

CRD with a Covariate

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Create Dataframe

```
gain<-data.frame(trt=c("A","A","A","A","A",  
                      "B","B","B","B","B",  
                      "C","C","C","C","C"),  
                in_weight=c(350,400,360,350,340,  
                           390,340,410,430,390,  
                           400,320,330,390,420),  
                gain=c(970,1000,980,980,970,  
                      990, 950,980,990,980,  
                      990,940,930,1000,1000),  
                stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
```

```
print(gain) #See the Data
```

##	trt	in_weight	gain
## 1	A	350	970
## 2	A	400	1000
## 3	A	360	980
## 4	A	350	980
## 5	A	340	970
## 6	B	390	990
## 7	B	340	950
## 8	B	410	980
## 9	B	430	990
## 10	B	390	980
## 11	C	400	990
## 12	C	320	940
## 13	C	330	930
## 14	C	390	1000
## 15	C	420	1000

ANOVA test

```
contrasts(gain$trt)<-contr.SAS # Set contrasts like SAS?

tm<-lm(gain ~ in_weight + trt, data=gain) # Fit the linear model
summary(tm)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = gain ~ in_weight + trt, data = gain)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -16.615  -4.066   0.000   3.319  17.121
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  747.16484    30.30957   24.651 5.61e-11 ***
## in_weight     0.60440     0.08063    7.496 1.21e-05 ***
## trt1         15.25275     6.22916    2.449  0.0323 *
## trt2          -6.08791     6.36135   -0.957  0.3591
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 9.73 on 11 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.8406, Adjusted R-squared:  0.7971
## F-statistic: 19.34 on 3 and 11 DF,  p-value: 0.0001078

fm<-aov(gain ~ in_weight + trt, data=gain) # Fit the ANOVA
summary(fm) #ANOVA table SS I

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## in_weight     1   4441    4441    46.91 2.77e-05 ***
## trt           2   1051     525     5.55  0.0216 *
## Residuals    11   1041        95
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

#install.packages("car")
car::Anova(tm,type="III") #Anova table with SS III

## Anova Table (Type III tests)
##
## Response: gain
##              Sum Sq Df  F value    Pr(>F)
## (Intercept)  57526   1 607.6778 5.614e-11 ***
## in_weight     5319   1  56.1840 1.207e-05 ***
## trt          1051   2   5.5499  0.02155 *
## Residuals    1041  11
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

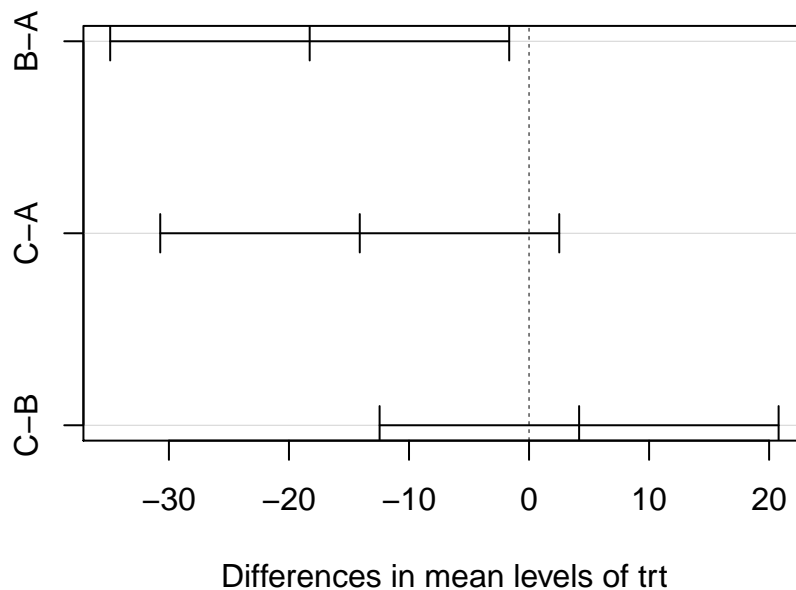
Multiple comparisons

```
TukeyHSD(fm,"trt")           # Tukey test for multiple comparisons
```

```
##   Tukey multiple comparisons of means
##     95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = gain ~ in_weight + trt, data = gain)
##
## $trt
##           diff          lwr          upr      p adj
## B-A -18.273292 -34.89314 -1.653444 0.0315687
## C-A -14.102484 -30.72233  2.517363 0.0991696
## C-B   4.170807 -12.44904 20.790655 0.7808618
```

```
plot(TukeyHSD(fm,"trt"))     # Plot for tukey test
```

95% family-wise confidence level



```
aggregate(gain$gain, by=list(gain$trt), FUN = mean) # Means by group
```

```
##   Group.1  x
## 1      A 980
## 2      B 978
## 3      C 972
```

```
lsmeans::lsmeans(tm,"trt")           #LSM for treatment
```

```
##   trt   lsmean      SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## A   988.8645 4.509065 11  978.9401 998.7889
## B   967.5238 4.570173 11  957.4649 977.5827
## C   973.6117 4.356524 11  964.0231 983.2004
##
## Confidence level used: 0.95
```

Plot for differences

```
library(multcomp)
par(mar=c(4,4,6,2)) # Change parameters for the plot margins
tuk <- multcomp::glht(fm, linfct=multcomp::mcp(trt="Tukey")) # Fit the general Linear Hypotheses
plot(multcomp::cld(tuk, level=0.05), col="lightgrey") # Plot the mean differences
```

