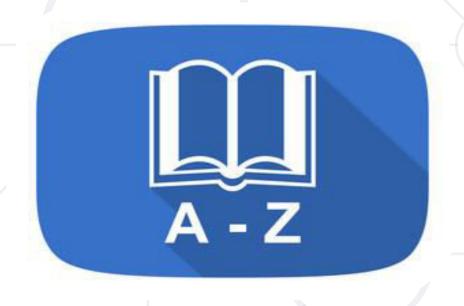
Maps, Lambda and Stream API

Collections and Queries





SoftUni Team Technical Trainers







Software University

http://softuni.bg





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Associative Arrays
Collection of Key and Value Pairs

Associative Arrays (Maps)



Associative arrays are arrays indexed by keys

Not by the numbers 0, 1, 2, ... (like arrays)

■ Hold a set of pairs {key → value}

Key	Value
John Smith	+1-555-8976
Lisa Smith	+1-555-1234
Sam Doe	+1-555-5030

Collections of Key and Value Pairs



- HashMap<K, V>
 - Keys are unique
 - Uses a hash-table + list
- LinkedHashMap<K, V>
 - Keys are unique
 - Keeps the keys in order of addition
- TreeMap<K, V>
 - Keys are unique
 - Keeps its keys always sorted
 - Uses a balanced search tree



Built-In Methods



put(key, value) method

```
HashMap<String, Integer> airplanes = new HashMap<>();
airplanes.put("Boeing 737", 130);
airplanes.put("Airbus A320", 150);
```

remove(key) method

```
HashMap<String, Integer> airplanes = new HashMap<>();
airplanes.put("Boeing 737", 130);
airplanes.remove("Boeing 737");
```

Built-In methods (2)



containsKey(key)

```
HashMap<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
map.put("Airbus A320", 150);
if (map.containsKey("Airbus A320"))
System.out.println("Airbus A320 key exists");
```

containsValue(value)

```
HashMap<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
map.put("Airbus A320", 150);
System.out.println(map.containsValue(150)); //true
System.out.println(map.containsValue(100)); //false
```

HashMap: put()



Pesho	0881-123-987
Gosho	0881-123-789
Alice	0881-123-978

Hash Function



HashMap<String, String>



Key Value

HashMap: remove()





Hash Function



HashMap<String, String>

Pesho	0881-123-987	
Gosho	0881-123-789	
Alice	0881-123-978	

Key Value

TreeMap<K, V> - Example



Pesho 0881-123-987

Alice +359-899-55-592

Comparator Function



TreeMap <String>

Key Value

Iterating Through Map



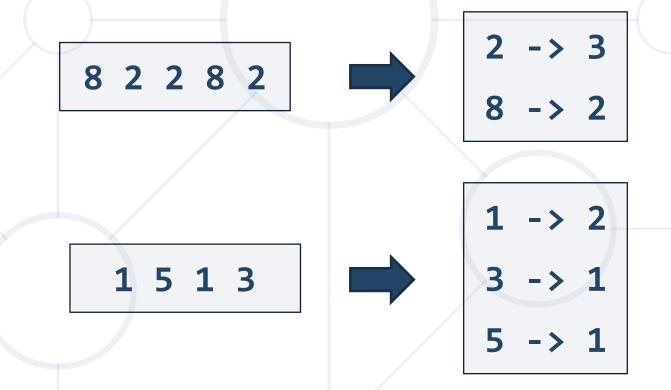
- Iterate through objects of type Map.Entry<K, V>
- Cannot modify the collection (read-only)

```
Map<String, Double> fruits = new LinkedHashMap<>();
fruits.put("banana", 2.20);
                                       entry.getKey() -> fruit name
fruits.put("kiwi", 4.50);
                                       entry.getValue() -> fruit price
for (var entry : fruits.entrySet()) {
System.out.printf("%s -> %.2f%n",
                    entry.getKey(), entry.getValue());
```

Problem: Count Real Numbers



 Read a list of real numbers and print them in ascending order along with their number of occurrences



Solution: Count Real Numbers

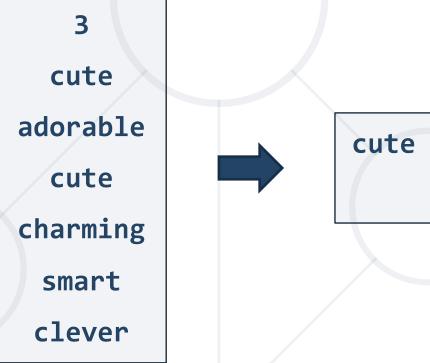


```
double[] nums = Arrays.stream(sc.nextLine().split(" "))
                .mapToDouble(Double::parseDouble).toArray();
Map<Double, Integer> counts = new TreeMap<>();
for (double num : nums) {
 if (!counts.containsKey(num))
   counts.put(num, 0);
                                            Overwrite
 counts.put(num, counts.get(num) + 1); 
                                            the value
for (Map.Entry<Double, Integer> entry : counts.entrySet()) {
 DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("#.#####");
 System.out.printf("%s -> %d%n", df.format(entry.getKey()), entry.getValue());
```

Problem: Words Synonyms



- Read 2 * N lines of pairs word and synonym
- Each word may have many synonyms



cute - adorable, charming
smart - clever

Solution: Word Synonyms



```
int n = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
Map<String, ArrayList<String>> words = new LinkedHashMap<>();
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  String word = sc.nextLine();
                                           Adding the key
  String synonym = sc.nextLine();
                                          if does not exist
  words.putIfAbsent(word, new ArrayList<>());
  words.get(word).add(synonym);
//TODO: Print each word and synonyms
```



Lambda Expressions Anonymous Functions

Lambda Functions



 A lambda expression is an anonymous function containing expressions and statements





- Read as "goes to"
- The left side specifies the input parameters
- The right side holds the expression or statement

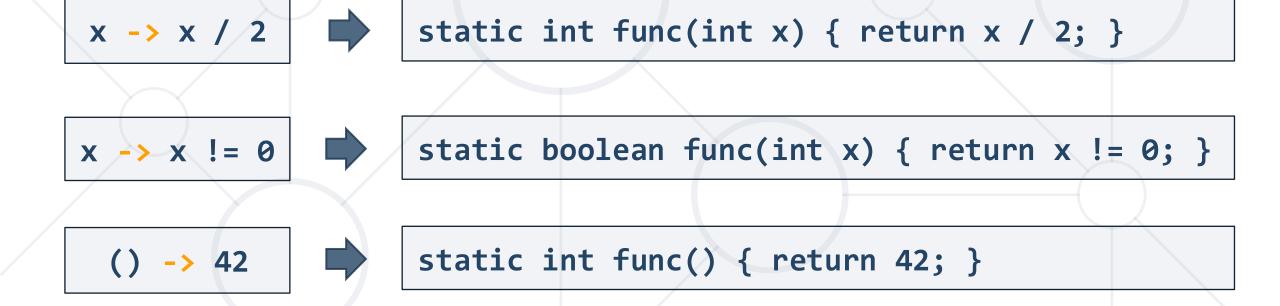




Lambda Functions



Lambda functions are inline methods (functions)
 that take input parameters and return values:





Stream API Traversing and Querying Collections

Processing Arrays with Stream API (1)



Min

```
int min = Arrays.stream(new int[]{15, 25, 35}).min().getAsInt();

int min = Arrays.stream(new int[]{15, 25, 35}).min().orElse(2);
```

```
int min = Arrays.stream(new int[]{}).min().orElse(2); // 2
```

Max

```
int max = Arrays.stream(new int[]{15, 25, 35}).max().getAsInt();
```

Processing Arrays with Stream API (2)



■ Sum 75

```
int sum = Arrays.stream(new int[]{15, 25, 35}).sum();
```

Average

25.0

Processing Collections with Stream API (1)



```
ArrayList<Integer> nums = new ArrayList<>() {{
   add(15); add(25); add(35);
};
```

Min

15

Processing Collections with Stream API (2)



Max

Sum

```
int sum = nums.stream()
    .mapToInt(Integer::intValue).sum();
```

Processing Collections with Stream API (3)



Average

Manipulating Collections



map() manipulates elements in a collection

Converting Collections



Using toArray(), toList() to convert collections:

Filtering Collections



Using filter()

Problem: Word Filter



Read a string array

Print only words which length is even

kiwi orange banana apple

kiwi orange banana

pizza cake pasta chips



cake

Solution: Word Filter



```
String[] words = Arrays.stream(sc.nextLine().split(" "))
                .filter(w -> w.length() % 2 == 0)
                .toArray(String[]::new);
for (String word : words) {
  System.out.println(word);
```

Sorting Collections



Using sorted() to sort collections:

Sorting Collections by Multiple Criteria



Using sorted() to sort collections by multiple criteria:

```
Map<Integer, String> products = new HashMap<>();
products.entrySet()
     .stream()
     .sorted((e1, e2) -> {
        int res = e2.getValue().compareTo(e1.getValue());
        if (res == 0) Second criteria
          res = e1.getKey().compareTo(e2.getKey());
        return res; }) Terminates
                        the stream
     .forEach(e -> System.out.println(e.getKey() + " " + e.getValue()));
```

Using Functional Foreach (1)



```
Map<String, ArrayList<Integer>> arr = new HashMap<>();
arr.entrySet().stream()
   .sorted((a, b) -> {
     if (a.getKey().compareTo(b.getKey()) == 0) {
       int sumFirst = a.getValue().stream().mapToInt(x -> x).sum();
       int sumSecond = b.getValue().stream().mapToInt(x -> x).sum();
       return sumFirst - sumSecond;
                                       Second
                                        criteria
                                                 Descending
     return b.getKey().compareTo(a.getKey()); 
                                                   sorting
   })
```

Using Functional Foreach (2)

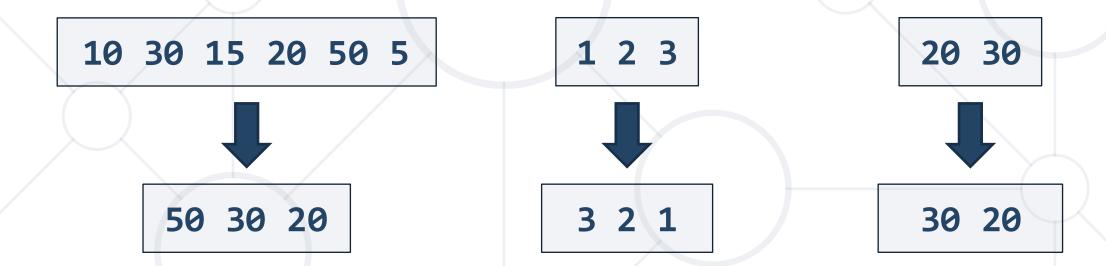


```
.forEach(pair -> {
  System.out.println("Key: " + pair.getKey());
  System.out.print("Value: ");
  pair.getValue().sort((a, b) -> a.compareTo(b));
  for (int num : pair.getValue()) {
    System.out.printf("%d ", num);
  System.out.println();
});
```

Problem: Largest 3 Numbers



- Read a list of numbers
- Print largest 3, if there are less than 3, print all of them



Solution: Largest 3 Numbers



```
List<Integer> nums = Arrays
                .stream(sc.nextLine().split(" "))
                .map(e -> Integer.parseInt(e))
                .sorted((n1, n2) -> n2.compareTo(n1))
                .collect(Collectors.toList());
int count = nums.size() >= 3 ? 3 : nums.size();
for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
 System.out.print(nums.get(i) + " ");
```

Summary



- Maps hold {key > value} pairs
 - Keyset holds a set of unique keys
 - Values holds a collection of values
 - Iterating over map takes the entries as Map.Entry<K, V>
- Lambda and Stream API helps collection processing



Questions?











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