# Measurement of the branching fraction of $\eta_c \to K^+ K^- \pi^0$ and $\eta_c \to 2(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$

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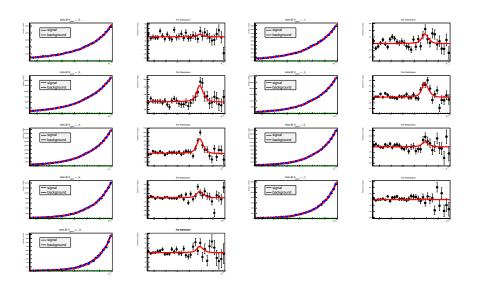
 $^{2}IHEP$ 

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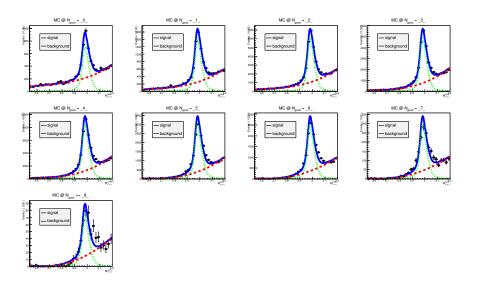
#### Overview

- f 1 Measurement of multiplicity of the inclusive decays of  $\eta_c$
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- Measurement of Branching Fractions
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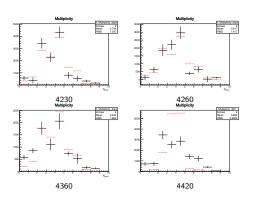
# Fit data @ 4260 MeV simultaneously

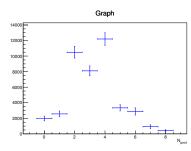


# Fit MC @ 4260 MeV simultaneously



## Multiplicity @ 4.23, 4.26, 4.36, 4.42 GeV





Sum of the 4 energy points

#### Motivation

- The systematic uncertainty of the efficiency of the inclusive decays is essential to measure the branching fraction of  $\eta_c \to K_S^0 K^{\pm} \pi^{\mp}$ ;
- From the above results of multiplicity of  $N_{good}$ , we can see that there exists difference between Monto Carlo sample and data;
- The difference between data and Monto Carlo samples leads systematic uncertainty to the efficiency;
- To determine the uncertainty of the efficiency, we measured other decay modes of η<sub>c</sub>;
- We choose some decay modes of  $\eta_c$ , which are  $\eta_c \to \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$  and  $\eta_c \to K^+K^-\pi^0$ .

# Methods [Take $\eta_c \to K^+ K^- \pi^0$ as example]

## Methods to measure the branching fraction

- ullet We measure the branching fraction of  $\eta_c o K^+ K^- \pi^0$  via the decays
  - $e^+e^- o \pi^+\pi^-h_c, h_c o \gamma\eta_c, \eta_c o K^+K^-\pi^0$  (exclusive mode )
  - $e^+e^- o \pi^+\pi^-h_c, h_c o \gamma\eta_c, \eta_c o X$ ( inclusive mode )
- The Branching fraction is

$$Br(\eta_c \to K^+K^-\pi^0) = \frac{N_{\text{signal}}^{\text{exclusive}}}{N_{\text{signal}}^{\text{inclusive}}} \bullet \frac{\epsilon^{\text{inclusive}}}{\epsilon^{\text{exclusive}}} \bullet \frac{1}{Br(\pi^0 \to \gamma\gamma)}.$$

• And via this method we can also cancel parts of the system errors.

# Data Sets and Monto Carlo Samples

#### **BOSS** version

6.6.4.p01

#### Data Sets

We currently used the XYZ data at the energy points of

4.23 GeV, 4.26 GeV, 4.36 GeV, 4.42 GeV

#### Monto Carlo Samples

200K Monto Carlo Samples are generated for each decay mode at each of the four energy points which are

4.23 GeV, 4.26 GeV, 4.36 GeV and 4.42 GeV.

#### **Event Selections**

#### Good Charged tracks selections

- ullet  $V_{xy} < 1$ cm,  $|V_z| < 10$ cm ( except for the two tracks from  $K_S^0$  )
- $|\cos \theta < 0.93|$

## Good photon selections

- $E_{\gamma} > 25 MeV$  for  $|\cos \theta| < 0.8$
- $E_{\gamma} > 50 MeV$  for  $0.86 < |\cos \theta| < 0.92$
- $0 \le TDC \le 14$ ( in unit of 50ns)
- $N_{good} \ge 2$  ,  $1 \le N_{\gamma} \le 20$  [for the inclusive mode];
- $N_{good} \ge 4$  ,  $3 \le N_{\gamma} \le 20$  [for  $\eta_c \to K^+ K^- \pi^0$ ];
- $N_{good} \geq 6$  ,  $5 \leq N_{\gamma} \leq 20$  [for  $\eta_c \rightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$ ].

#### **Event Selections**

## $\pi^0$ Reconstruction

- $0.12 \, GeV < M_{\gamma\gamma} < 0.15 \, GeV$ ;
- 1-C Kinematic Fit

## preliminary $\gamma \pi^+ \pi^-$ list

- $3.46 < m_{\pi^+\pi^-}^{recoil} < 3.59 \, GeV$  (  $h_c$  mass region )
- ullet 2.5  $< m_{\pi^+\pi^-\gamma}^{recoil} <$  3.4GeV (  $\eta_c$  mass region )

#### for the exclusive modes

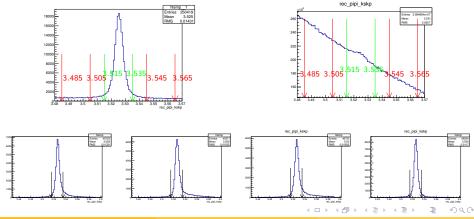
- $N_{\pi^0} \geq 1$  [for  $\eta_c \to K^+ K^- \pi^0$ ]
- $N_{\pi^0} \ge 2$  [for  $\eta_c \to 2(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$ ]
- Combination with the minimum

$$\chi^2 = \chi^2_{4C} + \sum_{i=1}^{N} \chi^2_{PID}(i) + \sum_{i=1}^{2} \chi^2_{\pi^0}(i)$$

is kept

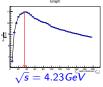
## the Optimized Selections

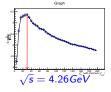
We choose the same range of  $M_{\pi^+\pi^-}^{recoil}$  for both inclusive and exclusive processes.[  $3.515 < M_{\pi^+\pi^-}^{recoil} < 3.535$  (  $M_{h_c} \pm 3\sigma$  )], and use the sideband method to analyze the background shape of the inclusive mode

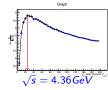


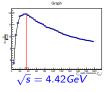
# Optimized Selections [Exclusive Modes]

 $\bullet$  The  $\chi^2_{4C}$  cut is optimized with the figure of merit(FOM)  $\frac{\mathcal{S}}{\sqrt{\mathcal{S}+B}}$ 





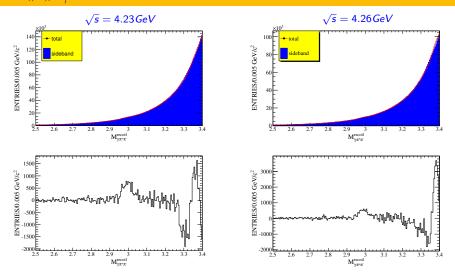




• Table for  $\chi^2_{4C}$  cut

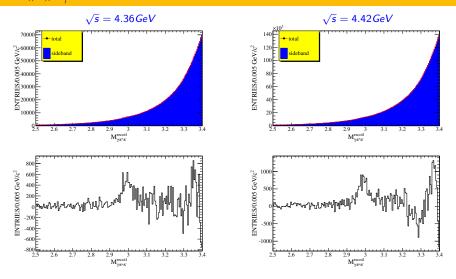
$\chi^2_{4C}$ cut	$\eta_c  ightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$	$\eta_c  ightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$	
4230	25	35	
4260	15	30	
4360	25	25	
4420	20	35	

# $M_{\pi^+\pi^-\gamma}^{recoil}$ results of sideband ( the inclusive mode )



The upper ones draw the sideband and signal regions together, while the lower ones draw net events

# $M_{\pi^+\pi^-\gamma}^{resoil}$ results of sideband ( the inclusive mode )



The upper ones draw the sideband and signal regions together, while the lower ones draw net events

## Fit Simultaneously

To fit the distribution of  $M^{recoil}_{\pi^+\pi^-\gamma}$ , we use the fit function

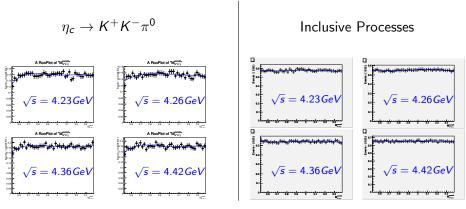
$$F(m) = \sigma \otimes [\epsilon(m) \times |S(m)|^2 \times E_{\gamma}^3 \times d(E_{\gamma})] + B(m),$$

where

- $d(E_{\gamma}) = \frac{E_0^2}{E_{\gamma}E_0 + (E_{\gamma} E_0)^2}$ ,
- ullet  $\sigma o$  Double-Gaussian or Gaussian shape,
- $S(m) \rightarrow Breit$ -Wigner shapes with common fixed M and  $\sigma$ ,
- $B(m) \rightarrow$ 
  - Chebyshev Polynomial for the exclusive mode,
  - Events from sideband of  $h_c$  for inclusive mode.

# **Efficiency Curves**

We generate large-width signal Monto Carlo samples, and divide the MC truth after selection by the truth before selection to get the efficiency curve.

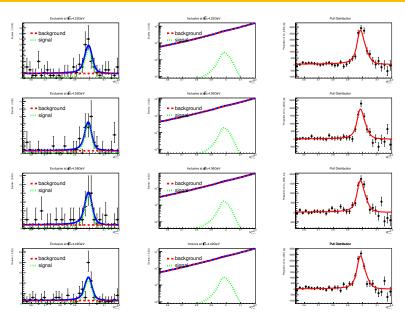


## Resolution and Efficiency

We generated signal Monto Carlo samples, and fit the signal with a Gaussian or double-Gaussian shape.

Category		Gaussian 1		Gaussian 2		Coefficient	Efficiency(%)
		$M_1(MeV)$	$\sigma_1(MeV)$	$M_2(MeV)$	$\sigma_2(MeV)$	Coemcient	Linciency (70)
$K^+K^-\pi^0$	4230	12.55	17.41	-	-	-	16.04
	4260	10.73	15.46	-	-	-	15.04
	4360	12.64	17.26	-	-	-	18.96
	4420	12.13	16.78	-	-	-	18.00
$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ )	4230						
	4260						
	4360						
	4420						
Inclusivæ	4230	2.61	11.29	23.61	26.37	6.44614e-01	48.12
	4260	1.73	10.79	20.13	23.70	6.04471e-01	44.14
	4360	1.64	10.73	20.54	23.52	6.01291e-01	42.59
	4420	2.45	11.28	22.10	25.76	6.34061e-01	51.15

# Simultaneous Fit ( $\eta_c o K^+ K^- \pi^0$ )



# the Branching Fraction of $\eta_c \to K^+ K^- \pi^0$

Category		Number of signal	Branching Fraction	
$\pi^0$	4230	39.8		
$\mathcal{K}^{+}\mathcal{K}^{-}$	4260	28.3	$1.01\pm0.11$	
	4360	31.3	$1.01 \pm 0.11$	
	4420	43.9		
$2(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$	4230			
	4260			
	4360			
	4420			

We got the Branching fraction of  $\eta_c o K^+ K^- \pi^0$  as

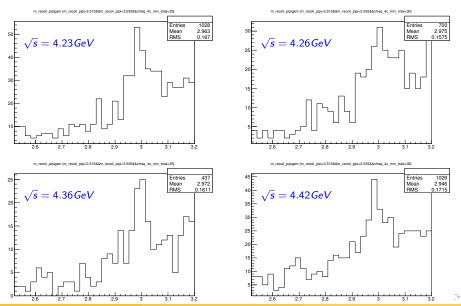
$$Br(\eta_c \to K^+ K^- \pi^0) = 1.04 \pm 0.17\%$$

from PHYSICAL REVIEW D 86, 092009 (2012).

And we did improve the accuracy of the measurement.



# Results after optimized selections of $\eta_c \to 2(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$



# Summary

- We measured the multiplicity of the good charged tracks of the inclusive mode of  $\eta_c$  for the first time;
- We measured the Branching Fraction of  $\eta_c \to K^+ K^- \pi^0$ , and improved the accuracy;
- We tried to measure other decay modes of  $\eta_c$ , yet the results are not so promising.