- 书面作业讲解
 - -TC第30.1节练习2、4、5
 - -TC第30.2节练习1、4、5、7
 - -TC第30.3节练习2
 - -TC第30章问题1

TC第30.2节练习7

- 多项式可以表示为:
 - $P(x) = \prod_{i=0}^{n-1} (x z_i)$
 - 利用分治法将问题分为两个问题的乘积:

•
$$P(x) = (\prod_{i=0}^{n \setminus 2-1} (x - z_i)) (\prod_{i=0}^{n-1} (x - z_i))$$

$$A(x) \times B(x) \xrightarrow{FFT} O(n \log n)$$

$$T(n) = 2T(n) + O(nlgn)$$

So
$$T(n) \in O(nlog^2n)$$

TC第30.3节练习2

- 如果利用DFT的逆来计算FFT(a),就可以将BIT-REVERSE-COPY放在最后。
 - $将 \omega_n$ 修改为 ω_n^{-1}
 - 令每个 $y_i = y_i$ /n
 - 将BIT-REVERSE-COPY放在最后

- a). $(ax + b)(cx + d) = ac x^{2} + ((a + b)(c + d) ac bd)x + bd$ 三次乘法
- b). 当n>2时,将p(x)、q(x)分别划分为两个 多项式:
 - $p(x) = p_0(x) + p_1(x)x^{n/2}$
 - $q(x) = q_0(x) + q_1(x)x^{n/2}$

求解、组合改进:

$$p(x)q(x) = p_0(x)q_0(x) + [p_1(x)q_0(x) + p_0(x)q_1(x)]x^{n/2}$$
$$+ p_1(x)q_1(x)x^n$$
$$(p_0(x) + p_1(x))(q_0(x) + q_1(x))$$
$$= p_0(x)q_0(x) + p_1(x)q_0(x) + p_0(x)q_1(x) + p_1(x)q_1(x)$$
记: $r_0(x) = p_0(x)q_0(x) - r_1(x) = p_1(x)q_1(x)$
$$r_2(x) = (p_0(x) + p_1(x))(q_0(x) + q_1(x))$$

$$p(x)q(x) = r_0(x) + (r_2^{op}(x) - r_0(x) - r_1(x))x^{n/2} + r_1(x)x^n$$

改进后的分治算法乘积次数为三次。

改进分治算法时间复杂度:

$$\begin{cases}
T(2) = O(1) & n = 2 \\
T(n) = 3T(n/2) + O(n) & n > 2
\end{cases}$$

用递推法解,有T(n)=O(n^{log3})。

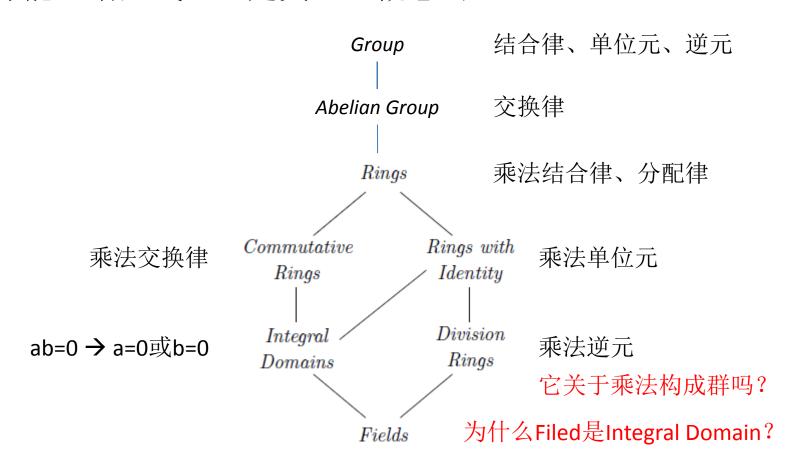
根据系数下标奇偶性分解分析与上述方法类似。

Treat a n - bit integer b_n, b_{n-1}, \dots, b as an n - degree polynomial of the form. $b_n x^n + b_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + b_1 x + b_0$. Then simply use the multiplication procedure of part (b) to multiply two n - bit integers represented as polynomials in $O(n^{\log 3})$ time.

- 教材讨论
 - TJ第16章第1、2、5节

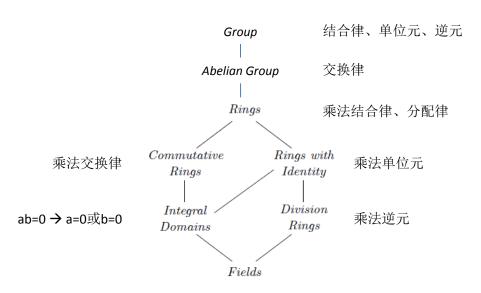
问题1: 环和域

• 你能"增量式"地定义这些概念吗?



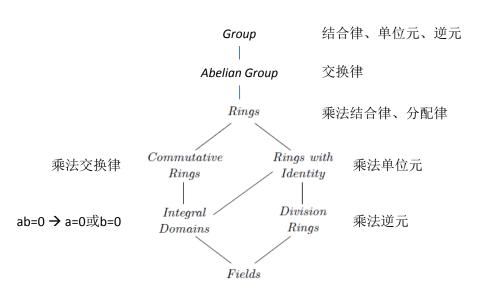
问题2: 环和域的例子

- 自然数?
 - 连Group都不是
- 整数?
 - Integral Domain
- 有理数?
 - Field
- 实数?
 - Field
- 复数?
 - Field

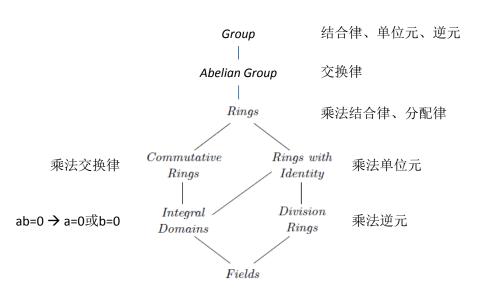


- Gaussian integer?
 - Integral Domain

$$\mathbb{Z}[i] = \{a + bi \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}, \text{ where } i^2 = -1.$$

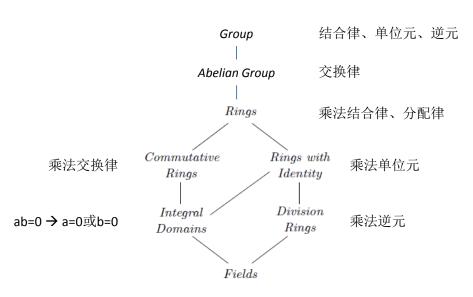


- Z_n ?
 - Commutative Ring & Ring with Identity
- 增加什么条件可以成为Field?



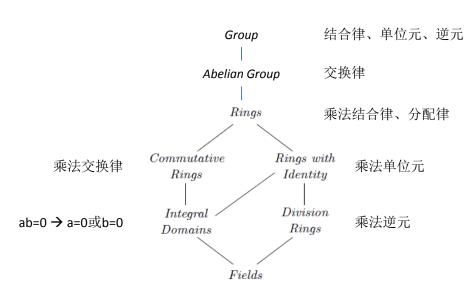
- 2x2实数矩阵?
 - Ring with Identity

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \middle| a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

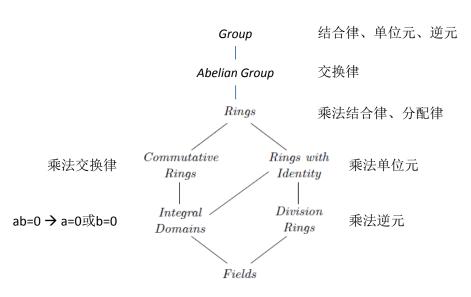


- 实数多项式?
 - Integral Domain

$$p = p_0 + p_1 X + p_2 X^2 + \dots + p_{m-1} X^{m-1} + p_m X^m,$$



- 分组讨论:怎样基于S的幂集构造一个Ring?
 - 加法: 对称差
 - 乘法: 交集
- 它是Commutative Ring吗?
- 它是Ring with Identity吗?
- 它是Integral Domain吗?
- 它是Division Ring吗?



问题3: 子环

- 你能找出以下环的子环吗?
 - 整数
 - Gaussian integer
 - $-Z_n$
 - 2x2实数矩阵
 - 实数多项式
 - S的幂集

$$\mathbb{Z}[i] = \{a+bi \mid a,b \in \mathbb{Z}\}, \text{ where } i^2 = -1.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \middle| a,b,c,d \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

$$p = p_0 + p_1 X + p_2 X^2 + \dots + p_{m-1} X^{m-1} + p_m X^m,$$
 Group 结合律、单位元、逆元
$$Abelian \text{ Group} \qquad 交換律$$

$$Abelian \text{ Group} \qquad 交換律$$

$$Rings \qquad Rings \text{ with } Rings \text{ with } Rings \text{ with } Rings \text{ with } Rings \text{ Mings} \text{ Mings} \text{ with } Rings \text{ with } Rings \text{ Mings} \text{ Mings}$$