HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARDS AT HOSPITALS

1 INTRODUCTION

Health and safety in hospitals are paramount for both patients and staff. Hospitals may be at high risk where exposure to various hazards can lead to severe consequences, including illnesses, injuries, and even fatalities.

2 HAZARDS & RELATED RISK

1. Radiation exposure

Cancer, eye damage, skin damage

2. Violence & aggression

Mental stress or physical injuries

3. Waste management

Infectious/sharp/confidential waste

4. Slips, trips, & falls

Minor and major injuries

5. Chemical exposure

Poisoning, burns, respiratory issues

6. Fatigue at workplace

Effecting the productivity at workplace











4 SOLUTIONS

HAZARDS	SOLUTIONS TO POTENTIAL HAZARDS
Radiation exposure	Use of shielding (e.g., lead aprons), regular equipment maintenance, staff training on radiation safety.
Violence and aggression	Implementation of safe and secure protocols, staff training on conflict resolution, availability of supporting staff.
Waste management	Safe disposal of waste, staff & patient instructions through sign boards.
Slips ,trips & falls	Use of non-slip floor mats, clear walkways, place sign boards for wet/slippery surfaces, regular cleaning.
Chamical avacura	Proper labeling of chemicals, well ventilation, safe storage,

use of PPE like gloves and goggles.

Implementing flexible work schedule, avoid forced labour

6 CONCLUSION

Chemical exposure

Workplace fatigue

- Minimizing risks
- Safeguarding lives
- Exacerbates efficiency
- Collective responsibility
- Safe & secure environment

promoting rest.

3

RISK ANALYSIS & PRIORITIZATION

High Risk:

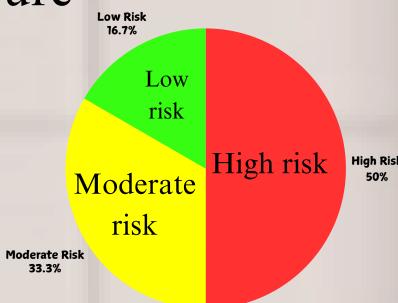
Radiation exposure, violence & aggression, waste management

Moderate Risk

Slips, trips, falls and chemical exposure

Low Risk:

Workplace fatigue



STATISTICS

Workplace fatigue

• Fatigue is linked to high risk of accidents and long term health issues (about 20-25% of all workplace accidents) [1].

Slips, trips & falls

- Approximately 700 deaths annually are attributed to work place fall.
- Over 5 years this totals 3500 deaths [1].

Violence and aggression

• OSHA estimates about 20,000 injuries due to violence in healthcare [2].

Radiation exposures

• 0.1 million deaths each year globally due to radiation related diseases (particularly cancer) [2].

Waste management

• Poor medical waste handling contributes to 10,000-15,000 deaths annually (particularly in under- resourced areas) [3].

Chemical exposure

- 2 million deaths annually are due to chemical exposure (out of which 50,000 are in healthcare).
- Over 5 years this equals to 250,000 deaths [3].

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REFERENCE

- [1] [https://www.osha.com/blog/slips-trips-falls-prevention]
- [2] [https://ohsonline.com/articles/2015/11/01/a-spill-a-slip.aspx]
- [3] [https://www.who.int/europe/news/item/01-07-2024-protecting-health-from-hazardous-chemicals--european-countries-agree-on-regional-priorities]