



Qt网络通信



课程主要内容

- IP地址与端口
- 使用网络模块
- TCP协议
- UDP协议



IP地址

- 用于区分同一网络下不同设备的地址编号
- IPv4
 - 32位地址编号空间
 - 将32位分成4组，每组用十进制表示，组间用 . 分隔
- IPv6
 - 128位地址编号空间
 - 将128位分成8组，每组用十六进制表示，组间用 : 分隔
 - 连续的0用::表示
- 本地主机地址：127.0.0.1（IPv4）或::1（IPv6）



端口

- 区分数据应递交给哪个进程进行处理的编号
- 范围：0~65535（16字节）
 - 周知端口：0~1023
 - FTP 21
 - WWW服务 80
 - 注册端口：1024~49151
 - 动态端口：49152~65535



套接字 (Socket)

- 套接字 = 源IP + 源端口 + 目标IP + 目标端口 + 协议
- 监听套接字
 - 负责处理客户端的连接请求
 - 有特定的源IP和源端口
- 连接套接字
 - 负责处理连接后的数据传输
 - 使用数据流进行读写



使用网络模块

- 包含头文件<QtNetwork>
- 在.pro文件中添加Qt += network



TCP协议

- 需要连接
 - 三次握手建立连接，四次挥手断开连接



TCP连接建立

- 客户端发送连接请求，并发送随机信号数据Seq=x
- 服务端发送ACK=x+1和另一随机信号数据Seq=y
- 客户端检验x+1并发送ACK=y+1
- 服务端检验y+1，连接成功



歪？听得到吗？

听到了



听到了，歪？你听得到我吗？



TCP连接断开

- 客户端发送结束通知，并发送随机信号数据Seq=x
- 服务端发送ACK=x+1
- 客户端检验x+1
- 服务端发送断开请求，并发送随机信号数据Seq=y
- 客户端发送ACK=y+1，等待一段时间无回复后释放端口
- 服务端检验y+1，释放端口



我说完了



哦

挂了，掰掰

我也说完了，挂了，掰掰



TCP协议

- 需要连接
 - 三次握手建立连接，四次握手断开连接
- 数据校验
- 强制答复
 - 接收端需答复发送端数据包接收情况
- 自动重发
 - 重发一定时间内未收到答复的数据包
- 丢弃重复



TCP协议

- 编号排序
 - 发送端对数据包编号，接收端进行排序
- 流量控制
 - 当数据缓冲区空间不足时，通知发送方暂缓传输
- 紧急标志
 - 通知接收端提高该数据包的优先级（而不是按照编号顺序处理）



TCP服务端

- 服务端类Server

```
class Server : public QDialog {
```

```
    Q_OBJECT
```

```
public:
```

```
    explicit Server(QWidget *parent = Q_NULLPTR);
```

```
private slots:
```

```
    void sessionOpened();
```

```
    void sendFortune();
```

```
private:
```

```
    QLabel *statusLabel;
```

```
    QTcpServer *tcpServer;
```

```
    QStringList fortunes;
```

```
    ...
```

```
};
```





TCP服务端

- Server构造函数

```
Server::Server(QWidget *parent)
    : QDialog(parent)
    , statusLabel(new QLabel)
    , tcpServer(Q_NULLPTR)
{
    ...
}
```



TCP服务端

- 创建QTcpServer，监听指定端口

```
{
```

```
...
```

```
tcpServer = new QTcpServer(this);
```

```
if (!tcpServer->listen()) {
```

```
    QMessageBox::critical(this, tr("Fortune Server"), tr("Unable to  
start the server: %1.").arg(tcpServer->errorString()));
```

```
    close();
```

```
    return;
```

```
}
```

```
...
```

```
}
```



TCP服务端

- 查找服务端自动监听的端口并显示在界面中

```
{ ...  
    QString ipAddress;  
    QList<QHostAddress> ipAddressesList = QNetworkInterface::allAddresses();  
    for (int i = 0; i < ipAddressesList.size(); ++i) {    // use the first non-localhost IPv4  
address  
        if (ipAddressesList.at(i) != QHostAddress::LocalHost &&  
ipAddressesList.at(i).toIPv4Address()) {  
            ipAddress = ipAddressesList.at(i).toString(); break; }  
        }  
    if (ipAddress.isEmpty())    // if we did not find one, use IPv4 localhost  
        ipAddress = QHostAddress(QHostAddress::LocalHost).toString();  
    statusLabel->setText(tr("The server is running on\n\nIP: %1\nport: %2\n\nRun  
the Fortune Client example now.").arg(ipAddress).arg(tcpServer->serverPort()));  
    ...  
}
```



TCP服务端

- 将一些fortune存入“fortunes”变量

```
{
```

```
...
```

```
fortunes << tr("You've been leading a dog's life. Stay off the furniture.")
```

```
    << tr("You've got to think about tomorrow.")
```

```
    << tr("You will be surprised by a loud noise.")
```

```
    << tr("You will feel hungry again in another hour.")
```

```
    << tr("You might have mail.")
```

```
    << tr("You cannot kill time without injuring eternity.")
```

```
    << tr("Computers are not intelligent. They only think they are.");
```

```
...
```

```
}
```




TCP服务端

- 将控件添加到界面中

```
{  
    ...  
    QPushButton *quitButton = new QPushButton(tr("Quit"));  
    quitButton->setAutoDefault(false);  
    connect(quitButton, &QAbstractButton::clicked, this, &QWidget::close);  
    QHBoxLayout *buttonLayout = new QHBoxLayout;  
    buttonLayout->addWidget(quitButton);  
    QVBoxLayout *mainLayout = new QVBoxLayout(this);  
    mainLayout->addWidget(statusLabel);  
    mainLayout->addLayout(buttonLayout);  
    ...  
}
```



TCP服务端

- 等待客户端连接，处理newConnection信号（处理函数sendFortune）

```
{
```

```
...
```

```
    connect(tcpServer, &QTcpServer::newConnection,  
this, &Server::sendFortune);
```

```
...
```

```
}
```



TCP服务端

- 处理客户端连接，向客户端发送数据：使用 QDataStream向QByteArray中写入数据

```
void Server:: sendFortune() {  
    QByteArray block;  
    QDataStream out(&block, QIODevice::WriteOnly);  
    out.setVersion(QDataStream::Qt_4_0);  
    out << fortunes.at(qrand() % fortunes.size());  
    .....  
}
```



TCP服务端

- 处理客户端连接，向客户端发送数据：创建QTcpSocket，使用write函数发送数据，使用disconnectFromHost关闭连接

```
void Server:: sendFortune() {  
    .....  
    QTcpSocket *clientConnection  
        = tcpServer->nextPendingConnection();  
    connect(clientConnection, &QAbstractSocket::disconnected,  
            clientConnection, &QObject::deleteLater);  
    clientConnection->write(block);  
    clientConnection->disconnectFromHost();  
}
```



TCP客户端

- 客户端类Client

```
class Client : public QDialog{
```

```
    Q_OBJECT
```

```
public:
```

```
    explicit Client(QWidget *parent = Q_NULLPTR);
```

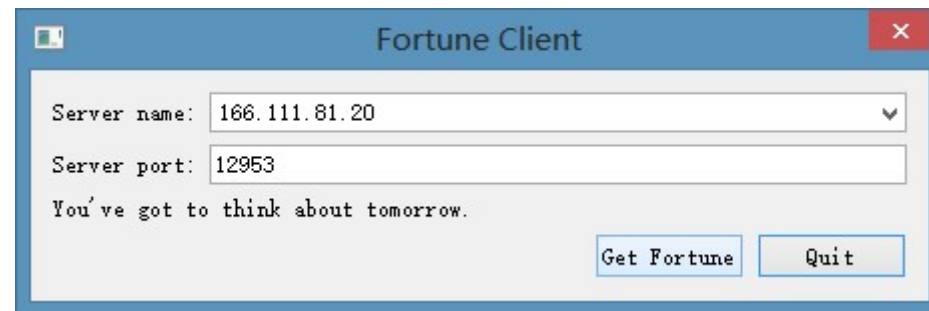
```
private slots:
```

```
    void requestNewFortune();
```

```
    void readFortune();
```

```
    ...
```

```
};
```





TCP客户端

- 客户端类Client

```
class Client : public QDialog{
```

```
...
```

```
private:
```

```
    QComboBox *hostCombo;
```

```
    QLineEdit *portLineEdit;
```

```
    QLabel *statusLabel;
```

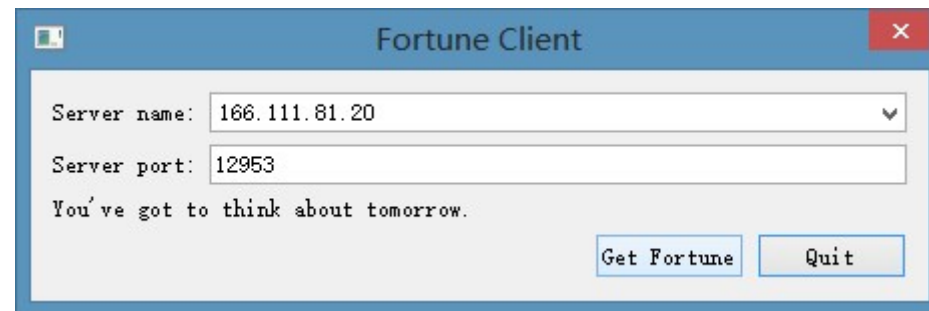
```
    QPushButton *getFortuneButton;
```

```
    QTcpSocket *tcpSocket;
```

```
    QDataStream in;
```

```
    QString currentFortune;
```

```
};
```





TCP客户端

- Client构造函数

```
Client::Client(QWidget *parent)
    : QDialog(parent)
    , hostCombo(new QComboBox)
    , portLineEdit(new QLineEdit)
    , getFortuneButton(new QPushButton(tr("Get Fortune")))
    , tcpSocket(new QTcpSocket(this))
{
    ...
}
```



TCP客户端

- 将数据流绑定到socket

```
{
```

```
...
```

```
in.setDevice(tcpSocket);
```

```
in.setVersion(QDataStream::Qt_4_0);
```

```
...
```

```
}
```




TCP客户端

- 添加本机的IP

```
{  
    ...  
    // find out IP addresses of this machine  
    QList<QHostAddress> ipAddressesList = QNetworkInterface::allAddresses();  
    for (int i = 0; i < ipAddressesList.size(); ++i) {    // add non-localhost addresses  
        if (!ipAddressesList.at(i).isLoopback())  
            hostCombo->addItem(ipAddressesList.at(i).toString());  
    }  
    for (int i = 0; i < ipAddressesList.size(); ++i) {    // add localhost addresses  
        if (ipAddressesList.at(i).isLoopback())  
            hostCombo->addItem(ipAddressesList.at(i).toString());  
    }  
    ...  
}
```



TCP客户端

- 设置界面中的控件

```
{
```

```
...
```

```
portLineEdit->setValidator(new QIntValidator(1, 65535, this));
```

```
QLabel *hostLabel = new QLabel(tr("Server &name:"));
```

```
hostLabel->setBuddy(hostCombo);
```

```
QLabel *portLabel = new QLabel(tr("Server &port:"));
```

```
portLabel->setBuddy(portLineEdit);
```

```
statusLabel = new QLabel(tr("This examples requires that you run  
the Fortune Server example as well.));
```

```
...
```

```
}
```



TCP客户端

- 设置界面中的控件

```
{
```

```
...
```

```
QPushButton *quitButton = new QPushButton(tr("Quit"));
```

```
QDialogButtonBox *buttonBox = new QDialogButtonBox;
```

```
buttonBox->addButton(getFortuneButton,  
QDialogButtonBox::ActionRole);
```

```
buttonBox->addButton(quitButton,  
QDialogButtonBox::RejectRole);
```

```
connect(quitButton, &QAbstractButton::clicked, this,  
&QWidget::close);
```

```
...
```

```
}
```



TCP客户端

- 单击按钮请求数据（请求函数 requestNewFortune）

```
{  
    ...  
    connect(  
        getFortuneButton, &QAbstractButton::clicked,  
        this, &Client::requestNewFortune);  
    ...  
}
```



TCP客户端

- 等待新数据传入，处理readyRead信号（处理函数readFortune）

```
{
```

```
...
```

```
    connect(tcpSocket, &QIODevice::readyRead, this,  
&Client::readFortune);
```

```
...
```

```
}
```



TCP客户端

- 将控件添加到界面中

```
{
```

```
...
```

```
QGridLayout *mainLayout = new QGridLayout(this);
```

```
mainLayout->addWidget(hostLabel, 0, 0);
```

```
mainLayout->addWidget(hostCombo, 0, 1);
```

```
mainLayout->addWidget(portLabel, 1, 0);
```

```
mainLayout->addWidget(portLineEdit, 1, 1);
```

```
mainLayout->addWidget(statusLabel, 2, 0, 1, 2);
```

```
mainLayout->addWidget(buttonBox, 3, 0, 1, 2);
```

```
...
```

```
}
```



TCP客户端

- 向服务器请求数据

```
void Client::requestNewFortune()
{
    tcpSocket->abort();

    tcpSocket->connectToHost(hostCombo-
>currentText(), portLineEdit->text().toInt());
}
```



TCP客户端

- 接收服务器的数据

```
void Client:: receiveFromServer()
{
    in.startTransaction();
    QString nextStr;
    in >> nextStr;
}
```




TCP实例

- 参见Fortune Server Example和Fortune Client Example



UDP协议

- 直接读写，无连接
- 不可靠



UDP发送端

- 新建一个QUdpSocket

```
void Client::initSocket() {  
    udpSocket = new QUdpSocket(this);  
}
```



UDP发送端

- 直接使用writeDatagram写数据，发送端口由操作系统分配

```
void Client::writeSocket() {  
    char data[20] = "hello, world"  
    udpSocket->writeDatagram(data, 20,  
    QHostAddress::LocalHost, 7755);  
}
```



UDP接收端

- 新建一个QUdpSocket, 绑定一个端口, 创建一个处理信号的槽

```
void Server::initSocket()
```

```
{
```

```
    udpSocket = new QUdpSocket(this);
```

```
    udpSocket->bind(QHostAddress::LocalHost, 7755);
```

```
    connect(udpSocket, SIGNAL(readyRead()),
```

```
            this, SLOT(readPendingDatagrams()));
```

```
}
```



UDP接收端

- 将QUdpSocket的readyRead信号连接到槽，在槽中用receiveDatagram读数据

```
void Server::readPendingDatagrams()
{
    while (udpSocket->hasPendingDatagrams()) {
        QNetworkDatagram datagram = udpSocket-
>receiveDatagram();
        processTheDatagram(datagram);
    }
}
```



课后思考题

- 阅读Qt文档，如果需要用指定端口发送UDP数据包，应该怎样做？
- 断开TCP连接时，为什么客户端要等待一段时间无回复后再释放端口？
- TCP和UDP能否共享一个端口？