lldb-eval fuzzer: Finding bugs in an LLDB based expression evaluator

LLVM Developers Meeting 2021

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Started as Alexandros' (github.com/octurion) intern project

What is Ildb-eval?

Name	Value	Type
	Map of 5 elements.	HashMap
▶	{ "apple", 4 }	KeyValuePair
▶ ● [1]	{ "banana", 2 }	KeyValuePair
▶ ● [2]	{ "orange", 5 }	KeyValuePair
▶ 🔎 [3]	{ "cherry", 6 }	KeyValuePair
▶ 🥥 [4]	{ "tomato", 1 }	KeyValuePair
	<rectangle> (5, 5) - (10, 20)</rectangle>	Rectangle
a	5	int
b	15	int
area	75	int
🗸 🤪 [Raw View]	$\{x1=5 y1=5 x2=10\}$	Rectangle
	5	int
	5	int
	10	int
	20	int
rectangle.x2 - rectangle.x1	5	int
Add item to watch		

Watch window in Visual Studio

Expected to evaluate **hundreds** of custom expressions in a single step

LLDB API

- SBFrame::EvaluateExpression
- SBValue::EvaluateExpression
- Supports all kinds of expressions
- Too slow for IDE integration

lldb-eval

- Interpreter for C++ expressions implemented from scratch
- Uses LLDB API
- Supports limited set of expressions
- https://github.com/google/lldb-eval

Testing lldb-eval

- Ensuring lldb-eval's success
- Unit testing?
 - OK for testing single concepts
 - Testing combinations of different concepts?
 - Combinatorial explosion!

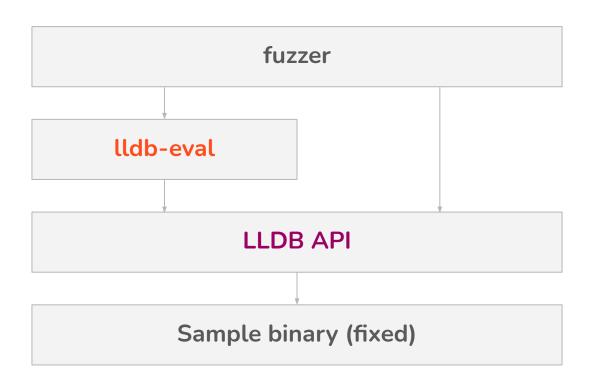


- Fuzz testing
 - Randomly generated tests

```
while (true) {
  expr = generate_random_expr()
  res1 = LLDB_evaluate(expr)
  res2 = lldb_eval_evaluate(expr)
  if (res1 != res2)
    notify_user()
```

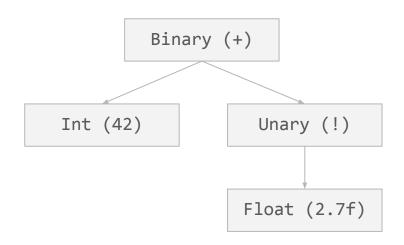
lldb-eval fuzzer in a nutshell

High-level overview



Expression generation

- Constructs abstract syntax tree
- Top down construction
- Depth limit to avoid infinite recursion
- Uses constraints to regulate what kind of (sub)expressions are acceptable



AST for 42 + !2.7f

Constraints

- What types of expression can be generated at specific point?

Type constraints

- Are scalar types (int, float, char, etc.) allowed?
- Are pointer or array types allowed? Of what size?
- Other: classes, structs, enums

Memory constraints

- Is it OK to generate an invalid pointer?
- If not, how many times is the subexpression going to be dereferenced?

L-value constraint

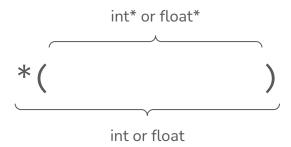
Type constraints (example)

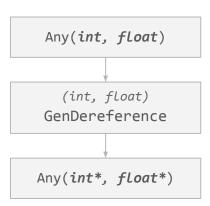
Any(int, float)



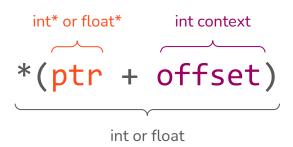
int or float

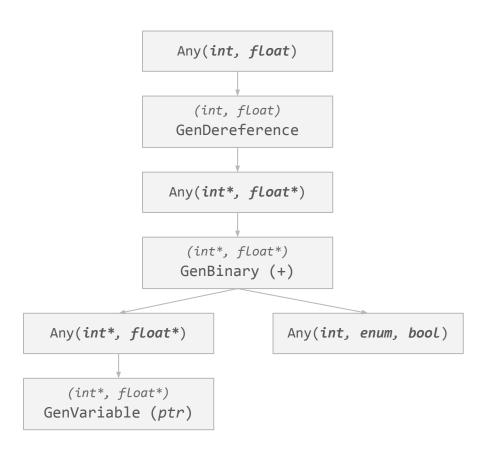
Type constraints (example)





Type constraints (example)





Challenges

Not all mismatches are bugs in lldb-eval

Undefined behaviour (UB)

False reports (produce unwanted noise)

```
> 1 / 0
LLDB : 58926239
lldb-eval : 0
```

```
> 0 + *(bool*)int_ptr
LLDB : 2
lldb-eval : 1
```

- More strict constraints
- UB detection in lldb-eval

Results (lldb-eval bug)

```
int var = 1;
                          int value = 2; // global variable
                                 var < 0 > ::value
                        LLDB: false (OK)
                        lldb-eval: undeclared identifier 'var<0>::value'
                                 template <int N>
  Different context.
                                 struct var {
different interpretation
                                   static int value = N;
                                 };
```

Results (LLDB bug)

```
enum Enum : unsigned char { A, B }

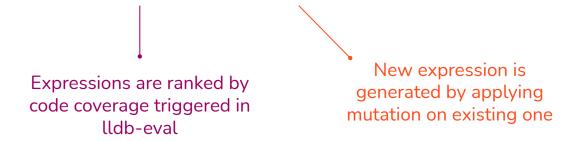
-(Enum::B << 1)

LLDB: 4294967294

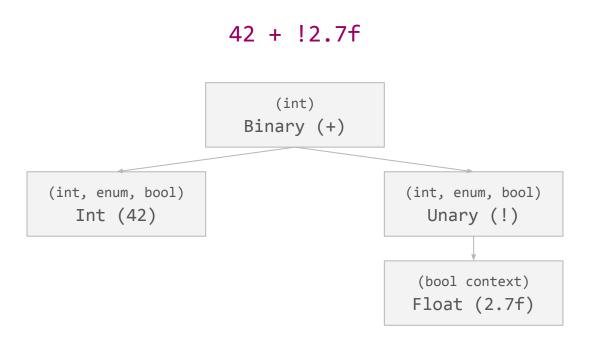
lldb-eval: -2 (OK)</pre>
```

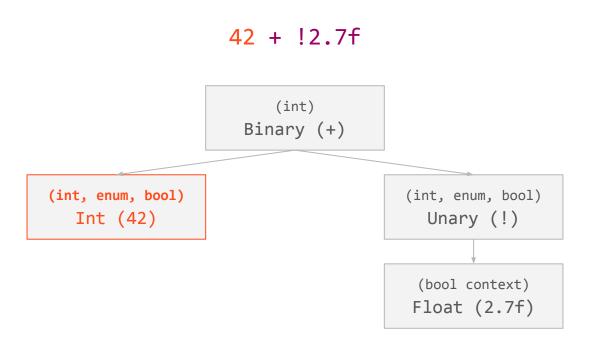
libFuzzer integration

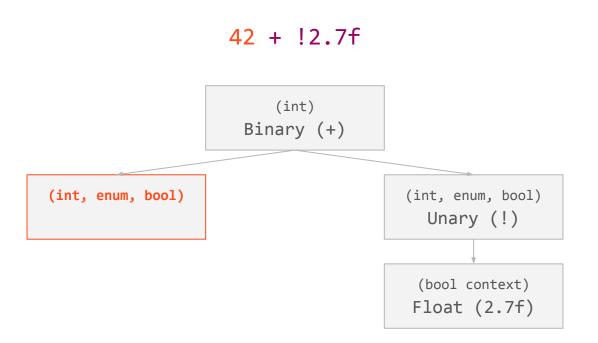
libFuzzer is a coverage-guided, mutation-based fuzzing engine

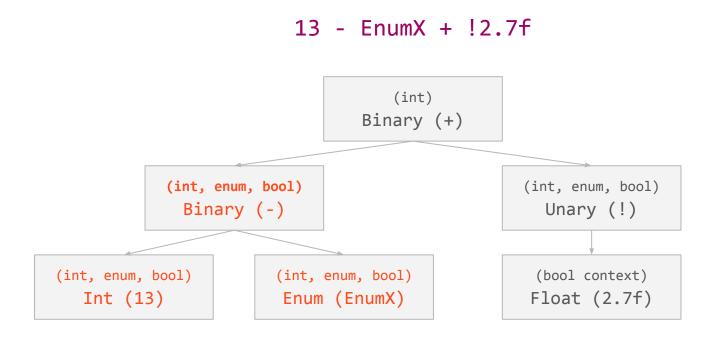


- Faster progress
- Easy integration with continuous fuzzing services (OSS-Fuzz)









Conclusions

- Fuzz testing discovered dozens of bugs in lldb-eval
 - https://github.com/google/lldb-eval/blob/master/docs/bugs.md
- It is also beneficial to the LLDB project
- 5-10 millions of expressions per day with OSS-Fuzz

Thank you!