Computing for mathematics handout 5 - Object Orientated Programming

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What you have learnt this week:

- How to create a class and an instance of a class;
- How to give a class attributes;
- How to give a class methods;
- How to create new classes from old through inheritance.

Question 7

Many people found question 7 quite a challenge. Here is a similar question.

The list fields contains two columns of data: each representing the width and lengths of fields. For a field to be profitable they must have an area of at least 50 square metres, how many fields in our data set are profitable?

```
fields = [[4,5],
           [6,2],
           [1,7],
           [8, 2],
           [4,1],
           [7, 2],
           8,2],
           [9,1],
           [10, 56],
           [83, 15],
           4,1],
           [53,2]
class Field():
    A class for our field
    def ___init___(self, x, y):
        self.width = x
         self.height = y
    def profitable (self):
        return self.width * self.height >= 50
fields = [Field(f[0], f[1])  for f in fields]
print len([f for f in fields if f.profitable()])
```

What you should do next:

- Start the next sheet: this is a short one and the aim is for you to be familiar with Sage.
- Continue to revise for the class test: work through all your lab sheets. If you can do exercises in the lab sheets (not just 'understand them' but actually 'do them') you will be fine.
- To make the best use of the lab sessions turn up having finished your sheets;
- If anything is still unclear **please** come and see me during office hours.