Multivariate Laplace Method

$$\int_{D} h(x) \cdot e^{n f(x)} dx, \quad x = (x_1, \dots, x_d)$$

$$\approx \left(\frac{2\pi}{n}\right)^{\frac{d}{2}} h(x_0) \cdot e^{nf(x_0)} \cdot \left| \text{Hess}_f(x_0) \right|^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$T = \int_{D} h(x) \cdot e^{n \log(g(x))^{\frac{2}{n}}} dx.$$

$$\int \frac{\partial \log(g(x))^{\frac{1}{n}}}{\partial x_{i}} = \frac{2}{n} \cdot \frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_{i}}$$

$$\int \frac{\partial \log(\mathfrak{I}(x))^{\frac{2}{n}}}{\partial x_{1}} = \frac{2}{n} \cdot \frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathfrak{I}}{\partial x_{1}}$$

$$\frac{\partial^{2} \log(\mathfrak{I}(x))^{\frac{2}{n}}}{\partial x_{1} \partial x_{2}} = \frac{2}{n} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{9^{2}} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathfrak{I}}{\partial x_{1}} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathfrak{I}}{\partial x_{2}} + \frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{\partial^{2} \mathfrak{I}}{\partial x_{1} \partial x_{2}}\right)$$

$$|H|^{-\frac{1}{2}} = (\frac{2}{n})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot |(hij)|$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \left[\frac{1}{2} \approx \frac{1}{2} \cdot h(x_0) \cdot \frac{1}{2} (x_0) \cdot \left| (hij) \right| \right]$$

$$hij = -\frac{1}{9^2} \cdot \frac{39}{3x_1} \cdot \frac{39}{3x_2} + \frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{3^29}{3x_1 \cdot 3x_2}$$

$$g = k(x, x_{n+1}) - k_n^T(x_{n+1}) \cdot k_n^T \cdot k_n(x_{n+1})$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial x_{i}} = -\frac{2}{\theta} \cdot (\chi_{(i)} - \chi_{n+1}(i) \cdot k(x, \chi_{n+1}) + \frac{2}{\theta} \cdot k_{n}^{T}(\chi_{n+1}) \cdot k_{n}^{T} \cdot diag(\chi_{(i)} - \chi_{1:n}(i)) \cdot k_{n}(x)$$

$$\frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial \chi_{i}^{2}} = -\frac{2}{\theta} k(x, \chi_{n+1}) + \frac{2}{\theta^{2}} \cdot (\chi_{(i)} - \chi_{n+1}(i))^{2} \cdot k(x, \chi_{n+1})$$

$$+ \frac{2}{\theta} k_{n}^{T}(\chi_{n+1}) \cdot k_{n}^{T} \cdot k_{n}(x)$$

$$- \frac{2}{\theta^{2}} \cdot k_{n}^{T}(\chi_{n+1}) \cdot k_{n}^{T} \cdot diag(\chi_{(i)} - \chi_{1:n}(i))^{2} \cdot k_{n}(x)$$

$$\frac{\partial^{2} g}{\partial \chi_{i}^{2}} = \frac{2}{\theta^{2}} (\chi_{(i)} - \chi_{n+1}(i)) (\chi_{(i)} - \chi_{1:n}(i)) \cdot k(x, \chi_{n+1})$$

$$- \frac{2}{\theta^{2}} k_{n}^{T}(\chi_{n+1}) \cdot k_{n}^{T} \cdot diag((\chi_{(i)} - \chi_{1:n}(i))(\chi_{(i)} - \chi_{1:n}(i))) k_{n}^{T}(x)$$