

操作系统第四次实验

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运行环境：

操作系统 32位 Linux Ubuntu 10.16

bochs x86 Emulator 2.6 (装有bochs-sdl)

运行方式：

终端进入Makefile所在目录，输入make run运行程序

(请确保linux系统中有 /media/floppy 目录，用作a.img的挂载点)

参考代码

《Orange's 一个操作系统的实现》第七章代码

修改内容

在随书光盘chapter7/o基础上修改

添加系统调用：

global.c:

```
PUBLIC system_call sys_call_table[NR_SYS_CALL] = {sys_get_ticks, sys_write,
                                                    sys_process_sleep,
                                                    sys_disp_str,
                                                    sys_sem_p,
                                                    sys_sem_v  };
```

proc.c:

```
PUBLIC void sys_process_sleep(int mill_seconds) {
    p_proc_ready->sleep = mill_seconds * HZ / 1000 + 1;
    schedule();
}

PUBLIC void sys_disp_str(char* str) {
    printf(str);
}

PUBLIC void sys_sem_p(semaphore* sem) {
    sem->value--;
    if (sem->value < 0) {
        sem->list[sem->len++] = p_proc_ready;
        p_proc_ready->is_ready = FALSE;
        // if harbor process go sleep.
        if (p_proc_ready->pid == 2) {
            my_disp_str("There is no customer, harbor go sleeping.\n");
        }
        schedule();
    }
}

PUBLIC void sys_sem_v(semaphore* sem) {
    sem->value++;
    if (sem->value <= 0) {
        sem->list[0]->is_ready = TRUE;
        for (int i = 1; i < sem->len; ++i) {
            sem->list[i-1] = sem->list[i];
        }
        sem->len--;
    }
}
```

syscall.asm

```
_NR_process_sleep    equ 2
_NR_disp_str         equ 3
_NR_sem_p            equ 4
_NR_sem_v            equ 5

; 导出符号
global get_ticks
global write
global process_sleep
global my_disp_str
global sem_p
global sem_v

process_sleep:
    mov eax, _NR_process_sleep
    mov ebx, [esp + 4]
    int INT_VECTOR_SYS_CALL
    ret

my_disp_str:
    mov eax, _NR_disp_str
    mov ebx, [esp + 4]
    int INT_VECTOR_SYS_CALL
    ret

sem_p:
    mov eax, _NR_sem_p
    mov ebx, [esp + 4]
    int INT_VECTOR_SYS_CALL
    ret

sem_v:
    mov eax, _NR_sem_v
    mov ebx, [esp + 4]
    int INT_VECTOR_SYS_CALL
    ret
```

proto.h

```
/* 以下是系统调用相关 */

/* 系统调用 - 系统级 */
/* proc.c */
PUBLIC int sys_get_ticks();
PUBLIC int sys_write(char* buf, int len, PROCESS* p_proc);
PUBLIC void sys_process_sleep(int mill_seconds);
PUBLIC void sys_disp_str(char* str);

/* syscall.asm */
PUBLIC void sys_call(); /* int_handler */

/* 系统调用 - 用户级 */
PUBLIC int get_ticks();
PUBLIC void write(char* buf, int len);
PUBLIC void process_sleep(int mill_seconds);
PUBLIC void my_disp_str(char* str);
```

添加进程：
proc.h

```
/* Number of tasks & procs */
#define NR_TASKS    1
#define NR_PROCS    5

/* stacks of tasks */
#define STACK_SIZE_TTY      0x5000
#define STACK_SIZE_TESTA   0x5000
#define STACK_SIZE_TESTB   0x5000
#define STACK_SIZE_TESTC   0x5000
#define STACK_SIZE_TESTD   0x5000
#define STACK_SIZE_TESTE   0x5000

#define STACK_SIZE_TOTAL   (STACK_SIZE_TTY + \
                             STACK_SIZE_TESTA + \
                             STACK_SIZE_TESTB + \
                             STACK_SIZE_TESTC + \
                             STACK_SIZE_TESTD + \
                             STACK_SIZE_TESTE)
```

proto.h

global.c

```
/* main.c */
void TestA();
void TestB();
void TestC();
void TestD();
void TestE();

PUBLIC TASK    user_proc table[NR_PROCS] = {
    {TestA, STACK_SIZE_TESTA, "TestA"},
    {TestB, STACK_SIZE_TESTB, "TestB"},
    {TestC, STACK_SIZE_TESTC, "TestC"},
    {TestD, STACK_SIZE_TESTD, "TestD"},
    {TestE, STACK_SIZE_TESTE, "TestE"};
```

main.c

理发师进程

```
/*-----*/
/*----- TestB -----*/
/*-----*/
void TestB()
{
    int i = 0x1000;
    int customer;
    while(1){
        sem_p(&customers);
        sem_p(&mutex);
        customer = wait[0];
        for (int i = 1; i < waiting; ++i) {
            wait[i - 1] = wait[i];
        }
        waiting--;

        sem_v(&barbers);
        sem_v(&mutex);

        printf("Barber cut hair for Customer %x.\n", customer);
        milli_delay(50000);
        printf("Barber finish cutting. Customer %x leave.\n", customer);
    }
}
```

顾客进程（TestD、TestE相同）

```
/*-----*/
/*                               TestC                               */
/*-----*/
void TestC()
{
    int i = 0x2000;
    while(1){
        sem_p(&mutex);
        customerID++;
        printf("Customer %x come ", customerID);
        if (waiting < CHAIRS) {
            wait[waiting++] = customerID;
            printf("and wait. Waiting number: %x.\n", waiting);
            sem_v(&customers);
            sem_v(&mutex);
            sem_p(&barbers);
        } else {
            my_disp_str("and leave.\n");
            sem_v(&mutex);
        }
        milli_delay(30000);
    }
}
```

进程结构体修改——添加is_ready、sleep

```
typedef struct s_proc {
    STACK_FRAME regs;

    u16 ldt_sel;
    DESCRIPTOR ldts[LDT_SIZE];

    int ticks;
    int priority;

    u32 pid;
    char p_name[16];

    int nr_tty;

    int is_ready;
    int sleep;
}PROCESS;
```

修改进程调度算法

```

PUBLIC void schedule()
{
    for (int i = 0; i < NR_TASKS + NR_PROCS; ++i) {
        p_proc_ready++;
        if (p_proc_ready >= proc_table + NR_TASKS + NR_PROCS) {
            p_proc_ready = proc_table;
        }
        if (p_proc_ready -> is_ready && p_proc_ready -> sleep == 0) {
            break;
        }
    }
}

```

添加信号量定义：

proc.h

```

/* Definition of semaphore */
typedef struct {
    int value;
    PROCESS* list[MAX_QUEUE_SIZE];
    int len;
} semaphore;

```

添加全局变量：

global.h

```

EXTERN int    waiting;
EXTERN int    wait[8];
EXTERN int    CHAIRS;
EXTERN int    customerID;
EXTERN semaphore customers;
EXTERN semaphore barbers;
EXTERN semaphore mutex;

```

全局变量初始化

main.c

```

waiting = 0;
CHAIRS = 3;
customerID = 0;

// Initialize semaphore
customers.value = 0;
customers.len = 0;

barbers.value = 0;
barbers.len = 0;

mutex.value = 1;
mutex.len = 0;

```

更改输出颜色：

const.h

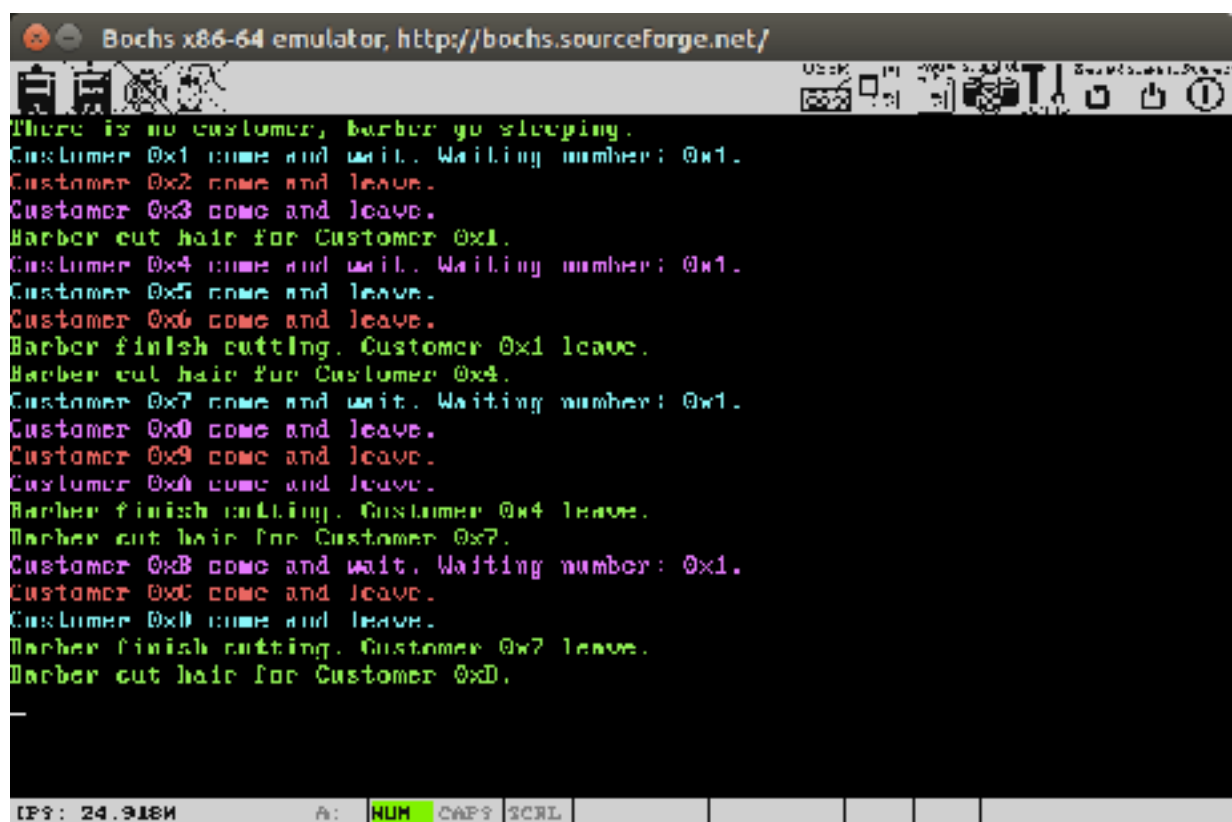
```
/* Color */
/*
 * e.g. MAKE_COLOR(BLUE, RED)
 * MAKE_COLOR(BLACK, RED) | BRIGHT
 * MAKE_COLOR(BLACK, RED) | BRIGHT | FLASH
 */
#define BLACK 0x0 /* 0000 */
#define WHITE 0x7 /* 0111 */
#define BROWN 0x6 /* 0110 */
#define PINK 0x5 /* 0101 */
#define RED 0x4 /* 0100 */
#define CYAN 0x3 /* 0011 */
#define GREEN 0x2 /* 0010 */
#define BLUE 0x1 /* 0001 */
#define FLASH 0x80 /* 1000 0000 */
#define BRIGHT 0x08 /* 0000 1000 */
#define MAKE_COLOR(x,y) (x | y) /* MAKE_COLOR(Background,Foreground) */
```

console.c out_char

```
default:
    if (p_con->cursor <
        p_con->original_addr + p_con->v_mem_limit - 1) {
        *p_vmem++ = ch;
        // display different color by pid
        *p_vmem++ = BRIGHT | MAKE_COLOR(BLACK, p_proc_ready->pid);
        p_con->cursor++;
    }
    break;
}
```

输出结果

一把椅子：



```
Bochs x86-64 emulator, http://bochs.sourceforge.net/

There is no customer, barber go sleeping.
Customer 0x1 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x1.
Customer 0x2 come and leave.
Customer 0x3 come and leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x1.
Customer 0x4 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x1.
Customer 0x5 come and leave.
Customer 0x6 come and leave.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x1 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x4.
Customer 0x7 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x1.
Customer 0x0 come and leave.
Customer 0x9 come and leave.
Customer 0xA come and leave.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x4 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x7.
Customer 0xB come and wait. Waiting number: 0x1.
Customer 0xC come and leave.
Customer 0xD come and leave.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x7 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0xD.
```

两把椅子：

```
Bochs x86-64 emulator, http://bochs.sourceforge.net/

There is no customer, barber go sleeping.
Customer 0x1 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x1.
Customer 0x2 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x2.
Customer 0x3 come and leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x1.
Customer 0x4 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x2.
Customer 0x5 come and leave.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x1 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x2.
Customer 0x6 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x2.
Customer 0x7 come and leave.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x2 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x1.
Customer 0x8 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x2.
Customer 0x9 come and leave.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x4 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x6.
Customer 0xa come and wait. Waiting number: 0x2.
Customer 0xb come and leave.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0xa leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x0.
Customer 0xc come and wait. Waiting number: 0x2.
Customer 0xd come and leave.
Customer 0xe come and leave.

IPS: 2B.011W  A: NUM CAPS SCRL
```

三把椅子：

```
Bochs x86-64 emulator, http://bochs.sourceforge.net/

There is no customer, barber go sleeping.
Customer 0x1 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x1.
Customer 0x2 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x2.
Customer 0x3 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x3.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x1.
Customer 0x4 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x3.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x1 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x2.
Customer 0x5 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x3.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x2 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x3.
Customer 0x6 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x3.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x3 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x4.
Customer 0x7 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x3.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x4 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x5.
Customer 0x8 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x3.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x5 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x6.
Customer 0x9 come and wait. Waiting number: 0x3.
Barber finish cutting. Customer 0x6 leave.
Barber cut hair for Customer 0x7.

IPS: 25.762W  A: NUM CAPS SCRL
```

