





Multi-Node Distributed Training with tf.keras

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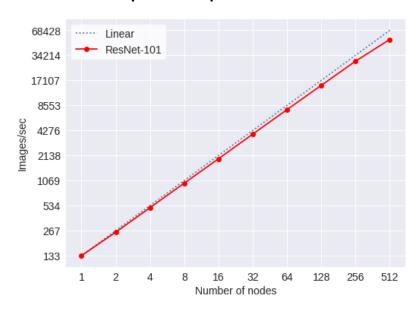


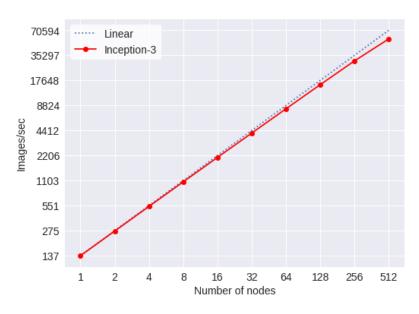
Why should we use multiple GPU's to train a DL model?





- Because it's faster
 - Allow quick experimentation of new ideas and models

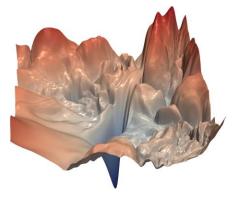


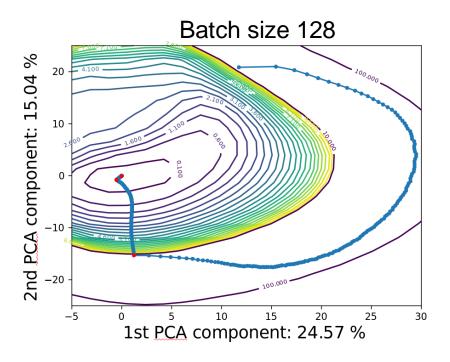


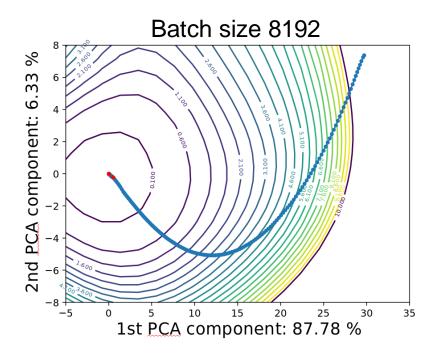
- Allows training models larger than memory
 - Out-of-Core learning: Not covered in this course
- May allow better accuracy, especially in larger models. Why?



Visualizing the Loss Landscape of Neural Nets https://arxiv.org/pdf/1712.09913.pdf

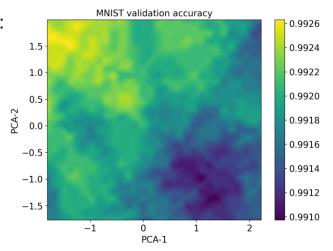


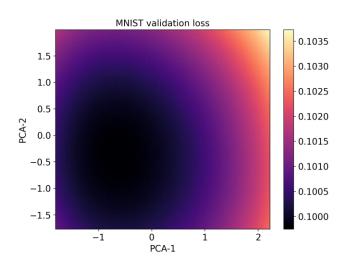




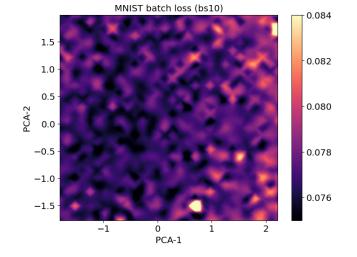


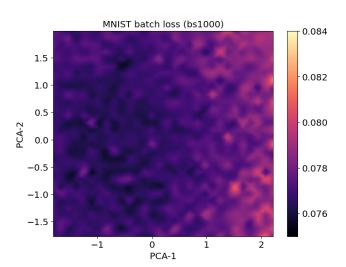
Validation:





Training:







Distributed training with TF Keras 2.2

- TensorFlow introduces <u>tf.distribute.Strategy</u>
 - Wraps model in a distributed scope
- Multi-GPU -> <u>tf.distribute.MirroredStrategy</u>
 - Single node/worker

```
strategy = tf.distribute.MirroredStrategy()
with strategy.scope():
   model = build and compile model()
model.fit(dataset, epochs, steps per epoch)
```

- NCCL AllReduce by default
- Automatic data sharding across GPU's





Multi-worker Distribution

- Creates some additional complexity
 - external network communication
 - separated OS
 - separated processes
 - Facilitated by ipyparallel magic on JupyterLab







Multi-worker Distribution

- tf.distribute.experimental.MultiWorkerMirroredStrategy
- Communication:
 - NCCL AllReduce for all-reduce (if available)
 - Ring algorithm for all-gather
 - Includes fault tolerance when using <u>ModelCheckpoint</u>*
- Cluster Resolver:
 - defaults to TFConfig

```
os.environ['TF_CONFIG'] = '{
    "cluster": {"worker": ["nid01111:8888", "nid02222:8888"]},
    "task": {"type": "worker", "index": "0"}
}'
```

^{*} TF 2.3 uses the <u>BackupAndRestore</u> callback instead





Multi-worker distribution with SLURM

TensorFlow 2.2+

```
tf.distribute.cluster resolver.SlurmClusterResolver(
   port base=8888, auto set gpu=True, rpc layer='grpc',
   jobs=None, gpus per node=None, gpus per task=None,
   tasks per node=None
```

All parameters are automatically queried from SLURM







Multi-worker distribution with SLURM

```
%%px
strategy = tfd.experimental.MultiWorkerMirroredStrategy(
    cluster resolver=tfd.cluster resolver.SlurmClusterResolver(),
    communication=tfd.experimental.CollectiveCommunication.NCCL,
with strategy.scope():
   model = build and compile model()
model.fit(dataset, epochs, steps per epoch)
  Done!
  555
```







Multi-worker distribution with SLURM

- Practice
 - Run MNIST training and inference on 2 GPU's





Batch Norm Synchronisation

- How does Batch Normalisation work?
- What happens if it's used with small batch sizes?





Batch Norm Synchronisation

BN: Exponential Moving Average per channel

$$\mu_B = rac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m x_i$$

$$\sigma_B^2 = rac{1}{m}\sum_{i=1}^m (x_i-\mu_B)^2.$$

$$\hat{x}_{i}^{(k)} = rac{x_{i}^{(k)} - \mu_{B}^{(k)}}{\sqrt{{\sigma_{B}^{(k)}}^{2} + \epsilon}}$$

$$y_i^{(k)} = \gamma^{(k)} \hat{x}_i^{(k)} + eta^{(k)}$$

- tf.keras.layers.experimental.SyncBatchNormalization
 - AllReduce across BN layers during forward pass
 - Synchronizes all statistics









Assignment

Kaggle: SIIM-ISIC Melanoma Classification Identify melanoma in lesion images

kaggle.com/c/siim-isic-melanoma-classification



Dataset - SIIM-ISIC Melanoma Classification

	image_name	patient_id	sex	age_approx	anatom	diagnosis	target
0	ISIC_2637011	IP_7279968	male	45	head/neck	unknown	0
1	ISIC_0015719	IP_3075186	female	45	upper extremity	unknown	0
2	ISIC_0052212	IP_2842074	female	50	lower extremity	nevus	0
3	ISIC_0068279	IP_6890425	female	45	head/neck	melanoma	1
4	ISIC_0074268	IP_8723313	female	55	upper extremity	unknown	0

33121	ISIC_9999134	IP_6526534	male	50	torso	unknown	0
33122	ISIC_9999320	IP_3650745	male	65	torso	melanoma	1
33123	ISIC_9999515	IP_2026598	male	20	lower extremity	unknown	0
33124	ISIC_9999666	IP_7702038	male	50	lower extremity	unknown	0
33125	ISIC_9999806	IP_0046310	male	45	torso	nevus	0
33126 rows							



SIIM-ISIC Melanoma Classification

- Practice
 - Train on your 2 GPU's
 - Experiment with hyper parameters / another model
 - Submit to competition





SIIM-ISIC Melanoma Classification

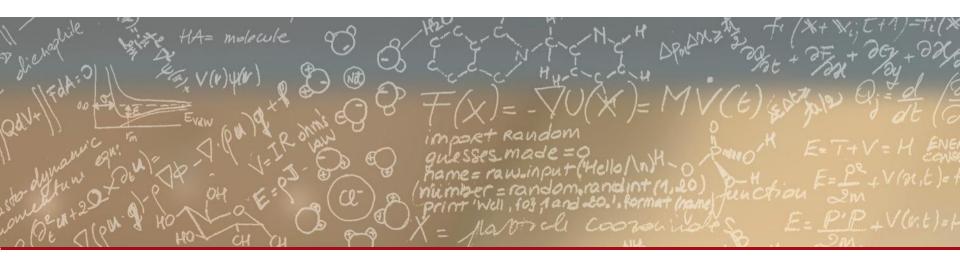
- Homework
 - Try Kaggle and Colab's free TPU's
 - tf.distribute.experimental.TPUStrategy
 - Read competition discussion
 - Try-out your own ideas
 - Ensemble
 - Win a Kaggle competition medal











Thank you for your attention.

