

Assignment-5

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Abstract—This document contains solution of Problem Ramsey(4.1.4)

Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Hrithikraj2/MatrixTheory_EE5609/blob/master/Assignment_5/A5.tex

1 QUESTION

The line

$$(-m \ 1)\mathbf{x} = 1 \quad (1.0.1)$$

is a tangent to the curve $y^2 = 4x$. Find the value of m

2 SOLUTION

Compare $y^2 = 4x$ to the general equation

$$ax^2 + 2bxy + cy^2 + 2dx + 2ey + f = 0 \quad (2.0.1)$$

$a=b=e=0$, $d=-2$, $c=1$, $f=0$

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ b & c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} d \\ e \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$|V| = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad (2.0.4)$$

\Rightarrow The curve is a parabola. Since

$$\mathbf{V}\mathbf{p}_1 = 0 \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{p}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.6)$$

The slope of the given line is m . The direction vector \mathbf{m} would be

$$\mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ m \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$\mathbf{m}^T \mathbf{n} = 0 \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} m \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.9)$$

Equation for point of contact for the parabola is

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{u}^T + \kappa \mathbf{n}^T \\ \mathbf{V} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} -f \\ \kappa \mathbf{n} - \mathbf{u} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$\text{where, } \kappa = \frac{\mathbf{p}_1^T \mathbf{u}}{\mathbf{p}_1^T \mathbf{n}} = -\frac{2}{m} \quad (2.0.11)$$

Substitute the values to get

$$\begin{pmatrix} -4 & \frac{2}{m} \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{2}{m} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.12)$$

Solving for \mathbf{q} by removing the zero row and represent Eq (2.0.12) as augmented matrix and convert it into echelon form

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -4 & \frac{2}{m} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{m} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftarrow -\frac{R_1}{4}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{2m} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{m} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.13)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \leftarrow R_1 + \frac{1}{2m} R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{m^2} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{m} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.14)$$

$$(2.0.15)$$

The point of contact is $\left(\frac{1}{m^2}, \frac{2}{m}\right)$. Substitute this in Eq (1.0.1)

$$(-m \ 1) \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{m^2} \\ \frac{2}{m} \end{pmatrix} = 1 \quad (2.0.16)$$

$$-\frac{1}{m} + \frac{2}{m} = 1 \quad (2.0.17)$$

$$\frac{1}{m} = 1 \quad (2.0.18)$$

$$\Rightarrow m = 1 \quad (2.0.19)$$

Python Code to verify the result,

https://github.com/Hrithikraj2/MatrixTheory_EE5609/blob/master/Assignment_5/A5.py

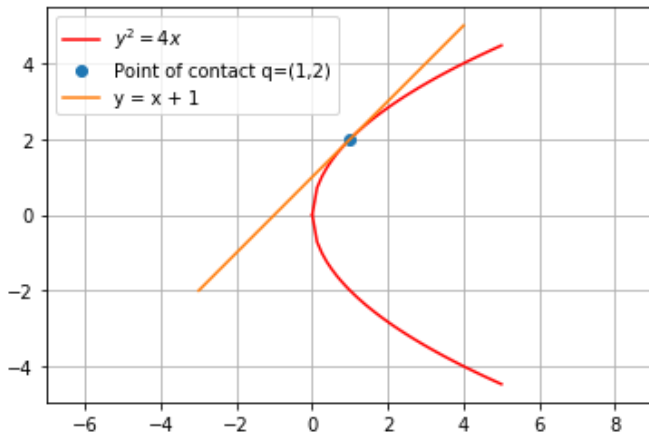


Fig. 0