

## Problem 1: Constrained least squares

(1)

$$\begin{aligned} \because \sum x_i &= 1 \\ \therefore c &= (1 \cdots 1), \quad cxc^T = 1 \\ \mathcal{L} &= \|Ax - b\|^2 + \lambda(cxc^T - 1) \\ \delta \mathcal{L} &= \delta \|Ax - b\|^2 + \lambda \delta cxc^T + \delta \lambda (cx - 1) \\ \delta \mathcal{L} &= \delta x^T (2A^T Ax - 2A^T b - \lambda cxc^T) + \delta \lambda (cxc^T - 1) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore KKT \begin{cases} 2A^T Ax - 2A^T b - \lambda cxc^T = 0 \\ cx - 1 = 0 \end{cases}$$

(2)

$$x = 1/2 * (A^T A)^{-1} (2A^T b + \lambda c^T)$$

and  $cx = 1$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda &= 2(R^T R)(1 - R^{-1} R^{-T} A^T b c) \\ x &= 0.5 * (R^{-1} R^{-T} (2A^T b + 2R^T R c^T - 2A^T b c c^T)) \\ x &= R^{-1} R^{-T} A^T b + c^T - R^{-1} R^{-T} A^T b \end{aligned}$$

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print('Hello world!')
```

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% \begin{lstlisting}[style = python]
import numpy as np
from sympy import *
Q, R = np.linalg.qr(A)
c = [1]*n
X = R.I * (R.T).I * A.T * b + c.T - R.I * (R.T).I * A.T * b
% \end{lstlisting}
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## Problem 2: Residual sensitivity

(1)

Equal to show  $\|r\| \delta \|r\| = r^T \delta r$

Equal to show  $\delta(\|r\|^2) = 2r^T \delta r$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(||r||^2) &= \delta(r^T r) \\
&= (\delta r^T) r + r^T \delta r \\
&= 2r^T \delta r
\end{aligned}$$

(2)

Equal to show  $||r||\delta||r|| = -r^T \delta Ax$

And from (1),  $r^T \delta r = -r^T \delta Ax$

Equal to show  $\delta r = -\delta Ax$  ()

And  $r = b - Ax$

$\therefore \delta r = 0 - \delta Ax$  is equal to (\*).

□