

HW 3

Problem 1 逻辑

1-1 ① 任取 $s \in \{\varphi \wedge p\}$. 并设 $(s, s') \in \llbracket st_1 \rrbracket$

由 $s \in \{\varphi \wedge p\}$ 知 $\llbracket \varphi \wedge p \rrbracket_s = \text{true}$

由布尔表达式语义: $\llbracket p \rrbracket_s = \text{true}$, $\llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_s = \text{true}$

因而 $s \in \{\varphi\}$.

而由分支语句语义

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket \text{if}(p) \{st_1\} \text{else} \{st_2\} \rrbracket \\ = \{ (s, s') \mid \llbracket p \rrbracket_s = \text{true} \text{ 且 } (s, s') \in \llbracket st_1 \rrbracket \} \\ \quad \cup \{ (s, s') \mid \llbracket p \rrbracket_s = \text{false} \text{ 且 } (s, s') \in \llbracket st_2 \rrbracket \} \end{aligned}$$

左包含 $\llbracket p \rrbracket_s = \text{true}$. $(s, s') \in \llbracket st_1 \rrbracket$

可知 $(s, s') \in \llbracket \text{if}(p) \{st_1\} \text{else} \{st_2\} \rrbracket$

而 $s \in \{\varphi\}$. 且 $\{\varphi\} \text{if}(p) \{st_1\} \text{else} \{st_2\} \{\varphi\}$ 是有效式.

故 $s' \in \{\varphi\}$

综上: $\forall s \in \{\varphi \wedge p\}$ 若 $(s, s') \in \llbracket st_1 \rrbracket$

则 $s' \in \{\varphi\}$. 这说明

$\{\varphi \wedge p\} st_1 \{\varphi\}$ 是有效式

② 任取 $s \in \{\varphi \wedge p\}$. 并设 $(s, s') \in \llbracket st_2 \rrbracket$

由 $s \in \{\varphi \wedge p\}$ 知 $\llbracket \varphi \wedge p \rrbracket_s = \text{true}$

由布尔表达式语义: $\llbracket p \rrbracket_s = \text{true}$, $\llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_s = \text{true}$

因而 $\llbracket p \rrbracket_s = \text{false}$. $s \in \{\varphi\}$

而由分支语句语义

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket \text{if}(p) \{st_1\} \text{else} \{st_2\} \rrbracket \\ = \{ (s, s') \mid \llbracket p \rrbracket_s = \text{true} \text{ 且 } (s, s') \in \llbracket st_1 \rrbracket \} \\ \quad \cup \{ (s, s') \mid \llbracket p \rrbracket_s = \text{false} \text{ 且 } (s, s') \in \llbracket st_2 \rrbracket \} \end{aligned}$$

左包含 $\llbracket p \rrbracket_s = \text{false}$. $(s, s') \in \llbracket st_2 \rrbracket$

可知 $(s, s') \in \llbracket \text{if}(p) \{st_1\} \text{else} \{st_2\} \rrbracket$

而 $s \in \{\varphi\}$, 且 $\{\varphi\} \nVdash (p) \{st_1\}$ else $\{st_2\} \Vdash \{\varphi\}$ 是有效式,

故 $s' \in \{\varphi\}$

综上: $\forall s \in \{\varphi \wedge p\}$ 若 $(s, s') \in \llbracket st \rrbracket$

则 $s' \in \{\varphi\}$, 这说明

$\{\varphi \wedge p\} st_1 \{\varphi\}$ 是有效式

综合①②: $\{\varphi \wedge p\} st_1 \{\varphi\}$ 和 $\{\varphi \wedge \neg p\} st_2 \{\varphi\}$ 都是有效式

1-2

<p>赋值</p> <hr/> $\{x-1 \geq 0\} x := x-1 \{x \geq 0\}$	<p>赋值</p> <hr/> <p>前提加强</p> $\{x-1 \geq 0\} x := x-1 \{x \geq 0\}$ <hr/> <p>归纳</p> $\{x \geq 0 \wedge x > 0\} x := x-1 \{x \geq 0\}$
<p>前提加强</p> <hr/> $\{x > 0\} x := x-1 \{x \geq 0\}$	<p>结论弱化</p> <hr/> $\{x \geq 0\} \text{while}(x > 0) \{x := x-1\} \{x \geq 0 \wedge \neg(x > 0)\}$
<p>顺序</p> <hr/> $\{x > 0\} x := x-1; \text{while}(x > 0) \{x := x-1\} \{x = 0\}$	<p>结论弱化</p> <hr/> $\{x > 0\} x := x-1; \text{while}(x > 0) \{x := x-1\} \{\varphi \wedge x \leq 0\}$
<p>前提加强</p> <hr/> $\{\varphi \wedge x > 0\} x := x-1; \text{while}(x > 0) \{x := x-1\} \{\varphi \wedge x \leq 0\}$	<p>空语句</p> <hr/> $\{\varphi \wedge x \leq 0\} \text{skip} \{\varphi \wedge x \leq 0\}$
<p>分支</p> <hr/> $\{\varphi\} \text{if}(x > 0) \{x := x-1; \text{while}(x > 0) \{x := x-1\}\} \text{else skip} \{\varphi \wedge x \leq 0\}$	<p>归纳展开</p> <hr/> $\{\varphi\} \text{while}(x > 0) \{x := x-1\} \{\varphi \wedge x \leq 0\}$

其中 $\varphi: \exists t. x = 3t$

Problem 2 循环

2-1 等价

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \llbracket ?P \rrbracket = \{ (s, s) \mid s \models P \}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \llbracket \text{if } (P) \text{ skip else } ?\text{false} \rrbracket$$

$$= \left\{ (s, s') \mid \left(\begin{array}{l} (\llbracket P \rrbracket_s = \text{true} \wedge (s, s') \in \llbracket \text{skip} \rrbracket) \\ \vee (\llbracket P \rrbracket_s = \text{false} \wedge (s, s') \in \llbracket ?\text{false} \rrbracket) \end{array} \right) \right\}$$

$$= \left\{ (s, s') \mid \left(\begin{array}{l} (\llbracket P \rrbracket_s = \text{true} \wedge s' = s) \\ \vee (\llbracket P \rrbracket_s = \text{false} \wedge \llbracket \text{false} \rrbracket_{s'} = \text{true} \wedge s = s') \end{array} \right) \right\}$$

$$= \left\{ (s, s') \mid (\llbracket P \rrbracket_s = \text{true} \wedge s' = s) \vee \text{false} \right\}$$

$$= \{ (s, s) \mid \llbracket P \rrbracket_s = \text{true} \}$$

$$= \{ (s, s) \mid s \models P \}$$

$$\text{所以 } \llbracket ?P \rrbracket = \llbracket \text{if } (P) \text{ skip else } ?\text{false} \rrbracket$$

因此 = 若语义等价

2-2 推导树

$$\begin{array}{c} ? \frac{\frac{\frac{\{ \varphi' \} \quad ? \neg P \quad \{ \varphi' \wedge \neg P \}}{\{ \varphi' \} \quad ? \neg P; \text{st } \{ \varphi' \}} \quad \{ \varphi' \wedge \neg P \} \text{st } \{ \varphi' \}}{\{ \varphi' \} \quad ? \neg P; \text{st } \{ \varphi' \}} \\ * \frac{\{ \varphi \} \text{st } \{ \varphi' \} \quad \{ \varphi' \} (? \neg P; \text{st})^* \{ \varphi' \}}{\{ \varphi \} \text{st}; (? \neg P; \text{st})^* \{ \varphi' \}} \\ ; \frac{\{ \varphi \} \text{st}; (? \neg P; \text{st})^* \{ \varphi' \} \quad ? \frac{\{ \varphi' \} \quad ? P \quad \{ \varphi' \wedge P \}}{\{ \varphi' \} \quad ? P \quad \{ \varphi' \wedge P \}}}{\{ \varphi \} \text{st}; (? \neg P; \text{st})^*; ? P \quad \{ \varphi' \wedge P \}} \\ \equiv \frac{\{ \varphi \} \text{st}; (? \neg P; \text{st})^*; ? P \quad \{ \varphi' \wedge P \}}{\{ \varphi \} \text{repeat st until } (P) \{ \varphi' \wedge P \}} \end{array}$$

因此

$$\frac{\{ \varphi \} \text{st } \{ \varphi' \} \quad \{ \varphi' \wedge \neg P \} \text{st } \{ \varphi' \}}{\{ \varphi \} \text{repeat st until } (P) \{ \varphi' \wedge P \}} \text{ 是可靠的}$$

Problem 3 数组

3-1

$$1. \quad \exists k. \forall i, j. (0 < k < |a| \wedge 0 \leq i < k \wedge k \leq j < |a|) \rightarrow (a[i] < a[j])$$

$$2. \quad \forall i, v. (a < i < v = b < i < v) \rightarrow (\forall j. (0 \leq j < |a| \wedge a[j] \neq b[j]) \rightarrow (i = j))$$

3-2

while-stat: while ($i < n$) { if ($m < a[i]$) { $m := a[i]$ } else { skip } ; $i := i + 1$ }

if-stat: if ($m < a[i]$) { $m := a[i]$ } else { skip }

$\varphi: \forall k. 0 \leq k < i \rightarrow m \geq a[k]$

$\varphi': \forall k. 0 \leq k < i + 1 \rightarrow m \geq a[k]$

即证: $\{m < a[0] \wedge i = 0\} \text{ while-stat } \{ \forall k. (0 \leq k < n \rightarrow m \geq a[k]) \}$

是有意义的

则有指导树

				赋值
		$\{ \varphi \wedge i < n \}$	if-stat	$\{ \varphi' \wedge i + 1 \leq n \}$
顺序		$\{ \varphi' \wedge i + 1 \leq n \}$	$i := i + 1$	$\{ \varphi \wedge i \leq n \}$
前提加强		$\{ \varphi \wedge i < n \}$	if-stat ; $i := i + 1$	$\{ \varphi \wedge i \leq n \}$
分解不		$\{ \varphi \wedge i \leq n \wedge i < n \}$	if-stat ; $i := i + 1$	$\{ \varphi \wedge i \leq n \}$
结论弱化		$\{ \varphi \wedge i \leq n \}$	while-stat	$\{ \varphi \wedge i \leq n \wedge \neg (i < n) \}$
		$\{ \varphi \wedge i \leq n \}$	while-stat	$\{ \forall k. (0 \leq k < n \rightarrow m \geq a[k]) \}$
前提加强		$\{ m < a[0] \wedge i = 0 \}$	while-stat	$\{ \forall k. (0 \leq k < n \rightarrow m \geq a[k]) \}$

$$\frac{\{ \psi \wedge i < n \wedge m < a[i] \} m := a[i] \{ \psi' \wedge i+1 \leq n \} \quad \{ \psi \wedge i < n \wedge m \geq a[i] \} \text{skip} \{ \psi' \wedge i+1 \leq n \}}{\text{分支} \quad \{ \psi \wedge i < n \} \text{if-stat} \{ \psi' \wedge i+1 \leq n \}}$$

右边

$$\frac{\text{空语句} \quad \{ (\forall k. 0 < k < i \rightarrow m \geq a[k]) \wedge i \leq n \} \text{skip} \{ (\forall k. 0 < k < i \rightarrow m \geq a[k]) \wedge i \leq n \}}{\text{结论} \quad \{ (\forall k. 0 \leq k < i \rightarrow m \geq a[k]) \wedge i \leq n \} \text{skip} \{ \psi' \wedge i+1 \leq n \}} \\ \text{前提加强} \quad \{ \psi \wedge i < n \wedge m \geq a[i] \} \text{skip} \{ \psi' \wedge i+1 \leq n \}$$

左边

$$\frac{\text{赋值} \quad \{ (\forall k. 0 \leq k \leq i \rightarrow a[i] \geq a[k]) \wedge i < n \} m := a[i] \{ (\forall k. 0 \leq k \leq i \rightarrow a[i] \geq a[k]) \wedge i < n \}}{\text{结论} \quad \{ (\forall k. 0 \leq k \leq i \rightarrow a[i] \geq a[k]) \wedge i < n \} m := a[i] \{ \psi' \wedge i+1 \leq n \}} \\ \text{前提加强} \quad \{ \psi \wedge i < n \wedge m < a[i] \} m := a[i] \{ \psi' \wedge i+1 \leq n \}$$

综上：所给定的霍尔三元组是有效式