

# 根统第 四次习题课参考答案

1. 设  $X_i$  的概率密度函数为  $f(x)$ , 注意到  $X_i$  服从分布  $F(x)$ . 注意到:

$$(X_n > \max\{X_1, \dots, X_{n-1}\}) = (X_1 < X_n, \dots, X_{n-1} < X_n)$$

$$\text{故 } P(X_n > \max\{X_1, \dots, X_{n-1}\}) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{x_n} \dots \int_{-\infty}^{x_n} \prod_{i=1}^{n-1} f(x_i) dx_1 dx_2 \dots dx_{n-1}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F^{n-1}(x_n) f(x_n) dx_n$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F^{n-1}(x) dF(x) = \frac{1}{n} F^n(x) \Big|_{-\infty}^{+\infty} = \frac{1}{n}$$

$$2. \max\{X, Y\} = \frac{1}{2}(X+Y+|X-Y|) \Rightarrow E(\max\{X, Y\}) = \frac{1}{2}(EX+EY+E|X-Y|)$$

$$\text{由 } X \sim N(0,1), Y \sim N(0,1) \Rightarrow X-Y \sim N(0,2), EX=EY=0$$

$$\text{故 } \frac{1}{2}E|X-Y| = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{4\pi}} |t| e^{-\frac{t^2}{4}} dt = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$3. \text{Cov}(X, Y) = EXY - EXEY \quad \text{Corr}(X, Y) = \frac{\text{Cov}(X, Y)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}X \cdot \text{Var}Y}}$$

$$EX = \frac{5}{7} \quad EY = \frac{8}{7}, \quad EX^2 = \frac{39}{70} \quad EY^2 = \frac{34}{21}$$

$$EXY = \frac{17}{21} \quad \text{Var}X = \frac{39}{70} - \left(\frac{5}{7}\right)^2 = \frac{23}{490} \quad \text{Var}Y = \frac{34}{21} - \left(\frac{8}{7}\right)^2 = \frac{46}{147}$$

$$\text{故 } \text{Cov}(X, Y) = \frac{17}{21} - \frac{5}{7} \times \frac{8}{7} = -\frac{1}{147}$$

$$\text{Corr}(X, Y) = -\frac{\sqrt{15}}{69} \approx -0.05613$$

$$4. \text{Cov}(Y_1, Y_2) = \text{Cov}(X_1+X_2, X_2+X_3) = E(X_1+X_2)(X_2+X_3) - E(X_1+X_2)E(X_2+X_3)$$

$$= EX_1X_2 + EX_2X_3 + EX_1X_3 + EX_2^2$$

$$= \text{Cov}(X_1, X_2) + \text{Cov}(X_2, X_3) + \text{Cov}(X_1, X_3) + \text{Var}X_2^2$$

$$= (\rho_{12} + \rho_{23} + \rho_{13})\sigma^2, \text{同理可得 } \text{Cov}(Y_2, Y_3), \text{Cov}(Y_3, Y_1).$$



5. 记  $EX_i = \mu_i$ ,  $\text{Var } X_i = \sigma_i^2$ . 注意到

$$\begin{aligned} E\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(X_i - \mu_i)^2}{\sigma_i^2}\right) &= E\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(X_i - \mu_i)^2}{\sigma_i^2}\right) \\ &= E\left[\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(X_i - \mu_i)^2}{\sigma_i^2} + \sum_{i \neq j} \frac{(X_i - \mu_i)(X_j - \mu_j)}{\sigma_i \sigma_j}\right] \\ &= n + n(n-1)\rho \geq 0 \Rightarrow \rho \geq -\frac{1}{n-1} \end{aligned}$$

6. 令  $Y_i = \frac{X_i}{X_1 + \dots + X_n}$ , 则  $0 \leq Y_i \leq 1$ ,  $EY_i$  存在, 由对称性知  $Y_i$  同分布

$$\text{故 } 1 = E \frac{X_1 + \dots + X_n}{X_1 + \dots + X_n} = E\left(\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^n EY_i \Rightarrow EY_i = \frac{1}{n}, \text{ 故 } E\left(\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i\right) = \frac{n}{n} = 1.$$

7. 由于  $\det(B) = 0 \Rightarrow$  存在不全为 0 的数  $c_1, \dots, c_n$ , 使  $c^T B c = 0$ ,  $c = (c_1, \dots, c_n)^T$

$$\text{故 } 0 = c^T B c = \sum_{i,j} c_i c_j \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j)$$

$$= \sum_{i,j} \text{Cov}(c_i X_i, c_j X_j)$$

$$= \sum_{i,j} E\left([c_i X_i - E(c_i X_i)][c_j X_j - E(c_j X_j)]\right)$$

$$= E\left[\sum_{i=1}^n (c_i X_i - E(c_i X_i))^2\right] \quad (\text{这里是由于 } \sum_{i,j} a_i a_j = (a_1 + \dots + a_n)^2)$$

$$= E\left[\sum_{i=1}^n (c_i X_i - E(c_i X_i))^2\right] = E\left[\sum_{i=1}^n (c_i X_i - E(c_i X_i))^2\right]$$

$$= \text{Var}\left(\sum_{i=1}^n c_i X_i\right) = E\left[\sum_{i=1}^n c_i X_i - E\left(\sum_{i=1}^n c_i X_i\right)\right]^2$$

$$\text{记 } Y = c_1 X_1 + \dots + c_n X_n, \text{ 则 } 0 = E(Y - EY)^2 = \text{Var } Y \Rightarrow P(Y = EY) = 1$$

$$\text{即 } P(c_1 X_1 + \dots + c_n X_n = \text{常数}) = 1. \text{ 事实上, } \text{Var } X = 0 \Leftrightarrow P(X = EX) = 1$$



$$8. P_Y(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} p(x, y) dx = \int_y^1 24(1-x)y dx = 12y(1-y)^2, \quad 0 < y < 1$$

$$\text{故 } p(x|y) = \frac{p(x, y)}{P_Y(y)} = \begin{cases} \frac{2(1-x)}{(1-y)^2}, & 0 < y < x < 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$y \in (0, 1) \text{ 时 } E(X|Y=y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x p(x|y) dx = \frac{2y+1}{3}$$

$$9. (1) E(I|X=x) = P(I=1|X=x)$$

$$= P(Y < X | X=x) = P(Y < x) = \Phi(x)$$

$$(2) \text{ 由 } E(I|X=x) = \Phi(x) \text{ 知,}$$

$$E\Phi(X) = E(E(I|X)) = E(I) = P(Y < X)$$

$$(3) \text{ 注意到 } X-Y \sim N(\mu, 2), \text{ 故 } E(\Phi(X)) = P(Y < X) = P(X-Y > 0) \\ = 1 - \Phi\left(-\frac{\mu}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \Phi\left(\frac{\mu}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$