



# IoT Security – Autumn 2023

## Lab 4: Connecting IoT network to the internet

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# Contact

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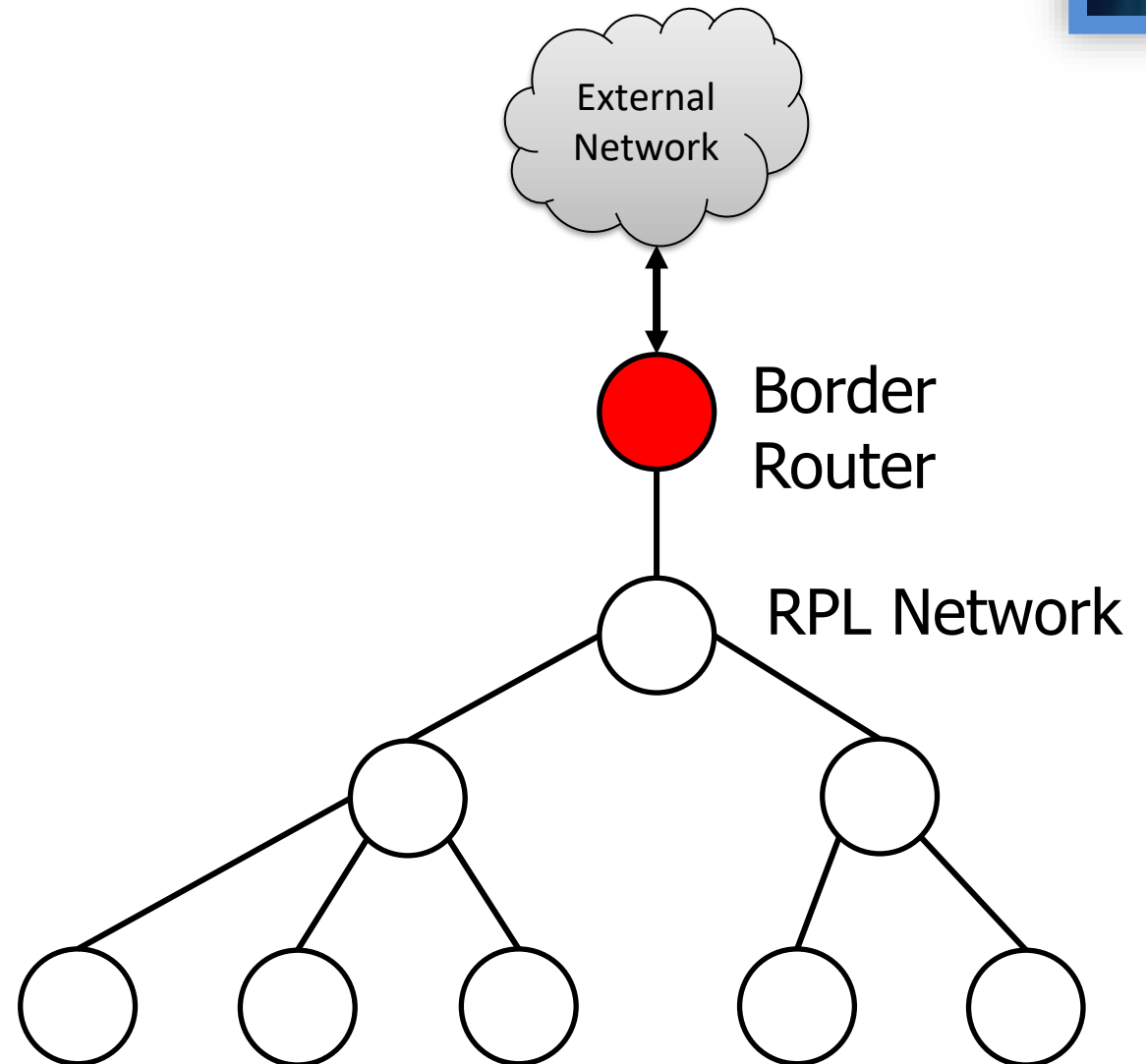


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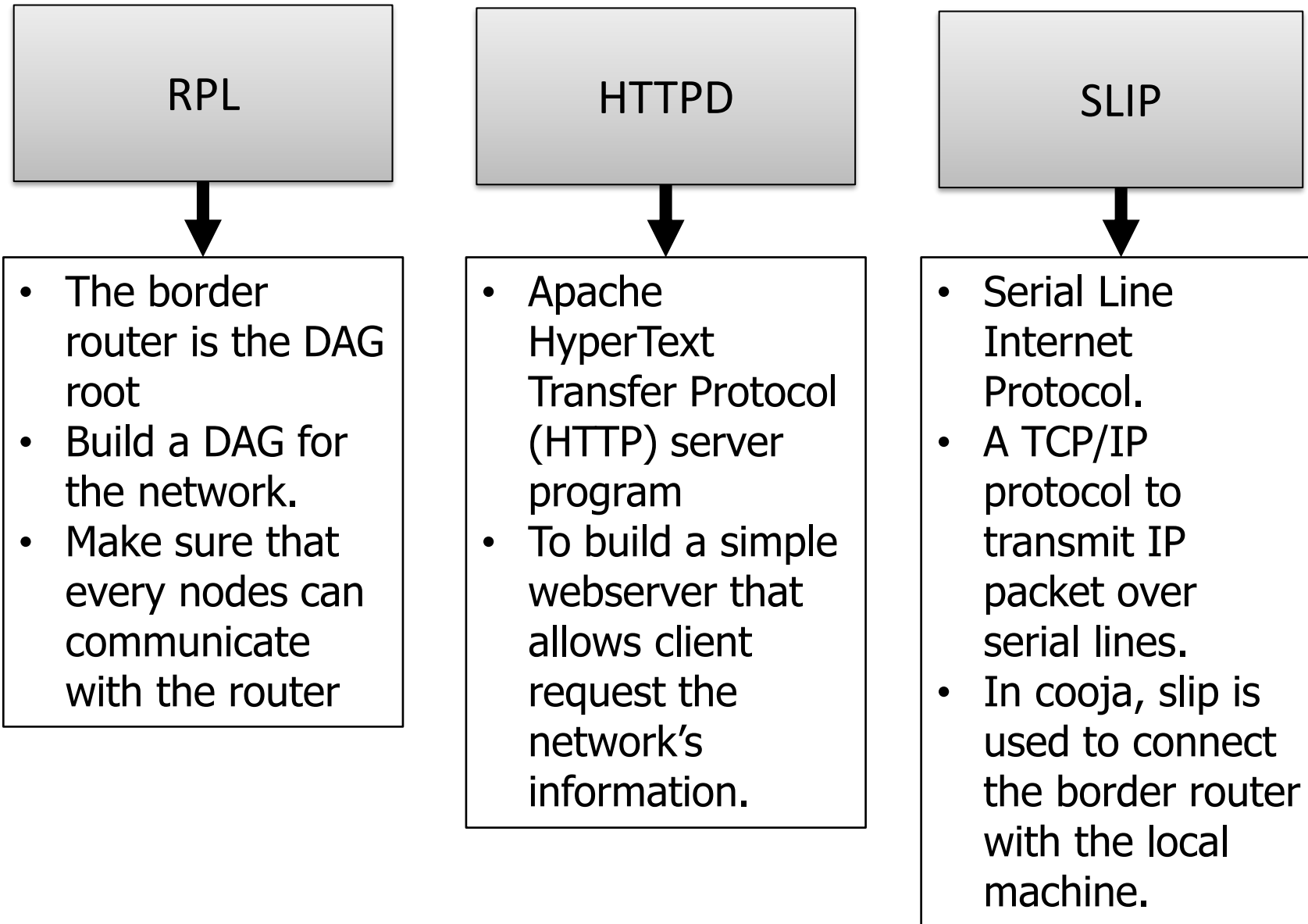
# RPL Border Router



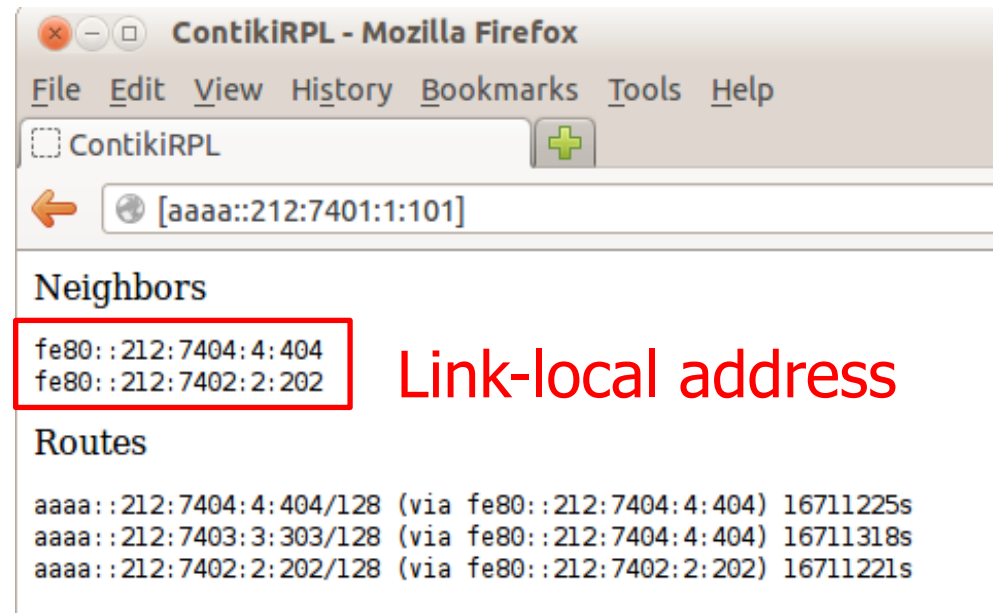
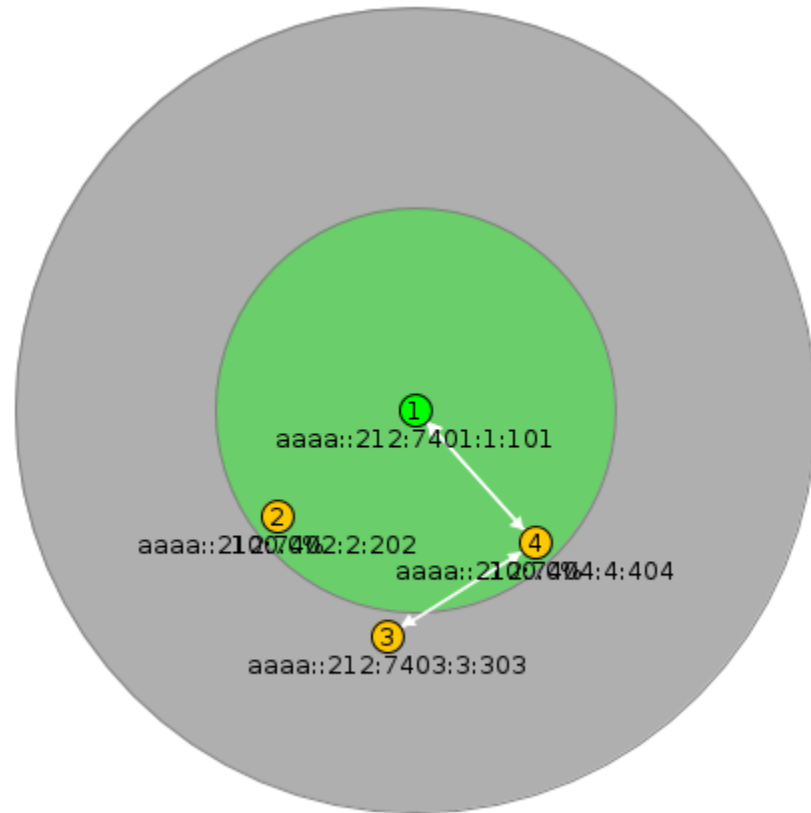
- Border routers are routers that can be found at the edge of a network.
- To connect one network to another.
- RPL Border Router is used to connect a regular IP network with a RPL 6LoWPan network.



# RPL Border Router



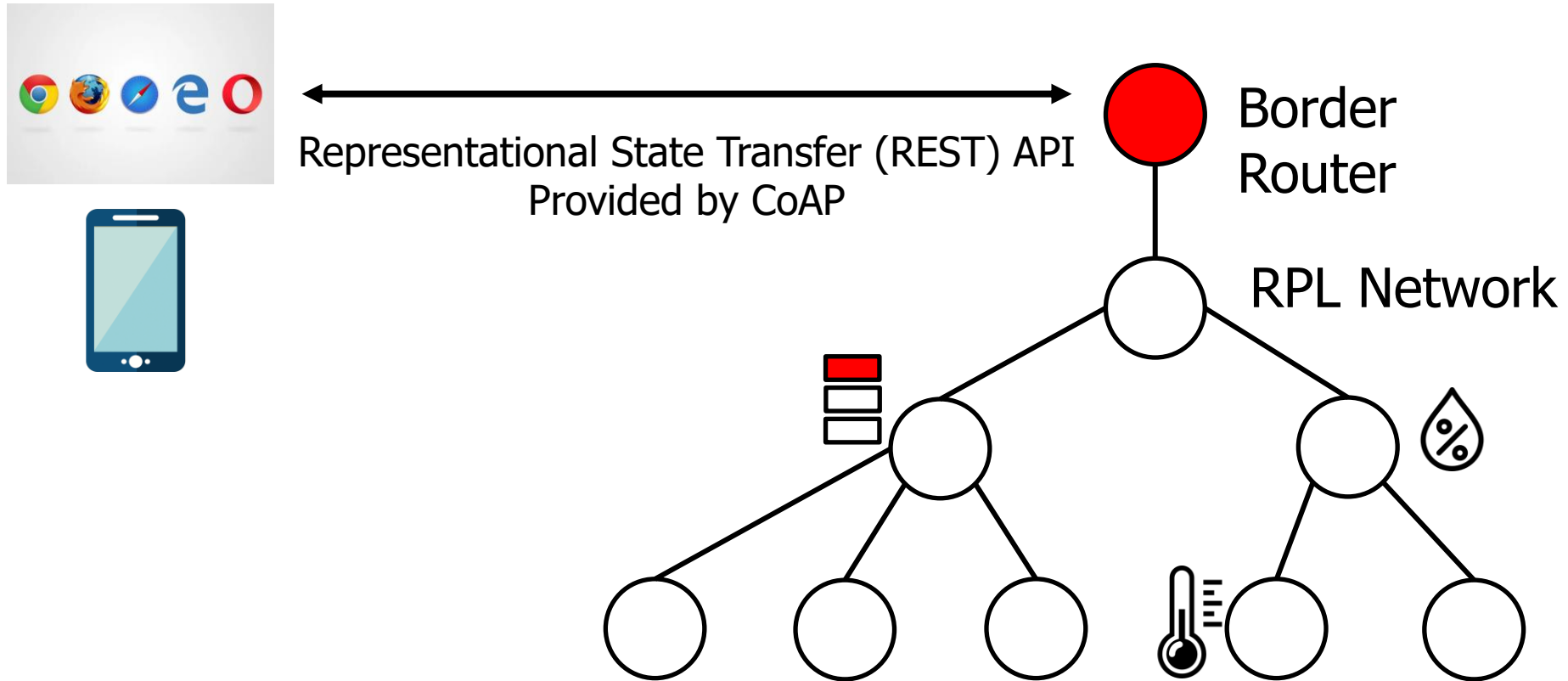
# RPL Border Router



# CoAP in Contiki



Can we control the IoT network over the Internet?



# CoAP in Contiki



- Constrained Application Protocol (CoAP) is a specialized **Internet Application Protocol** for **constrained devices**
- CoAP is designed to easily translate to HTTP for simplified integration with the web, while also meeting specialised requirements such as **multicast support, very low overhead, and simplicity.**
- CoAP provides several **REST APIs** which are similar to the HTTP protocol: get, post, put, delete, observe, discover.

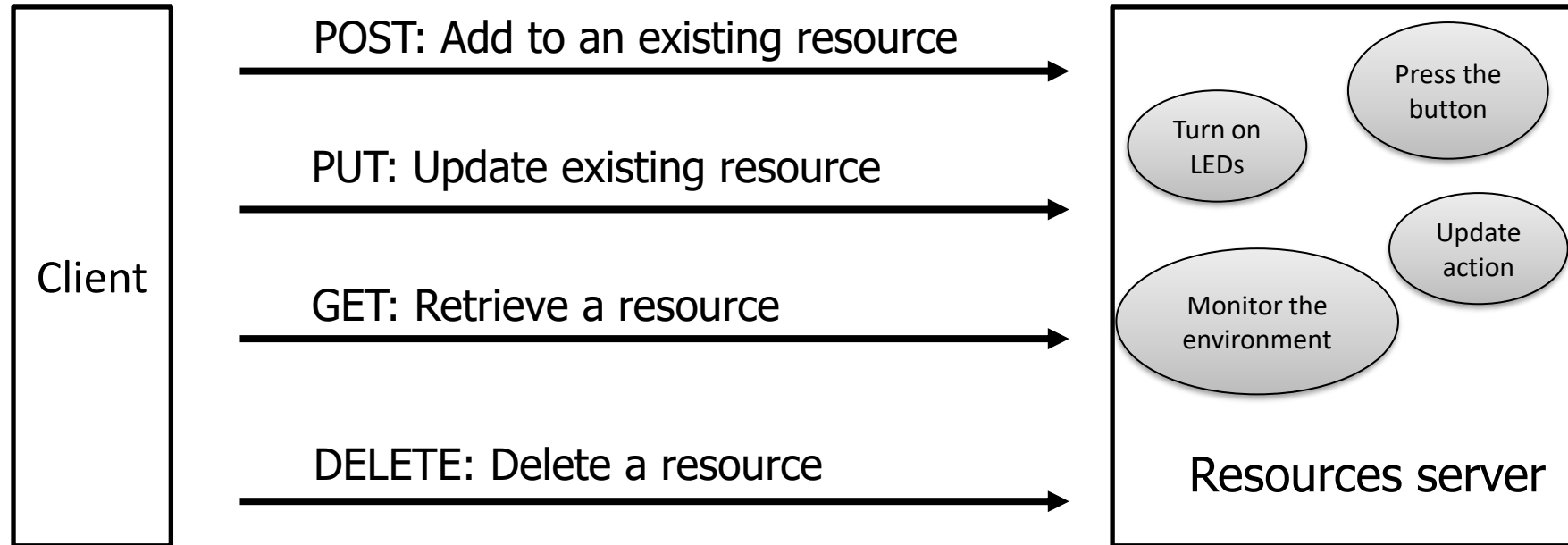
# CoAP in Contiki



## What is REST?

**RE**presentational **S**tate **T**ransfer is an architecture style that is based on web standards and the HTTP or CoAP protocol.

In a REST-based architecture everything is a Resource





# Control IoT networks with RPL border router and CoAP



Create a IoT network with: a RPL border router and 2 CoAP server.

- Connect the network with the Internet by using `border-router.c` in `contiki/examples/ipv6/rpl-border-router`.
- Turn on and off the LEDs on the CoAP servers by using `er-example-server.c` in `contiki/examples/er-rest-example`.

# Control IoT networks with RPL border router and CoAP



- Open Cooja Simulator
- Create a new simulation
- Create a RPL border router by using the firmware `contiki/examples/ipv6/rpl-border-router/border-router.c`

```
> make border-router.sky TARGET=sky
CC    border-router.c
border-router.c: In function 'generate_routes':
border-router.c:148:14: warning: unused variable 'i' [-Wunused-variable]
CC    ../../platform/sky/./contiki-sky-main.c
LD    border-router.sky
rm obj_sky/contiki-sky-main.o border-router.co
```

# Control IoT networks with RPL border router and CoAP



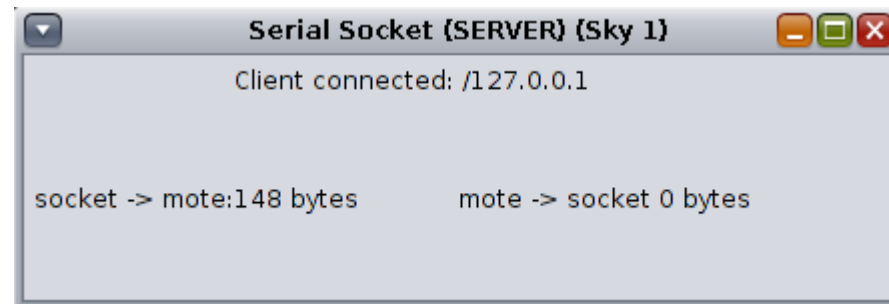
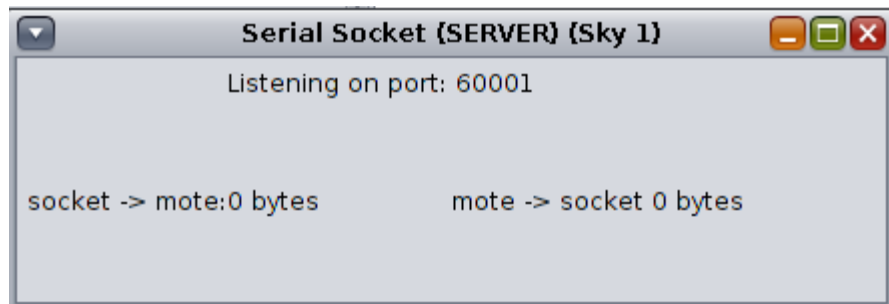
- Create 2 CoAP servers by using the firmware `contiki/examples/er-rest-example/er-example-server.c`
- Change version of CoAP protocol in the makefile at: `contiki/examples/er-rest-example/Makefile` by changing `WITH_COAP=13` to `WITH_COAP=7` (as the current version of Firefox on the virtual machine support CoAP version 7/8)

```
> make er-example-server.sky TARGET=sky
INFO: compiling with CoAP-08
CC    er-example-server.c
CC    ../../platform/sky/./contiki-sky-main.c
LD    er-example-server.sky
rm obj_sky/contiki-sky-main.o er-example-server.co
```

# Control IoT networks with RPL border router and CoAP



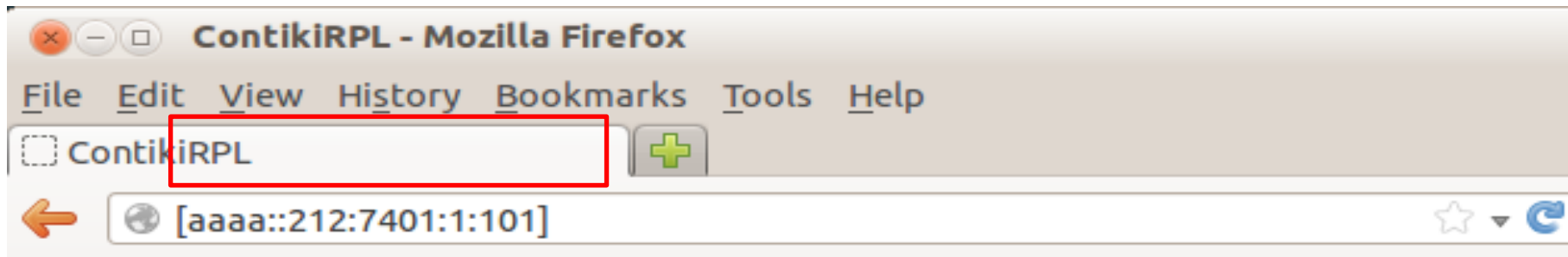
- Create a bridge between the rpl border router and the local machine
  - Right-click on the rpl border router (mote 1), choose Mote tools for Sky 1 -> Serial Socket (Server)
- Open a new Terminal and run:
  - `cd contiki/examples/ipv6/rpl-border-router/`
  - `make connect-router-cooja`



# Control IoT networks with RPL border router and CoAP



- Run the simulation
- Open Firefox and connect to the border router by typing the Ipv6 address of the border router [aaaa::212:7401:1:101]



## Neighbors

fe80::212:7402:2:202

## Routes

aaaa::212:7402:2:202/128 (via fe80::212:7402:2:202) 16711364s

aaaa::212:7403:3:303/128 (via fe80::212:7402:2:202) 16711198s

# Control IoT networks with RPL border router and CoAP



- Turn on LED on mote 2 through CoAP
  - Open Firefox and type the Ipv6 address of mote 2:  
`coap://[aaaa::212:7402:2:202]/`
  - Click on Discover to explore the neighbours
  - Click on **actuators->toggle** and click on the **POST** command to turn on/off LED RED on mote 2

The screenshot displays a CoAP client interface in a Mozilla Firefox browser. The address bar shows the URL `coap://[aaaa::212:7402:2:202]:5683/actuators/toggle`. The left sidebar shows a tree view of the CoAP resource structure, with 'actuators' expanded and 'toggle' selected. The main area shows a '2.05 Content' response with a table of values. The right sidebar shows 'Debug options' with various checkboxes and input fields. A 'Mote Interface Viewer (Sky 2)' window is open on the right, showing a 'Sky LED' interface with three colored circles (green, red, blue) and a status bar at the bottom indicating 'g 3 motes'.

# Exercises



1. Create a new simulation with a RPL border router and 5 UDP client and see the topology's information on Firefox.
2. Change the code in `contiki/examples/er-rest-example/er-example-server.c` to turn on LED GREEN and LED BLUE when using the POST command on Firefox.

# References



1. Get Started with Contiki: <http://www.contiki-os.org/start.html>
2. Contiki Tutorial: [http://anrg.usc.edu/contiki/index.php/Contiki\\_tutorials](http://anrg.usc.edu/contiki/index.php/Contiki_tutorials)
3. [https://anrg.usc.edu/contiki/index.php/RPL\\_Border\\_Router](https://anrg.usc.edu/contiki/index.php/RPL_Border_Router)
4. <https://github.com/contiki-ng/contiki-ng/wiki/Documentation:-CoAP>
5. A. L. Colina, A. Vives, A. Bagula, M. Zennaro, and E. Pietrosemoli, "IoT in 5 days" [Online]. Available: <http://www.iet.unipi.it/c.vallati/files/IoTinfivedays-v1.1.pdf>



