Artificial Intelligence

Assignment-1 (tutorial)

Ayush Verma

V Semester B. Tech, Department of Information Technology

Indian Institute of Information Technology Allahabad, Prayagraj, India

Abstract: In this report, I have briefed the problem related to finding and simulating path from source to destination in a grid using environment and agent class.

I. INTRODUCTION

An environment is everything in the world which surrounds the agent, but it is not a part of an agent itself. An environment can be described as a situation in which an agent is present.

An agent is anything that can be viewed as: perceiving its environment through sensors and acting upon that environment through actuators.

II. DESCRIPTION

A. Environment class

This class is responsible for creating environment pertaining to given set of values. Its attributes are, namely- grid, row, column.

For part-B (sound as source): new attribute goal position is added as hidden.

B. Agent class

This class is responsible for creating agent pertaining to given set of values, which can collect useful information from environment facilitating correct direction of movement. Its attributes are, namely-- current position. Functions-- moveup, movedown, moveleft, moveright.

For part-B (sound as source): new function calcDistance is added which takes current environment object and return distance from goal to current position.

C. Main

Its plays role in intiatializing classes with user input and simulate the path. It takes help from sensors of agent object in determining the movement direction.

III. ALGORITHM DESIGN

part A. source and goal are known:

while currentPosX != goalX
if currentPosX > goalX
moveleft()
if currentPosX < goalX
moveright()

while currentPosY != goalY
if currentPosY > goalY
moverdown()
if currentPosY < goalY
moveup()

part B. Agent return distance from goal

while calcDistance() != 0
moveup()
if dist > currentDist
dist ← currentDist
move = up
movedown()
movedown()
if dist > currentDist
dist ← currentDist
move = down

IV. EXPLANATION

(A) Goal is known

First, updating current X position until it becomes equal to goal's x-coordinate.

Then, updating current Y position until it becomes equal to goal's y-coordinate.

It will reach to goal in minimum steps possible.

(B) Distance from goal is known

At current position distance is calculated.

Now visiting each position (x+1,y), (x-1,y), (x,y+1), (x,y-1) and finding minimum position with next minimum distance

Update current position to that position.

IV. CONCLUSION

It can be concluded that one can find path and reach from source to goal in a grid using both by knowing end points and also via distance from goal as parameters.