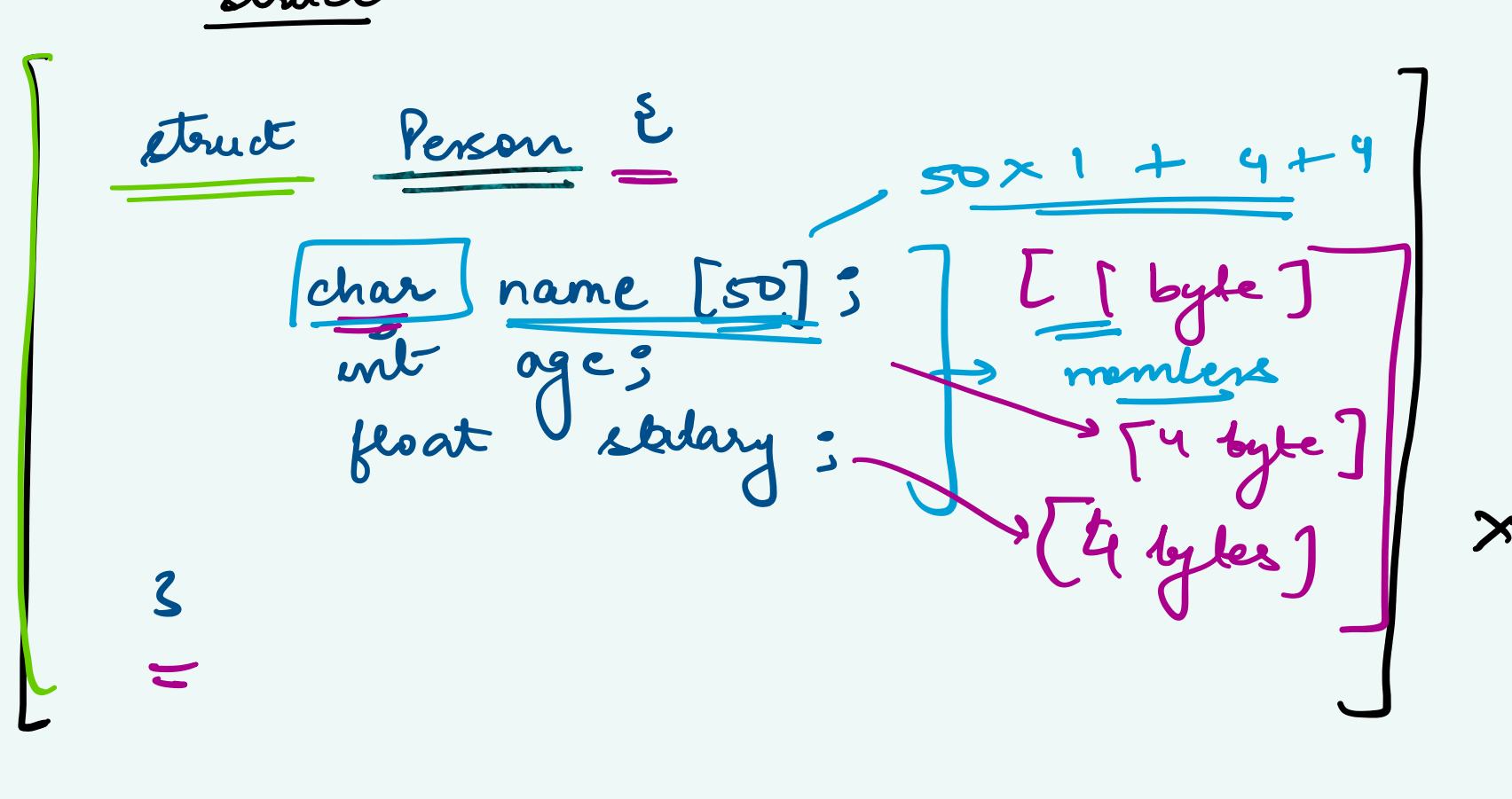


## Structures

→ Collection of variables of different data types under a single name.



→ struct definition is a blueprint for creating variables.

→ `Person Ajay;` → 58 bytes

```

Ajay.age = 50;
    
```

→ Pointers can also be created for user defined data-type like structure.

```

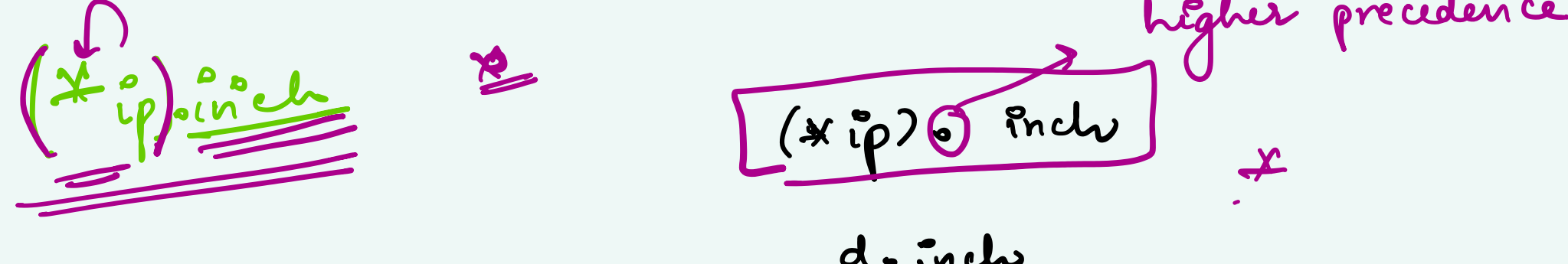
struct temp {
    int p;
    char q;
};
    
```

```

int main() {
    temp *ip;
    return 0;
}
    
```

Distance of `ip`, `d`:

`ip = &d;`



`ptr -> feet = (*ptr).feet`

## Enumeration (enums)

An enumeration (enum) is a user-defined data-type that consists of integral constants.

enum

```

enum season {
    spring, summer, autumn, winter;
};
    
```

Diagram showing the mapping of enum values to integers:

- `spring` → 0
- `summer` → 1
- `autumn` → 2
- `winter` → 3

```

enum season {
    spring = 0,
    summer = 4,
    autumn = 8,
    winter = 12;
};
    
```

blueprint of the variable is created

`enum season` current;

① `enum boolean { false, true };`  
`enum boolean check;`

② `enum boolean {`  
`false,`  
`true;`  
`};` `check;`

```

enum cards {
    club = 0;
    diamonds = 10;
    hearts = 20;
    spades = 3;
};
    
```

## Classes & objects

className Variable Names

```

int main() {
    Room r1, r2, r3;
    r2.area();
};
    
```

Annotation: `r1.height = 20.2;` (with an arrow pointing to `r2`)

## Constructors

① A constructor is a special type of member function that is called automatically when an object is created.

```

class Wall {
public:
    Wall() {
    };
};
    
```

Annotation: "default constructor" with an arrow pointing to `Wall()`.  
 Annotation: "constructor" with an arrow pointing to the `Wall()` block.

`Wall w;`

## Parameterized constructor

```

Room (double len, double h, double w) {
};
    
```

## Copy constructors

→ used to copy data of one object to another.

```

int * p;
int * p;
    
```

→ `int p` (with a circled `2`) `x x`