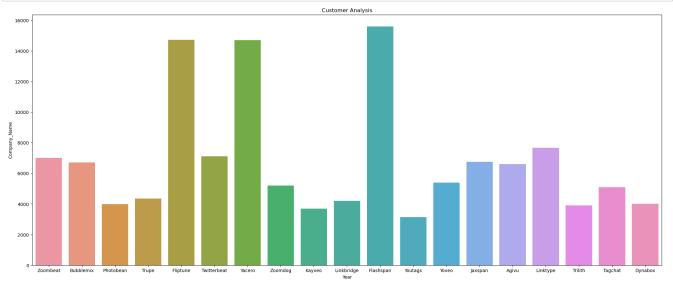
```
In [34]: pip install mysql-connector-python
         Requirement already satisfied: mysql-connector-python in ./opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (8.0.31)
         Requirement already satisfied: protobuf<=3.20.1,>=3.11.0 in ./opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from mysql-c
         onnector-python) (3.20.1)
         Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
In [35]: import mysql.connector
         from mysql.connector import Error
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import seaborn as sns
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [36]: connection = mysql.connector.connect(user='root', password='Aishu.22112000',
                                        host='localhost',
                                        database='DMA_PROJECT')
In [37]: |sql_select_Query = "show tables"
         cursor = connection.cursor()
         cursor.execute(sql_select_Query)
         records = cursor.fetchall()
         for x in records:
          print(x)
         ('bill',)
         ('customer',)
         ('driver',)
         ('full_load_service',)
         ('goods',)
         ('goods_manager',)
         ('labour',)
         ('makes',)
         ('parcel_based_service',)
         ('refreshment_and_fuel',)
         ('request',)
         ('route',)
         ('stops_at',)
         ('trip',)
         ('trip_manager',)
         ('vehicle',)
         ('warehouse incharge',)
         ('warehouses',)
         ('works_at',)
```

## **SQL Queries for Analytics**

## Customers who carry out the most business and least business with Boston Convenience

```
In [84]: # Customers who carried out most business
          sql_1 = 'select c.Customer_name, sum(b.total_freight) as tot_billed_USD from customer c, bill b'
          sql_2=' where c.bill_id = b.bill_id group by c.Customer_name;'
          sql_select_Query=sql_1+sql_2
          cursor = connection.cursor()
          cursor.execute(sql_select_Query)
          records = cursor.fetchall()
          df_cust = pd.DataFrame(records, columns = ['Customer_name', 'tot_billed_USD'])
          df cust.sort values(by=['tot billed USD'],ascending=False).head(3)
Out[84]:
              Customer_name tot_billed_USD
          73
                     Zooveo
                               166929.93
          41
                      Vinte
                               127515.28
          52
                      Zazio
                               127370.67
In [61]: # Customers who carried out Least business
          df_cust.sort_values(by=['tot_billed_USD'],ascending=True).head(3)
Out[61]:
              Customer_name tot_billed_USD
          24
                                3132 68
                    Youtags
          18
                                3683.69
                     Kayveo
          32
                      Trilith
                                3901.68
```

```
In [64]: # creating the bar plot for all clients who chose us only for once or twice and we need to cater to their needs relative
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (25, 10))
df_above_avg=df_cust[df_cust['tot_billed_USD'] <(df_cust['tot_billed_USD'].mean()-df_cust['tot_billed_USD'].std())]
sns.barplot(data =df_above_avg, x=df_above_avg['Customer_name'], y= df_above_avg['tot_billed_USD'])
plt.xlabel("Year")
plt.ylabel("Company_Name")
plt.title("Customer_Analysis")
plt.show()</pre>
```



In [59]: df\_above\_avg

Out[59]:

	Customer_name	tot_billed_USD
1	Zoombeat	7015.87
3	Bubblemix	6710.94
4	Photobean	3988.21
6	Trupe	4342.23
9	Fliptune	14724.46
11	Twitterbeat	7108.75
13	Yacero	14696.85
17	Zoomdog	5195.37
18	Kayveo	3683.69
19	Linkbridge	4197.48
23	Flashspan	15581.94
24	Youtags	3132.68
25	Yoveo	5398.28
26	Jaxspan	6760.73
29	Agivu	6592.34
31	Linktype	7669.00
32	Trilith	3901.68
34	Tagchat	5085.05
35	Dynabox	4003.29

```
In [41]: # Yearly Turnover
sql_1 = 'select sum(b.total_freight) as tot_billed_USD,YEAR(STR_TO_DATE(b.Bill_Date,"%m/%d/%Y")) as YR'
sql_2 = ' from customer c,bill b where c.bill_id = b.bill_id group by YR;'
sql_select_Query = sql_1 +sql_2
cursor = connection.cursor()
cursor.execute(sql_select_Query)
records = cursor.fetchall()
df_cust_yr = pd.DataFrame(records, columns = ['Revenue', 'Year']).sort_values(by=['Year'])
df_cust_yr
```

Out[41]:

```
        Revenue
        Year

        6
        429832.85
        2010

        4
        397275.59
        2011

        11
        337143.98
        2012

        5
        327420.40
        2013

        3
        363704.00
        2014

        0
        495975.59
        2015

        2
        359951.62
        2016

        9
        276724.35
        2017

        1
        357620.50
        2018

        10
        324081.53
        2019

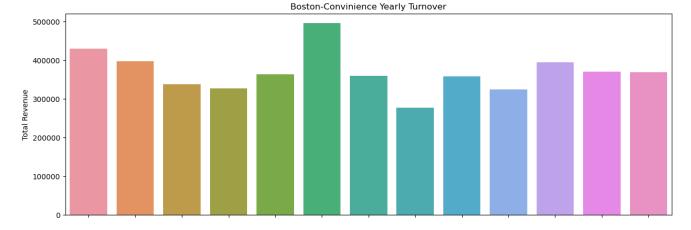
        7
        394891.99
        2020

        12
        369943.35
        2021

        8
        368791.68
        2022
```

```
In [42]: fig = plt.figure(figsize = (15, 5))
# creating the bar plot
sns.barplot(data =df_cust_yr, x=df_cust_yr['Year'], y= df_cust_yr['Revenue'])

plt.xlabel("Year")
plt.ylabel("Total Revenue")
plt.title("Boston-Convinience Yearly Turnover")
plt.show()
```



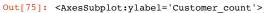
```
In [68]: #Business Expansion - most frequently chosen pick-up and drop-off locations
         sql_1 = 'select r.Pick_up_Location,count(c.Customer_name) as cust_count from customer c,makes m,request r '
         sql_2 = 'where c.Invoice_Number=m.Invoice_Number and c.Employee_ID=m.Employee_ID and m.req_id=r.req_id
         sql_3 = 'and r.Pick_up_Location != "Boston" group by r.Pick_up_Location order by cust_count desc ;
         sql_select_Query = sql_1 + sql_2 + sql_3
         cursor = connection.cursor()
         cursor.execute(sql select Query)
         records = cursor.fetchall()
         df_cities_pick= pd.DataFrame(records, columns = ['Locations','Customers_Count']).sort_values(by=['Locations'])
         sql_1 = 'select r.Drop_Location,count(c.Customer_name) as cust_count from customer c,makes m,request r
         sql_2 = 'where c.Invoice_Number=m.Invoice_Number and c.Employee_ID=m.Employee_ID and m.req_id=r.req_id '
         sql_3 = 'and r.Drop_Location != "Boston" group by r.Drop_Location order by cust_count desc;'
         sql_select_Query = sql_1 + sql_2 + sql_3
         cursor = connection.cursor()
         cursor.execute(sql_select_Query)
         records = cursor.fetchall()
         df_cities_drop= pd.DataFrame(records, columns = ['Locations','Customers_Count']).sort_values(by=['Locations'])
         df_cities=pd.merge(df_cities_pick,df_cities_drop,on='Locations',how='outer').fillna(0)
         df_cities['Customer_count']=df_cities['Customers_Count_x'] + df_cities['Customers_Count_y']
         df_cities.drop(['Customers_Count_x','Customers_Count_y'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

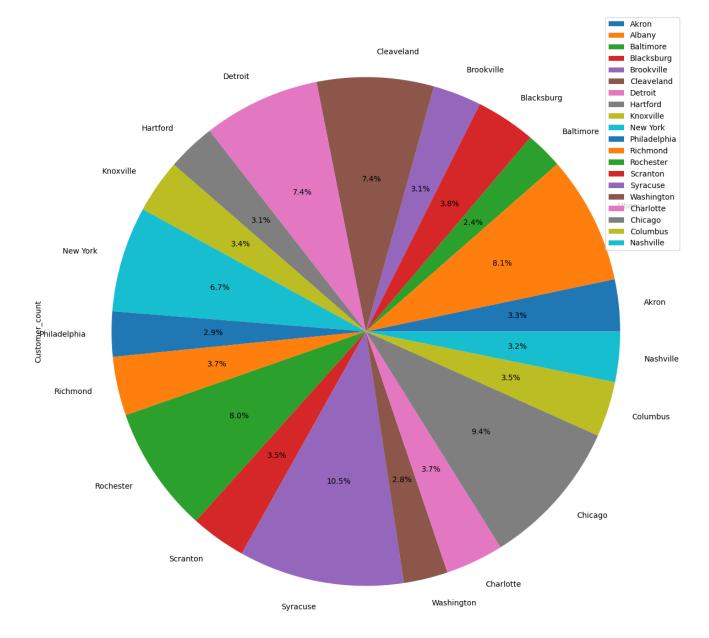
In [66]: df\_cities

## Out[66]:

	Locations	Customer_count
0	Akron	60.0
1	Albany	148.0
2	Baltimore	43.0
3	Blacksburg	69.0
4	Brookville	56.0
5	Cleaveland	135.0
6	Detroit	135.0
7	Hartford	56.0
8	Knoxville	62.0
9	New York	122.0
10	Philadelphia	52.0
11	Richmond	68.0
12	Rochester	146.0
13	Scranton	64.0
14	Syracuse	191.0
15	Washington	51.0
16	Charlotte	67.0
17	Chicago	171.0
18	Columbus	64.0
19	Nashville	58.0

In [75]: df\_cities.plot.pie(y='Customer\_count',labels=list(df\_cities['Locations'].values),figsize=(15,15),autopct='%1.1f%%')





In [73]: len(list(df\_cities['Locations'].values))

Out[73]: 20