Homework Assignment: TCP/IP, OSI, and Encapsulation

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Part 1: TCP/IP vs. OSI Model Comparison (4 points)

1. Fill in the following table comparing the OSI model and the TCP/IP model:

Layer (OSI Model)	Equivalent Layer (TCP/IP Model)	Main Func- tion
Application	Application	Handles user applications (e.g., web brows-
Presentation	Application	ing) Formats and en- crypts data
Session	Application	Manages commu- nication sessions
Transport	Transport	Ensures reliable data transfer
Network	Internet	Routes packets across net- works
Data Link	Network Access	Handles MAC address- ing and framing
Physical	Network Access	Defines hard- ware trans- mission

Part 2: Encapsulation Process (3 points)

3. Arrange the following terms in order of encapsulation (from application to physical layer):

The correct order of encapsulation is:

 $\bullet \ Data \to TCP \ Segment \to IP \ Packet \to Frame \to Bits \\$

Explanation of Each Step:

- Data: The original message or payload created at the Application layer.
- TCP Segment: At the Transport layer, the data is encapsulated into a TCP segment, which includes a header with information such as source and destination ports, sequence numbers, and checksums for reliable communication.
- IP Packet: At the Network layer, the TCP segment is encapsulated into an IP packet, which adds a header containing source and destination IP addresses for routing across networks.
- Frame: At the Data Link layer, the IP packet is encapsulated into a frame, which includes a header with MAC addresses for local network delivery and a trailer for error checking.
- **Bits**: At the Physical layer, the frame is converted into bits (binary 1s and 0s) for transmission over the physical medium (e.g., Ethernet cables or wireless signals).
- 4. When sending a message over the Internet, at which layer does IP addressing occur?
 - C) Network
- 5. In de-encapsulation, which layer removes MAC addresses before sending data to the Network layer?
 - B) Data Link

Part 3: Practical Scenario (3 points)

6. Read the scenario below and answer the questions.

Scenario:

Alice is using a web browser to visit www.example.com. Her computer is connected to a router via Ethernet, and the website is hosted on a remote server.

Questions:

• At which OSI layer does the HTTP request occur?

Answer: The HTTP request occurs at the **Application layer**. This is where web browsers and web servers interact using the HTTP protocol to request and deliver web pages.

• Which protocol at the Transport layer will likely be used for this connection?

Answer: The protocol used at the Transport layer will likely be **TCP**. TCP is commonly used for web traffic because it provides reliable, ordered, and error-checked delivery of data between applications.

• What happens to Alice's data at the Data Link layer before it is sent through Ethernet?

Answer: At the Data Link layer, Alice's data is encapsulated into frames. The Data Link layer adds a header containing the source and destination MAC addresses, which are used for frame forwarding within the Local Area Network (LAN). The frame also includes a trailer for error detection (e.g., a CRC checksum). Once the frame is ready, it is sent through the Ethernet interface for transmission over the physical network.