

Exercises: Polymorphism

This document defines the exercises for <https://softuni.bg/trainings/1976/java-oop-basics-june-2018> . Please submit your solutions (source code) of all below described problems in <https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/242/Polymorphism-Exercises> .

Problem 1. Vehicles

Write a program that models 2 vehicles (**Car** and **Truck**) and will be able to simulate **driving** and **refueling** them in the summer. **Car** and **truck** both have **fuel quantity**, **fuel consumption in liters per km** and can be **driven given distance** and **refueled with given liters**. But in the **summer** both vehicles use air conditioner and their **fuel consumption** per km is **increased** by **0.9** liters for the **car** and with **1.6** liters for the **truck**. Also the **truck** has a tiny hole in his tank and when it gets **refueled** it gets only **95%** of given **fuel**. The **car** has no problems when refueling and adds **all given fuel to its tank**. If vehicle **cannot** travel given distance its fuel does not change.

Input

- On the **first line** - information about the car in format **{Car {fuel quantity} {liters per km}}**
- On the **second line** – info about the truck in format **{Truck {fuel quantity} {liters per km}}**
- On third line - **number of commands N** that will be given on the next **N** lines
- On the next **N** lines – commands in format
 - **Drive Car {distance}**
 - **Drive Truck {distance}**
 - **Refuel Car {liters}**
 - **Refuel Truck {liters}**

Output

After each **Drive command** print whether the Car/Truck was able to travel given distance in format if it's successful. **Print the distance with two digits after the decimal separator except trailing zeros**. Use the **DecimalFormat** class:

Car/Truck travelled {distance} km

Or if it is not:

Car/Truck needs refueling

Finally print the **remaining fuel** for both car and truck rounded **2 digits after floating point** in format:

Car: {liters}
Truck: {liters}

Example

Input	Output
Car 15 0.3 Truck 100 0.9 4 Drive Car 9 Drive Car 30 Refuel Car 50 Drive Truck 10	Car travelled 9 km Car needs refueling Truck travelled 10 km Car: 54.20 Truck: 75.00
Car 30.4 0.4 Truck 99.34 0.9 5 Drive Car 500 Drive Car 13.5 Refuel Truck 10.300 Drive Truck 56.2 Refuel Car 100.2	Car needs refueling Car travelled 13.5 km Truck needs refueling Car: 113.05 Truck: 109.13

Problem 2. Vehicles Extension

Use your solution of the previous task for starting point and add more functionality. Add new vehicle – **Bus**. Now every vehicle has **tank capacity** and fuel quantity **cannot fall below 0** (If fuel quantity become less than 0 **print** on the console **“Fuel must be a positive number”**).

The **vehicles cannot be filled** with fuel **more than their tank capacity**. If you **try to put more fuel** in the tank than the **available space**, print on the console **“Cannot fit fuel in tank”** and **do not add any fuel** in vehicles tank.

Add **new command** for the bus. The **bus** can **drive with or without people**. If the bus is driving **with people**, the **air-conditioner is turned on** and its **fuel consumption** per kilometer is **increased with 1.4 liters**. If there are **no people in the bus** when driving the air-conditioner is **turned off** and **does not increase** the fuel consumption.

Input

- On the first three lines you will receive information about the vehicles in format:
Vehicle {initial fuel quantity} {liters per km} {tank capacity}
- On fourth line - **number of commands N** that will be given on the next **N** lines
- On the next **N** lines – commands in format
 - Drive Car {distance}**
 - Drive Truck {distance}**
 - Drive Bus {distance}**
 - DriveEmpty Bus {distance}**
 - Refuel Car {liters}**
 - Refuel Truck {liters}**
 - Refuel Bus {liters}**

Output

- After each **Drive command** print whether the Car/Truck was able to travel given distance in format if it's successful:

```
Car/Truck/Bus travelled {distance} km
```

- Or if it is not:

```
Car/Truck/Bus needs refueling
```

- If given fuel is ≤ 0 print **"Fuel must be a positive number"**.
- If given fuel cannot fit in car or bus tank print **"Cannot fit fuel in tank"**
- Finally print the **remaining fuel** for car, truck and bus rounded **2 digits after floating point** in format:

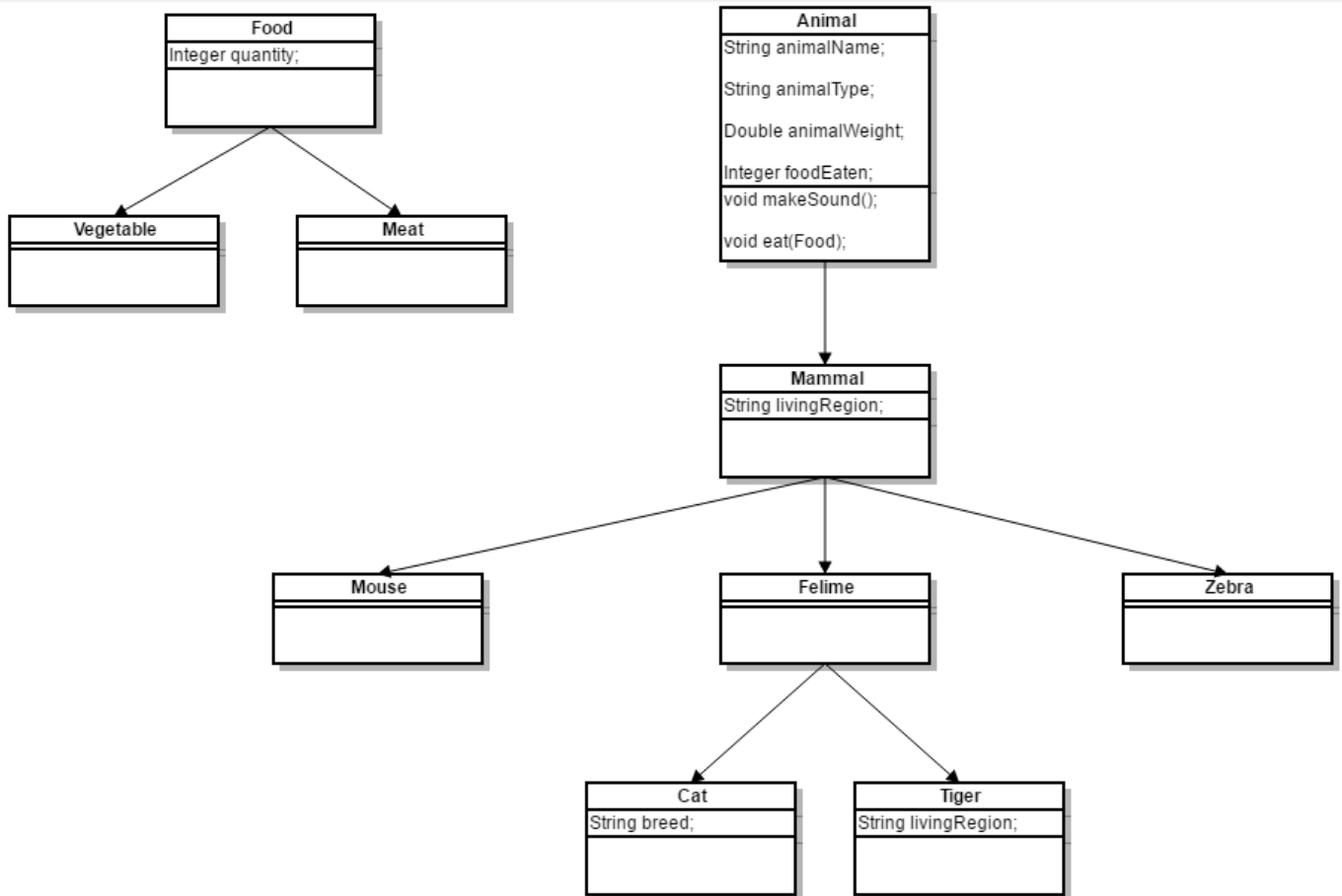
```
Car: {liters}  
Truck: {liters}  
Bus: {liters}
```

Example

Input	Output
Car 30 0.04 70	Fuel must be a positive number
Truck 100 0.5 300	Fuel must be a positive number
Bus 40 0.3 150	Cannot fit fuel in tank
8	Bus travelled 10 km
Refuel Car -10	Cannot fit fuel in tank
Refuel Truck 0	Bus needs refueling
Refuel Car 10	Cannot fit fuel in tank
Refuel Car 300	Car: 40.00
Drive Bus 10	Truck: 100.00
Refuel Bus 1000	Bus: 23.00
DriveEmpty Bus 100	
Refuel Truck 1000	

Problem 3. Wild farm

Your task is to create a class **hierarchy** like the picture below. All the classes except **Vegetable**, **Meat**, **Mouse**, **Tiger**, **Cat** & **Zebra** should be **abstract**.



Input should be read from the console. Every **even** line will contain information about the Animal in following format:

{AnimalType} {AnimalName} {AnimalWeight} {AnimalLivingRegion} [{CatBreed} = Only if its cat]

On the **odd** lines you will receive information about the food that you should give to the Animal. The line will consist of **FoodType** and **quantity** separated by a whitespace.

You should build the logic to determine if the animal is going to eat the provided food. The Mouse and Zebra should check if the food is a Vegetable. If it is they will eat it. Otherwise you should print a message in the format:

{AnimalType} are not eating that type of food!

Cats eat **any** kind of food, but **Tigers** accept **only Meat**. If **Vegetable** is provided to a **tiger** message like the one above should be printed on the console.

After you read information about the Animal and Food then invoke **makeSound()** method of the current animal and then feed it. At the end print the whole object and proceed reading information about the next animal/food. The input will continue until you receive **"End"**. After that print the information of all received animals in format:

{AnimalType} [{AnimalName}, {CatBreed}, {AnimalWeight}, {AnimalLivingRegion}, {FoodEaten}]

Print all **AnimalWeight** with no trailing zeroes after the decimal separator. Use the **DecimalFormat** class.

Note: consider overriding toString() method.

Input	Output
Cat Gray 1.1 Home Persian Vegetable 4 End	Meowwww Cat[Gray, Persian, 1.1, Home, 4]
Tiger Typcho 167.7 Asia Vegetable 1 End	ROAAR!!! Tigers are not eating that type of food! Tiger[Typcho, 167.7, Asia, 0]
Zebra Doncho 500 Africa Vegetable 150 End	Zs Zebra[Doncho, 500, Africa, 150]
Mouse Jerry 0.5 Anywhere Vegetable 0 End	SQUEEEAAK! Mouse[Jerry, 0.5, Anywhere, 0]