

Cardiovascular diseases are the

No.

cause of death

GLOBALL

#NoTobacco



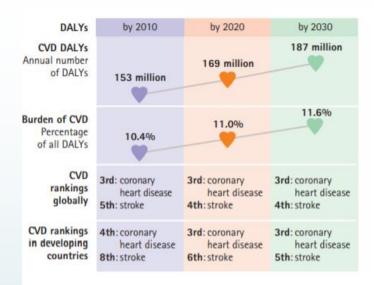
Risk factors for heart disease in different locations

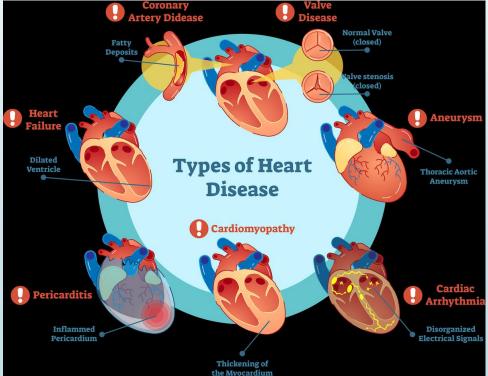
by

Kalvin Dobler, Nicolas Huber, Nathalie Guttmann
Introduction to Data Science 2021

Cardiovascular disease (CVD)

- Nr. 1 worldwide for mortality and morbidity
- Mostly in low and middle-income countries
- High-socio-economic burden
- Most CVDs losses: ischemic heart disease and stroke





Research questions

- Risk factors predicting cardiovascular diseases?
 - Meaningful different levels of heart diseases?
 - Difference between locations?

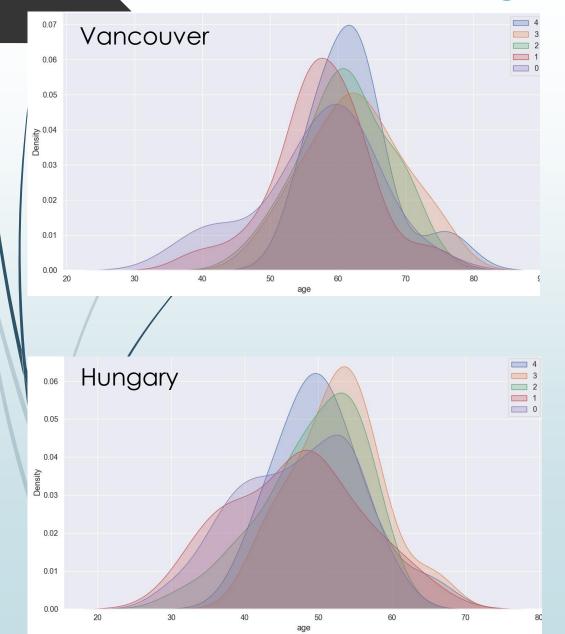
Dataset

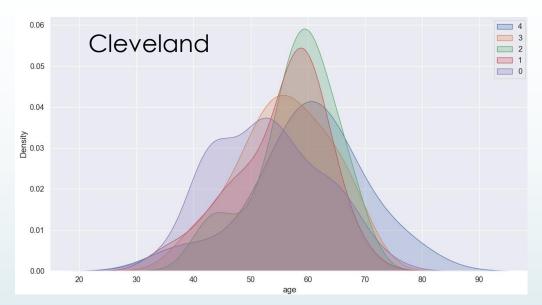
- Name: Heart Disease Data Set
- Source: UCI Machine Learning Repository
- Time: 1998
- Location: Hungary, Switzerland (incl. Zürich and Basel), Cleveland, Long Beach
- Disease: 0 : healthy, 1-4: different levels of heart disease
- Attributes (75): sex, age, chest pain location, smoking....

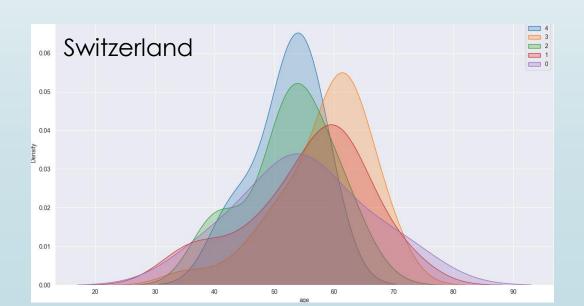
Workflow

- Pre-processing: removing missing values
- Data visualization: correlation between features
- Feature selection: Random Forrests
- Dimensionality reduction: t-SNE, UMAP, Autoencoders
- Classification: logistic regression, multinomial logistic regression, naive Bayes, SVM, KNN, neural networks
- Performance measurement: Confusion matrix, ROC curve (incl. AUC)

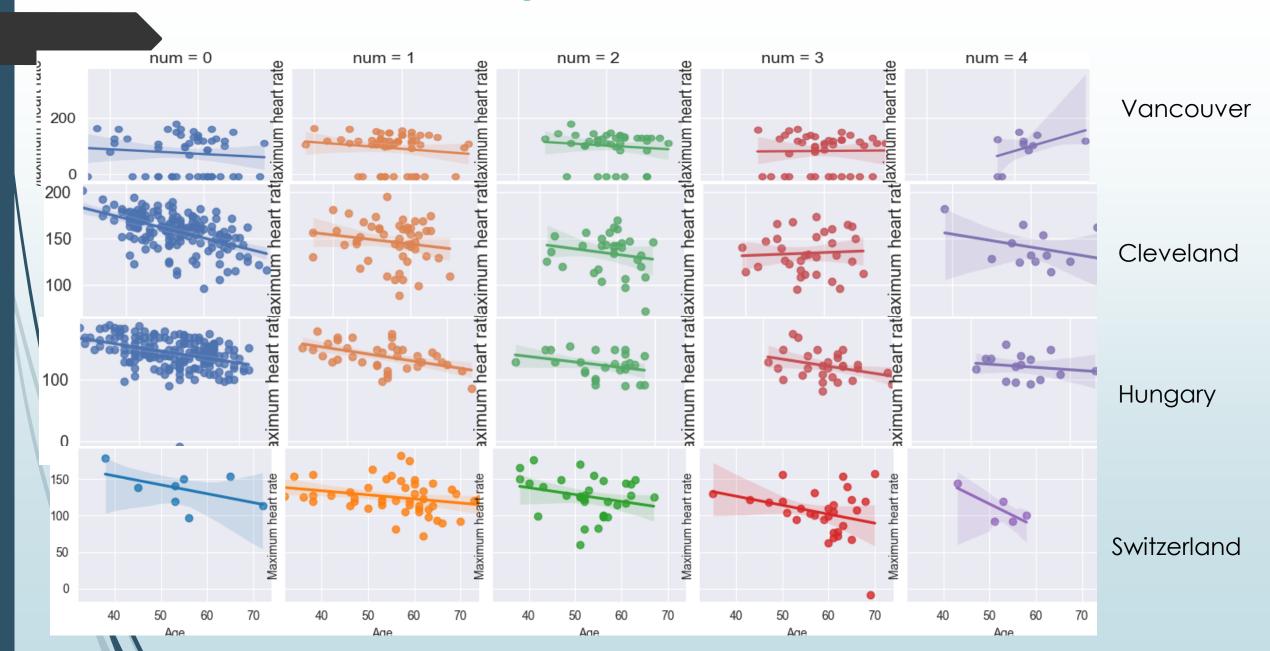
Distribution of age for the type of disease



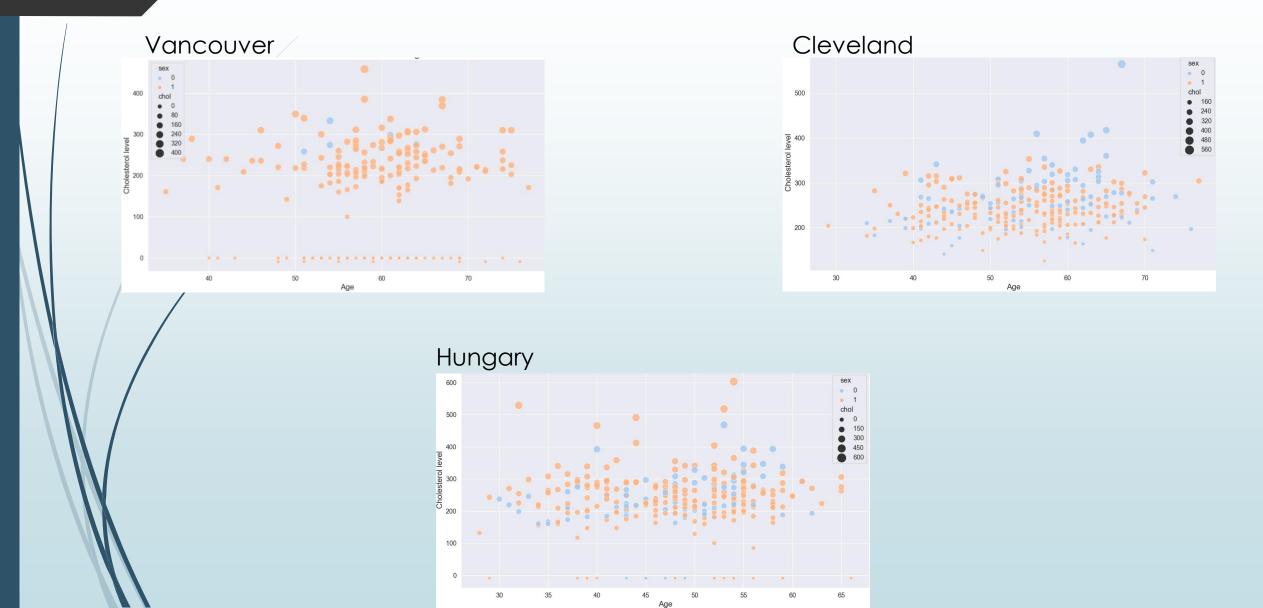




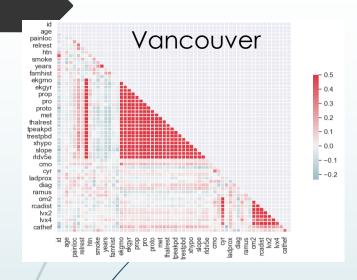
Effect of age on max. heart rate

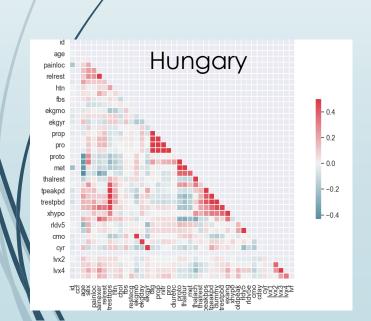


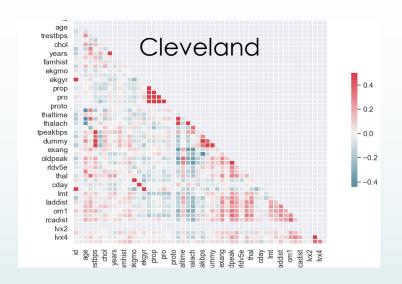
Cholesterol levels

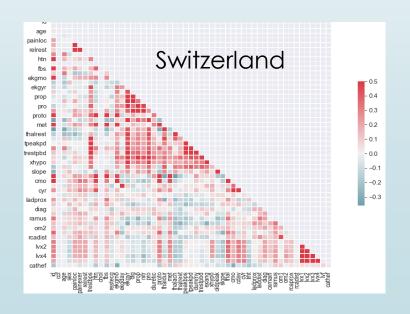


Correlation between features

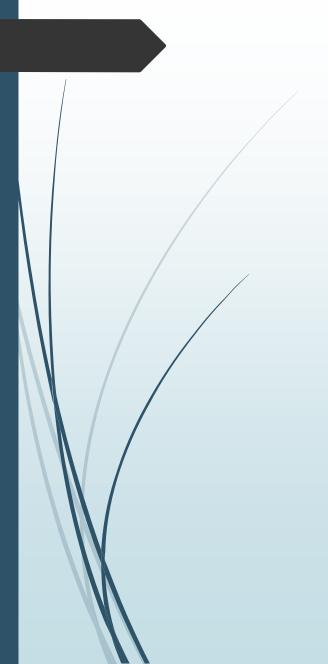


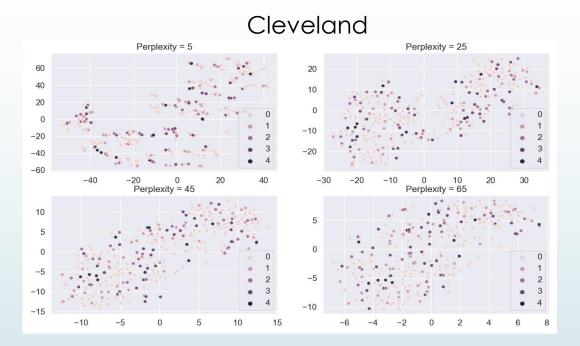






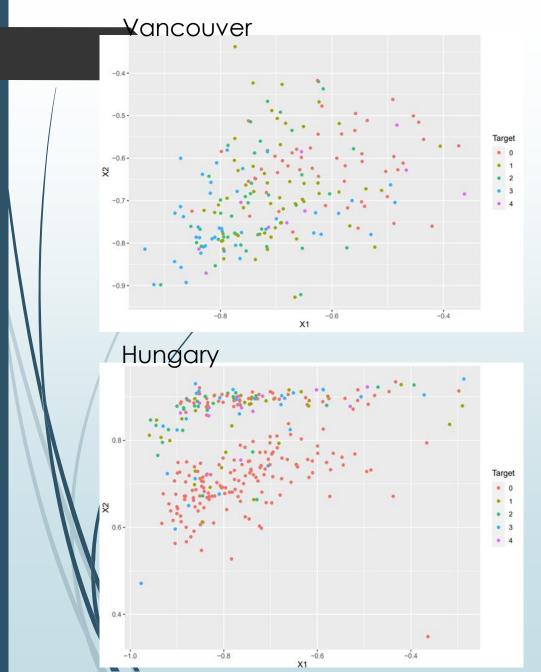
t-SNE

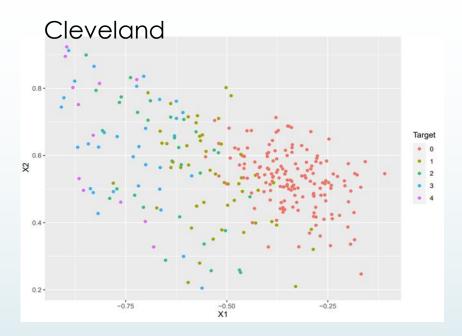


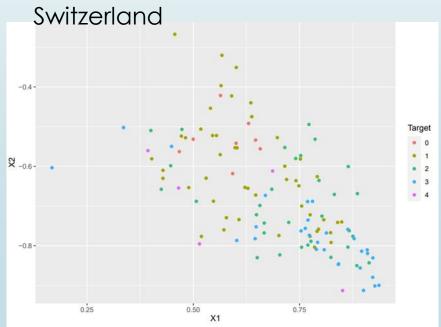


No pattern for all locations-> UMAP and autoencoders

Autoencoders





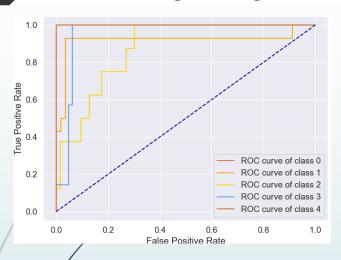


Top 5 most important risk factors

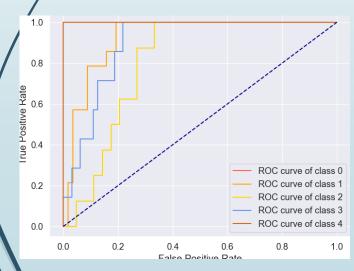
Cleveland	Vancouver	Switzerland	Hungary
Distal left anterior descending artery	Proximal right coronary artery	Circumflex	Chest pain
Thallium scintigraphy	Proximal left anterior descending arte	ID	Pain provoked by exertion
First obtuse marginal branch	ID	Maximum heart rate acheived	Induce ST depression relative to rest
Number of major vessel	Circumflex	Peak exercise systolic blood pressure	Lvx4
Proximal right coronary artery	Day of cardiac catheterization	Age of patients	Exercise-induced angina

ROC curve

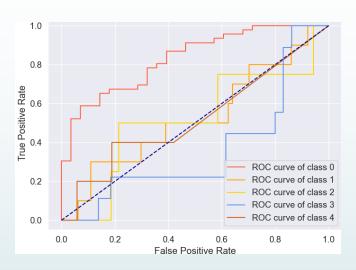
Cleveland: Logistic Regression



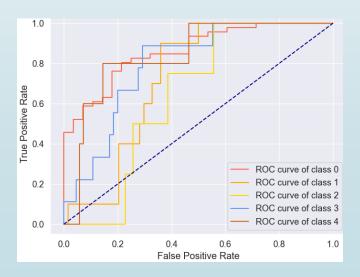
Cleveland: naive Bayes



Hungary: Logistic Regression



Hungary: naive Bayes



Performance measurement

Methods	Cleveland	Hungarian	Vancouver	Switzerland
Log regression accuracy	84%	59%	74%	65%
Log regression AUC-Score	95%	75%	85%	-
Naive Bayes accuracy	77%	46%	54%	-
Naive Bayes AUC-Score	93%	55%	88%	-
SVC linear accuray	86%	58%	84%	-
SVC multi (deg 3) accuracy	68%	62%	38%	-
SVC kernel (rbf) accuracy	58%	62%	20%	-
KNN accuracy	73%	57%	46%	42%
Neural network accuracy	48%	42%	8%	23%

Conclusion

- Variation in accuracy between methods for prediction of heart disease
- For some dataset: prediction not good
- Difficulty to differentiate the different targets
 - ► Merge all levels for heart disease or more patients data for each targets

Minor differences between locations

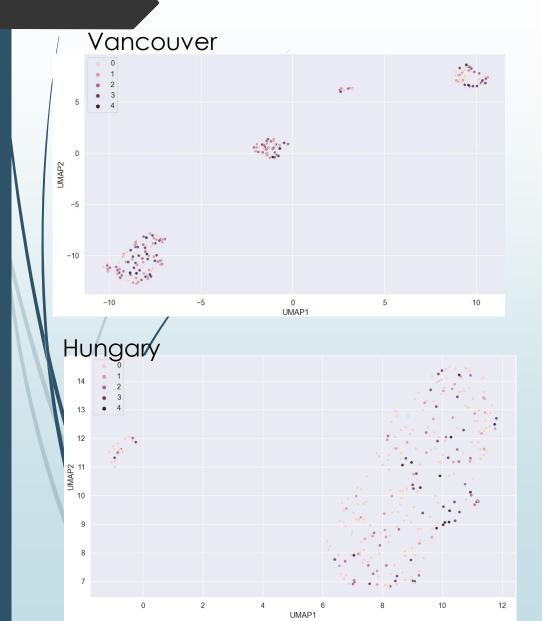
Limitations and Outlook

- Old dataset
- Switzerland dataset unbalanced
- Missing description of features
- Missing (important) features (e.g cholesterol in CH)
- Some selection of features senseless
- Fine tune models generators
- Se of more features
- Find updated datasets

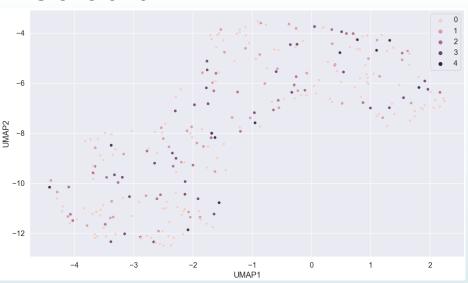
References

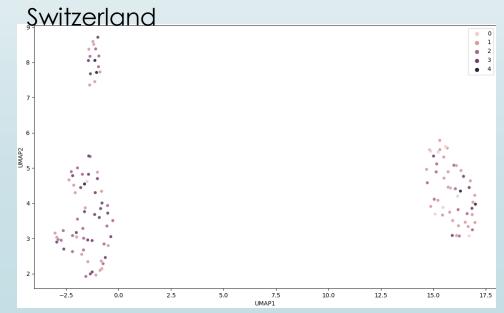
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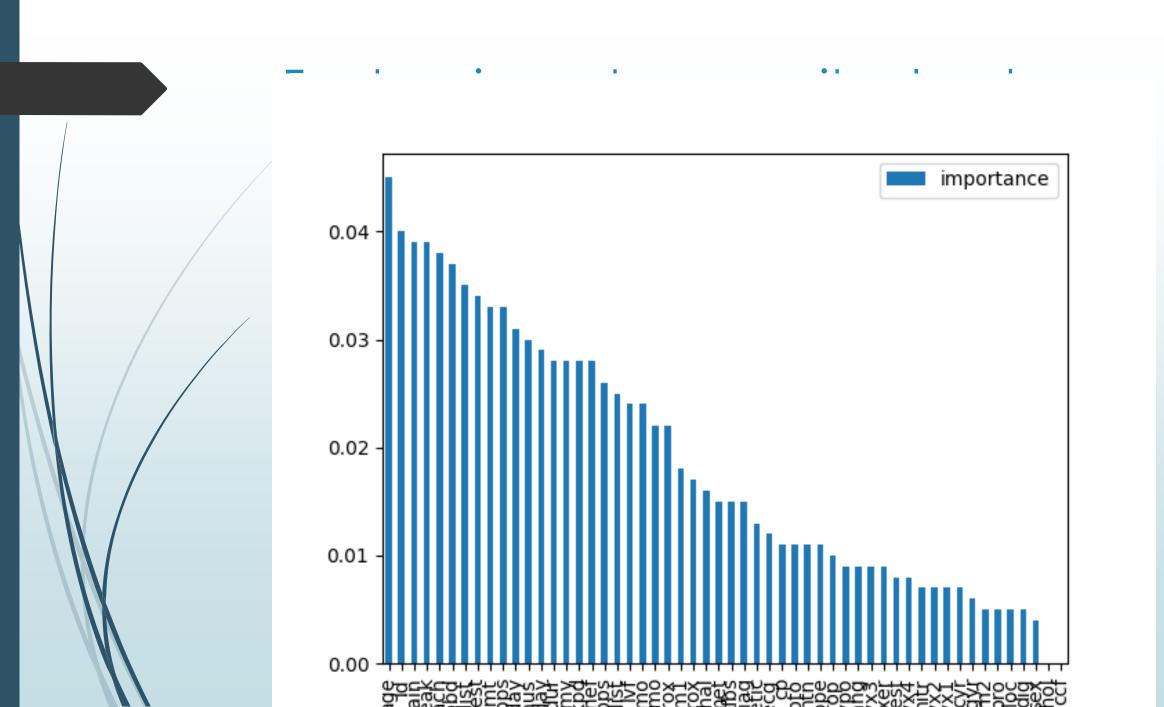
UMAP



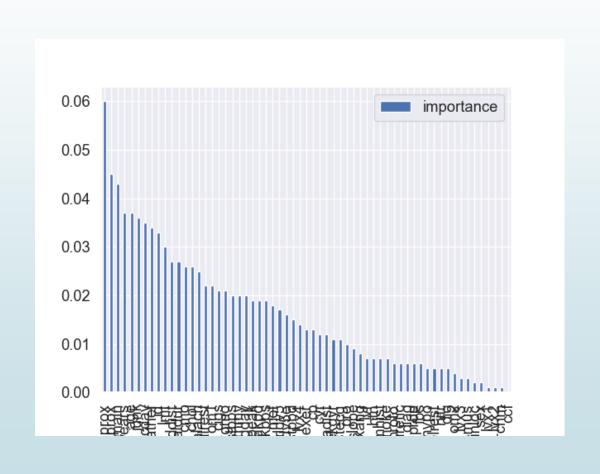
Cleveland



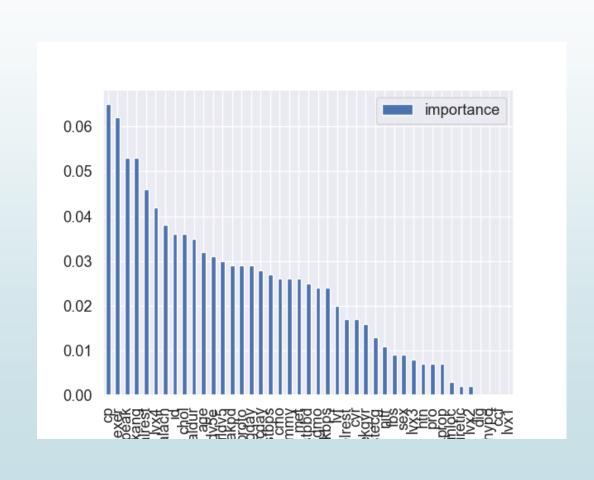




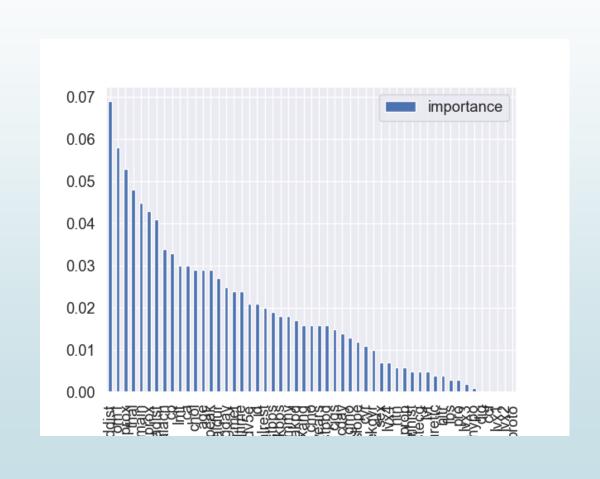
Feature importance vancouver



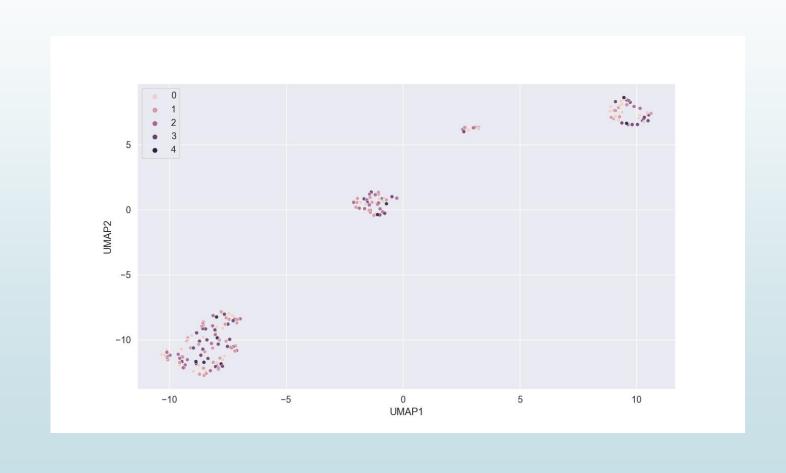
Feature importance hungary



Feature importance cleveland



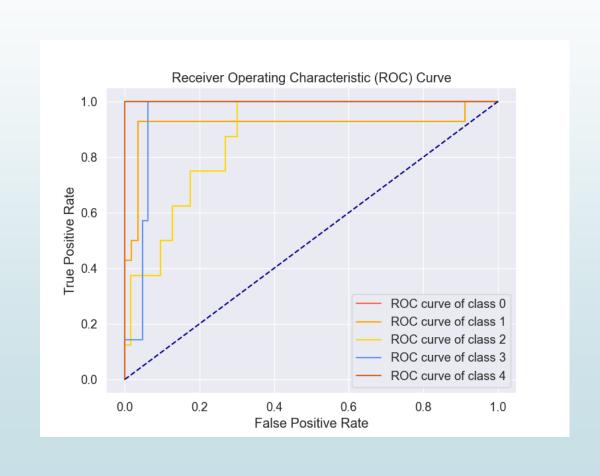
UMAP vancouver



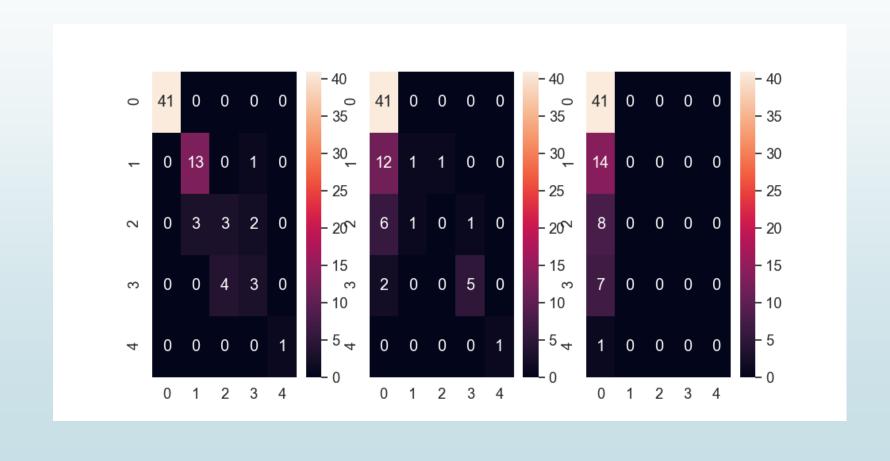
Cholesterol vancouver



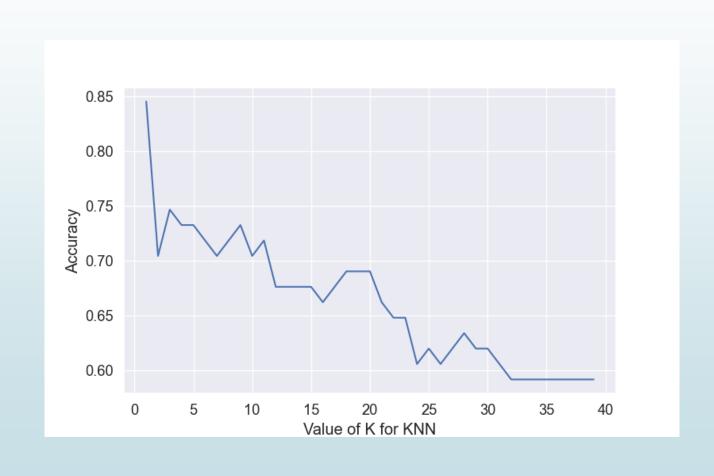
Cleveland roc 14



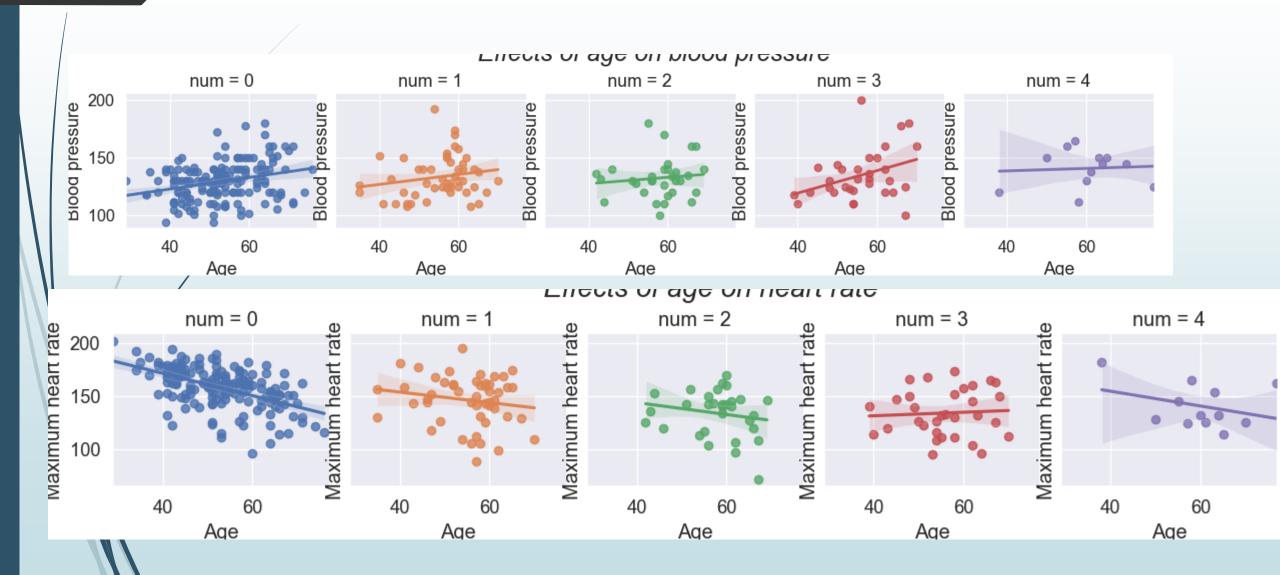
Confusion matrices SVC cleveland



KNN cleveland



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