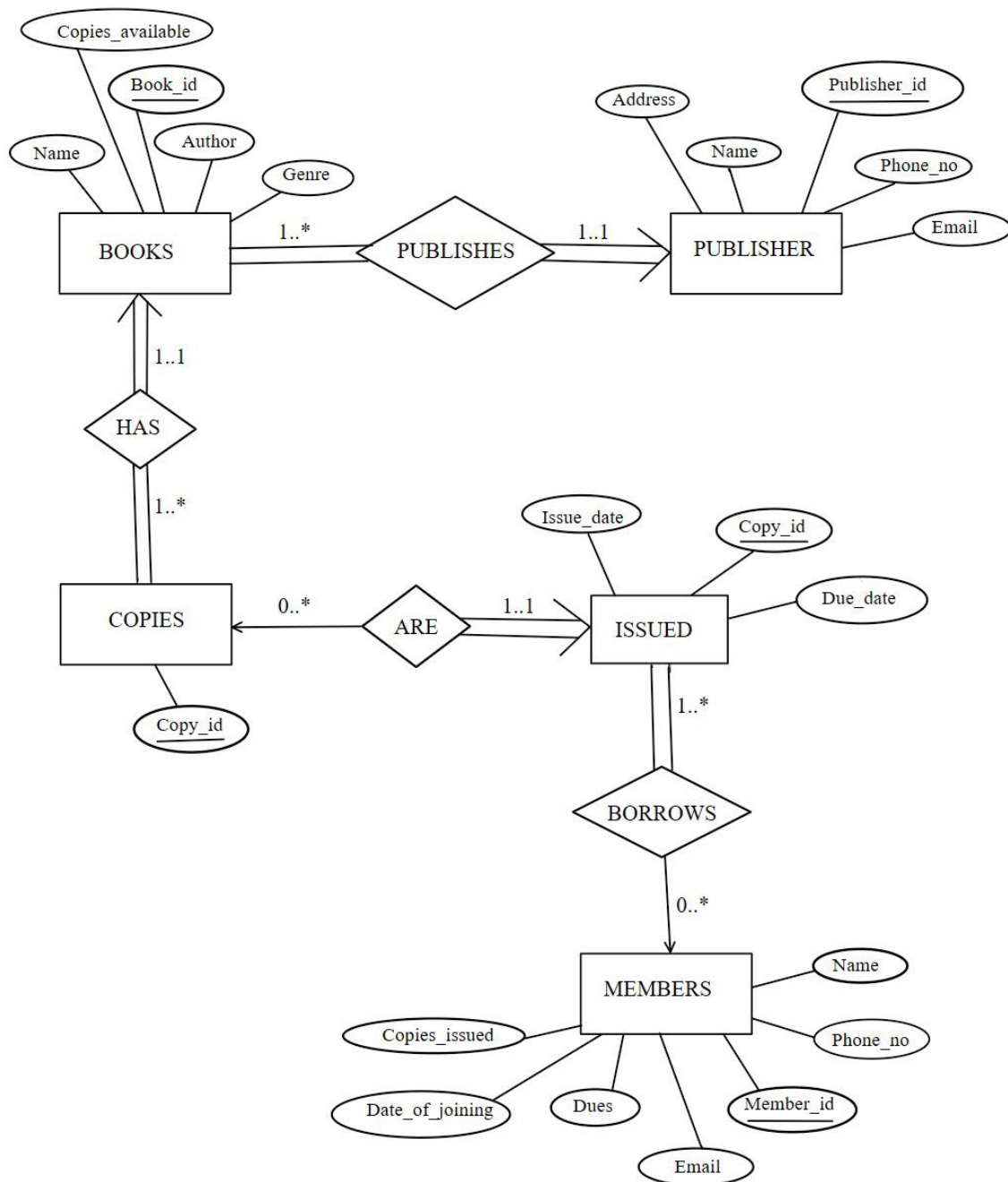
A library management system is a tool that manages and stores book information digitally, catering to the needs of its patrons. This system enables both library staff and patrons to keep a constant track of all books available in the library. It facilitates the search for desired books, making it essential for libraries to maintain a continuous check on the books issued and returned, as well as calculate fines. This digital approach reduces the chances of errors associated with manual operations by maintaining up-to-date records of issue dates, due dates, and returns, eliminating the need for manual tracking.

This system significantly reduces manual workload, enhancing the efficiency of library operations by minimizing errors in transaction details.

Advantages

- **Paperless Management:** The system digitizes all book information, thus eliminating the need for paper records.
- **Continuous Updates:** Library staff can continuously update the system with new book arrivals and their availability, ensuring patrons do not need to physically visit the library for issuing purposes.
- **Systematic Organization:** Books are systematically categorized and organized within the system, allowing users to easily search and locate books.
- **Efficiency and Resource Conservation:** Automating library management saves significant human effort and resources, making library services more efficient for both staff and patrons.

ER Diagram



ER to Table

```
SQL> desc books;
Name                                     Null?   Type
-----
BOOK_ID                                NOT NULL NUMBER(6)
NAME                                    NOT NULL VARCHAR2(50)
AUTHOR                                VARCHAR2(30)
GENRE                                  VARCHAR2(30)
COPIES_AVAILABLE                       NUMBER(38)
PUBLISHER_ID                           NOT NULL NUMBER(6)

SQL> desc members;
Name                                     Null?   Type
-----
MEMBER_ID                              NOT NULL NUMBER(6)
NAME                                    NOT NULL VARCHAR2(30)
BOOKS_ISSUED                           NUMBER(38)
DUES                                    FLOAT(126)
DATE_OF_JOINING                        NOT NULL DATE
PHONE_NO                               NOT NULL NUMBER(10)
EMAIL                                  VARCHAR2(40)

SQL> desc publisher;
Name                                     Null?   Type
-----
PUBLISHER_ID                           NOT NULL NUMBER(6)
NAME                                    NOT NULL VARCHAR2(30)
PHONE_NO                               NOT NULL NUMBER(10)
EMAIL                                  VARCHAR2(40)
ADDRESS                                NOT NULL VARCHAR2(50)

SQL> desc copies;
Name                                     Null?   Type
-----
COPY_ID                                NOT NULL NUMBER(6)
BOOK_ID                                NOT NULL NUMBER(6)
MEMBER_ID                              NUMBER(6)
ISSUE_DATE                             DATE
DUE_DATE                               DATE

SQL> desc history;
Name                                     Null?   Type
-----
COPY_ID                                NOT NULL NUMBER(6)
BOOK_ID                                NOT NULL NUMBER(6)
MEMBER_ID                              NOT NULL NUMBER(6)
ISSUE_DATE                             NOT NULL DATE
RETURN_DATE                            NOT NULL DATE
```

History table is used to record information of all books issued/returned till date.

Primary Keys: Book_ID (Books), Member_ID (Members), Publisher_ID (Publisher), Copy_ID (Copies)

Foreign Keys:

- Books(Publisher_ID) references Publisher(Publisher_ID)
- Copies(Book_ID) references Books(Book_ID)
- Copies(Member_ID) references Members(Member_ID)

Normalization

The analysis of the database schema represented in the ER diagram shows that it adheres to the first three normal forms, ensuring efficient and redundancy-free data management:

1. First Normal Form (1NF): Each table contains only atomic values with consistent data types. For example, the 'books' table with fields like 'book_id', 'name', and 'author' confirms adherence to 1NF.

2. Second Normal Form (2NF): All non-key attributes in each table are fully dependent on the primary key. In the 'books' table, attributes like 'name' and 'author' depend solely on 'book_id', indicating compliance with 2NF.

3. Third Normal Form (3NF): There are no transitive dependencies within the tables. For instance, 'publisher_id' in the 'books' table links directly to the 'publisher' table and depends only on 'book_id', not on any non-key attribute.

In conclusion, the schema effectively reaches up to the Third Normal Form (3NF), promoting data integrity and operational efficiency by ensuring that non-key attributes depend strictly on the primary keys.

PL/SQL Codes

--CREATION OF TABLES

```
create table books(book_id number(6) constraint books_pk
primary key, name varchar(30) constraint books_name not null,
author varchar(30), genre varchar(30), copies_available int,
publisher_id number(6) constraint books_pubid not null,
constraint publisher_fk foreign key(publisher_id) references
publisher(publisher_id));
```

```
create table members(member_id number(6) constraint members_pk
primary key, name varchar(30) constraint members_name not
null, books_issued int, dues float, date_of_joining date
constraint members_date not null, phone_no number(10)
constraint members_phone not null, email varchar(40));
```

```
create table publisher(publisher_id number(6) constraint
publisher_pk primary key, name varchar(30) constraint
publisher_name not null, phone_no number(10) constraint
publisher_phone not null, email varchar(40), address
varchar(50) constraint publisher_address not null);
```

```
create table copies(copy_id number(6) constraint copies_pk
primary key, book_id number(6) constraint book_nn1 not null,
member_id number(6), issue_date date, due_date date,
constraint book_fk1 foreign key (book_id) references
books(book_id), constraint member_fk1 foreign key (member_id)
references members(member_id));
```

```
create table history(copy_id number(6) constraint copy_nn not
null, book_id number(6) constraint book_nn2 not null,
member_id number(6) constraint member_nn not null, issue_date
date constraint issue_nn not null, return_date date constraint
return_nn not null);
```

-- TRIGGER FOR NO OPERATIONS ON SUNDAY

```
create or replace trigger no_operations_on_sunday
before insert or update or delete on copies
begin
if to_char(sysdate, 'day')='Sunday' then
raise_application_error(-20001, 'No borrowing allowed on
sunday.');
```

```
end if;
end;
```


**-- TRGGER TO INSERT THE RETURNED BOOK INTO HISTORY
AND UPDATE THE VALUES OF COPIES_AVAILABLE IN BOOKS
TABLE AND BOOKS_ISSUED IN MEMBERS**

```
create or replace trigger book_returned
before delete on copies
for each row
begin
insert into history values(:old.copy_id, :old.book_id,
:old.member_id, :old.issue_date, sysdate);
update books set copies_available=copies_available+1 where
book_id=:old.book_id;
update members set books_issued=books_issued-1 where
member_id=:old.member_id;
end;
```

**-- TRGGER UPDATE THE VALUES OF COPIES_AVAILABLE IN
BOOKS TABLE AND BOOKS_ISSUED IN MEMBERS WHEN A BOOK
IS ISSUED**

```
create or replace trigger book_issued
after update of member_id on copies
for each row
begin
update books set copies_available=copies_available-1 where
book_id=:new.book_id;
update members set books_issued=books_issued+1 where
member_id=:new.member_id;
end;
```

-- PROCEDURE TO DISPLAY THE BOOK DETAILS

```
create or replace procedure display_books(id in number,
book_name in varchar) is
cursor c1 is select * from books where book_id=id or
name=book_name;
b_id books.book_id%type;
begin
select book_id into b_id from books where book_id=id or
name=book_name;
for rec in c1 loop
dbms_output.put_line('Book ID: ' || rec.book_id || chr(10) ||
'Name: ' || rec.name || chr(10) || 'Author: ' || rec.author ||
chr(10) || 'Genre: ' || rec.genre || chr(10) || 'Number of
Copies Available: ' || rec.copies_available);
end loop;
exception
when no_data_found then
dbms_output.put_line('Invalid ID or book not found.');
```

end;

-- PROCEDURE TO DISPLAY THE MEMBER DETAILS

```
create or replace procedure display_members(id in number,
member_name in varchar) is
cursor c1 is select * from members where member_id=id or
name=member_name;
m_id members.member_id%type;
begin
select member_id into m_id from members where member_id=id or
name=member_name;
for rec in c1 loop
dbms_output.put_line('Member ID: ' || rec.member_id || chr(10)
|| 'Name: ' || rec.name || chr(10) || 'Number of books
borrowed: ' || rec.books_issued || chr(10) || 'Dues: ' ||
rec.dues || chr(10) || 'Date of joining: ' ||
rec.date_of_joining || chr(10) || 'Phone number: ' ||
rec.phone_no || chr(10) || 'Email: ' || rec.email);
end loop;
exception
when no_data_found then
dbms_output.put_line('Invalid ID or member not found.');
```

-- PROCEDURE TO DISPLAY THE PUBLISHER DETAILS

```
create or replace procedure display_publisher(id in number,
publisher_name in varchar) is
cursor c1 is select * from publisher where publisher_id=id or
name=publisher_name;
cursor c2 is select book_id, name from books where
publisher_id in (select publisher_id from publisher where
publisher_id=id or name=publisher_name);
p_id publisher.publisher_id%type;
begin
select publisher_id into p_id from publisher where
publisher_id=id or name=publisher_name;
for rec in c1 loop
dbms_output.put_line('Publisher ID: ' || rec.publisher_id ||
chr(10) || 'Name: ' || rec.name || chr(10) || 'Phone number: '
|| rec.phone_no || chr(10) || 'Email: ' || rec.email ||
chr(10) || 'Address: ' || rec.address || chr(10));
dbms_output.put_line('ID          BOOK');
for rec in c2 loop
dbms_output.put_line(rec.book_id || ' ' || rec.name);
end loop;
end loop;
exception
when no_data_found then
dbms_output.put_line('Invalid ID or publisher not found.');
```

-- PROCEDURE FOR ISSUING/BORROWING A BOOK

```
create or replace procedure book_issued(c_id in number, m_id
in number) is
no_of_books members.books_issued%type;
id copies.copy_id%type;
fine members.dues%type;
begin
select member_id into id from copies where copy_id=c_id;
select dues into fine from members where member_id=m_id;
if fine>200 then
raise_application_error(-20003, 'Clear previous dues to issue
new book.');
```

if id is not null then
raise_application_error(-20002, 'Book already issued.');

end if;

select books_issued into no_of_books from members where
member_id=m_id;

if no_of_books<5 then
update copies set member_id=m_id, issue_date=sysdate,
due_date=sysdate+1 where copy_id=c_id;

else
dbms_output.put_line('Maximum limit(5) reached on book
borrowing.');

end if;

exception
when no_data_found then
dbms_output.put_line('Invalid ID.');

end;

-- PROCEDURE FOR RETURNING A BOOK

```
create or replace procedure book_returned(id in number) is
b_id history.book_id%type;
c_id copies.copy_id%type;
begin
select copy_id into c_id from copies where copy_id=id;
delete from copies where copy_id=c_id;
select book_id into b_id from history where copy_id=c_id;
insert into copies(copy_id, book_id) values (c_id, b_id);
exception
when no_data_found then
dbms_output.put_line('Invalid ID.');
```

end;

-- PROCEDURE TO CALL THE dues_calc FUNCTION EVERYDAY

```
create or replace procedure calculate_dues is
cursor c1 is select member_id from members;
fine float;
begin
for rec in c1 loop
fine := dues_calc(rec.member_id);
update members set dues=fine where member_id=rec.member_id;
end loop;
end;
```

**-- PROCEDURE TO UPDATE DUES WHEN THE MEMBER PAYS
FULL/PARTIAL AMOUNT**

```
create or replace procedure dues_paid(m_id in number, amount
in number) as
begin
update members set dues=dues-amount where member_id=m_id;
end;
```

-- FUNCTION TO CALCULATE DUES

```
create or replace function dues_calc(m_id in number) return
float is
cursor c1 is select due_date from copies where member_id=m_id;
days number;
fine float:=0;
begin
for rec in c1 loop
days:= round(sysdate - rec.due_date, 0);
if days>0 then
fine:=fine + days * 5;
end if;
end loop;
return fine;
end;
```

Output Screenshots

Creation of all the triggers, procedures and function as mentioned in the PL/SQL code:

-- Creation of trigger 'no operation on Sunday'

```
SQL> create or replace trigger no_operations_on_sunday
  2  before insert or update or delete on copies
  3  begin
  4  if to_char(sysdate, 'day')='Sunday' then
  5  raise_application_error(-20001, 'No borrowing allowed on sunday.');
```

Trigger created.

-- Creation of trigger 'book_returned'

```
1  create or replace trigger book_returned
2  before delete on copies
3  for each row
4  begin
5  insert into history values(:old.copy_id, :old.book_id, :old.member_id, :old.issue_date, sysdate);
6  update books set copies_available=copies_available+1 where book_id=:old.book_id;
7  update members set books_issued=books_issued-1 where member_id=:old.member_id;
8* end;
SQL> /
```

Trigger created.

-- Creation of trigger 'book_issued'

```
1  create or replace trigger book_issued
2  after update of member_id on copies
3  for each row
4  begin
5  update books set copies_available=copies_available-1 where book_id=:new.book_id;
6  update members set books_issued=books_issued+1 where member_id=:new.member_id;
7* end;
SQL> /
```

Trigger created.

-- Creation of procedure 'display_books'

```
1 create or replace procedure display_books(id in number, book_name in varchar) is
2 cursor c1 is select * from books where book_id=id or name=book_name;
3 b_id books.book_id%type;
4 begin
5 select book_id into b_id from books where book_id=id or name=book_name;
6 for rec in c1 loop
7 dbms_output.put_line('Book ID: ' || rec.book_id || chr(10) || 'Name: ' || rec.name
|| chr(10) || 'Author: ' || rec.author || chr(10) || 'Genre: ' || rec.genre || chr(10)
|| 'Number of Copies Available: ' || rec.copies_available);
8 end loop;
9 exception
10 when no_data_found then
11 dbms_output.put_line('Invalid ID or book not found.');
```

12* end;

SQL> /

Procedure created.

-- Creation of procedure 'display_members'

```
1 create or replace procedure display_members(id in number, member_name in varchar)
is
2 cursor c1 is select * from members where member_id=id or name=member_name;
3 m_id members.member_id%type;
4 begin
5 select member_id into m_id from members where member_id=id or name=member_name;
6 for rec in c1 loop
7 dbms_output.put_line('Member ID: ' || rec.member_id || chr(10) || 'Name: ' || rec.
name || chr(10) || 'Number of books borrowed: ' || rec.books_issued || chr(10) || 'Dues
: ' || rec.dues || chr(10) || 'Date of joining: ' || rec.date_of_joining || chr(10) ||
'Phone number: ' || rec.phone_no || chr(10) || 'Email: ' || rec.email);
8 end loop;
9 exception
10 when no_data_found then
11 dbms_output.put_line('Invalid ID or member not found.');
```

12* end;

SQL> /

Procedure created.

-- Creation of procedure 'display_publishers'

```
1 create or replace procedure display_publisher(id in number, publisher_name in varchar) is
2 cursor c1 is select * from publisher where publisher_id=id or name=publisher_name;
3 cursor c2 is select book_id, name from books where publisher_id in (select publisher_id from publisher
where publisher_id=id or name=publisher_name);
4 p_id publisher.publisher_id%type;
5 begin
6 select publisher_id into p_id from publisher where publisher_id=id or name=publisher_name;
7 for rec in c1 loop
8 dbms_output.put_line('Publisher ID: ' || rec.publisher_id || chr(10) || 'Name: ' || rec.name || chr(10)
) || 'Phone number: ' || rec.phone_no || chr(10) || 'Email: ' || rec.email || chr(10) || 'Address: ' || rec
.address || chr(10));
9 dbms_output.put_line('ID          BOOK');
10 for rec in c2 loop
11 dbms_output.put_line(rec.book_id || ' ' || rec.name);
12 end loop;
13 end loop;
14 exception
15 when no_data_found then
16 dbms_output.put_line('Invalid ID or publisher not found.');
```

17* end;

SQL> /

Procedure created.

-- Creation of procedure 'book_issued'

```
1 create or replace procedure book_issued(c_id in number, m_id in number) is
2 no_of_books members.books_issued%type;
3 id copies.copy_id%type;
4 fine members.dues%type;
5 begin
6 select member_id into id from copies where copy_id=c_id;
7 select dues into fine from members where member_id=m_id;
8 if fine>200 then
9 raise_application_error(-20003, 'Clear previous dues to issue new book.');
```

10 end if;

11 if id is not null then

12 raise_application_error(-20002, 'Book already issued.');

13 end if;

14 select books_issued into no_of_books from members where member_id=m_id;

15 if no_of_books<5 then

16 update copies set member_id=m_id, issue_date=sysdate, due_date=sysdate+1 where copy_id=c_id;

17 else

18 dbms_output.put_line('Maximum limit(5) reached on book borrowing.');

19 end if;

20 exception

21 when no_data_found then

22 dbms_output.put_line('Invalid ID.');

23* end;

SQL> /

Procedure created.

-- Creation of procedure 'book_returned'

```
1 create or replace procedure book_returned(id in number) is
2 b_id history.book_id%type;
3 c_id copies.copy_id%type;
4 begin
5 select copy_id into c_id from copies where copy_id=id;
6 delete from copies where copy_id=c_id;
7 select book_id into b_id from history where copy_id=c_id;
8 insert into copies(copy_id, book_id) values (c_id, b_id);
9 exception
10 when no_data_found then
11 dbms_output.put_line('Invalid ID.');
```

12* end;

SQL> /

Procedure created.

-- Creation of procedure 'calculate_dues'

```
1 create or replace procedure calculate_dues is
2   cursor c1 is select member_id from members;
3   fine float;
4   begin
5     for rec in c1 loop
6       fine := dues_calc(rec.member_id);
7       update members set dues=fine where member_id=rec.member_id;
8     end loop;
9* end;
SQL> /
```

Procedure created.

-- Creation of procedure 'dues_paid'

```
SQL> create or replace procedure dues_paid(m_id in number, amount in number) as
2   begin
3     update members set dues = dues - amount where member_id = m_id;
4   end;
5   /
```

Procedure created.

-- Creation of function 'dues_calc'

```
1 create or replace function dues_calc(m_id in number) return float is
2   cursor c1 is select due_date from copies where member_id=m_id;
3   days number;
4   fine float:=0;
5   begin
6     for rec in c1 loop
7       days:=round(sysdate - rec.due_date,0);
8       if days>0 then
9         fine:=fine + days * 5;
10      end if;
11    end loop;
12    return fine;
13* end;
SQL> /
```

Function created.

Records in the table after insertion and execution of the procedures and function:

-- Initial values in the table Publisher

```
SQL> select * from publisher;
```

PUBLISHER_ID	NAME	PHONE_NO	EMAIL	ADDRESS
101001	McGraw Hill	1800103587	mcgrawhill@gmail.com	Sector 62, NOIDA
101002	Pearsons	1800937593	pearsons@gmail.com	Langford Gardens, Bangalore
101003	Oracle Publications	1800294729	oracle@gmail.com	Ananth Info Park, Hyderabad

-- Initial values in the table Books

```
SQL> select * from books;
```

BOOK_ID	NAME	AUTHOR	GENRE	COPIES_AVAILABLE	PUBLISHER_ID
384000	Oracle PL/SQL Programming	Steven Feuerstein	Educational (DBMS)	5	101003
439000	Building Python Programs	Stuart Reges	Educational (Programming)	5	101002
823000	Fundamentals of Corporate Finance	Stephen A. Ross	Educational (Business)	5	101001
924000	Object Oriented Programming with C++	E. Balagurusamy	Educational (Programming)	5	101001

-- Initial values in the table Copies

```
SQL> select * from copies;
```

COPY_ID	BOOK_ID	MEMBER_ID	ISSUE_DAT	DUE_DATE
384001	384000			
384002	384000			
384003	384000			
384004	384000			
384005	384000			
439001	439000			
439002	439000			
439003	439000			
439004	439000			
439005	439000			
823001	823000			
823002	823000			
823003	823000			
823004	823000			
823005	823000			
924001	924000			
924002	924000			
924003	924000			
924004	924000			
924005	924000			

20 rows selected.

-- Initial values in the table Members

```
SQL> select * from members;
```

MEMBER_ID	NAME	BOOKS_ISSUED	DUES	DATE_OF_J	PHONE_NO	EMAIL
203852	Shiven	0	0	06-MAY-24	9284308293	skhare_be22@thapar.edu
203863	Hrishita	0	0	06-MAY-24	8293803849	hdalal_be22@thapar.edu
203730	Rehatman	0	0	06-MAY-24	7029248593	rkaur_be22@thapar.edu

-- Output after execution of 'display_books' procedure

```
SQL> execute display_books(null, 'Object Oriented Programming with C++');
Book ID: 924000
Name: Object Oriented Programming with C++
Author: E. Balagurusamy
Genre: Educational (Programming)
Number of Copies Available: 5

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

-- Output after execution of 'display_members' procedure

```
SQL> execute display_members(null, 'Hrishita');
Member ID: 203863
Name: Hrishita
Number of books borrowed:
Dues:
Date of joining: 06-MAY-24
Phone number: 8293803849
Email: hdalal_be22@thapar.edu

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

-- Output after execution of 'display_publisher' procedure

```
SQL> execute display_publisher(101001, null);
Publisher ID: 101001
Name: McGraw Hill
Phone number: 1800103587
Email: mcgrawhill@gmail.com
Address: Sector 62, NOIDA

ID      BOOK
823000  Fundamentals of Corporate Finance
924000  Object Oriented Programming with C++

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

-- Execution of 'book_issued' procedure

```
SQL> execute book_issued(439002, 203863);  
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.  
SQL> execute book_issued(924003, 203730);  
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

-- Execution of 'book_issued' procedure (We deliberately gave an invalid ID, thus to showcase the user-defined exception, i.e., ORA-20002)

```
SQL> execute book_issued(384004, 203863);  
BEGIN book_issued(384004, 203863); END;  
  
*  
ERROR at line 1:  
ORA-20002: Book already issued.  
ORA-06512: at "COE203863.BOOK_ISSUED", line 7  
ORA-06512: at line 1
```

-- Execution of 'book_returned' procedure

```
SQL> execute book_returned(384004);  
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

-- Execution of 'book_returned' procedure (We deliberately gave an invalid ID, thus to showcase the error message 'Invalid ID')

```
SQL> execute book_returned(3820930);  
Invalid ID.  
  
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

-- Values in the table books and members after execution of the above procedures

```
SQL> select * from books;
```

BOOK_ID	NAME	AUTHOR	GENRE	COPIES_AVAILABLE	PUBLISHER_ID
384000	Oracle PL/SQL Programming	Steven Feuerstein	Educational (DBMS)	4	101003
439000	Building Python Programs	Stuart Reges	Educational (Programming)	3	101002
823000	Fundamentals of Corporate Finance	Stephen A. Ross	Educational (Business)	5	101001
924000	Object Oriented Programming with C++	E. Balagurusamy	Educational (Programming)	4	101001

```
SQL> select * from members;
```

MEMBER_ID	NAME	BOOKS_ISSUED	DUES	DATE_OF_J	PHONE_NO	EMAIL
203852	Shiven	0	0	06-MAY-24	9284308293	skhare_be22@thapar.edu
203863	Hrishita	2	0	06-MAY-24	8293803849	hdalal_be22@thapar.edu
203730	Rehatman	2	0	06-MAY-24	7029248593	rkaur_be22@thapar.edu

-- Values in the table copies and history after execution of the above procedures

```
SQL> select * from history;
```

COPY_ID	BOOK_ID	MEMBER_ID	ISSUE_DAT	RETURN_DA
384004	384000	203852	06-MAY-24	06-MAY-24

```
SQL> select * from copies;
```

COPY_ID	BOOK_ID	MEMBER_ID	ISSUE_DAT	DUE_DATE
384001	384000	203863	06-MAY-24	07-MAY-24
384002	384000			
384003	384000			
384005	384000			
439001	439000	203730	06-MAY-24	07-MAY-24
439002	439000	203863	06-MAY-24	07-MAY-24
439003	439000			
439004	439000			
439005	439000			
823001	823000			
823002	823000			
823003	823000			
823004	823000			
823005	823000			
924001	924000			
924002	924000			
924003	924000	203730	06-MAY-24	07-MAY-24
924004	924000			
924005	924000			
384004	384000			

20 rows selected.

-- Values in the table members after execution of the procedure calculate_dues

```
SQL> execute calculate_dues;

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> select * from members;
```

MEMBER_ID	NAME	BOOKS_ISSUED	DUES	DATE_OF_J	PHONE_NO	EMAIL
203852	Shiven	0	0	06-MAY-24	9284308293	skhare_be22@thapar.edu
203863	Hrishita	2	10	06-MAY-24	8293803849	hdalal_be22@thapar.edu
203730	Rehatman	2	10	06-MAY-24	7029248593	rkaur_be22@thapar.edu

-- Values in the table members after execution of the procedure book_issued, if the dues exceed 200, a user-defined exception is raised

```
SQL> select * from members;
```

MEMBER_ID	NAME	BOOKS_ISSUED	DUES	DATE_OF_J	PHONE_NO	EMAIL
203852	Shiven	1	0	06-MAY-24	9284308293	skhare_be22@thapar.edu
203863	Hrishita	3	250	06-MAY-24	8293803849	hdalal_be22@thapar.edu
203730	Rehatman	3	10	06-MAY-24	7029248593	rkaur_be22@thapar.edu

```
SQL> execute book_issued(924002, 203863);
BEGIN book_issued(924002, 203863); END;

*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-20003: Clear previous dues to issue new book.
ORA-06512: at "COE203863.BOOK_ISSUED", line 9
ORA-06512: at line 1
```

-- Values in the table members after execution of the procedure dues_paid

```
SQL> execute dues_paid(203863, 10);

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> select * from members;
```

MEMBER_ID	NAME	BOOKS_ISSUED	DUES	DATE_OF_J	PHONE_NO	EMAIL
203852	Shiven	1	0	06-MAY-24	9284308293	skhare_be22@thapar.edu
203863	Hrishita	3	10	06-MAY-24	8293803849	hdalal_be22@thapar.edu
203730	Rehatman	3	20	06-MAY-24	7029248593	rkaur_be22@thapar.edu

Conclusion

The implementation of our Database Management System (DBMS) has significantly improved the efficiency and automation of library operations. Key processes, such as issuing and returning books, managing user accounts, and enforcing library policies, are now fully automated. Triggers within the system ensure compliance with operational policies, like no transactions on Sundays, and handle updates in real-time to book availability and user borrowing limits.

The system also features comprehensive procedures for reporting detailed information on books, members, and publishers, enhancing staff's ability to access and utilize data efficiently. Furthermore, automated dues calculations through tailored procedures and functions streamline financial transactions, promoting timely returns and maintaining financial discipline among borrowers.

Overall, this DBMS deployment has not only minimized manual intervention but has also increased the accuracy, reliability, and responsiveness of our library's service offerings, significantly enhancing user satisfaction and operational control.