Problem 3.

1. lot Xt = log St.

By Ito's lemma: $d \times t = \frac{\partial \times}{\partial t} dt + \frac{\partial \times}{\partial s} ds + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial \times}{\partial s} (ds)^2$ $d \times t = 1 + (\mu - \frac{1}{2} 6^2) dt + 6 dW_t$.

logS1 = X T ~ N (X0+ (M- 26°) T, 62.T.).

If X is a random variable with quartile c equal to x_0 , then the quartile c of g(x) is $g(x_0)$ if g is a monotone function.

P(S,<So-Vak) = 1-c.

P(logS, < log(So-VaR)) = 1-C = 0.01

$$log(So-VaR) - (Xo+(u-\frac{1}{2}6^{\circ})7) = -2.327$$
 $T = \frac{10}{252}$, $So=50$

Val2= 50. (1- e 126 (M-162) -0.4635.8.)

Input N=0.07 0=0.16. -> Vax = 3.468

2. Number of stocks you can invest = Capital Var ~ 28835063.

Total stock value = 28835063 x 50 = 1441 75 million

Let x denote the value you want to borrow by bonds.

$$\frac{100 - \chi \times 2\% \times \frac{10}{252}}{Var} \times 50 = \chi \quad \Rightarrow \quad \chi \approx 1425.44 \text{ million}$$

Therefore, in your portfolio, Long 1425.44 million be stock, short 1425.44 million bond, and keep 100 million capital.

3.