CCE – CEBD1260 Big Data Analytics

Data Analytics on UCI Heart Disease Dataset

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Dataset Overview

UCI machine learning archive

(http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Heart+Disease).

4 different data sets coming from the following sources: Hungarian Institute of Cardiology. Budapest

University Hospital, Zurich, Switzerland

University Hospital, Basel, Switzerland

V.A. Medical Center, Long Beach and Cleveland Clinic Foundation

More details about data sources are below.

Database : 0 1 2 3 4 Total Cleveland : 164 55 36 35 13 303 Hungarian : 188 37 26 28 15 294 Switzerland : 8 48 32 30 5 123 Long Beach VA: 51 56 41 42 10 200 Overview: Cleveland dataset
Originally have **76** attributes (variables) but
only **14** were used in research works.

Attr01. #3 (age)

Attr02. #4 (sex)

Attr03. #9 (cp: chest pain type)

Attr04. #10 (trestbps: restin blood pressure)

Attr05. #12 (chol: cholesterol)

Attr06. #16 (fbs: fasting blood sugar > 120 mg)

Attr07. #19 (restecg: resting electrocardiographic)

Attr08. #32 (thalach: maximum heart rate achieved)

Attr09. #38 (exang: exercised induced angina)

Attr10. #40 (oldpeak: ST depression induced by exercise relative to rest)

Attr11. #41 (slope: slope of the peak exercise segment)

Attr12. #44 (ca: number of major vessels coloured by fluorosopy)

Attr13. #51 (thal: 3=normal, 6=fixed defect, 7=reversible defect)

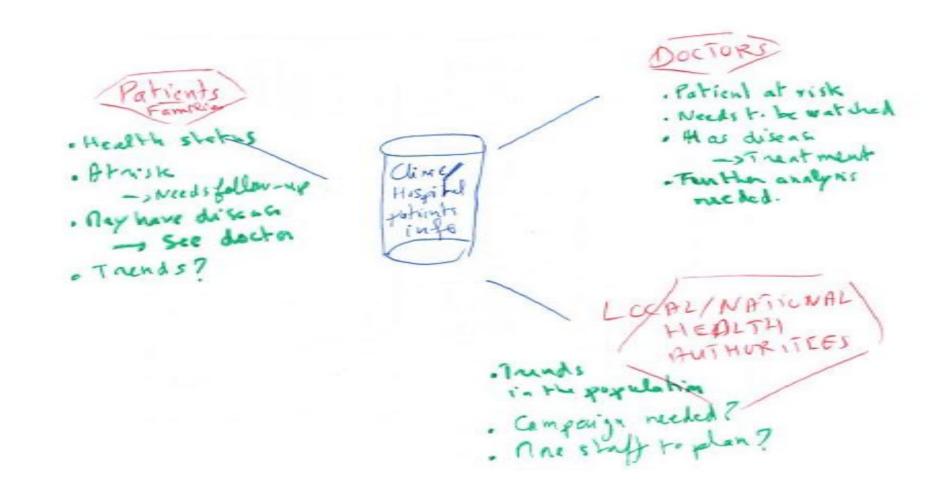
Attr14. #58 (num)(goal: diagnosis of heart disease

Objectives

- Perform various Big Data Analytics techniques
- Predict the presence of the disease:

50%+ narrowing of a major vessel

Functional Map



Wrangling and EDA

- Renamed variables: No header
- 'goal': values > 1 => Set to 1
- 'ca' and 'thal: values '?' => Set to "no issue" values.
- Transformed categorical values to make more sense
- Histograms for numeric, Bars for categorical, Covariance, etc.
- All numerical variables could not be eliminated.
- Feel the categorical variables have strong dependencies
- © Could not perform multivariable analysis on categorical
- Idea: Use Apriori/FP-Growth to eliminate some => TBC

Regression

- Used all models seen in class (Thanks Ary ☺)
- Substantially different results between models!
- 'goal' is binary: Rounded y_pred! => Made more sense
- Linear Regression had best error => Results kind of 'weird'
- 5 main variables appeared to be dominant in all models
- 'age' is not among them!

Classification

- Used all models seen in class (Thanks Ary ☺)
- Les discrepancy between models!
- 'goal' is binary: Rounded y_pred! => Made more sense;
 Higher precision
- RF 100 => Best results, then Naïve Bayes
- 6 main variables appeared to be dominant in all models.
- 'age' is there ☺

Clustering

- Hierarchical algorithm
- 'age' w.r.t. to others
- Several trials: k =10, X_columns reduced
- Changed 'age' to have 30-39 in the same category, etc.
- Finally: k=5 + the 6 main variables from previous analysis
- Sklearn model would provide more insight: TBC.
- Results make sense w.r.t to 'age' vs health.

Data App

- Predict 'goal' based on the various variables
- Should use a classification model because better results
- May use a regression model or more than one.
- Not completed yet ☺

Thank you © Questions/Comments?