



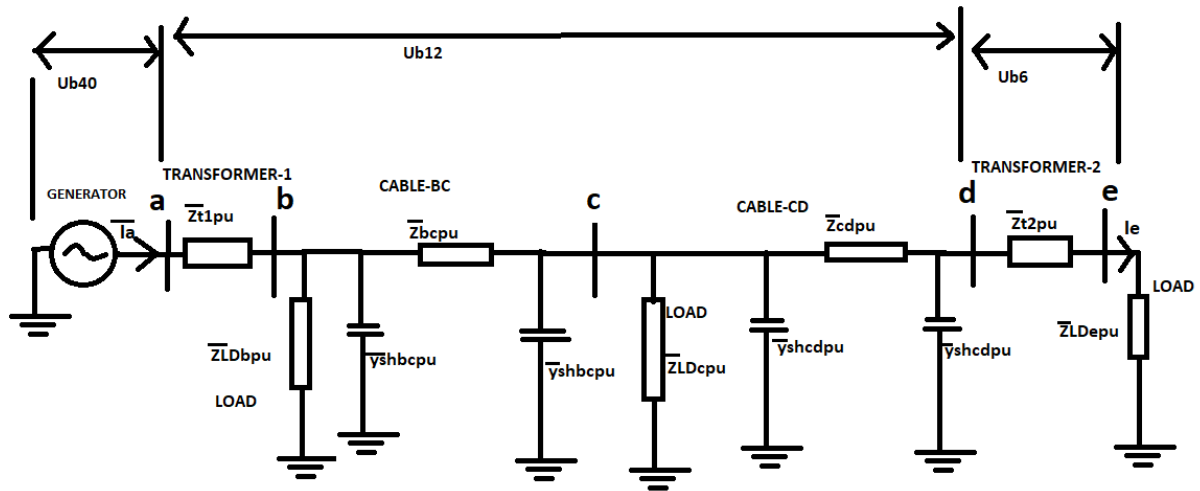
EG2100 Power System Analysis

Assignment S1

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B-number-73

- a.) Based on the given data, draw the single-line diagram of the electrical network of the factory.



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM-I

Defining the Base values in the system

$U_{n1}=40\text{kV}$, $U_{n2}=12\text{kV}$, $U_{n3}=6\text{kV}$ (Given)

$S_{n1}=6\text{MVA}$ (Rating of Transformer-1), $Z_{t1}=7\%$

$S_{n2}=5\text{MVA}$ (Rating of Transformer-2), $Z_{t2}=8\%$

$S_{\text{base}}=10\text{ MVA}$ (Given)

$$U_{\text{base}40}=40\text{kV}, I_{\text{base}40}=S_{\text{base}}/\sqrt{3}*U_{\text{base}40}=0.144\text{ (kA)}, Z_{\text{base}40}=(U_{\text{base}40}^2)/S_{\text{base}}=160(\Omega)---(1)$$

$$U_{\text{base}12}=(U_{n2}/U_{n1})*U_{\text{base}40}=12\text{kV}, I_{\text{base}12}=S_{\text{base}}/\sqrt{3}*U_{\text{base}12}=0.481\text{ (kA)}, Z_{\text{base}12}=(U_{\text{base}12}^2)/S_{\text{base}}=14.4(\Omega)---(2)$$

$$U_{\text{base}6}=(U_{n3}/U_{n2})*U_{\text{base}12}=6\text{kV}, I_{\text{base}6}=S_{\text{base}}/\sqrt{3}*U_{\text{base}6}=0.963\text{ (kA)}, Z_{\text{base}6}=(U_{\text{base}6}^2)/S_{\text{base}}=3.6(\Omega)---(3)$$

Finding Per-unit Impedances

For **Transformer-1:**

$$\bar{Z}_{t1pu}=j*(0.07)*(S_{\text{base}}/S_{n1})=0.11667j---(4)$$

For **Transformer-2:**

$$\bar{Z}_{t2pu} = j * (0.08) * (S_{base}/S_{n2}) = 0.16000j \text{ --- (5)}$$

For **Cable BC** :

$$\bar{Z}_{bcpu} = \frac{(0.16 + j * 0.08) * (0.273)}{Z_{base12}} = 0.0030333 + 0.0015167j$$

$$\bar{y}_{shbc} = (j * 3 * 10^{-6}) * (0.273) / 2(S)$$

$$\bar{y}_{shbcpu} = \bar{y}_{shbc} * Z_{base12} = 0.0000058968j \text{ --- (6)}$$

For **Cable CD** :

$$\bar{Z}_{cdpu} = \frac{(0.16 + j * 0.08) * (0.273)}{Z_{base12}} = 0.0030333 + 0.0015167j$$

$$\bar{y}_{shcd} = (j * 3 * 10^{-6}) * (0.273) / 2(S)$$

$$\bar{y}_{shcdpu} = \bar{y}_{shcd} * Z_{base12} = 0.0000058968j \text{ --- (7)}$$

For **Load at Node B**:

$$\bar{Z}_{LDbpu} = \frac{U_b^2}{(conj(SLD))} \frac{1}{Z_{base12}} = \frac{12^2}{\frac{0.173}{0.9}} \frac{1}{14.4} (0.9 + j0.43) = 46.821 + 22.676j \text{ --- (8)}$$

For **Load at Node C**:

$$\bar{Z}_{LDcpu} = \frac{U_c^2}{(conj(SLD))} \frac{1}{Z_{base12}} = \frac{12^2}{\frac{0.103}{0.95}} \frac{1}{14.4} (0.95 + j0.312) = 87.621 + 28.800j \text{ --- (9)}$$

For **Load at Node E**:

$$\bar{Z}_{LDepu} = \frac{U_e^2}{(conj(SLD))} \frac{1}{Z_{base6}} = \frac{6^2}{\frac{0.187}{0.9}} \frac{1}{3.6} (0.9 + j0.43) = 43.316 + 20.979j \text{ --- (10)}$$

$$\bar{U}_{apu} = 1.0 \angle 0^\circ \text{ --- (11)}$$

b.) As seen from node **a**, make the two-port model and give the values of the elements of the two-port matrix in pu.

$$A_{bc} = 1 + \bar{y}_{shbcpu} * \bar{Z}_{bcpu}$$

$$B_{bc} = \bar{Z}_{bcpu}$$

$$C_{bc} = \bar{y}_{shbcpu} * (2 + \bar{y}_{shbcpu} * \bar{Z}_{bcpu})$$

$$D_{bc} = 1 + \bar{y}_{shbcpu} * \bar{Z}_{bcpu}$$

$$A_{cd} = 1 + \bar{y}_{shcdpu} * \bar{Z}_{cdpu}$$

$$B_{cd} = \bar{Z}_{cdpu}$$

$$C_{cd} = \bar{y}_{shcdpu} * (2 + \bar{y}_{shcdpu} * \bar{Z}_{cdpu})$$

$$D_{cd}=1+\bar{y}_{shcdpu}*\bar{Z}_{cdpu}$$

Let TP_tot be defined as two port model for the entire system.

$$TP_{tot} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \bar{Z}_{t1pu} \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\bar{Z}_{LDcpu}} & 0 \\ \bar{Z}_{LDcpu} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A_{bc} & B_{bc} \\ C_{bc} & D_{bc} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\bar{Z}_{LDcpu}} & 0 \\ \bar{Z}_{LDcpu} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A_{cd} & B_{cd} \\ C_{cd} & D_{cd} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \bar{Z}_{t2pu} \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$TP_{tot} = TP_1 * TP_2 * TP_3 * TP_4 * TP_5 * TP_6 \text{-----(\#)}$$

$$TP_{tot} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0014061 + 0.0032255i & 0.0055499 + 0.2799445i \\ 0.0276007 - 0.0117408i & 1.0020452 + 0.0044232i \end{bmatrix} \text{---(12)}$$

c.) Give the value of the impedance of the entire system in pu.

$$\bar{U}_{apu} = A\bar{U}_{epu} + B\bar{I}_{epu}$$

$$\bar{I}_{apu} = C\bar{U}_{epu} + D\bar{I}_{epu}$$

$$\bar{U}_{epu} = \bar{I}_{epu} \bar{Z}_{ldepu}$$

Using the formula

$$\bar{Z}_{grid} = \frac{A*\bar{Z}_{LDcpu} + B}{C*\bar{Z}_{LDcpu} + D}$$

Where A, B, C, D are elements of Matrix in Equation-(12)

$$\bar{Z}_{grid} = 17.9753 + 8.2171i \text{ ---(13)}$$

d.) Assume that the transformer “T11” is fed with nominal voltage. Find the voltage at node e in kV.

From Equation (12) and Equation(13), we know that

$$\bar{I}_{apu} = \bar{U}_{apu} / \bar{Z}_{grid} \text{---(14)}$$

$$\bar{I}_{apu} = 1.0 \angle 0^\circ / 17.9753 + 8.2171i$$

$$\bar{I}_{apu} = 0.05 \angle -24.57^\circ \text{ (kA)}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_{epu} \\ \bar{I}_{epu} \end{bmatrix} = [TP_{tot}]^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_{apu} \\ \bar{I}_{apu} \end{bmatrix} \text{---(14)}$$

$$\bar{U}_e = \bar{U}_{epu} * U_{base6}$$

$$\bar{U}_e = 5.9756 \angle -0.47992^\circ \text{ kV}$$

e.) Find the consumed active power of the load at node e in MW, and also its power factor.

$$P_{\text{cons}_e} = \text{Real}(\bar{S}_e)$$

$$\text{Where } \bar{S}_e = \bar{U}_{\text{epu}} \bar{I}_{\text{LDepu}}^* S_{\text{base}}$$

$$\bar{I}_{\text{LDepu}} = \bar{U}_{\text{epu}} / (\bar{Z}_{\text{LDepu}})$$

$$S_e = 0.20609 \angle 25.842^\circ$$

$$\text{Active Power} = P_{\text{cons}_e} = \mathbf{0.185483 \text{ MW}} \text{---(15)}$$

$$\text{Power Factor} = \mathbf{0.90000}$$

f.) Find the total losses in the factory in kW.

$$\text{Total Losses in factory} = P_{\text{tot}} - (P_{\text{cons}_b} + P_{\text{cons}_c} + P_{\text{cons}_e})$$

$$P_{\text{tot}} = \text{Real}(\bar{U}_{\text{apu}} \bar{I}_{\text{apu}}^*) S_{\text{base}}$$

$$P_{\text{tot}} = \mathbf{0.46016 \text{ MW}} \text{---(16)}$$

$$P_{\text{cons}_b} = \text{Real}(\bar{S}_b)$$

$$\text{Where } \bar{S}_b = \bar{U}_{\text{bpu}} \bar{I}_{\text{LD bpu}}^* S_{\text{base}}$$

To find the value of U_{bpu} :

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_{\text{bpu}} \\ \bar{I}_{\text{bpu}} \end{bmatrix} = [TP_1]^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_{\text{apu}} \\ \bar{I}_{\text{apu}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{I}_{\text{LD bpu}} = \bar{U}_{\text{bpu}} / (\bar{Z}_{\text{LD bpu}})$$

$$P_{\text{cons}_b} = \mathbf{0.17216 \text{ MW}} \text{---(17)}$$

$$P_{\text{cons}_c} = \text{Real}(\bar{S}_c)$$

$$\text{Where } \bar{S}_c = \bar{U}_{\text{cpu}} \bar{I}_{\text{LDcpu}}^* S_{\text{base}}$$

To find the value of U_{cpu} :

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_{\text{cpu}} \\ \bar{I}_{\text{cpu}} \end{bmatrix} = [TP_1 * TP_2 * TP_3]^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_{\text{apu}} \\ \bar{I}_{\text{apu}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{I}_{\text{LDcpu}} = \bar{U}_{\text{cpu}} / (\bar{Z}_{\text{LDcpu}})$$

$$P_{\text{cons}_c} = \mathbf{0.10248 \text{ MW}} \text{---(18)}$$

From Equation (15), (16), (17), (18):

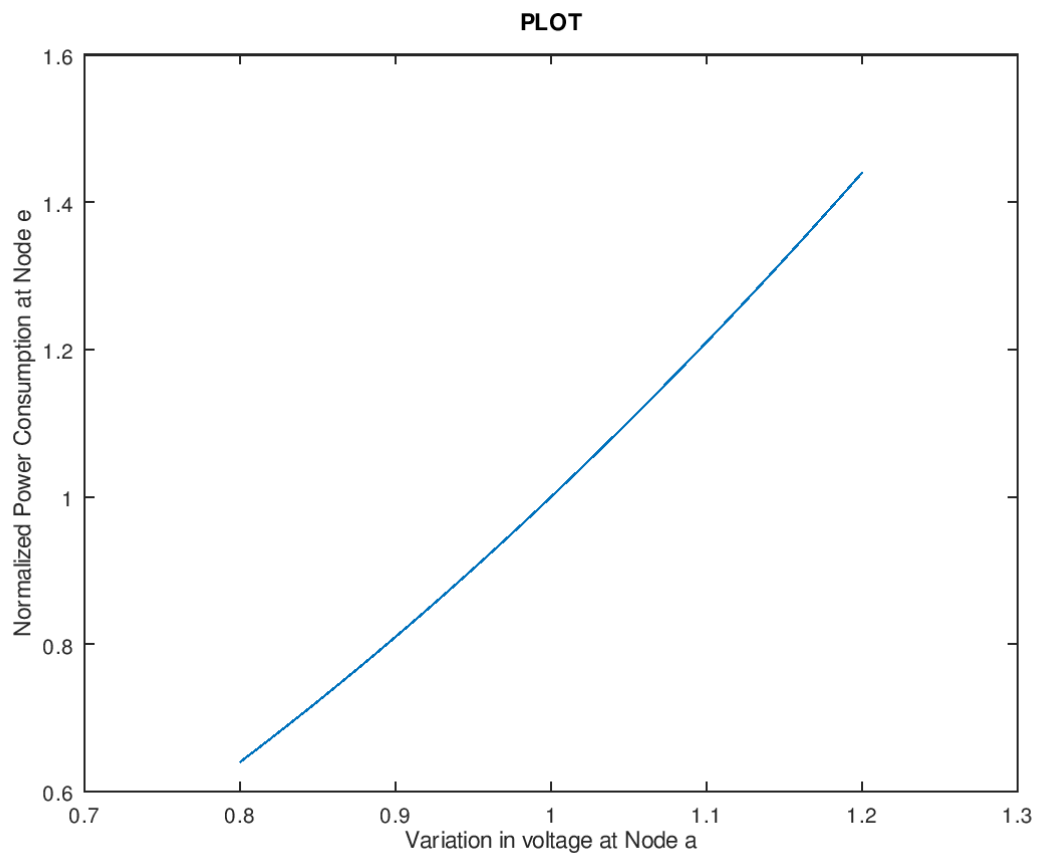
$$P_{\text{losses}} = (0.46016 - (0.185483 + 0.17216 + 0.10248)) * 10^3 \text{ (kW)}$$

$$\mathbf{P_{losses} = 0.042960 \text{ kW}} \text{---(19)}$$

g.) Plot the normalized active power consumption at node **e** (based on the obtained active power in task e) when the voltage at node **a** varies from 0.8 to 1.2 pu.

The graph obtained when U_{apu} is varied from 0.8 to 1.2pu is shown below.

Note : For Normalization use P_{cons_e} from Equation (15)



GRAPH

MATLAB CODE

For Part A-F

```
1 %Assignment S1
2 function retval=S1_B73(Uapu) %Give Uapu=1.0 for Part a-f
3
4 %defining the conversion of angles
5 deg=180/pi;
6 rad=1/deg;
7
8
9 %Defining the base power(Sbase) in MVA
10 Sbase=10;
11
12 %Defining Base voltages in kV
13 Ub40=40; Ub12=12; Ub6=6;
14 %Defining Base Currents in kA and Impedances
15 Ib40=Sbase/(sqrt(3)*Ub40); Zb40=(Ub40^2)/(Sbase);
16 Ib12=Sbase/(sqrt(3)*Ub12); Zb12=(Ub12^2)/(Sbase);
17 Ib6=Sbase/(sqrt(3)*Ub6); Zb6=(Ub6^2)/(Sbase);
18
19 %for the transformers
20 Sn1=6;
21 Sn2=5;
22
23 %per-unit voltage of the generator at node a
24 %Uapu=1.0; %Ua=Ua40=40kV
25
26 %per-unit impedance of Transformer-1
27 Zt1pu=j*(0.07)*(Sbase/Sn1);
28
29 %per-unit impedance of Cable-bc
30 Zbc=(0.16+j*0.08)*(0.273) ;%length of the cable is 0.273km
31 Zbcpu=Zbc/Zb12;
32 yshbc=(j*3*1E-6)*(0.273)/2;
33 yshbcpu=yshbc*Zb12;
34
35 %per-unit impedance for LD_b
36 cosphi_b=0.9; sinphi_b=sqrt(1-(cosphi_b^2));
37 PLD_b=0.173;
38 magSLD_b=PLD_b/cosphi_b; %magnitude of Complex Power
39 SLD_b=magSLD_b*(cosphi_b+j*sinphi_b);
```

```

40 Ubn=Ub12;
41 Zld_b=(Ubn^2)/conj(SLD_b);
42 ZLDbpu=Zld_b/Zb12;
43
44 %per-unit impedance of Cable-cd
45 Zcd=(0.16+j*0.08)*(0.273) ;%length of the cable is 0.385km
46 Zcdpu=Zcd/Zb12;
47 yshcd=(j*3*1E-6)*(0.273)/2;
48 yshcdpu=yshcd*Zb12;
49
50 %per-unit impedance of LD_c
51 cosphi_c=0.95; sinphi_c=sqrt(1-(cosphi_c^2));
52 PLD_c=0.103;
53 magSLD_c=PLD_c/cosphi_c; %magnitude of Complex Power
54 SLD_c=magSLD_c*(cosphi_c+j*sinphi_c);
55 Ucn=Ub12;
56 Zld_c=(Ucn^2)/conj(SLD_c);
57 ZLDcpu=Zld_c/Zb12;
58
59 %per-unit impedance of Transformer-2
60 Zt2pu=j*(0.08)*(Sbase/Sn2);
61
62 %per-unit impedance of LD_e
63 cosphi_e=0.9; sinphi_e=sqrt(1-(cosphi_e^2));
64 PLD_e=0.187;
65 magSLD_e=PLD_e/cosphi_e; %magnitude of Complex Power
66 SLD_e=magSLD_e*(cosphi_e+j*sinphi_e);
67 Uen=Ub6;
68 Zld_e=(Uen^2)/conj(SLD_e);
69 ZLDepu=Zld_e/Zb6;
70 disp(ZLDbpu);
71 disp(ZLDepu);
72
73 %two-port of the given system
74
75 TP_1=[1 Zt1pu;0 1];
76
77 TP_2=[1 0;(1/ZLDbpu) 1];
78

```



```

78
79 A_bc=1+yshbcpu*Zbcpu;
80 B_bc=Zbcpu;
81 C_bc=yshbcpu*(2+yshbcpu*Zbcpu);
82 D_bc=1+yshbcpu*Zbcpu;
83 TP_3=[A_bc B_bc;C_bc D_bc];
84
85 TP_4=[1 0; (1/ZLDcpu) 1];
86
87 A_cd=1+yshcdpu*Zcdpu;
88 B_cd=Zcdpu;
89 C_cd=yshcdpu*(2+yshcdpu*Zcdpu);
90 D_cd=1+yshcdpu*Zcdpu;
91 TP_5=[A_cd B_cd;C_cd D_cd];
92
93 TP_6=[1 Zt2pu;0 1];
94
95
96 TP_tot_E=((((TP_1*TP_2)*TP_3)*TP_4)*TP_5)*TP_6); %PART B
97 disp(TP_tot_E);
98
99 %impedance of the entire system in per unit
100 Z_totpu=((TP_tot_E(1,1)*ZLDepu)+(TP_tot_E(1,2)))/((TP_tot_E(2,1)*ZLDepu)+(TP_tot_E(2,2))); %PART C
101 disp(Z_totpu);
102
103 %Assuming that the system is fed with nominal voltage at node a
104 Iapu=Uapu/Z_totpu;
105
106
107 Uepu_Iepu=inv(TP_tot_E)*[Uapu;Iapu];
108 %nominal voltage at node e in kV
109 Ue=abs(Uepu_Iepu(1,1))*Ub6; %PART D
110 disp(angle(Uepu_Iepu(1,1)));
111 disp(Ue);
112
113 %Consumed active power at Node e
114 ILDepu=Uepu_Iepu(1,1)/ZLDepu;
115 S_cons_e=Uepu_Iepu(1,1)*conj(ILDepu)*Sbase; %power consumption at Load E
116 P_cons_e=real(S_cons_e); %PART E

```

```

117
118 disp(P_cons_e);
119 disp(S_cons_e);
120 disp(abs(S_cons_e));
121 disp(angle(S_cons_e)*deg);
122 pf_e=P_cons_e/abs(S_cons_e); %PART E
123 disp(pf_e);
124
125 %Consumed active power at Node b
126 TP_tot_B=TP_1;
127 Ubpu_Ibpu=inv(TP_tot_B)*[Uapu;Iapu];
128 disp(Ubpu_Ibpu);
129
130 ILDbpu=Ubpu_Ibpu(1,1)/ZLDbpu;
131 S_cons_b=Ubpu_Ibpu(1,1)*conj(ILDbpu)*Sbase;
132 P_cons_b=real(S_cons_b);
133 disp(P_cons_b);
134
135 %Consumed active power at Node c
136 TP_tot_C=((TP_1*TP_2)*TP_3);
137 Ucpu_Icpu=inv(TP_tot_C)*[Uapu;Iapu]; %power consumption at Load C
138 disp(Ucpu_Icpu);
139
140 ILDcpu=Ucpu_Icpu(1,1)/ZLDcpu;
141 S_cons_c=Ucpu_Icpu(1,1)*conj(ILDcpu)*Sbase;
142 P_cons_c=real(S_cons_c);
143 disp(P_cons_c);
144
145 %Total Power consumption
146 S_tot=Uapu*conj(Iapu)*Sbase;
147 P_tot=real(S_tot);
148 disp(P_tot);
149
150 %Total Losses
151 disp((P_tot-(P_cons_b+P_cons_c+P_cons_e))*1E3);
152
153 endfunction
154
155

```

For PART G

```

[
vec=[];
for pu=0.8:0.01:1.2
vec=[vec,S1_B73(pu,0.18548)];
end
x=0.8:0.01:1.2;
plot(x,vec);
xlabel("Variation in voltage at Node a")
ylabel("Normalized Power Consumption at Node e")
title("PLOT")
]

```