# Computing for mathematics handout 3 - Functions, Lists and For Loops, Iteration versus Recursion

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#### What you have learnt this week:

- Lists, appending variables to lists, using list comprehensions;
- Dictionaries;
- Writing and reading data to file;
- Recursion versus iteration.

#### **Functions**

• When you define a function you do not use it:

```
def mean(lst):
    A function to return the mean of a list

Arguments:
    lst: A list of numbers

Outputs: The mean

sumofelements = sum(lst)
N = len(lst)
return lst / float(N)
```

• The above just creates a **tool** that we can use if we want to:

```
print mean([1,2,3,4,5])
```

## Lists and for loops

• A list is a python object that **contains** other python objects:

```
someoddnbrs = [1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11]
```

• We can use a for loop (see sheet 1) to 'iterate' (ie 'go through') the elements of that list:

```
for k in someoddnbrs:
    print k
```

• We can apply a function to a list:

```
def makeeven(k):
    """
    A function to minus 1 from a number

    Arguments:
        k: an odd number

    Output:
        k - 1
    """

someevennbrs = []
for k in someoddnbrs:
    someevenbrs.append(makeeven(k))
    print someevennbrs

• We can do this in 1 line using list comprehensions:
```

someevennbrs = [makeeven(k) for k in someoddnbrs]

## Iteration versus recursion

## What you should do next:

- You have had a lot of information delivered to you in a short amount of time, go back through the previous sheets to make sure you understand the basics.
- Get started on the third sheet!
- To make the best use of the lab sessions turn up having finished your sheets;
- If anything is still unclear **please** come and see me during office hours.