

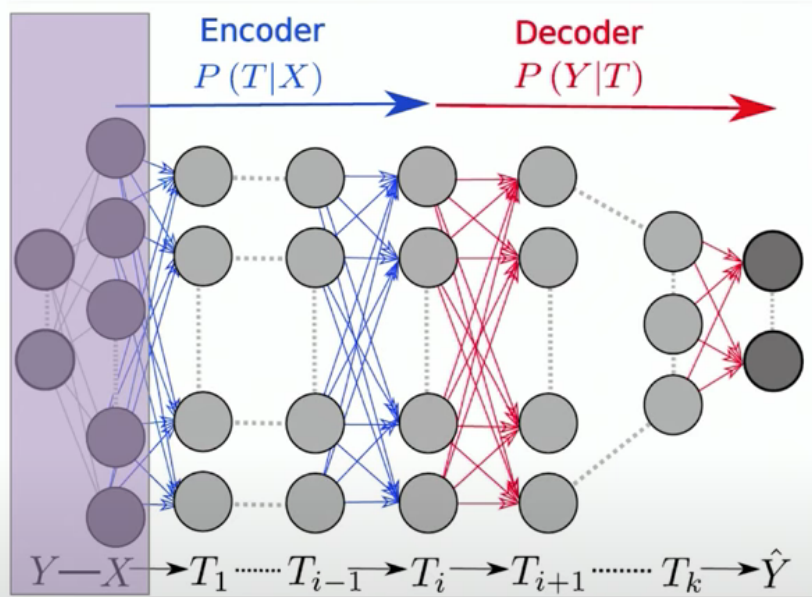
Information Bottleneck

Problems ahead

- What Information Bottleneck ?
- How to use IB to explain Deep Neural Network ?

Question 1: How to consider neural network?

Each layer is characterized by its Encoder & Decoder Information



???

Theorem (Information Plane):

For large typical X , the sample complexity of a DNN is completely determined by the encoder mutual information, $I(X;T)$, of the last hidden layer; the accuracy (generalization error) is determined by the decoder information, $I(T;Y)$, of the last hidden layer.

The complexity of the problem shifts from the decoder to the encoder, across the layers...

Question 2: How to understand Information-Plane?

100 DNN Layers in Info-Plane without averaging

