

# Renewal of New Town

—Design Competition of New Urban Green Space System in Beijing Xibeiwang Technology Eco-Town



## Urban design

Team work of 4 people

Second semester of postgraduate freshman

2019.06-07

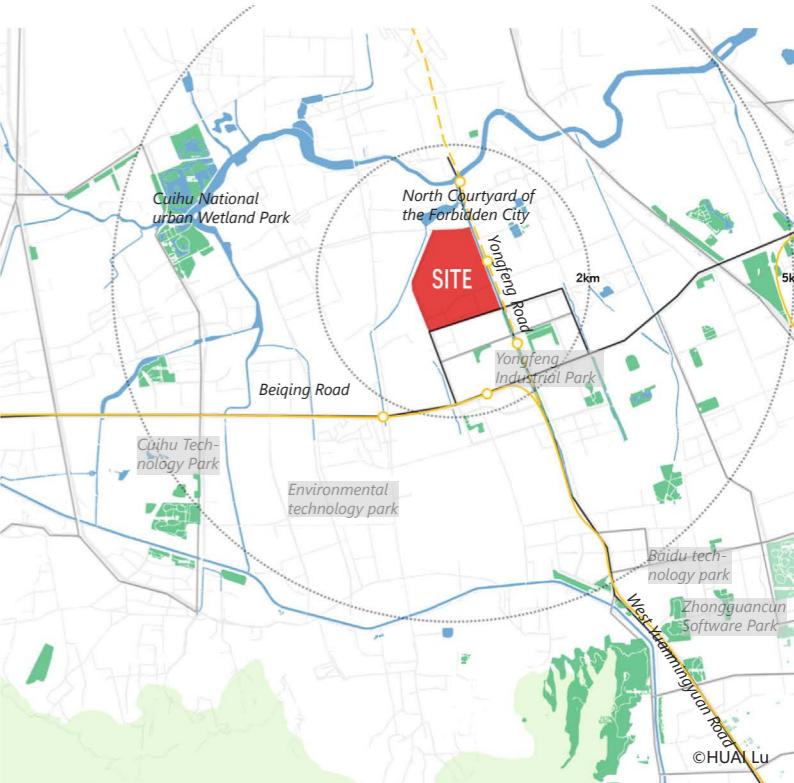
New Urban Green Space System Planning Competition

## First Prize

## Site Location



The site is located in the core area of Xibeiwang town, Haidian district, Beijing. It is adjacent to the North Court of the Palace Museum in the north and Yongfeng Industrial Base in the south. In the north, there is a large area of green land surrounded by Cuihu Wetland Park, Sanshan Five Gardens and other high-quality natural basement. The transportation network in the region is well developed, connecting the external areas by metro line 16 and Beiyuan section, Beiqing Road, Beijing-Tibet Expressway, Beijing-New Expressway trunk line and so on. Located in a region with a long history of development, strong cultural atmosphere, beautiful environment and resources, strong industrial foundation, rich resources, broad prospects for science and technology, the site is the forefront of the integration of historical culture and modern economy.



## Peripheral Elements



Analysis of Building Function



Analysis of Population Type



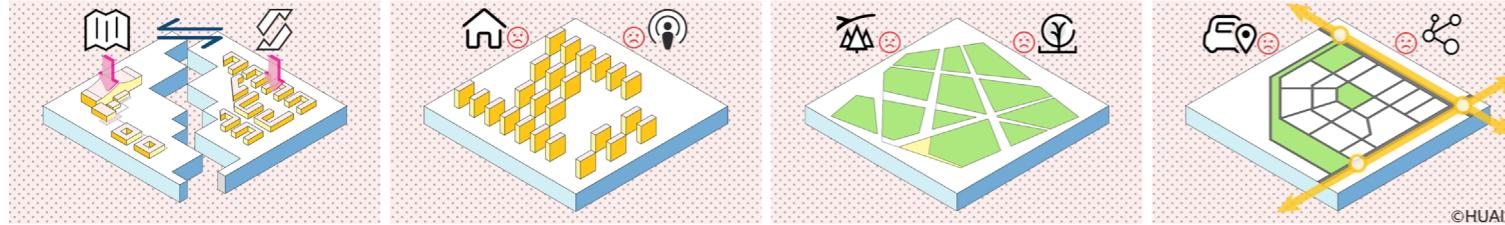
Analysis of Traffic Road



Analysis of Blue-green Pattern

## Preliminary analysis

Site problem



### Production

Upper planning of the location of Yongfeng industrial park on the south side is short of housing and public innovation industrial park, and the service facilities. Palace Museum will be built north courtyard somewhat contradictory.

### Life

Yongfeng industrial park on the south side is short of housing and public innovation industrial park, and the service facilities.

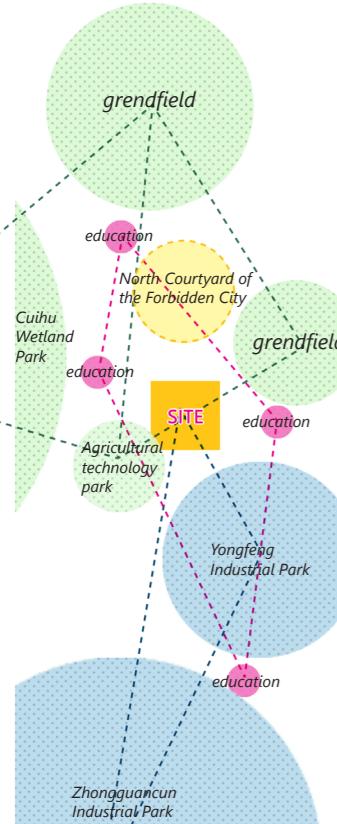
### Ecological

The green space system in the base is broken and the open space is broken, the surrounding site is weak, and there and there is no system formed with the surrounding areas. The ecological benefits are weak.

### The traffic

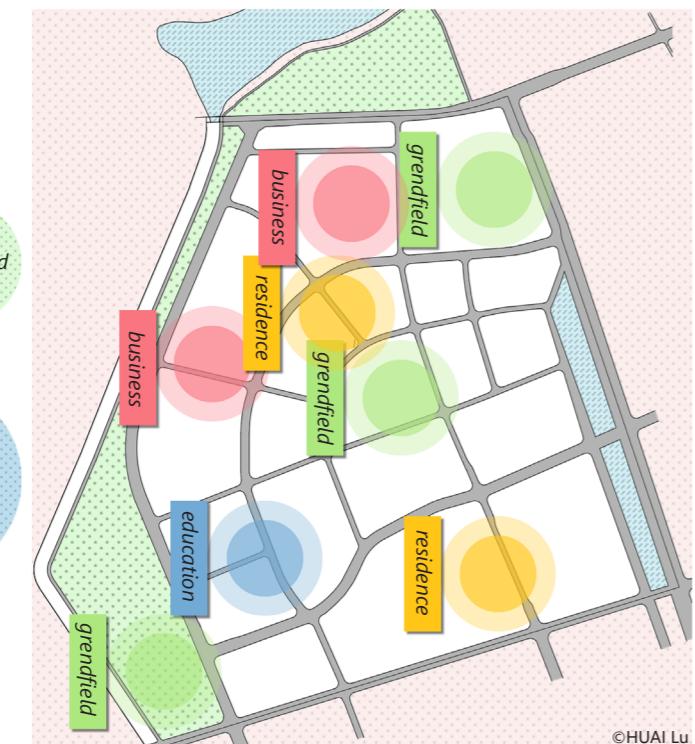
The connection between the base and the surrounding areas is unclear. There is no clear transportation organization.

## Environment Nearby

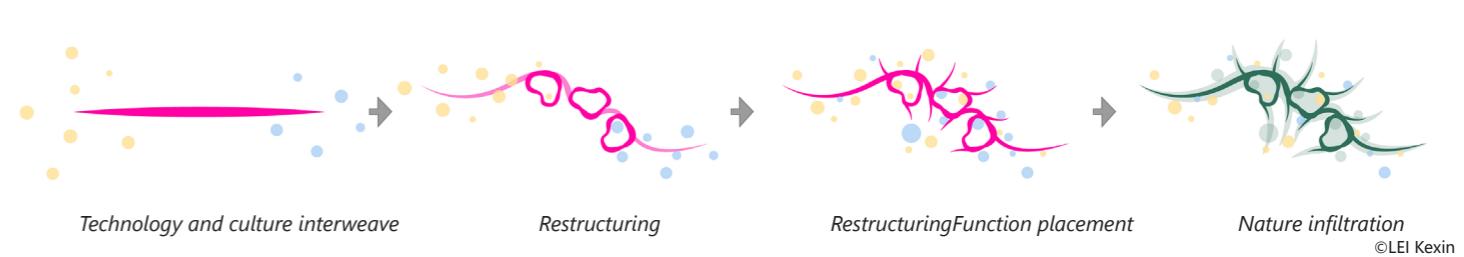


## People Demand

After the completion of the base, the types of main users and the site activity, site demand and crowd density at different periods are predicted, so as to make a reasonable prediction of the development amount and functional layout.



## Concept Generation



## Problems and Strategies

### Problems

The contradiction between the upper planning and the land to be built

The residential supply of Industrial Park on the south side is insufficient

Commercial and service facilities for future visitors are inadequate

Inadequate facilities for staff and residents

The connection with the surrounding traffic is weak

The internal traffic organization is unclear

Fragmentation of green space weakens its service function

It is difficult to play its ecological function without a system of green space

### Elements

Office building

Public facilities

Traffic organization

Slow running system

Green space function

Ecological benefit

Open space

Housing scale

Site nature

### Field

production

live

ecology

### Strategies

Kernel reconfiguration

Traffic optimization

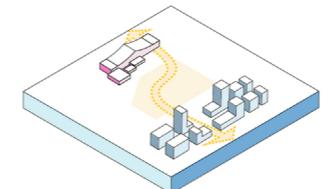
Abundant facilities

Increase cultural facilities, sports facilities, service facilities, etc., combined with traffic to form a system and improve the quality of the site

Ecological enhancement

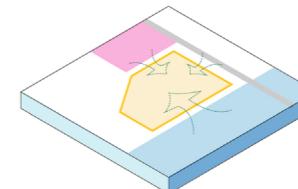
Based on the external green space, the fragmented green space inside the site is organized to systematically connect the external green space

## Construct the core area



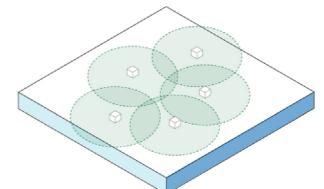
Connect culture and technology

## Optimize traffic



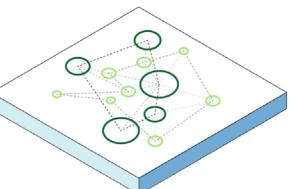
Enhanced external traffic accessibility

## Supplementary facility



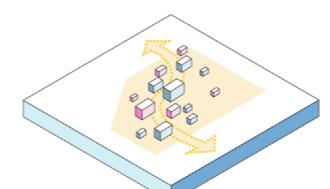
Increase service facilities

## Enhance ecology



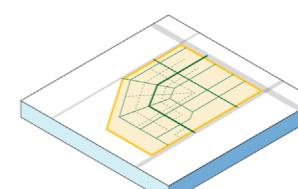
Sort out the internal green space system

## Implant cultural and technological elements



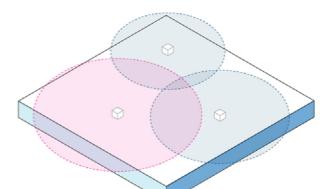
Implant cultural and technological elements

## Shaping the internal slow motion system



Shaping the internal slow motion system

## Add cultural, sports and other facilities



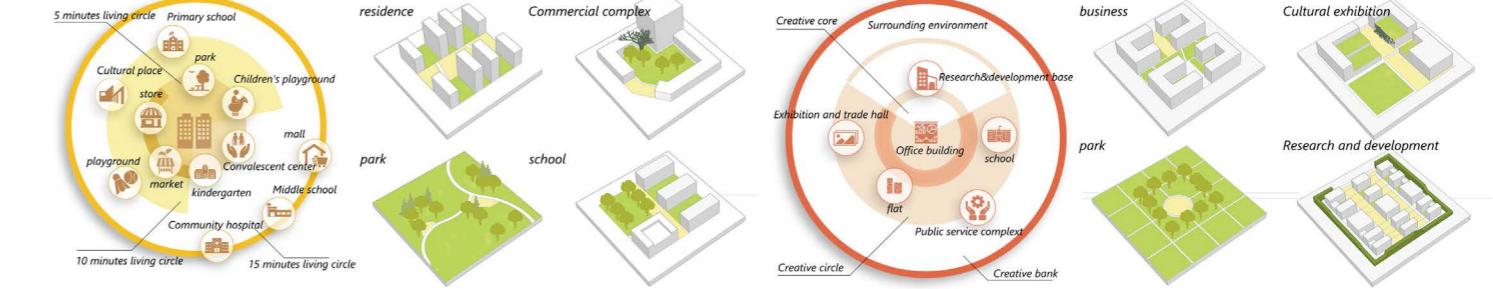
Add cultural, sports and other facilities

- ① Intelligent park
- ② Joy City Experiential Shopping Center
- ③ Maker Commune
- ④ R&d science and innovation Center
- ⑤ Smart commercial and residential
- ⑥ Smart apartment
- ⑦ Vitality corridor
- ⑧ An ecosphere
- ⑨ Two-layer mobile platform
- ⑩ Culture and art center
- ⑪ Neighborhood center
- ⑫ Middle school
- ⑬ kindergarten
- ⑭ Science and technology activity square
- ⑮ Wisdom Square
- ⑯ Tree array square
- ⑰ Traffic hub square
- ⑱ Pocket park
- ⑲ Sports park
- ⑳ Civic stadium
- ㉑ Ring stand
- ㉒ Street dynamic space
- ㉓ Happy street
- ㉔ Roof greening
- ㉕ Ecological green belt
- ㉖ Alameda
- ㉗ Multifunctional sunshine lawn
- ㉘ Forest land
- ㉙ marker
- ㉚ Creative old factory
- ㉛ Book park



## Design Interpretation

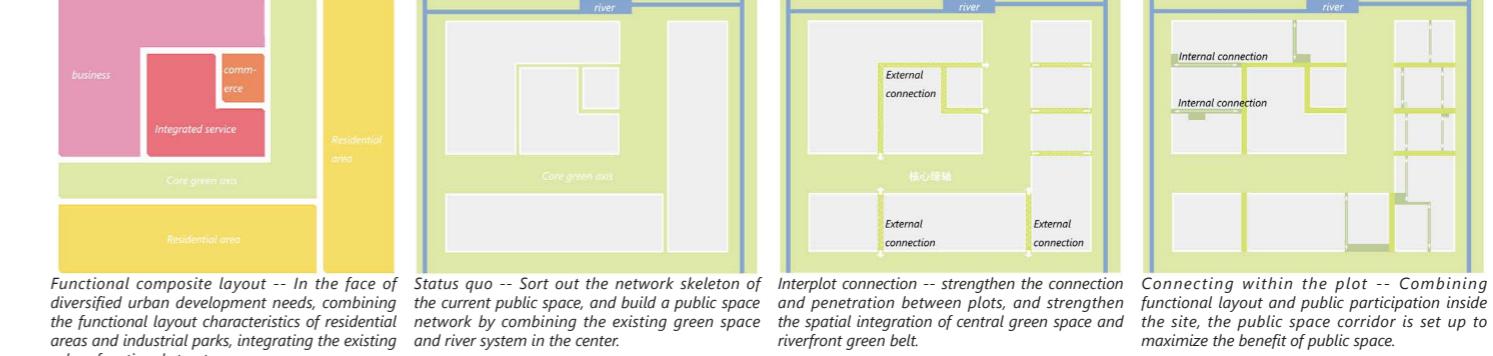
### STEP1 : Traditional Urban Spatial Form Characteristics



The characteristics of the living space of the residential area: closed green space, single space function, low space accessibility;

The characteristics of spatial form of life circle of industrial: space privatization, lack of continuous space and low identification of green space.

### STEP 2 : Building a Public Space Network Model Based on the Site



Functional composite layout -- In the face of diversified urban development needs, combining the functional layout characteristics of residential areas and industrial parks, integrating the existing urban functional structure.

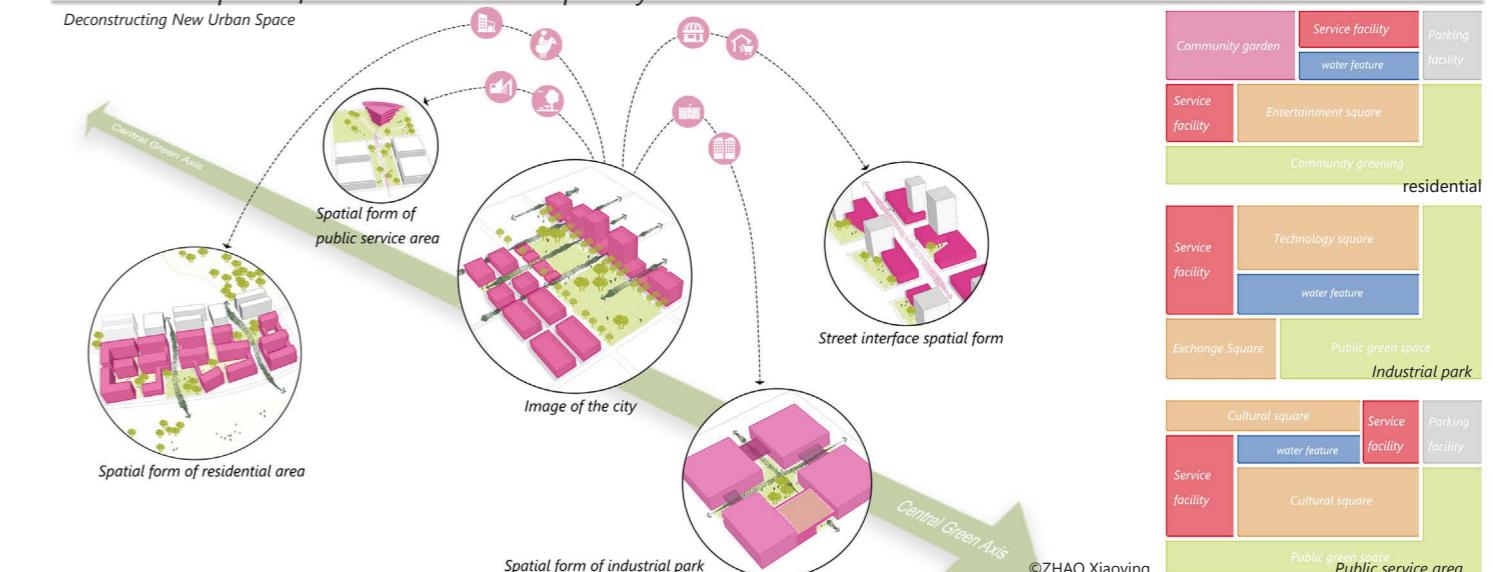
Status quo -- Sort out the network skeleton of the current public space, and build a public space network by combining the existing green space and river system in the center.

Interplot connection -- strengthen the connection and penetration between plots, and strengthen the spatial integration of central green space and riverfront green belt.

Connecting within the plot -- Combining functional layout and public participation inside the site, the public space corridor is set up to maximize the benefit of public space.

### STEP 3 : Conception of a New Urban Green Space System

#### Deconstructing New Urban Space



## Continuous Space



Relying on the blue-green structure, integrating the concept of landscape, activity and sponge city, respecting the regional ecological system, establishing a multi-level green network, creating a continuous green space system and a diverse and dynamic community open space.

**LEGEND**

- Green space axis
- Vital path
- Park space main node
- Cultural service space node
- Spatial subnode



A number of roads inside the plot are under construction and the main road network skeleton has been completed. The scheme will adjust some road network lines to ensure that the road line type is straight, which ensures the convenient accessibility and balance of the local blocks.

**LEGEND**

- Main road
- Living urban road
- Landscape urban road
- City branch
- Subway station



Combine the road and building texture to create a transparent sight corridor, echo the landscape inside and outside the venue, and guide the walking path while creating a good living experience.

**LEGEND**

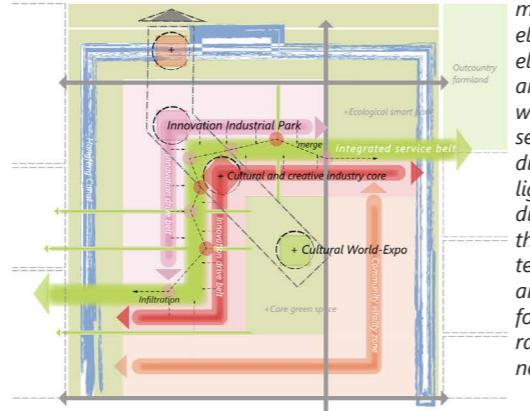
- Scope of view
- Line of sight to axis



Through the two-story corridor, the technology, business, culture, and residence are integrated with the Central Park to create a multi-level walking space.

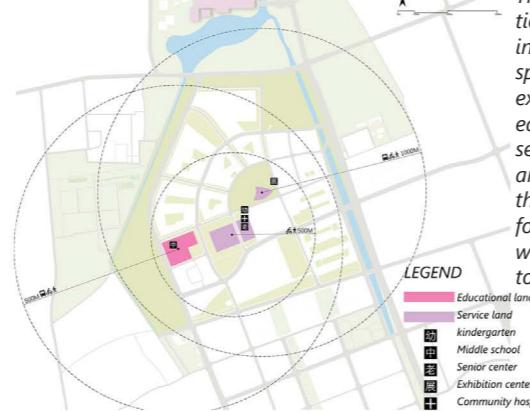
## Functional Compound

### Planning Structure



Relying on the development of technological elements and cultural elements in the interior and surrounding areas, we will embed innovative service functions such as diversified business, intelligent public service and diversified living, enrich the core functions of the technology platform, form an integrated service belt for the city, and lead the rapid development of the new district.

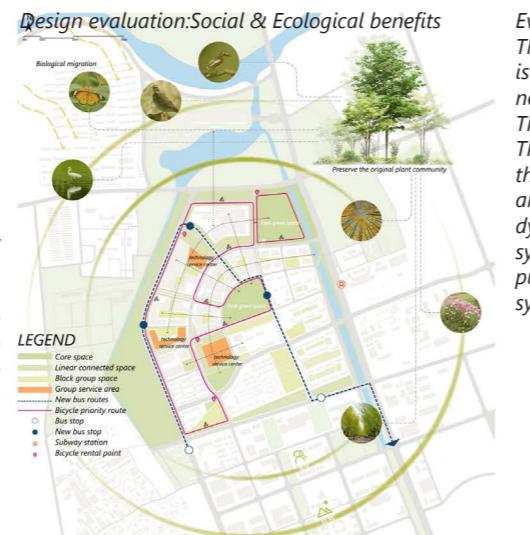
### Facility Distribution



The public service facilities are mainly arranged in the core of the open space, so that the products exhibition, research and education, community service and other facilities are closely integrated with the green space system to form a green service network that can be walked to reach.

**LEGEND**

- Educational land
- Service land
- kindergarten
- Middle school
- Senior center
- Exhibition center
- Community hospital



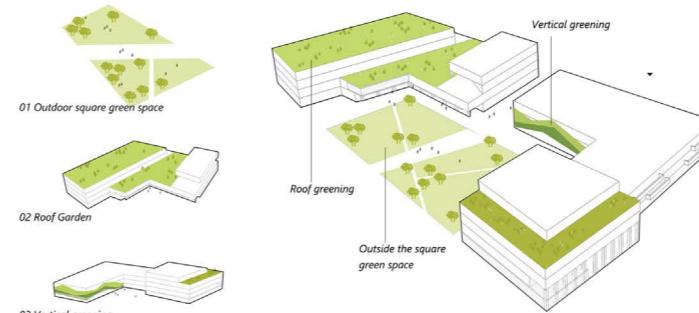
**Evaluation Summary:** 1. The central green space is connected with the neighborhood space; 2. The green main street; 3. The ecological habitat, the integration of nature and humanities; 4. The dynamic slow-moving system and the perfect public transportation system.

## Morphological Diversity

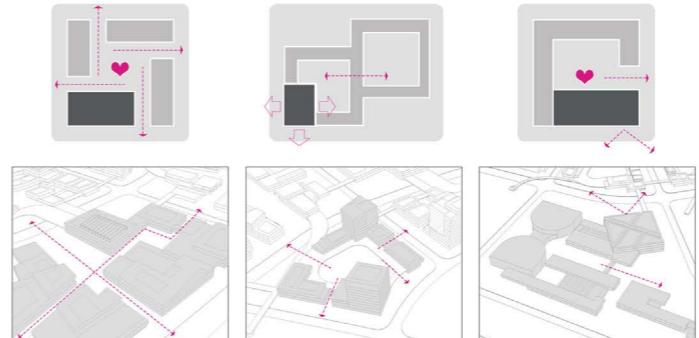
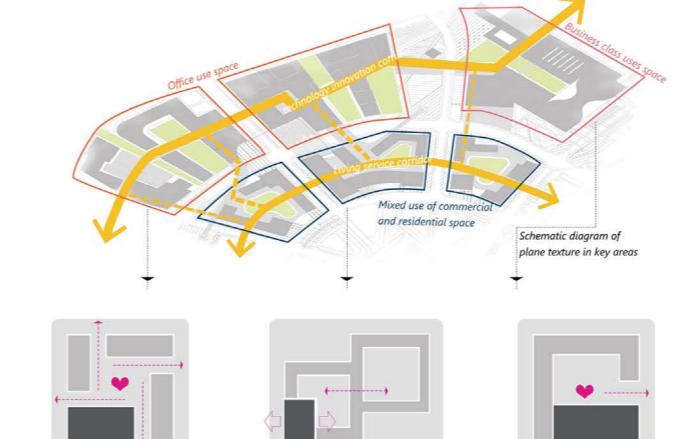
### Open Space Form



Through the two vitality corridors with different spatial characteristics and functions, it brings diversity to urban development. On both sides of the corridor, a variety of activity spaces are formed, forming a relationship between architecture and open space.

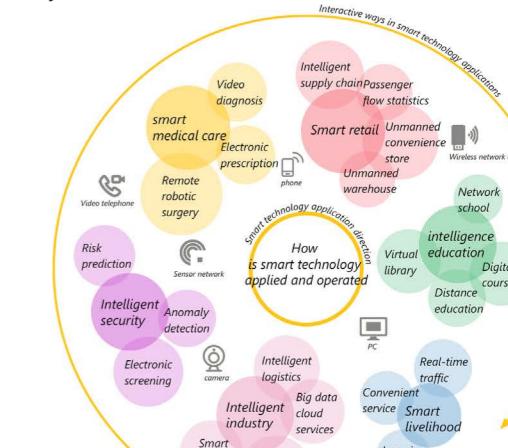


### Building Outdoor Space Type



## Wisdom Interaction

### Way of Interaction



### Practical Scenario Application



