

Bym model for spatial effects

Parametrization

This model is simply the sum of a besag model and a iid model.

The benefite is that this allows to get the posterior marginals of the sum of the spatial and iid model; otherwise it offers no advantages.

Hyperparameters

The hyperparameters are the precision τ_1 of the iid model and the precision τ_2 of the besag model. The precision parameters are represented as

$$\theta = (\theta_1, \theta_2) = (\log \tau_1, \log \tau_2)$$

and the prior is defined on θ .

Specification

The bym model is specified inside the `f()` function as

```
f(<whatever>, model="bym", graph.file=<graph file name>
    prior=c(<prior.model.theta1>, <prior.model.theta2>),
    param=c(<param.prior.theta1>, <param.prior.theta1>, <param.prior.theta2>, <param.prior.theta2>))
```

The neighbourhood structure of `x` is passed to the program through the `graph.file` argument. The structure of this file is described below.

Structure of the graph file

We describe the required format for the graph file using a small example. Let the file `gra.dat`, relative to a small graph of only 5 elements, be

```
5
1 1 2
2 2 1 3
3 3 2 4 5
4 1 3
5 1 3
```

Line 1 declares the total number of nodes in the graph (5), then, in lines 2-6 each node is described. For example, line 4 states that node 3 has 4 neighbours and these are nodes 2, 4 and 5.

The graph file can either have nodes indexed from 1 to n , or from 0 to $n - 1$.

Example

For examples of application of this model see the `Bym` example in Volume I.

Notes

None