# Identification and Prediction of Flux Tower Latent Heat Data and Their Source Variables (Time Series Imputation)

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Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign; EWES · Funded by Grant XXXXXXXX

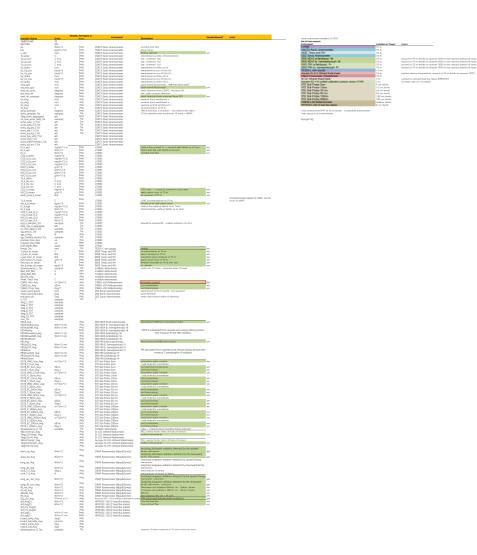
- Hsing-Yu Huang <sup>™</sup>
  - · G Hsing-Yu

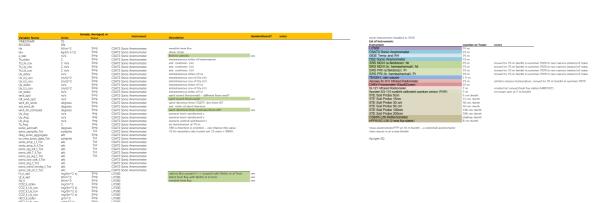
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# **Dataset Description**

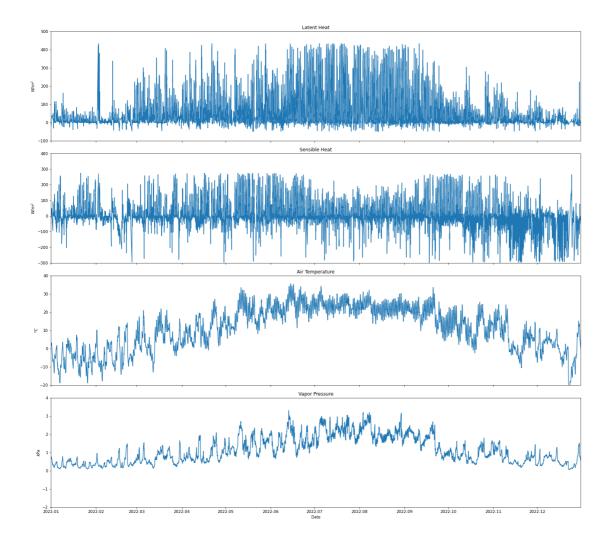
We propose to use Goose Creek Eddy Covariance Flux Tower Sensor Data[kumar2024?]. The data is collected from the Eddy Covariance Flux Tower in Goose Creek, Piatt County. The dataset consists of time series data spanning from Spring 2016 to Spring 2023 with 15 minutes time interval. Dataset involves 167 variables shown in Figure [fig?]: Data including latent heat, sensible heat, wind speed, temperature, and changes in the ecosystem with respect to water, carbon, and temperature. Figure 2 illustrates part of variables in 2022. The data collected by flux tower provides a foundation for further investigation into hydrological, meteorological, and environmental phenomena. The format of dataset is CSV file (generated from raw PICKLE file). The dataset can be found through link: https://www.hydroshare.org/resource/c276c71e8d1246e29d8502f5b2054668/





| H2O_E_Uy_cov<br>H2O_E_Uy_cov<br>Tc_E_Ux0bov<br>Tc_E_Ux0ov<br>Tc_E_Uy_cov<br>Tc_E_Uy_cov<br>CO2_E_mean  | g/(m^2 s)<br>g/(m^2 s)<br>g/(m^2 s)<br>C<br>C m/s<br>C m/s<br>C m/s<br>C m/s<br>mg/m/3 | Smp<br>Smp<br>Smp<br>Smp<br>Smp<br>Smp<br>Smp | U7500<br>U7500<br>U7500<br>U7500<br>U7500<br>U7500<br>U7500  | 602 conc> need to consent to nom units.  |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| CO2,il,mean<br>H2O,il,mean<br>amb_press_ll,mean  | mg/m^3<br>g/m^3<br>kPa   | Smp<br>Smp                                    | Li7500<br>Li7500   | CO2 conc>: need to convert to nom units<br>water varior conc at 25 m<br>air pressure at 25 m   |
|  | c  | Smp<br>Smp                                    | Li7500   | CSAT air temperature at 25 m<br>density of air with water venor  |
| To Ji, mean fro. Ji Jimean Fo Ji, Jimean Fo Ji, Jimean Fo Ji, Jimean Fo Ji, Jimea Fo J | kg/m^3<br>mg/(m^2 s)<br>W/m^2<br>mg/(m^2 s)<br>mg/(m^2 s)<br>W/m^2<br>W/m^2            | Smp   | Li7500<br>Li7500<br>Li7500   | cation flux without Webb et al. Term<br>latent heat flux without Webb et al. Term  |
| COQJi,wpl,LEJi   | mg/(m^2 s)   |   | Li7500<br>Li7500   | Ment heat his without Webb et al. Lenn   |
| CO2Ji_mpl_H_li<br>H2O_i_wpl_LE_li  | mg/(m^2 s)<br>W/m^2  | Smp<br>Smp<br>Smp<br>Tot                      | L7500<br>L7500<br>L7500  |  |
| H2O_li_wpl_H_li<br>inga_li_samples_Tot   |  | Tot   | L/7500   | should be around 60 - quality indicator of LiCor   |
| diag_irga_li_aggregate<br>no_new_data_li_Tot   | arb<br>samples<br>samples  | Tot   | Li7500<br>Li7500   |  |
| sig_error_li_Tot<br>aor_li_Avo   |  | Tot<br>Avg<br>Tot                             | L/7500<br>L/7500<br>L/7500<br>L/7500   |  |
| agc_thrshid_excded_Tot<br>process_time_Avg   | samples<br>us  | Avg<br>Max                                    | L/7500   |  |
| agc, misnia, exceed, lot process, time, Avg process, time, Max buff, depth, Max Precip, Tot T, tmpr, th, mean e, tmpr, th, mean  | US<br>US<br>SCORE<br>MM  |   | UT500 UT505 - L rain gouge 038E Temp and RH 038E Temp and |  |
| Precip_Tot<br>T_tmpr_rh_mean   | mm<br>C  | Tot<br>Smp<br>Smp<br>Smp                      | TES25-L rain gauge<br>083E Temp and RH   | nainfell air temperature at 25 m sancter cressure at 25 m sonumed venoc pressure at 25 m sonumed venoc pressure at 25 m  |
| e_tmpr_rh_mean<br>e_sat_tmpr_rh_mean   | C<br>kPa<br>kPa  | Smp   | 083E Temp and RH<br>083E Temp and RH   | vacor presum at 25 m<br>sequented vacor pressure at 25 m   |
| e_tmpt_m_mean e_sac_tmpt_h_mean H2O_tmpt_h_mean H2O_tmpt_h_mean H3_tmpt_h_mean Ho_a_tmpt_h_mean slowsequence_1_Tot Batt_Volt_Min Solur Batt_Not_Min  | g/m^3  | Smo   | 083E Temp and RH<br>083E Temp and RH   | water-valor conc at 25 m (e/e sar)<br>Britarive Hamiliev at 25 m (e/e sar)<br>air dessity<br>ordes ner 15 mins - scanning every 10 secs  |
| rho a tmpr_rh_mean<br>slowsequence 1 Tot   | kg/m^3<br>samples<br>V   | Smp   | 083E Temp and RH<br>multiple instruments   | air density<br>outles per 15 mins - scanning every 10 secs   |
| Batt_Volt_Min<br>Solar Batt Min  | V  | Tot<br>Min<br>Min                             | multiple instruments<br>multiple instruments   |  |
| Box Rh Avg<br>Pagel Topic Avg  | 6  | Avg   | multiple instruments<br>multiple instruments<br>cs655-L50 Reflectometer<br>cs655-L50 Reflectometer<br>cs655-L50 Reflectometer  |  |
| C9655 Wor Ava  | m^3/m^3  | Avg<br>Avg                                    | CS655-L50 Reflectometer  | sol water content<br>sol confuctivity  |
| C9655_Tmpr_Avg   | dS/m<br>Deg C<br>m/s   | Avg   | CS655-L50 Reflectometer  | sol temperature  |
| mean_wind_direction  | Deg<br>Deg<br>samples  | Ava   | DS2 Sonio Anemometer<br>DS2 Sonio Anemometer<br>DS2 Sonio Anemometer   | wind speed at 10 m height- not average?<br>Wind direction  |
| n_TOT  | samples<br>samples   | Avg<br>Tot                                    | ?  |  |
| Solds Block Min Solv, Shi Ma Solv, Shi Ma Solv, Shi Ma Sared Timer And CSBSS, Ex. And CSBSS, Timer, Ang mean, wand precide mean, wand precide at 10T dog, 2, 10T dog, 2, 10T dog, 3, 10T dog, 3, 10T dog, 4, 10T dog, 6, 10T d | samples  |   |  |  |
| diag 8 TOT   | samples<br>samples<br>samples<br>samples   |   |  |  |
| diag_10_TOT  | samples<br>samples   |   |  |  |
| NDVI_Avg   |  | Avg   | SRS NDW (both instruments)   | Normalized Difference Veneration Index   |
| NDVILIPNIR, Avg<br>NDVIIIndUp<br>NDVIDownRed, Avg<br>NDVIDownNiR, Avg<br>NDVIIndDown   | W/m^2 nm<br>W/m^2 nm   | Avg<br>Avg<br>Smp                             | SRS NOVI (b: hemispherical): Ni  | MIDM is calculated from unused and cannot facing excession   |
| NDVIDownRed_Avg  | W/m^2 nm<br>W/m^2 nm   | Avg   | SRS NOVI (a:feldstop): Nr  | NDW is calculated from upward and canopy facing senso<br>that measure IR and NIR radiation   |
| NDVIndDown   | 76.11.   | Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg               | ses NUVI (podi infoliumanis)<br>SES NDVI (b: hemisphanical); Ni<br>SES NDVI (b: hemisphanical); Ni<br>SES NDVI (b: hemisphanical); Ni<br>SES NDVI (adialatoop); Nr<br>SES SEVE (both instruments)<br>SES PEII (both instruments)   | Photorhomical Parlactance Index  |
| PRUp531_Avg  | W/m^2 nm<br>W/m^2 nm   | Avg   | SRS PRI (b: hemispherical): Pi   |  |
| PRILANG PRILANG PRILANG PRILASSI ANG PRILASSI ANG PRILASSI ANG PRILAMORTSI ANG PRILAMORTSI ANG PRILAMORTSI ANG   |  | Avg<br>Smp<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg | SHS PHI (both withruments)<br>SRS PHI (b: hernisp harical): FI<br>SRS PHI (b: hernisp harical): FI<br>SRS PHI (b: hernisp harical): FI<br>SRS PHI (a finiclotrop): PF<br>SRS PHI (a finiclotrop): PF<br>SRS PHI (a finiclotrop): PF  | PRI calculated from updward and canopy facing sensors the<br>measure 2 wavelengths of radiation  |
| PRIDown570_Avg   | W/m^2 nm<br>W/m^2 nm   | Avg   | SRS PRI (a fieldstop): Pr  |  |
| DSTE_VWC_5cm_Avg   | m^3/m^3  | Avg   | Sist of light farthermory in ST 500 in hos from ST  | solumetric water content   |
| DSTELEC_Som_Avg  | dS/m   | Avg   | STE Soil Probe Son   | sonharmens waster content build collection committable soil electrical conditation soil electrical conditation soil beamsonium sonharmens waster content build collectric rewentibility soil constitution  |
| DSTE_VWC_15cm_Avg  | Deg C<br>m^3/m^3   | Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg                      | STE Soil Probe 15cm<br>STE Soil Probe 15cm   | solumenic water content  |
| DSTE_EC_15cm_Avg   | dS/m<br>Dan C  | Avg   | STE Soil Probe 15cm  | sol conductivity   |
| DSTE_VWC_30cm_Avg  | Deg C<br>m^3/m^3   | Ava   | STE Soil Probe 30 cm   | sol temperature soluments water content bulk disjectio permittivity  |
| DSTE_EC_30cm_Avg<br>DSTE_T_30cm_6vg  | dS/m<br>Deg C<br>m^3/m^3   | Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg                      | STE Soil Probe 30 cm   | bulk dielectric committets soil conductable soil connection soil connection soil connection  |
| DSTE_VMC_50cm_Avg  | m^3/m^3  | Avg   | STE Soil Probe 50 on   | solumenic water content  |
| DSTE_EC_S0cm_Avg   | dS/m   |   | STE Soil Probe 50 on   | bulk dielectric permittivity<br>soil conductivity  |
| DSTE_VWC_100cm_Avg   | Deg C<br>m^3/m^3   | Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg               | STE Soil Probe 100cm   | soil connecture<br>soiluments water content<br>beld religiornic normithely<br>soil conductivity  |
| DSTE_EC_100cm_Avg  | dS/m   | Avg   | STE Soil Probe 100cm   | soil conductivity  |
| DSTE_VMC_200cm_Avg   | Dag C<br>m^3/m^3   |   | STE Soil Probe 200cm   | soil termonisture<br>unkumentic water control  |
| PROMOBION CO.  PROMOBION CO.  PROMOBIO CO.  PROMOBIO CO.  PROMIT L. Sam, And   | dS/m<br>Dag C  | Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Tot                      | STE Soil Probe 200cm<br>STE Soil Probe 200cm<br>STE Soil Probe 200cm<br>STE Soil Probe 200cm   | hulk dislocation normativity<br>soil conductivity<br>soil temperature  |
| slowsequence_2_Tot   | samples  | Tot   | multiple instruments   |  |
| Targ121TempC_Avg   |  | Avg<br>Avg                                    | mutiple instruments S-121 Infrared Radiometer S-121 Infrared Radiometer S-121 Infrared Radiometer Apogee S-1HI Infrared Radiometer Apogee S-1HI Infrared Radiometer Apogee S-1HI Infrared Radiometer Apogee S-1HI Infrared Radiometer  | SB = sensor hody term of hody of sensor<br>surface temperature   |
| SB1H1TempC_Avg   |  | Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg                      | Apagee SI-1H1 Infrared Radiometer  | SR = sensor books seem of books of sensor<br>surface temperature   |
| Targ1H1mV_Avg  |  | Avg   | Apogee SI-1H1 Infrared Radiometer  | Incoming shortwave radiation detected by the upward  |
| short_up_Avg   | W/m^2  | Avg   | CNR4 Pyranometer (Kipp&Zonen)  |  |
| short_dn_Avg   | W/m^2  | Avg   | CNR4 Pyranometer (Kipp&Zonen)  | Outgoing shortwave radiation detected by the downward<br>facing instrument   |
| long_up_Avg  | W/m^2  | Avg   | CNR4 Pyranometer (Kipp&Zonen)  | incoming longwave radiation detected by upward facing<br>instrument<br>outgoing longwave radiation detected by downward facin<br>instrument<br>termination of sensor.  |
| long_dn_Avg<br>an+LT_C_Avg<br>an+LT_K_Avg  | W/m^2  | Avg   | CNR4 Pysanometer (Kipp&Zonen)<br>CNR4 Pysanometer (Kipp&Zonen)<br>CNR4 Pysanometer (Kipp&Zonen)  | outgoing longwave radiation detected by downward racin<br>instrument   |
| ant_T_KAvg   | deg_C<br>K   | Avg   | CNR4 Pyranometer (Kipp&Zonen)  | temperature of sensor in Kelvin  |
| long_up_corr_Avg   | W/m^2  | Avg   | CARRA Districtura (Marc & Zonaco)  | termination of sense in Kelvin Incoming language addation detected by the upward faci<br>incoming language addation detected by the upward faci<br>retrievant invasional.  Outpoing language and obsected by the downward<br>below interesting consistent.  Shareward and addation feedom in a Rehard richward<br>increases and reduction. Below in a Rehard richward increases are reduction. Below in a Rehard richward increases. |
|  | W/m^2  | Avg   | CNR4 Pyranometer (Kipp&Zonen)  | burgoing rangeave radiation detected by the downward<br>taken instrument concreted   |
| long_dn_corr_Avg<br>Rs_net_Avg<br>Rl_net_Avg<br>albedo_Avg   | W/m^2<br>W/m^2   | Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg                             | CNR4 Pyranometer (Kipp&Zonen)<br>CNR4 Pyranometer (Kipp&Zonen)   | Innovace not radiation (Bonn un - Bonn down)   |
| interior_Avg<br>Rn_Avg   | W/m^2<br>W/m^2<br>(Filmol m-2  |   | CNR4 Pyranometer (Kipp&Zonen)<br>CNR4 Pyranometer (Kipp&Zonen)   | Not redistion (Rs not + Rt not)  |
| arbado_Ang<br>Bri_Ang<br>SQ_110_Ang<br>sht_Ang(1)<br>sht_Ang(2)<br>sht_mV_Ang(2)<br>sht_mV_Ang(2)  | (Ffmol m-2<br>W/m^2<br>W/m^2   | Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg               | CNNA Pyramometer (96;ps2coner) FF015C-15D (2 hear flux pidates) HF015C-15D (2 hear flux pidates)   | Increases not radiation. (Brenn un - Brenn down) Abrach Mor radiation (By not + Brush) Are PAR (photosynthebially active radiation) Commit heat flor Commit heat flor  |
| sht_Avg(2)<br>sht_mV_Avg(1)  | W/m^2  | Avg   | HPP01SC-L50 (2 heat flux plates)<br>HFP01SC-L50 (2 heat flux plates)   | Committee of the   |
| sht_mV_Avg(2)<br>sht_cal(1)  | W/m/2 mV   | Smp   | HFP01SC-L50 (2 heat flux plates)<br>HFP01SC-L50 (2 heat flux plates)   |  |
| str_mv_vag(x)<br>shf_al(x)<br>shf_al(x)<br>board_temp_Avg<br>board_temp_Avg<br>incline_pitch_Avg<br>incline_pitch_Avg<br>showsequence_3_Tot  | W/Im/2 mV<br>degC  | Smp<br>Avg                                    | HFP01SC-L50 (2 heat flux plates)   |  |
| board_humidity_Avg<br>incline pitch Avg  | degC<br>percent<br>deg   | Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Avg<br>Tot               |  |  |
|  | deg  |   |  |  |

composed temp based on CSAT, not as month w GROB

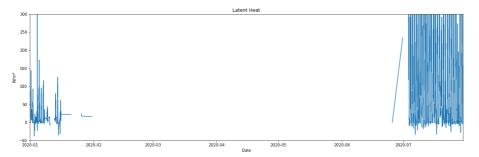


# **Proposal**

# **Background**

Evapotranspiration (ET) is the process of water transferring from land to the atmosphere, accompanying the phase change of water from liquid to gas. This process plays a critical role in the ecohydrological system and profoundly affects the hydrological cycle. The processes of evapotranspiration and energy exchange are interdependent. Both latent heat (LE) and evapotranspiration (ET), from the perspective of energy and water flux, are key terms for anticipating weather conditions, simulating climate, and diagnosing climate change. However, the measurement of evapotranspiration is challenging because the process itself is invisible and complex.

Figure 3 shows the latent heat data gap in 2020 due to covid-19 and overhaul of equipment. Our project goal is to fill in these missing data. The ground truth data is collected from satelite sensors (<a href="https://etdata.org/">https://etdata.org/</a>). Despite the existence of numerous classical evapotranspiration simulation models, such as Bowen Ratio, Priestley-Taylor and Penman-Monteith models, the predictive accuracy of these models is inferior to that of deep learning models. Therefore, we plan to use RNN and LSTM



### **Step 1: Regression analysis**

We have 167 variables in the dataset. Although we can filter some ET related variables based on empirical models, these variables may not accurate and AI models tend to obtain adequate information. Therefore, we propose to conduct regression analysis to find out variables highly correlated to latent heat. These variables will be input variables in deep learning model.

# **Step 2: Deep Learning Time Series Forecast (Time Series Imputation)**

Once we confirm the input variables, we plan to use RNN or LSTM forecast models to predict latent heat in 2020. All the input are divided into training datasets and the validation datasets. After the RNN model is trained, the validation datasets are used to verify the model. At last, the missing data are generated by the model.

#### Source

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The rest of this document is a full list of formatting elements/features supported by Manubot. Compare the input (.md files in the /content directory) to the output you see below.

# **Basic formatting**

**Bold text** 

Semi-bold text

Centered text

Right-aligned text

Italic text

Combined italics and bold

Strikethrough

- 1. Ordered list item
- 2. Ordered list item
  - a. Sub-item
  - b. Sub-item
    - i. Sub-sub-item
- 3. Ordered list item
  - a. Sub-item
- List item
- List item
- List item

subscript: H<sub>2</sub>O is a liquid

superscript: 2<sup>10</sup> is 1024.

unicode superscripts<sup>0123456789</sup>

unicode subscripts<sub>0123456789</sub>

A long paragraph of text. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut aliquip ex ea commodo consequat. Duis aute irure dolor in reprehenderit in voluptate velit esse cillum dolore eu fugiat nulla pariatur. Excepteur sint occaecat cupidatat non proident, sunt in culpa qui officia deserunt mollit anim id est laborum.

Putting each sentence on its own line has numerous benefits with regard to <u>editing</u> and <u>version</u> control.

Line break without starting a new paragraph by putting two spaces at end of line.

# **Document organization**

Document section headings:

# **Heading 1**

# **Heading 2**

**Heading 3** 

**Heading 4** 

**Heading 5** 

**Heading 6** 



#### Horizontal rule:

Heading 1's are recommended to be reserved for the title of the manuscript.

Heading 2's are recommended for broad sections such as Abstract, Methods, Conclusion, etc.

Heading 3's and Heading 4's are recommended for sub-sections.

#### Links

Bare URL link: https://manubot.org

<u>Long link with lots of words and stuff and junk and bleep and blah and stuff and other stuff and more stuff yeah</u>

Link with text

Link with hover text

Link by reference

#### **Citations**

Citation by DOI [1].

Citation by PubMed Central ID [2].

Citation by PubMed ID [3].

Citation by Wikidata ID [4].

Citation by ISBN [5].

Citation by URL [6].

Citation by alias [7].

Multiple citations can be put inside the same set of brackets [1,5,7]. Manubot plugins provide easier, more convenient visualization of and navigation between citations [2,3,7,8].

Citation tags (i.e. aliases) can be defined in their own paragraphs using Markdown's reference link syntax:

# Referencing figures, tables, equations

Figure 1

Figure 2

```
Figure 3

Figure 4

Table 1

Equation 1

Equation 2
```

# **Quotes and code**

Quoted text

Quoted block of text

Two roads diverged in a wood, and I—I took the one less traveled by, And that has made all the difference.

Code in the middle of normal text, aka inline code.

Code block with Python syntax highlighting:

```
from manubot.cite.doi import expand_short_doi

def test_expand_short_doi():
    doi = expand_short_doi("10/c3bp")
    # a string too long to fit within page:
    assert doi == "10.25313/2524-2695-2018-3-vliyanie-enhansera-copia-i-
        insulyatora-gypsy-na-sintez-ernk-modifikatsii-hromatina-i-
        svyazyvanie-insulyatornyh-belkov-vtransfetsirovannyh-geneticheskih-
        konstruktsiyah"
```

Code block with no syntax highlighting:

```
Exporting HTML manuscript
Exporting DOCX manuscript
Exporting PDF manuscript
```

## **Figures**



**Figure 1:** A square image at actual size and with a bottom caption. Loaded from the latest version of image on GitHub.



**Figure 2:** An image too wide to fit within page at full size. Loaded from a specific (hashed) version of the image on GitHub.



Figure 3: A tall image with a specified height. Loaded from a specific (hashed) version of the image on GitHub.



Figure 4: A vector .svg image loaded from GitHub. The parameter sanitize=true is necessary to properly load SVGs hosted via GitHub URLs. White background specified to serve as a backdrop for transparent sections of the image. Note that if you want to export to Word (.docx), you need to download the image and reference it locally (e.g. content/images/vector.svg) instead of using a URL.

# **Tables**

**Table 1:** A table with a top caption and specified relative column widths.

| Bowling Scores | Jane | John | Alice | Bob |
|----------------|------|------|-------|-----|
| Game 1         | 150  | 187  | 210   | 105 |
| Game 2         | 98   | 202  | 197   | 102 |
| Game 3         | 123  | 180  | 238   | 134 |

**Table 2:** A table too wide to fit within page.

|   |    | Digits 1-33                            | Digits 34-66                          | Digits 67-99                          | Ref.      |
|---|----|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| k | oi | 3.14159265358979323<br>846264338327950 | 28841971693993751<br>0582097494459230 | 78164062862089986<br>2803482534211706 | piday.org |
| E | è  | 2.71828182845904523<br>536028747135266 | 24977572470936999<br>5957496696762772 | 40766303535475945<br>7138217852516642 | nasa.gov  |

Table 3: A table with merged cells using the attributes plugin.

|       |            | Colors           |
|-------|------------|------------------|
| Size  | Text Color | Background Color |
| big   | blue       | orange           |
| small | black      | white            |

## **Equations**

A LaTeX equation:

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \tag{1}$$

An equation too long to fit within page:

$$x = a + b + c + d + e + f + g + h + i + j + k + l + m + n + o + p + q + r + s + t + u + v + w + x + y + z + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7 + 8 + 9$$
(2)

# **Special**

▲ WARNING The following features are only supported and intended for .html and .pdf exports. Journals are not likely to support them, and they may not display correctly when converted to other formats such as .docx.

LINK STYLED AS A BUTTON

Adding arbitrary HTML attributes to an element using Pandoc's attribute syntax:

Manubot Manubot Manubot Manubot Manubot. Manubot Manubot Manubot Manubot. Manubot Manubot. Manubot Manubot. Manubot. Manubot.

Adding arbitrary HTML attributes to an element with the Manubot attributes plugin (more flexible than Pandoc's method in terms of which elements you can add attributes to):

Manubot Manubo

Available background colors for text, images, code, banners, etc:

white lightgrey grey darkgrey black lightred lightyellow lightgreen lightblue lightpurple red orange yellow green blue purple

Using the **Font Awesome** icon set:

Light Grey Banner
useful for general information - manubot.org

# **1** Blue Banner

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