

Graph 2

DFS & Cycles

Requirements

Create file in python with a **comment** containing the academic honesty pledge as shown below. Add another, separate comment to the file containing your name

- Write a python program that creates a graph using a textarea and the formatting described in a later slide
- Your code will print out "cyclic" or "acyclic".
- Your code should generate both the form (with a textbox) and the output.

```
# I honor Parkland's core values by affirming that I have  
# followed all academic integrity guidelines for this work.  
  
# your name
```

Input format: This is a directed graph

```
vertex1  
vertex2  
vertex3  
...  
vertexn  
#end
```

the names of the vertices, one per line. NO EMBEDDED SPACES!!!

Ignore duplicates

Keyword that shows the end of the vertices

```
vertex1, vertex2  
vertex1, vertex3  
...
```

the edges in the graph. Format is:

vertex [comma] [space] vertex [newline]



When you're out of data, there are no more edges.
Ignore invalid edges

Property: Cyclic or acyclic

Modify the DFS code from the book to determine if the graph entered is cyclic or acyclic. **This is problem C-14.43.**

(Once you find a cycle you can stop the DFS)

Determining back edges & cycles

```
DFS(G, u):  
    mark u as being worked on   
    for v outgoing edge e = (u, v): of u  
        if v is being worked on there's a cycle, exit  
        if v hasn't been visited:  
            DFS(G, v)  
    mark u as visited 
```

A working on

B working on

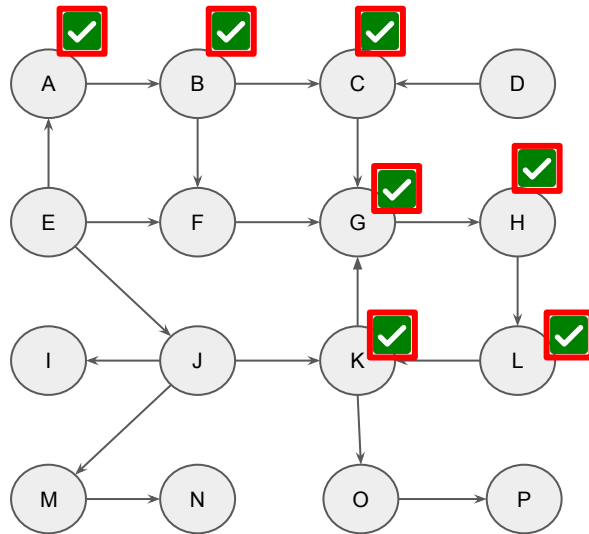
C working on

G working on

H working on

L working on

K working on: examine **(K, G)** ... G is being worked on,
that means its a back edge and there's a cycle.



Turn in

The code you wrote or modified.

A link to the webpage.