

Koppula Hrushikesh

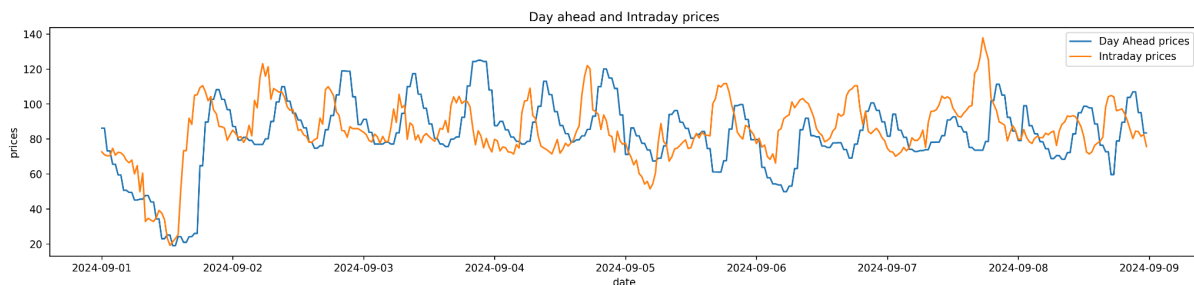
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# Cobblestone Research project Junior Trader

## Task - 1: Collecting resources and Data

- 1) Day ahead prices - [Nord Pool](#)
- 2) Intraday Prices - [Elexon](#)
- 3) Climate and Temperature - [metoffice](#)



Intraday and day ahead prices plotted on the same graph

## Task - 2: Data Analysis

Intraday:

The days with highest volatility:

01-09-2024 8.681923  
04-09-2024 7.548491  
02-09-2024 7.037948

The days with lowest volatility:

05-09-2024 5.965590  
06-09-2024 5.451649  
08-09-2024 4.505331

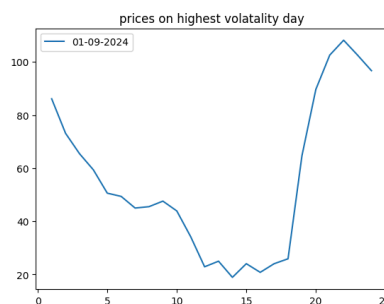
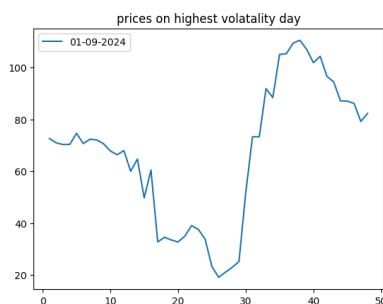
Day ahead:

The days with highest volatility:

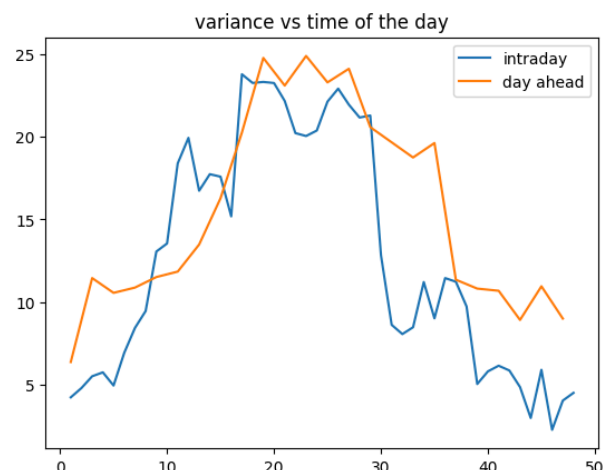
01-09-2024 11.831738  
03-09-2024 9.144742  
08-09-2024 10.229251

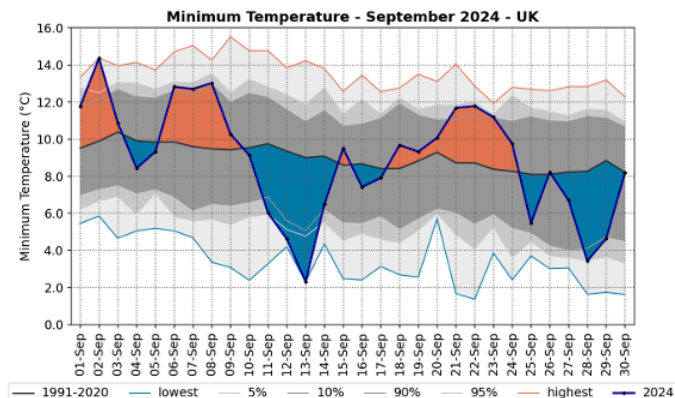
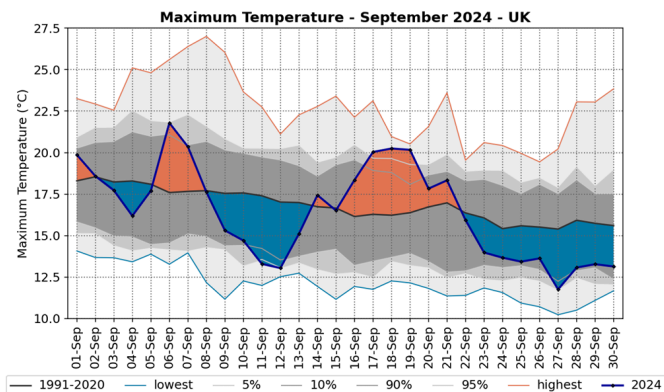
The days with the lowest volatility:

04-09-2024 8.207275  
06-09-2024 8.149157  
07-09-2024 8.158146



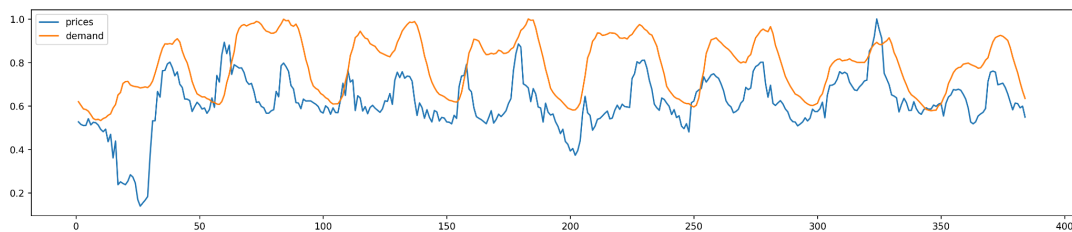
we can see significant peak at peak time (pun intended)  
As at peak time everyone consumes electricity hence  
More price.





We can observe that temperature is normal around 1st sep and hence the normal electricity consumption, on 2nd, 3rd, 4th very minimum temperature is observed hence heaters were used, on 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th very high temperature is observed.

Also higher the demand higher the prices:



### Task - 3: Trading strategy

**Mean reversion** is a trading strategy based on the assumption that prices tend to revert back to their long-term average over time. This means that after a period of significant price increase (overbought) or decrease (oversold), the price will eventually return to its historical mean.

- **Overbought:** When the current price is significantly above the mean, the asset is considered overbought.
- **Oversold:** When the current price is significantly below the mean, the asset is considered oversold.
- **Sell:** When the asset is overbought, sell it with the expectation that it will eventually decline back to the mean.
- **Buy:** When the asset is oversold, buy it with the expectation that it will eventually rise back to the mean.

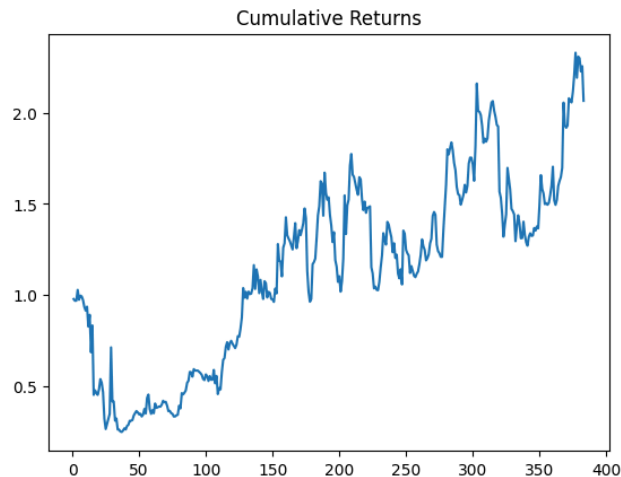
### Advantages of Mean Reversion:

- **Potential for High Returns:** In volatile markets, mean reversion strategies can generate significant profits.
- **Simplicity:** The strategy is relatively easy to understand and implement.

### Risks & Disadvantages of Mean Reversion:

- **Risk of Reversion Failure:** If the price continues to move away from the mean, the strategy can result in losses.
- **Transaction Costs:** Frequent trading can increase transaction costs.

Cumulative Returns graph:



### Task - 5: Reflection

If given more time and data, i would have developed an ML model based on supervised learning using Random forest algorithm on huge amount of past data (climate, temperature, power cut offs, wind generation, solar generation, etc... ) and make good predictions of the price so as to decide to Buy or Sell.

Project Files and Data: [GitHub](#)  
[Code](#)